

Study of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow higgs \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ in SM & MSSM at the Photon Collider

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presented by J. Ciborowski

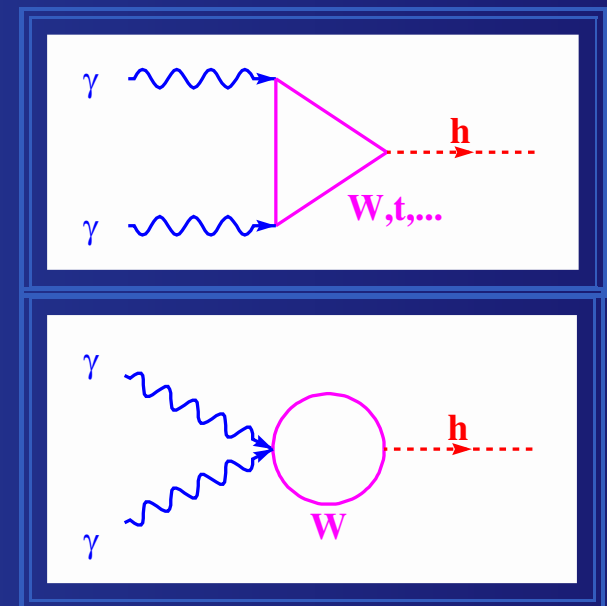
Warsaw University

Loop coupling $h\gamma\gamma$:

- 🔴 Higgs-bosons can be produced as s -channel resonances
- 🔴 Non-decoupling $\Rightarrow$ tests of models
- 🔴 The best machine for this measurement: **Photon Collider**

hep-ph/0208234, hep-ph/0307180, hep-ph/0307183, hep-ph/0503295

presented at LCWS05 (hep-ph/0507004, hep-ph/0507006)



Beyond SM: $H^\pm, \chi^\pm, \tilde{q}, \tilde{l} \dots$

Introduction

Our analysis of $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ and $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ measurement:

- Realistic $\gamma\gamma$ -spectra (TESLA-like)
- Beams crossing angle, primary vertex distribution
- NLO QCD background $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}(g)$ ($Q=c, b$)
- Other backgrounds: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$, $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ ($q=u, d, s$), $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- Overlaying events $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$: about 1–2 OE per bunch crossing
- b -tagging (e.g. for $M_A = 300$ GeV: $\varepsilon_h = 53\%$, $\varepsilon_{bb} = 47\%$, $\varepsilon_{cc} = 2.9\%$, $\varepsilon_{uds} = 0.5\%$)
- Realistic detector simulation (SIMDET)
- Full optimization of cuts

$\Rightarrow$ results for SM with $M_h = 120, 130, 140, 150, 160$ GeV

$\Rightarrow$ results for MSSM with $M_A = 200, 250, 300, 350$ GeV
 four MSSM scenarios for $\tan\beta = 3\text{--}20$.

Crab-wise crossing of beams

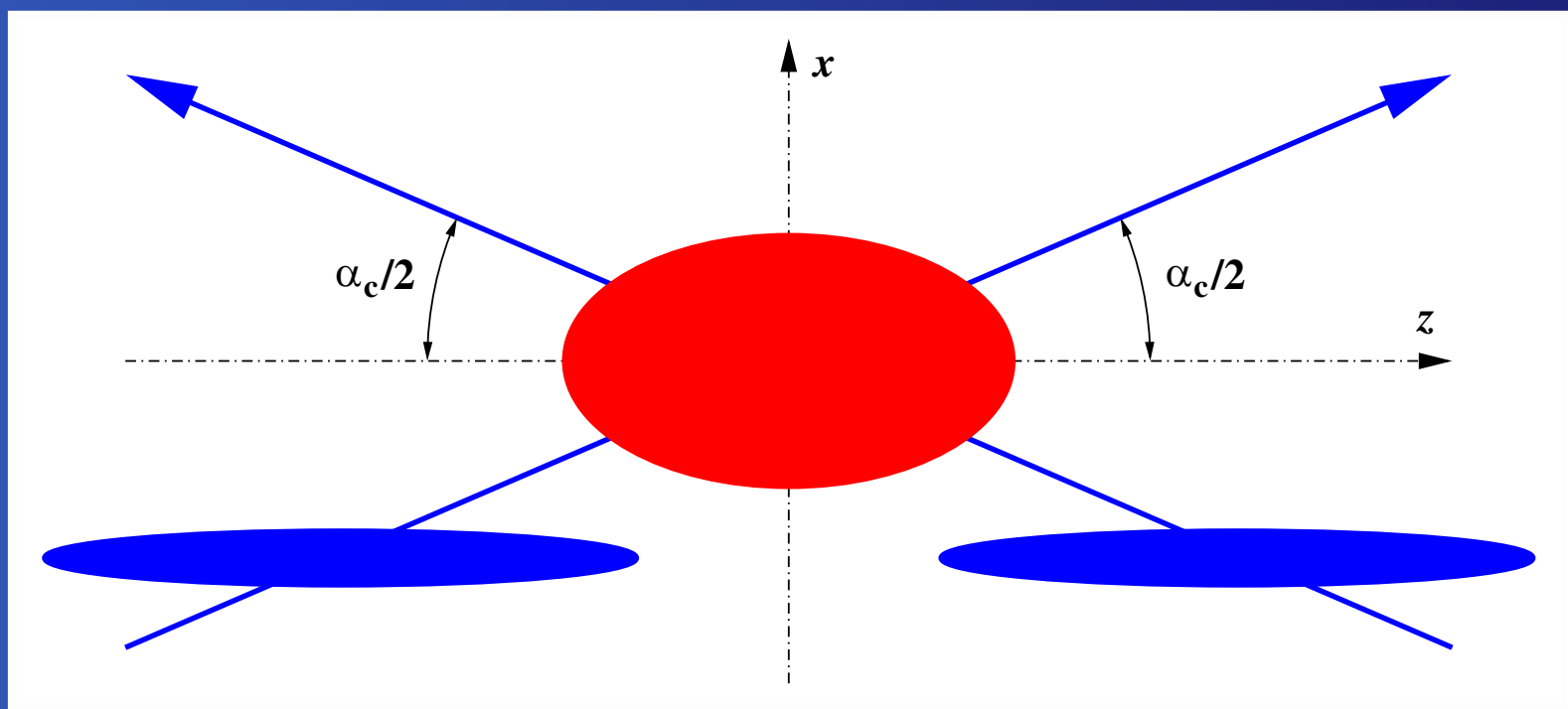
$$\sigma'_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_z^2 \tan^2(\alpha_c/2))}$$

