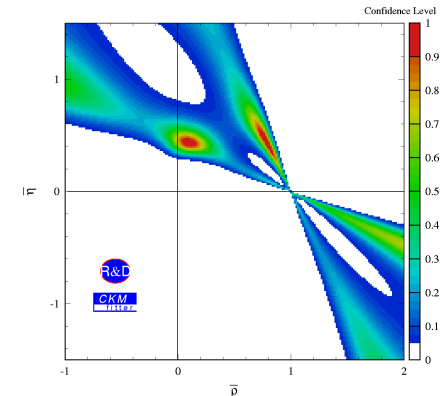
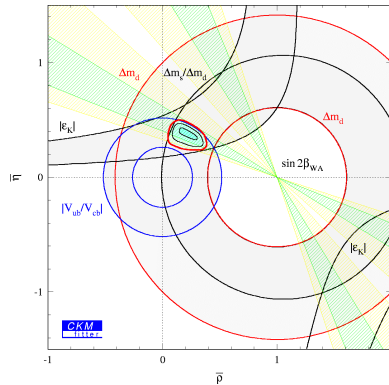


CKM FITS

9th International Symposium
on Heavy Flavor Physics
Caltech, Sept. 10-13, 2001, Heiko Lacker



- **Statistics** (Frequentist approach: *Rfit**)
- **Input Values**
- **Global Fit Results**
- **Charmless Two-Body B-Decays**
 - BBNS
 - Fleischer-Mannel bound
 - & Neubert-Rosner bound+BBNS

* A. Höcker, H. Lacker, S. Laplace and F. Le Diberder ,
Eur. Phys. J. C21/2 (2001) 225, LAL 06/01, hep-ph/0104062

Updated results and *CkmFitter* Code:

<http://www.slac.stanford.edu/~laplace/ckmfitter.html>

STATISTICS in Rfit

* Definition of the fit problem: $\chi^2(\mathbf{y}_{\text{mod}}) = -2 \ln L(\mathbf{y}_{\text{mod}})$

$$L(\mathbf{y}_{\text{mod}}) = L_{\text{exp}}(\mathbf{x}_{\text{exp}} - \mathbf{x}_{\text{theo}}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{mod}})) * L_{\text{theo}}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{QCD}})$$

* “Educated guesswork” (quenched approx., SU(3)-break., ...)
Critical piece of information from mind of physicists

Theoretical uncertainty
not described by a *PDF*
but considered as an
« Allowed range »

$\ln L_{\text{theo}}(\mathbf{y}_{\text{QCD}}) = 0$
within allowed range ->
No contribution to $\chi^2_{\mathbf{y}_{\text{mod}}}$

PROBING THE STANDARD MODEL

Interpretation of χ^2 by building a test statistics

1. Determine $\chi^2_{\min; y_{\text{mod}}} \rightarrow y_{\text{mod, opt}} = \{?, A, \dots, m_t, B_K, \dots\}$
2. Calculate $x_{\text{exp, opt}} = x_{\text{theo}}(y_{\text{mod, opt}})$ and generate x_{exp} measurements according to L_{exp}
3. Determine for each set x_{exp} the minimum $\chi^2 \rightarrow F(\chi^2)$

$$CL(SM) = \int_{\chi^2_{\min; y_{\text{mod}}}}^{\chi^2} F(\chi^2) d\chi^2$$

METROLOGY

$$y_{\text{mod}} = \{a; \mu\} = \{? \dots ?; ?, A, m_t, B_K, \dots\}$$

Set Confidence Levels in the a space,
irrespective of the $?$ values.

Maximize agreement between data and theory:
 $CL(a) = \text{MAX}_? \{ CL(a, ?) \}$ (Upper bound of CL)