$$\sigma'_y = \sigma_y / \sqrt{2}$$

$$\sigma'_z = \sigma_z / \sqrt{2}$$

Bunch: $\sigma_x = 140 \text{ nm}$ $\sigma_y = 15 \text{ nm}$ $\sigma_z = 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Primary vertex: $\sigma'_x = 3.6 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ $\sigma'_y = 11 \text{ nm}$ $\sigma'_z = 0.2 \text{ mm}$

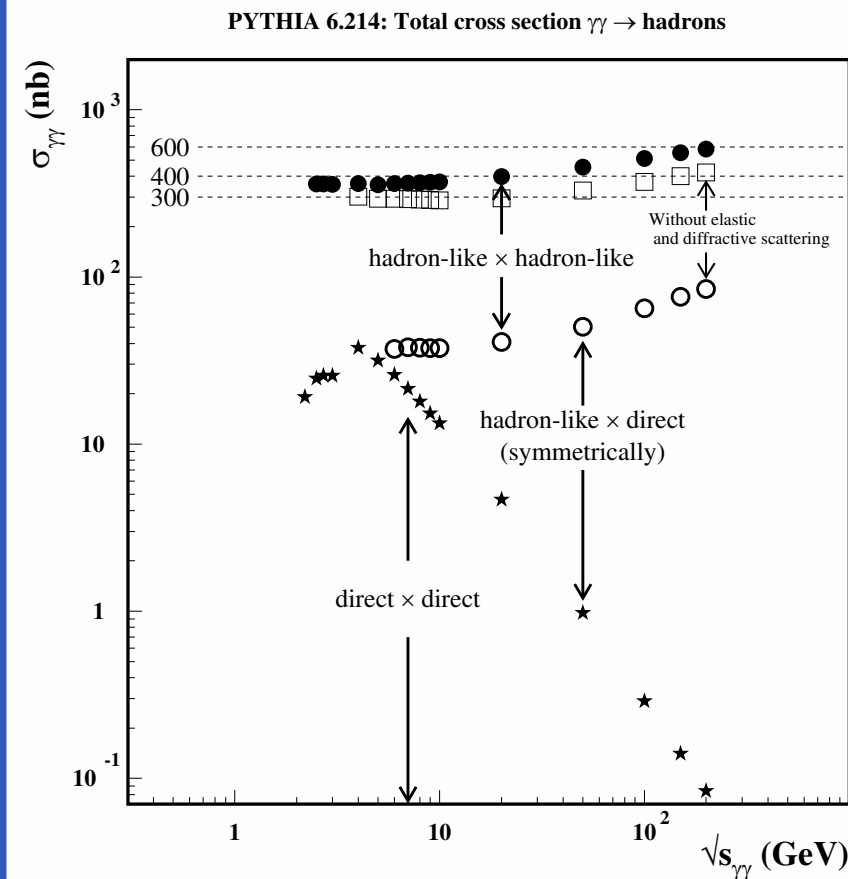


$$\alpha_c = 34 \text{ mrad}$$

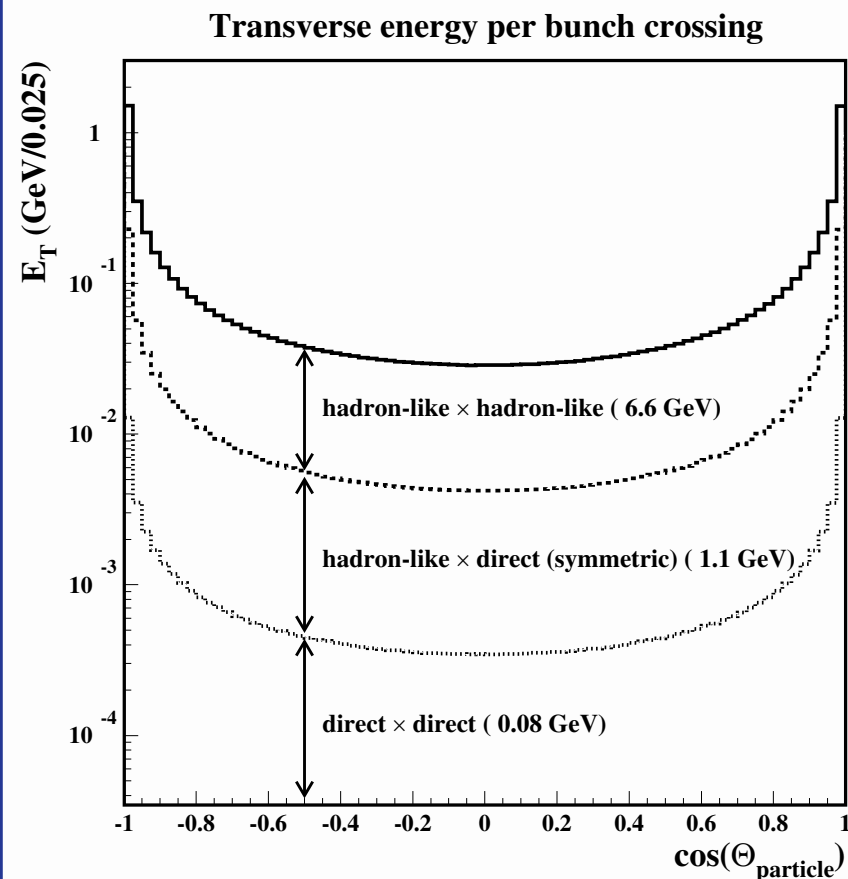
Primary vertex distribution + $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ OE = possible flavour mistagging

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ events

Cross sections



Angular E_T -flow per bunch crossing.



Generation for $\sqrt{s_{ee}} = 210.5$ GeV.

$\Rightarrow$ Reject tracks and clusters below θ_{TC}

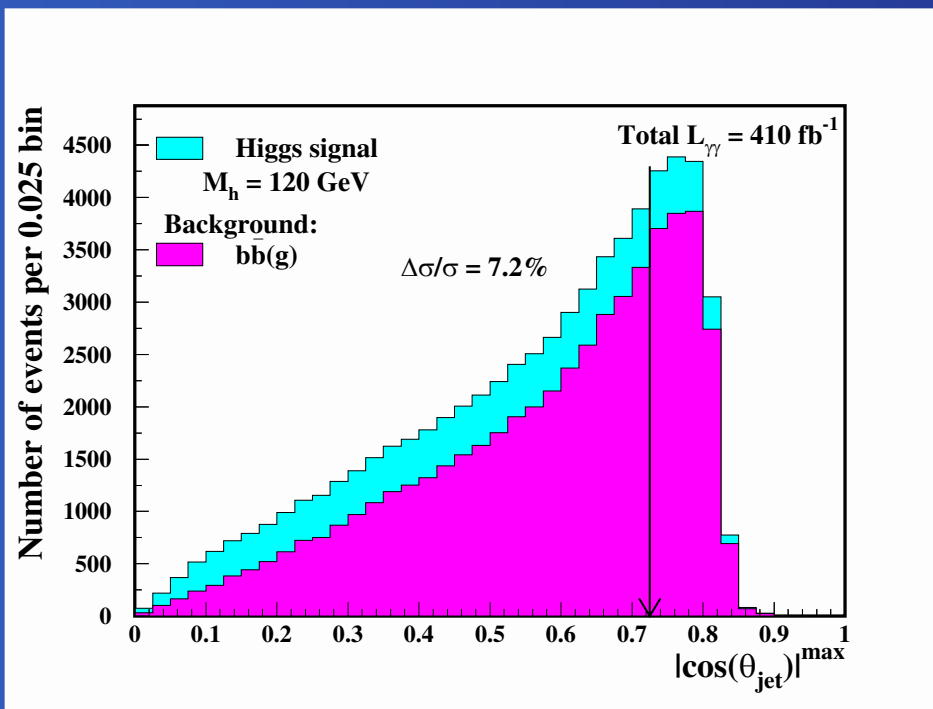


Cuts

Cuts optimized by minimizing:

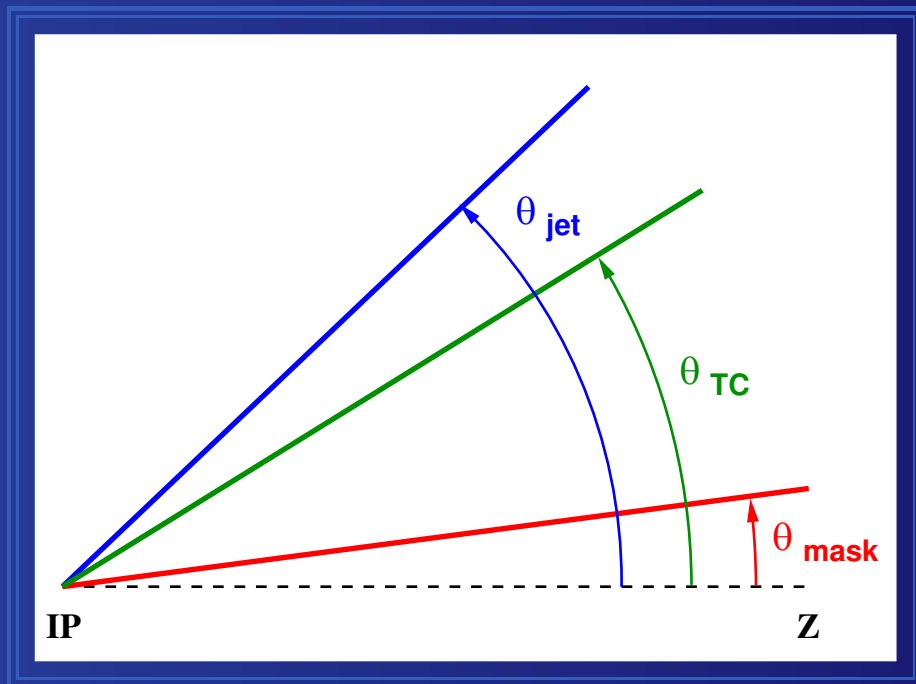
$$\frac{\Delta\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow h \rightarrow b\bar{b})}{\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow h \rightarrow b\bar{b})} = \frac{\sqrt{\mu_S + \mu_B}}{\mu_S},$$