$$??^2(a) = ??^2_{\text{min};?}(a) - ??^2_{\text{min};y_{\text{mod}}}$$

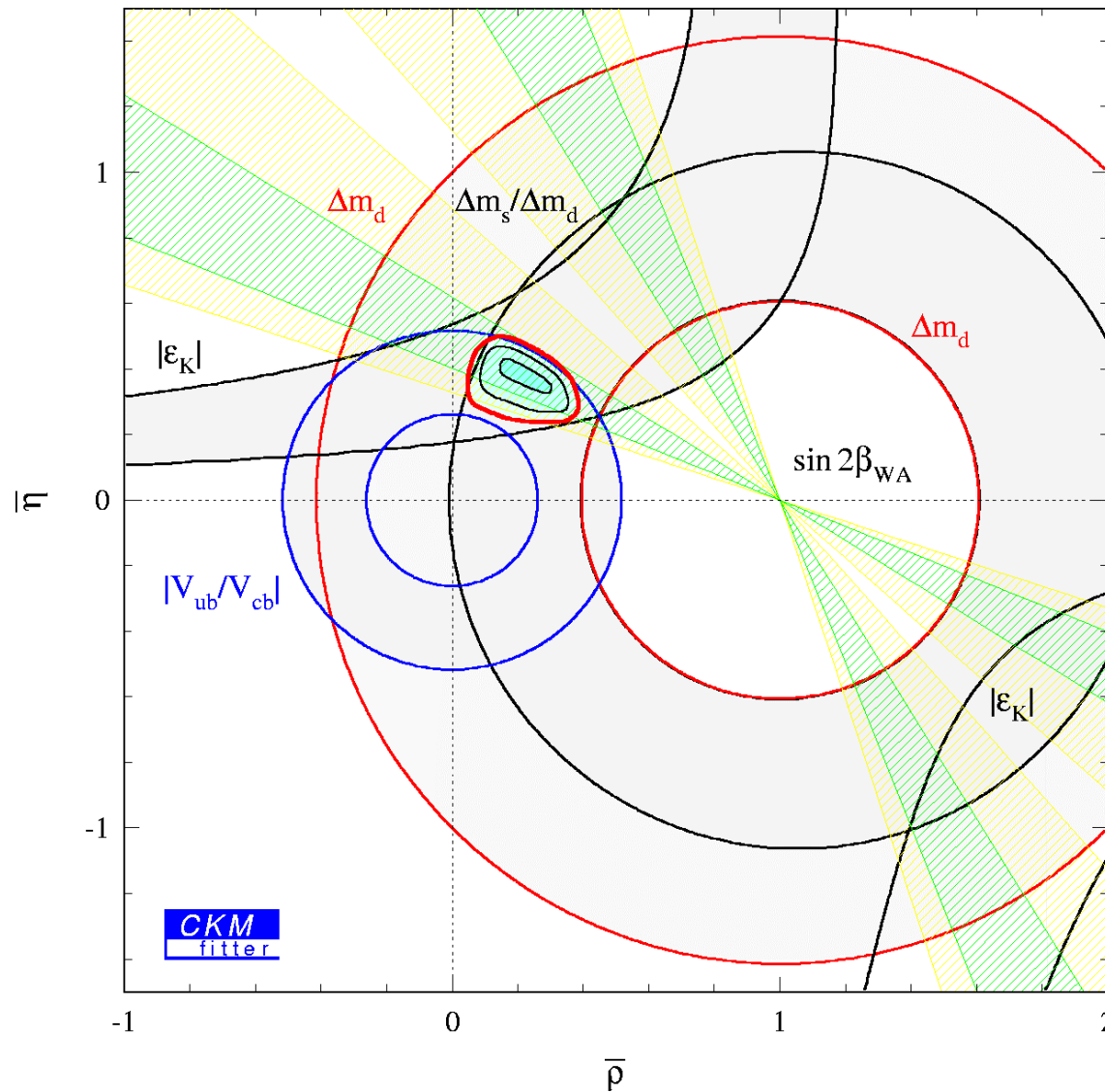
$$CL(a) = \text{Prob}(??^2(a), N_{\text{dof}})$$

INPUTS

$ V_{ud} $	0.97394 ? 0.00089	neutron ? nuclear ? - decay	
$ V_{us} $	0.2200 ? 0.0025	K ? ? ??	
$ V_{cd} $	0.224 ? 0.014	dimuon production : ?N(DIS)	
$ V_{cs} $	0.969 ? 0.058	W ? $X_c X$ (OPAL)	<i>CLEO lepton-endpoint measurement using $b \rightarrow s$??hot included yet</i>
● $ V_{ub} $	(3.49 ? 0.24 ? 0.55) ? 10⁻³	Incl.(LEP) ? Excl.(CLEO)	
● $ V_{cb} $	(40.4 ? 1.3 ? 0.9) ? 10⁻³	Excl./Incl. ? Moment Analysis (CLEO)	
$?_K $	(2.271 ? 0.017) ? 10⁻³	(PDG 2000)	
● $? m_d$	(0.489 ? 0.008) ps⁻¹	(BABAR, Belle, CDF, LEP, SLD, 2001)	
● $? m_s$	Amplitude Spectrum	(CDF, LEP, SLD, 2001)	<i>F. Parodi & H. Neil</i>
● $\sin 2?$	0.793 ? 0.102	(WA, Summer 2001, not rescaled)	
$m_t(\overline{MS})$	(166 ? 5) GeV	(CDF/D0, PDG 2000)	
$f_{B_d} \sqrt{B_d}$	(0.230 ? 0.028 ? 0.028) GeV	(Lattice 2000)	
$?$	1.16 ? 0.03 ? 0.05	(Lattice 2000)	
B_K	0.87 ? 0.06 ? 0.13	(Lattice 2000)	
$?_{cc}$	1.38 ? 0.53	(Herrlich & Nierste)	
? other parameters with less relevant errors			