For example, for $M_h = 120$ GeV:



Maximal value of $|\cos \theta_{jet}|$
over all jets in the event

All angular cuts



Detector mask

Particles on Pythia level: $\cos \theta_{mask} \approx 0.99$

OE suppression

Tracks & clusters: $\cos \theta_{TC} = 0.85$

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}(g)$ suppression

Jets: $|\cos \theta_{jet}|^{\max} = 0.725$



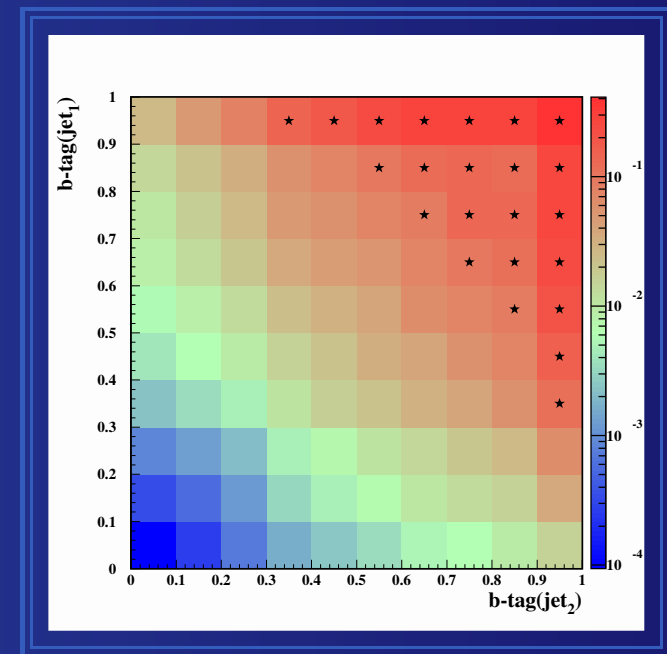
Reconstruction & Selection

Selection of $b\bar{b}$ events for $M_h = 120$ GeV:

- OE suppression: clusters & tracks with $|\cos \theta_i| > \cos \theta_{TC} = 0.85$ ignored
- $W_{rec} > 1.2 W_{\gamma\gamma}^{\min}$
- **Jets:** Durham algorithm, $y_{cut} = 0.02$
- $N_{jets} = 2, 3$
- for each jet: $|\cos \theta_{jet}| < 0.725$
- $|P_z|/E < 0.1$

Rejection of W^+W^- events for masses ≥ 150 GeV, for example for $M_A = 300$ GeV:

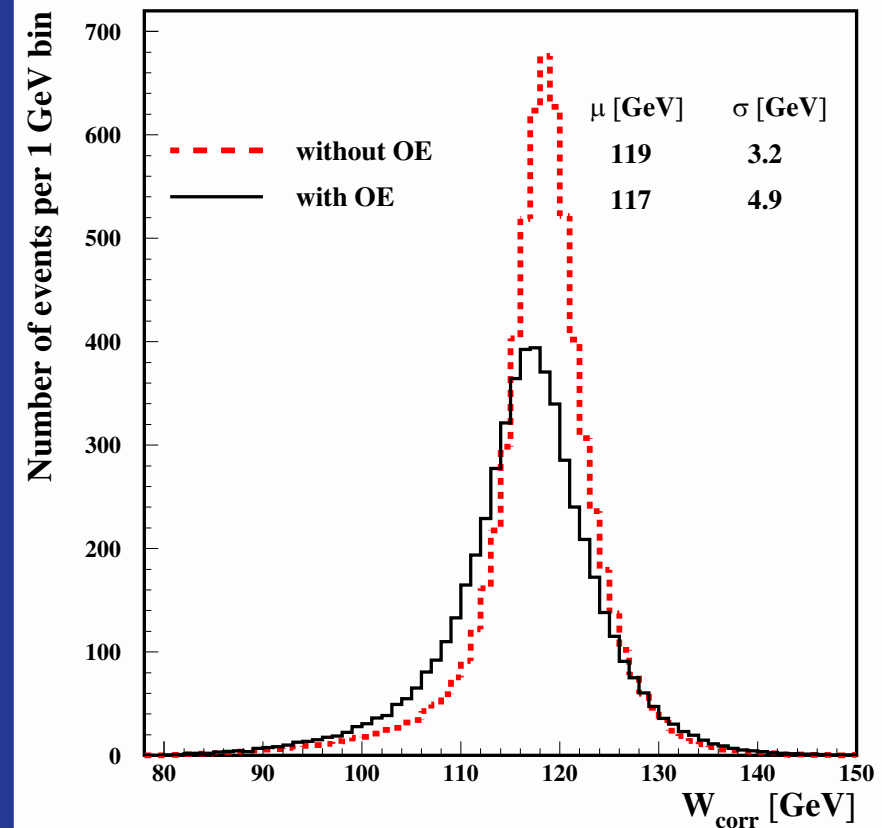
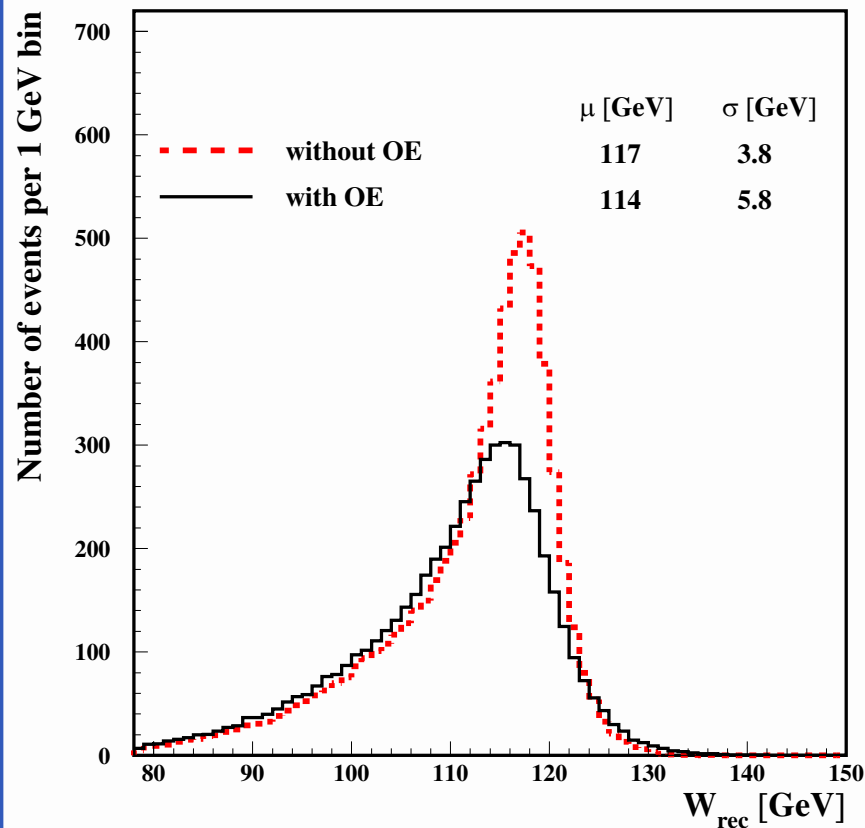
- for each jet: $M_{jet} < 65$ GeV
- energy below θ_{TC} : $E_{TC} < 80$ GeV
- for each jet: $N_{trk} \geq 4$
- b -tagging



Correction for crossing angle: jets boosted with $\beta = -\sin(\alpha_c/2)$



SM, $M_h = 120$ GeV



Without OE: 6450 events
With OE : 5530 events

$$W_{\text{corr}} \equiv \sqrt{W_{\text{rec}}^2 + 2P_T(E + P_T)}$$

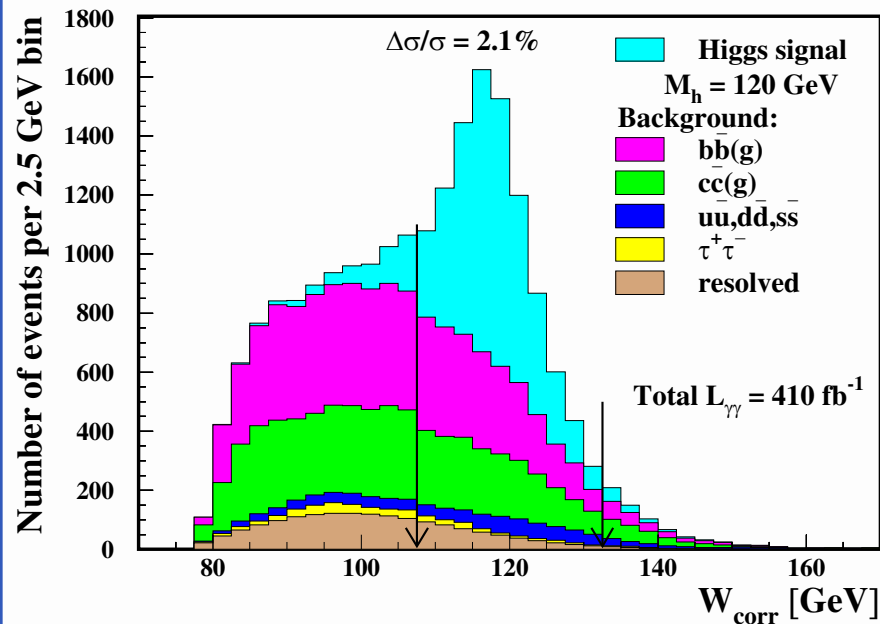
Acta Phys. Pol. B34 177 2003, hep-ph/0208234

Gaussian fit from $\mu - 1.3\sigma$ to $\mu + 1.3\sigma$.