GLOBAL FIT: RESULTS

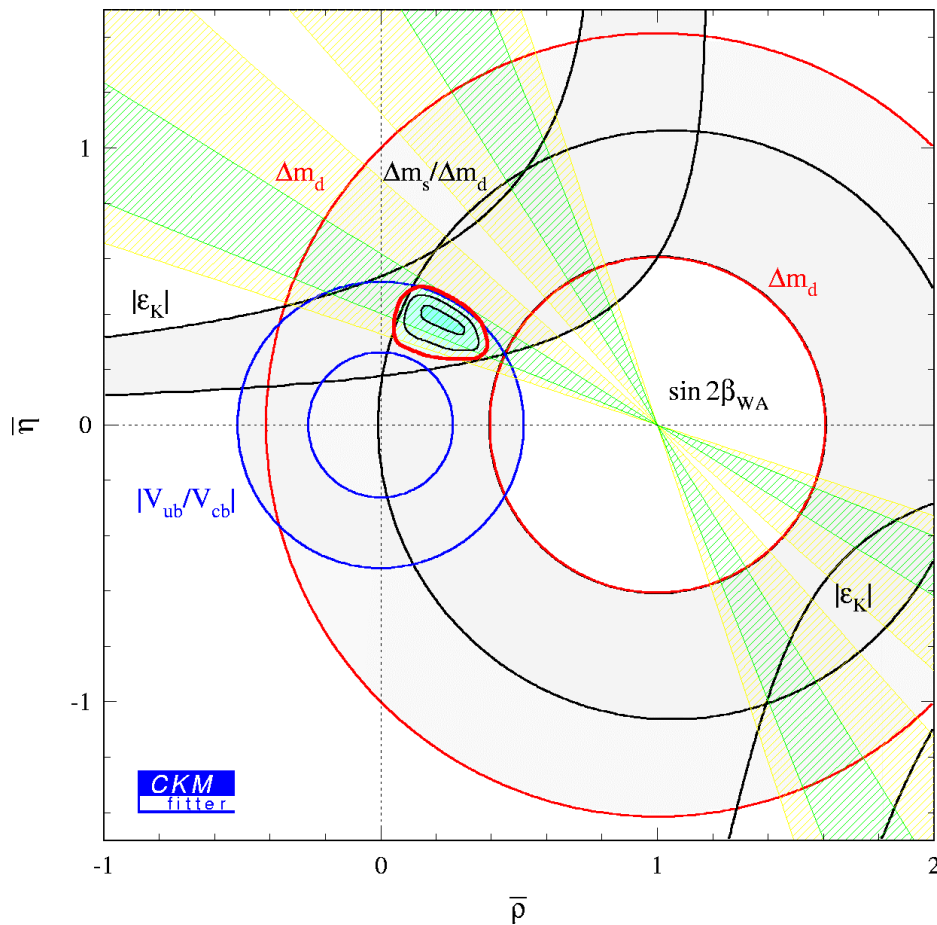
Global fit including $\sin 2\beta$? $\chi^2_{\min} \approx 2.3$ (?? 4)



GLOBAL FIT: RESULTS

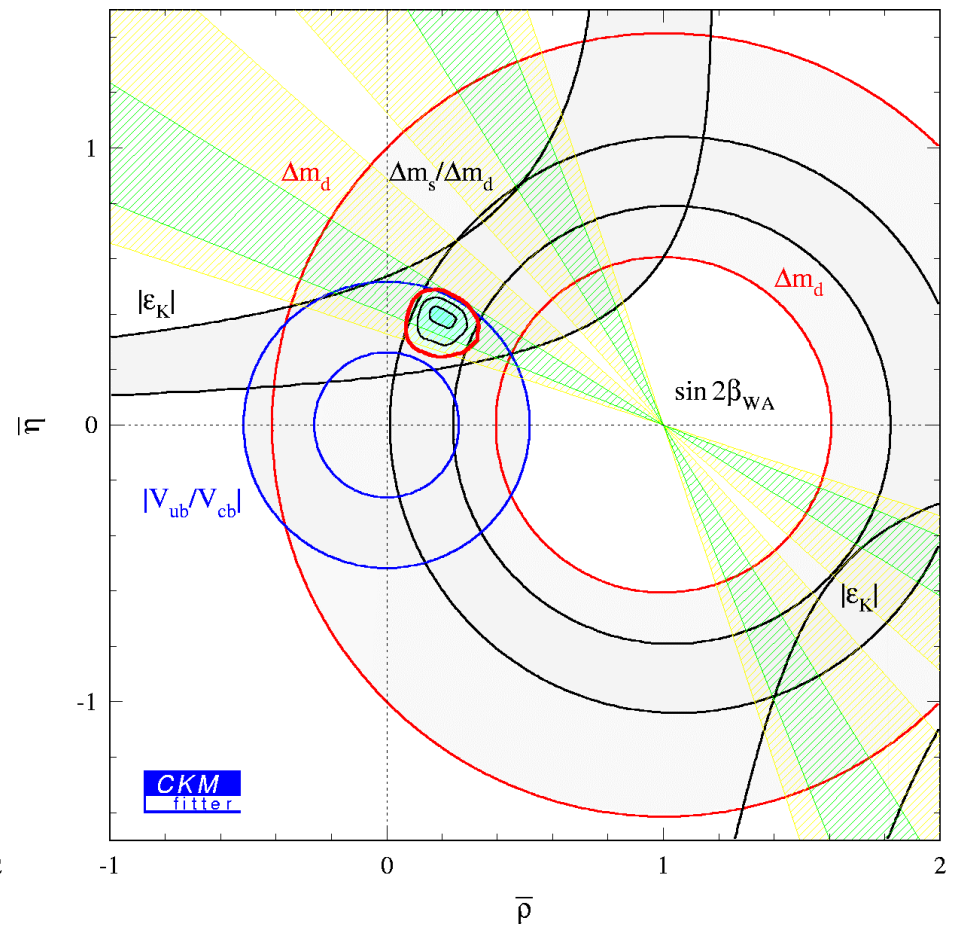
Global fit including sin2?

? ms : modified amplitude method
Used in this analysis.

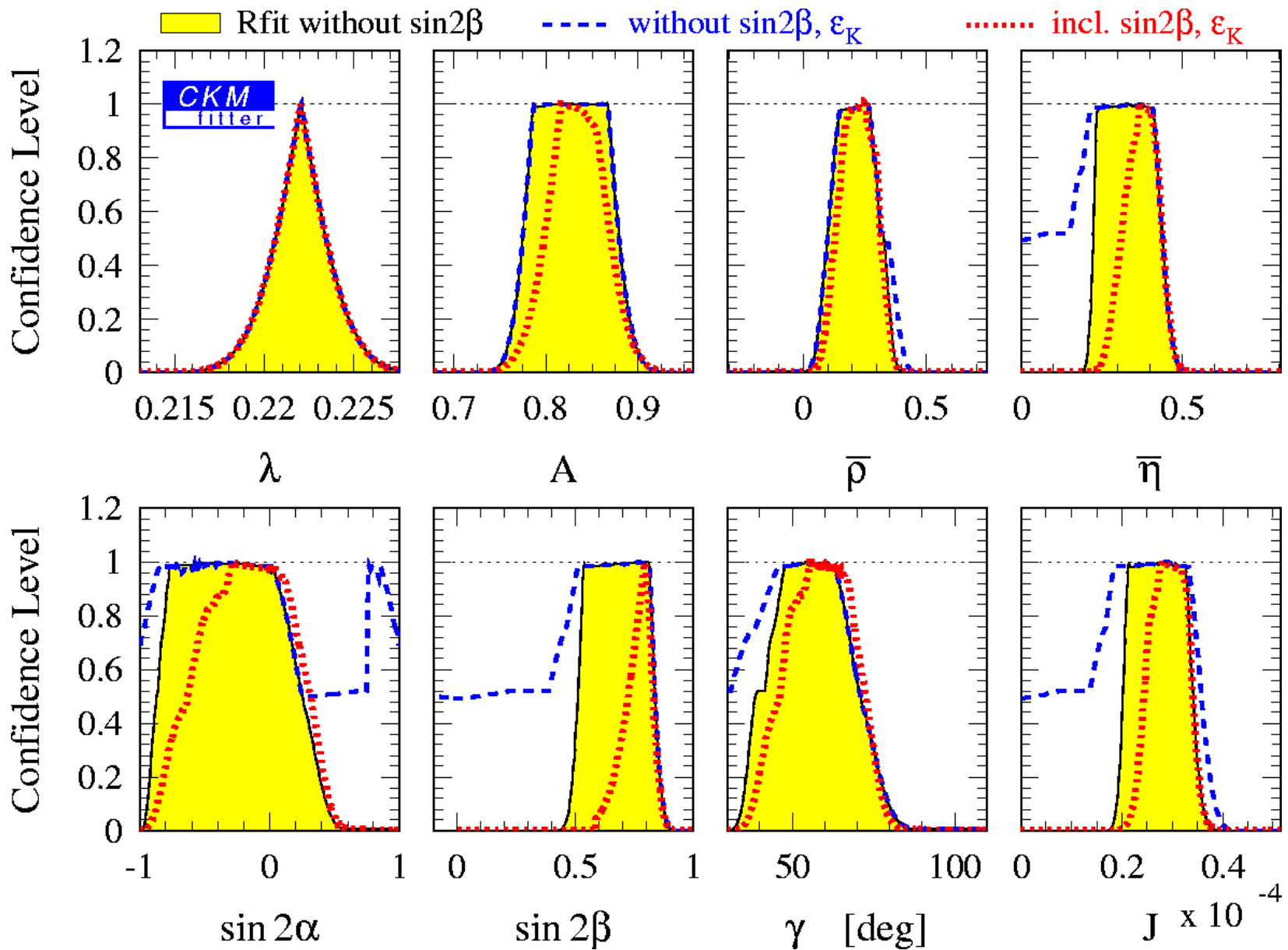


Global fit including sin2?