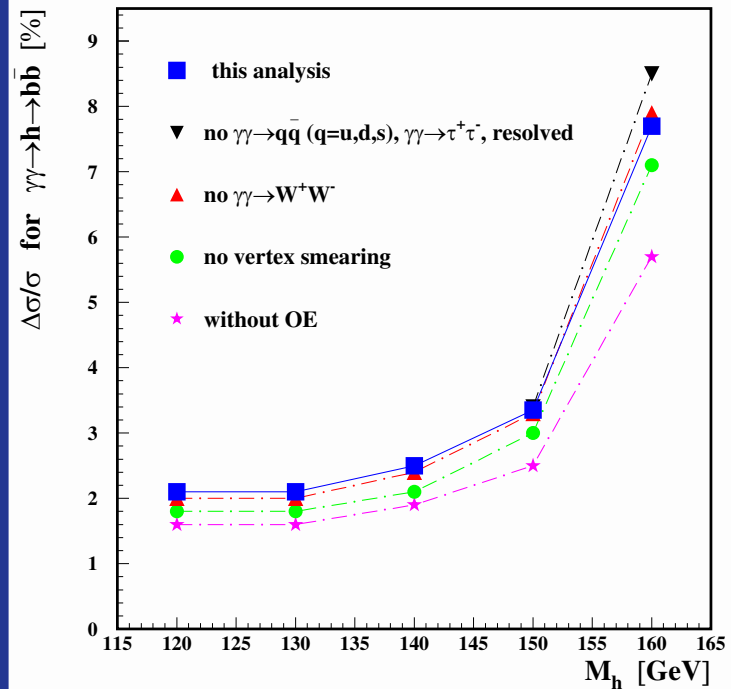
SM summary

Results for $M_h = 120$ GeV



Corrected invariant mass distributions
for signal and background events

Results for $M_h = 120-160$ GeV

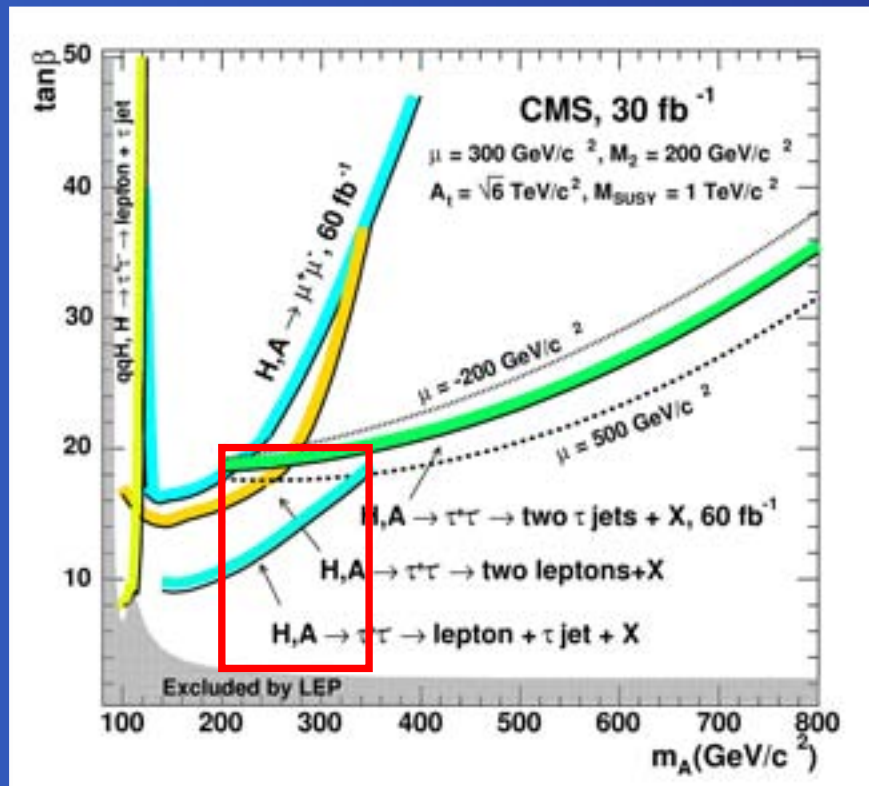


For $M_h = 150, 160$ GeV additional cuts to
reduce $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$



MSSM: LHC wedge at PLC

LHC wedge



We consider four MSSM parameter sets:

Symbol	μ [GeV]	M_2 [GeV]	$A_{\tilde{f}}$ [GeV]
I	200	200	1500
II	-150	200	1500
III	-200	200	1500
IV	300	200	2450

I and III – as in M. Mühlleitner *et al.*
with higher $A_{\tilde{f}}$ to have M_h above 114 GeV

II – an intermediate scenario

IV – as in CMS NOTE 2003/033

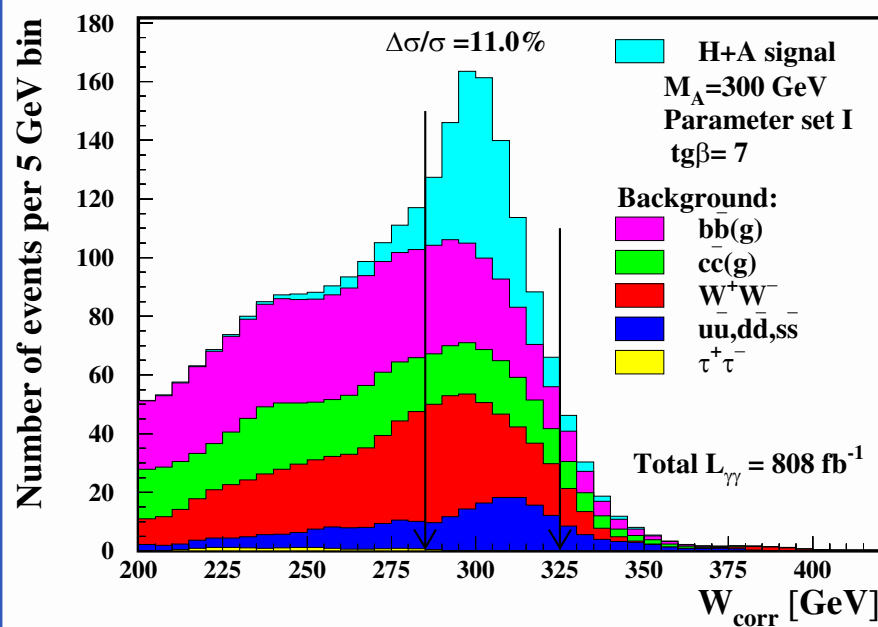
From: CMS NOTE 2003/033
(the same results as in newer CMS CR 2004/058)