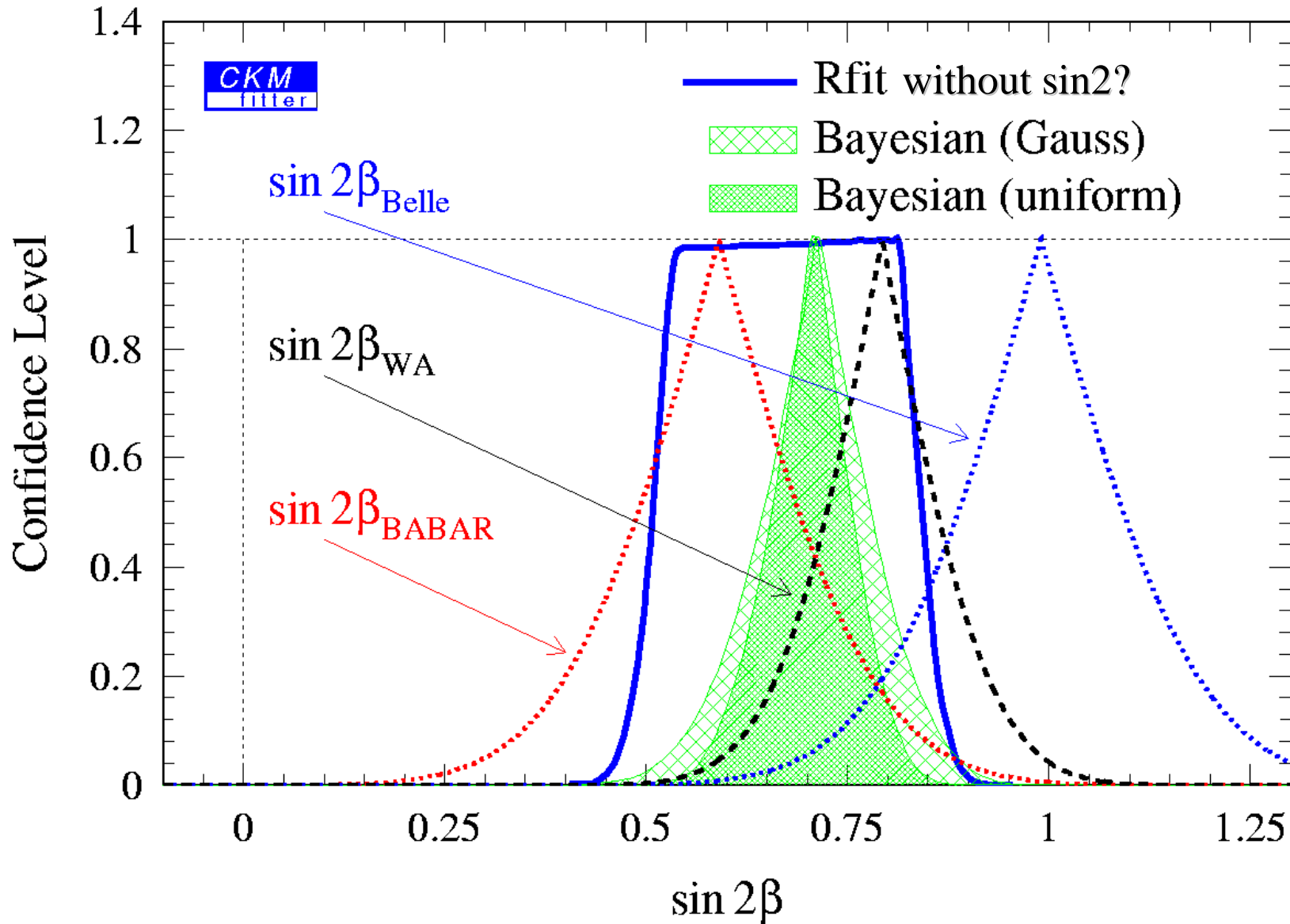
? ms : likelihood ratio
Not used in this analysis; proper translation in CL should be proven by a realistic MC simulation.



One-dimensional Constraints



Different Statistical Treatments



Results (5% CL)

?	0.2221 ? 0.0041	m_s (ps ¹)	14.6 ? 32.0
<i>A</i>	0.763 ? 0.905	$f_{B_d} \sqrt{B_d}$ (MeV)	192 ? 284
?	0.07 ? 0.37	B_K	0.52 ? 1.68
?	0.26 ? 0.49	m_t (GeV)	95 ? 405
$J(10^{23})$	2.2 ? 3.7	$BR_{K_L} ? ?^0?? ? 10^{11}?$	1.6 ? 4.4
$\sin 2\theta$	0.90 ? 0.51	$BR_{K^0} ? ?^0?? ? 10^{11}?$	4.8 ? 9.4
$\sin 2\theta$	0.59 ? 0.88	$BR_{B^0} ? ?^0?? ? 10^{15}?$	5.6 ? 23.8
?	37 ? 80	$BR_{B^0} ? ?^0?? ? 10^{17}?$	2.2 ? 9.4

Charmless Twobody B-decays

BBNS: QCD FACTORISATION APPROACH

M. Beneke, G. Buchalla, M. Neubert and C.T. Sachrajda,
"QCD Factorization in $B \rightarrow ?K, ???$ Decays and
Extraction of Wolfenstein Parameters", hep-ph/0104110

See talk: M. Neubert

~~$F1 * F2 ?$~~

**Endpoint Singularities?
Annihilation ?**

↓
sudakov ?