MSSM: Precision at PLC

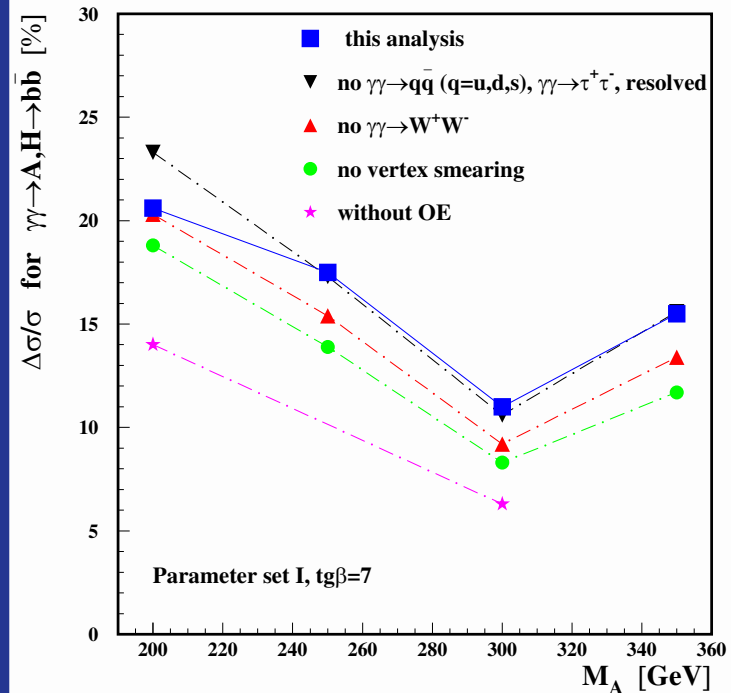
Precision of $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ measurement

Results for $M_A = 300$ GeV



Corrected invariant mass distributions

Results for $M_A = 200\text{-}350$ GeV



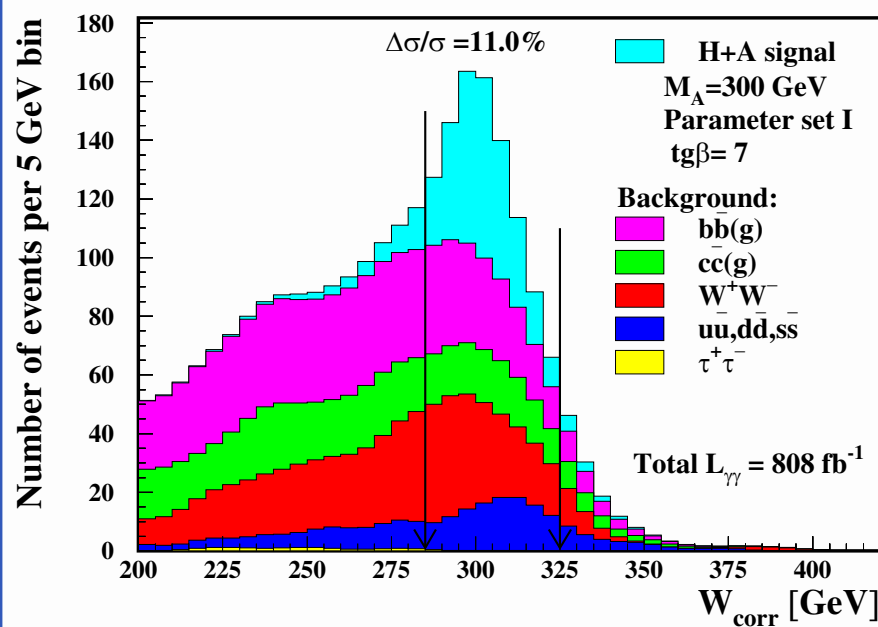
our previous results compared



MSSM: Precision at PLC

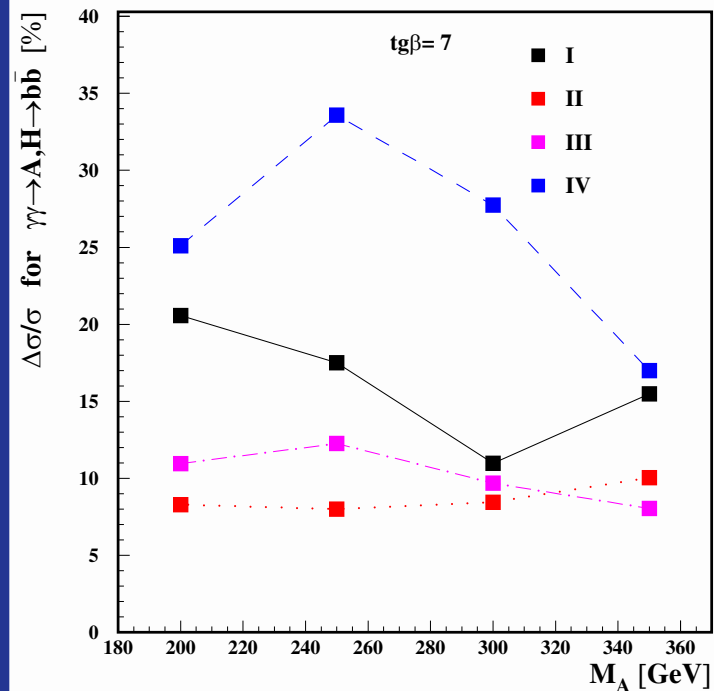
Precision of $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ measurement