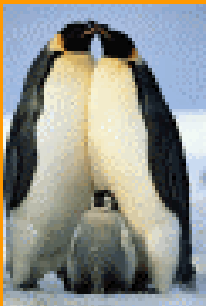
Y. -Y. Keum, H-n. Li and A.I. Sanda,
"Penguin enhancement and $B \rightarrow ?K$ decays
in perturbative QCD", hep-ph/0004173

See talk: Y. Y. Keum

M. Ciuchini, E. Franco, G. Martinelli,
M. Pierini and L. Silvestrini,
"Charming Penguins strike back",
hep-ph/0104126

$b (c \bar{c}) \bar{d} ?$

S. J. Brodsky and S. Gardner,
Evading the CKM Hierarchy, hep-ph/0108121



**BBNS implemented
in CKMfitter**

**Consider
these fits as:**



INPUT VALUES: BBNS FIT

CP? averaged BR (10^6)	Direct CP? Asymmetry (A_{CP})
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ $4.44^{+0.89}_{-0.86}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 0.41)	
$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ $17.37^{+1.47}_{-1.30}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 0.46)	-0.049 ± 0.066 (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 0.35)
$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0$ $12.13^{+1.70}_{-1.67}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 1.58)	-0.094 ± 0.118 (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 1.03)
$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$ $17.41^{+2.60}_{-2.51}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 0.46)	-0.049 ± 0.135 (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 1.85)
$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+$ $10.73^{+2.66}_{-2.66}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 1.65)	
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ $5.80^{+1.57}_{-1.52}$ (χ^2 (d.o.f.) = 0.46)	

See also the talks from
CLEO, Belle and BABAR
at this conference

CLEO: Phys.Rev.Lett.85(2000) 515

Belle: hep-ex/0104030

BABAR: hep-ex/0105061

Phys.Rev.Lett.85(2000) 525

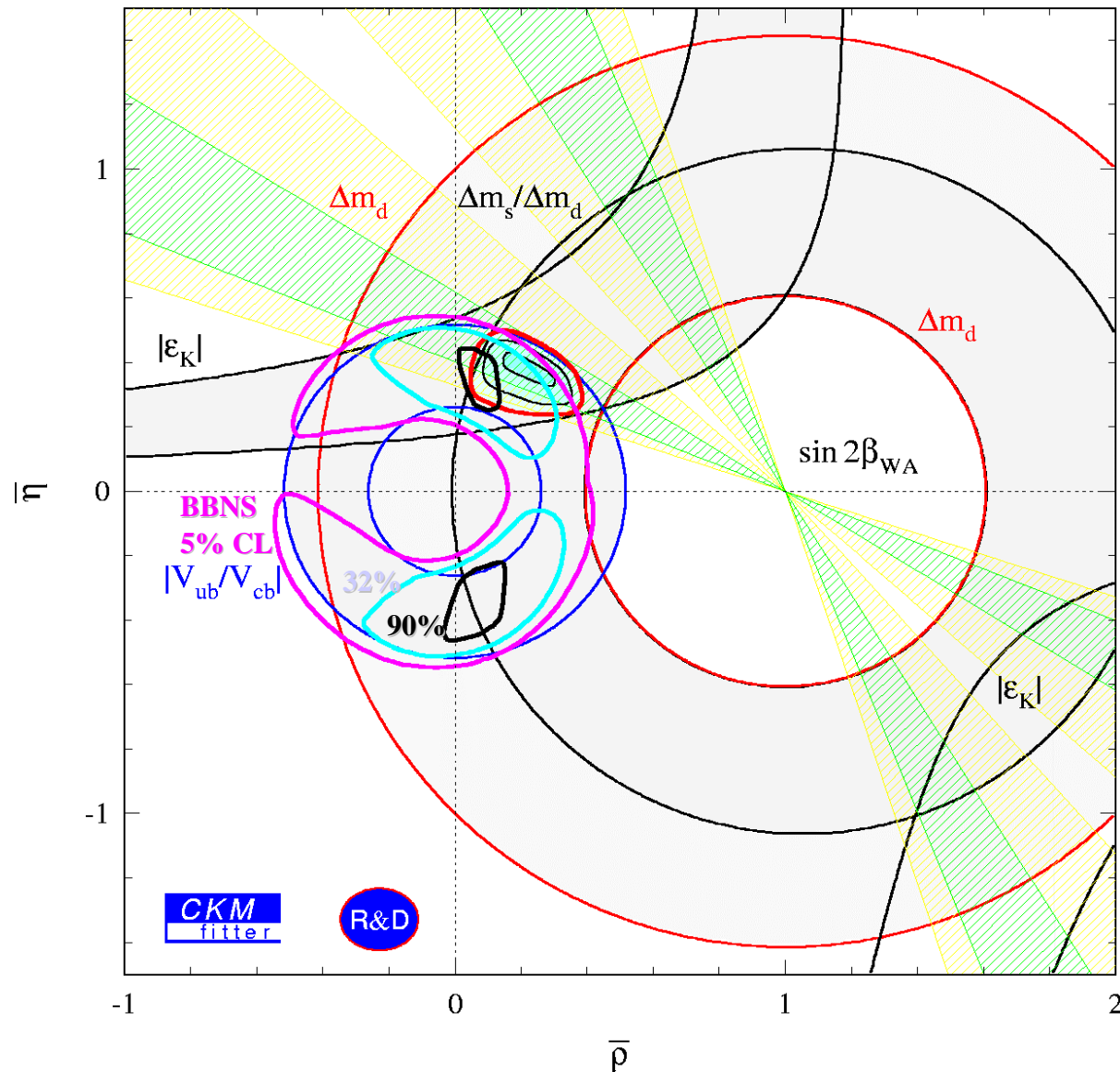
hep-ex/0106095

hep-ex/0105061 & 0107074

Additional input: $|V_{cb}|$

$$A_{CP} = \frac{BR(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) - BR(B \rightarrow f)}{BR(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) + BR(B \rightarrow f)}$$

Fit to BR and ACP within BBNS compared to standard CKM fit



Theoretical uncertainties:

$m_s, m_c, ??? R?K$
scale dependence ?

Gegenbauer moments:

? 1K, ? 2K, ? 2?

$F(B \rightarrow ?), f_B$

X_H, X_A

$\chi^2_{\min} ? 2.04 (?? 7) \text{ at}$
 $(?, ?) ? (0.061, -0.375)$

Best Fits around ?? 90?

Fleischer-Mannel + Neubert-Rosner + BBNS

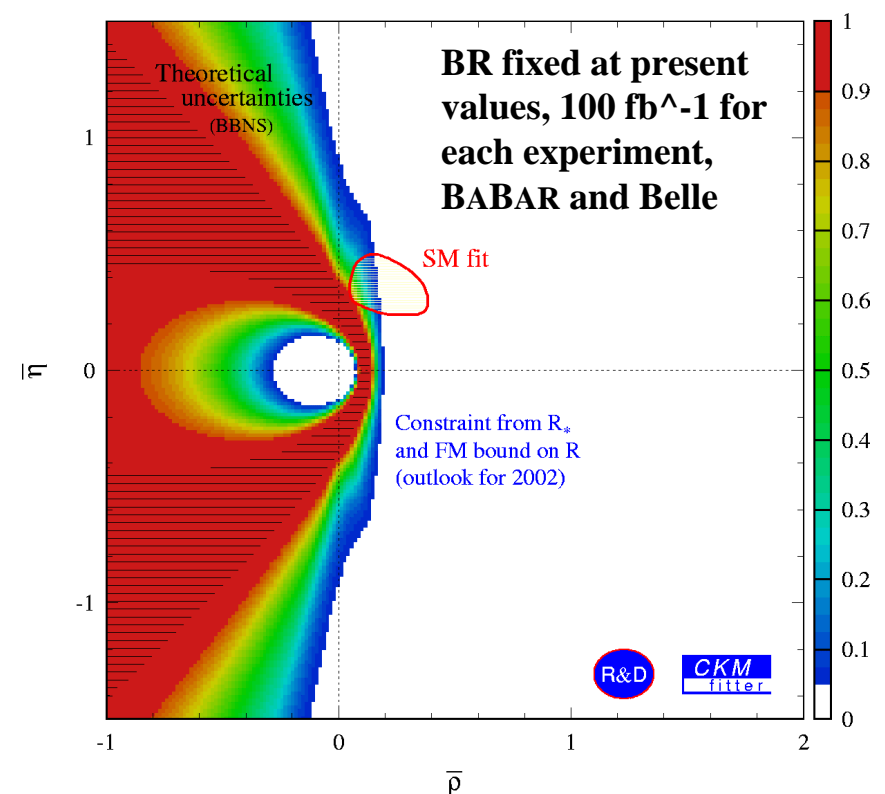
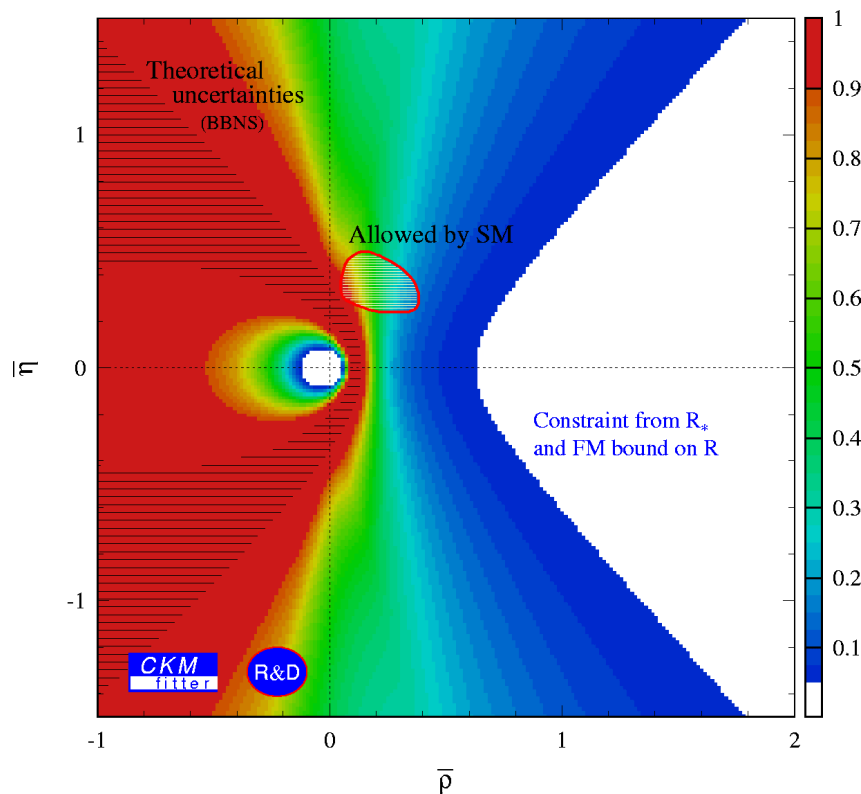
FM: $R \approx \frac{\text{BR}(B^?) \text{BR}(K^{??})}{\text{BR}(B^0) \text{BR}(K^0)} \approx 1.06 \pm 0.18$ ($R \approx 1 \pm R \approx \sin^2 \theta$)