Results for $M_A = 300$ GeV



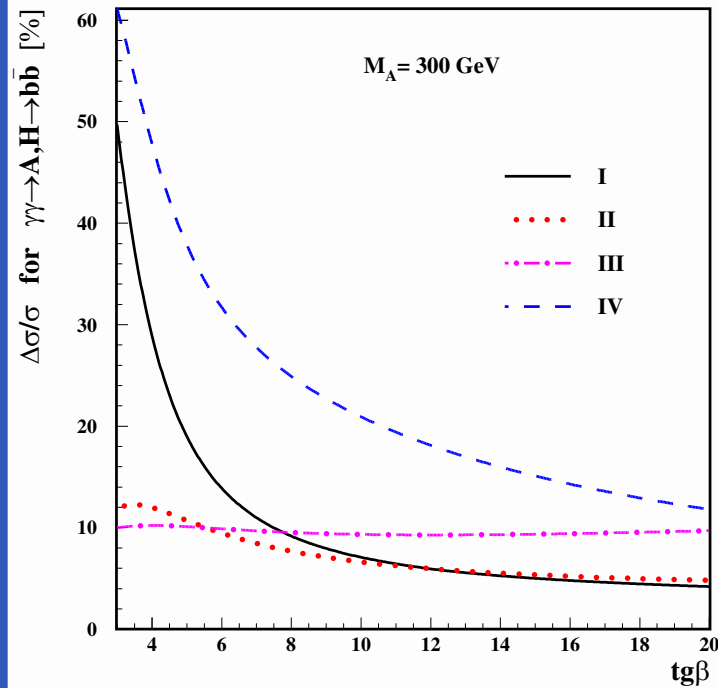
Corrected invariant mass distributions

Results for $M_A = 200-350$ GeV

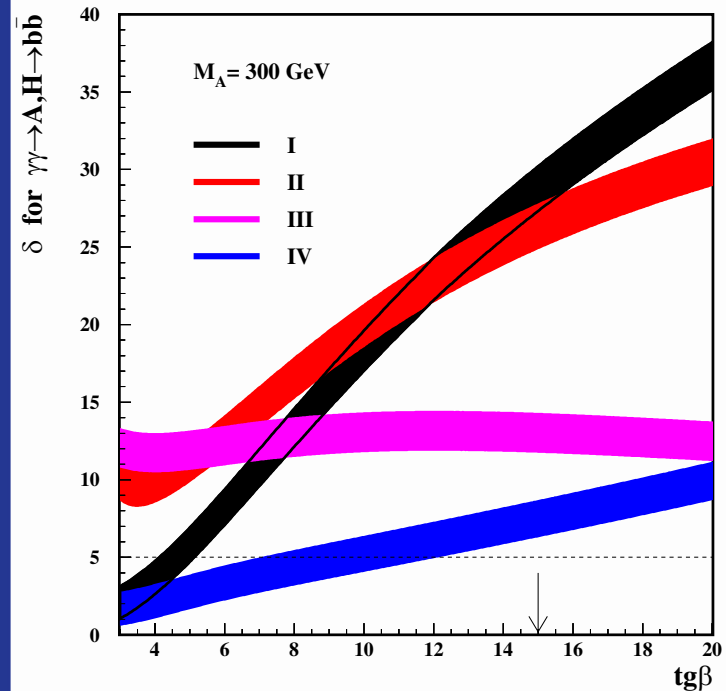


Precision & Significance

$$\Delta\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b})/\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$$



$$\text{Significance for } \gamma\gamma \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$$



$$\frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma} = \frac{\sqrt{\mu_S + \mu_B}}{\mu_S}$$

$$\delta = \frac{\mu_S}{\sqrt{\mu_B}} \pm \sqrt{1 + \frac{\mu_S}{\mu_B}}$$

Arrow – lower limit at LHC



Conclusions

- All relevant theoretical and experimental aspects taken into account.
- **SM**
High precision for measurement of the SM Higgs boson despite large effects due to $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ overlaying events.
Statistical precision of 2% for $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\text{BR}(h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ at $M_h = 120$ GeV.
Systematic uncertainty about 2%.
- **MSSM**
LHC wedge $\Rightarrow$ four MSSM parameter sets, $\tan\beta = 3\text{--}20$ considered
Precision 11–21% for $M_A = 200\text{--}350$ GeV, $\tan\beta = 7$ (set I, after one year)
For $M_A \gtrsim 300$ GeV the Photon Collider can discover heavy MSSM Higgs bosons below $\tan\beta = 15$ (LHC limit)

$\Rightarrow$ The Photon Collider is a very promising machine

Detailed description of the analysis: [hep-ph/0503295](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0503295)