NR: additional theoretical input:

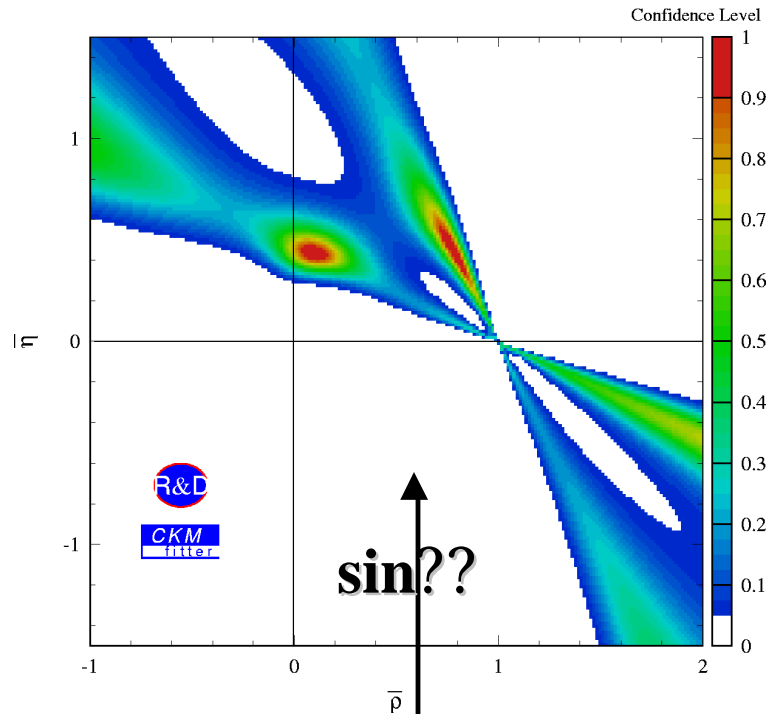
1. $R \approx \frac{\text{BR}(K^{??})}{\text{BR}(K^0)} \approx 0.71 \pm 0.14$ $\approx \frac{T/P}{?}$ 2. $\tau_{3/2} \approx R_{th} \tan \theta_c \frac{f_K}{f_\pi} \sqrt{\frac{2 \text{BR}(K^{??})}{\text{BR}(K^0)}}$

3. FA(BBNS): strong phases small

$R_{th}(\text{SU}(3), \text{BBNS}) \approx (0.223 \pm 0.034)$



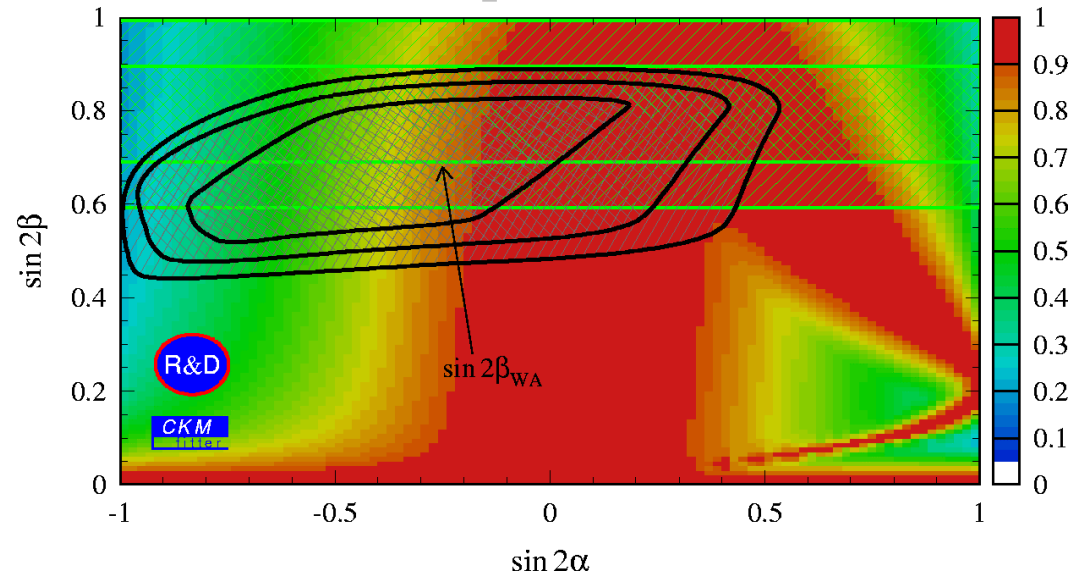
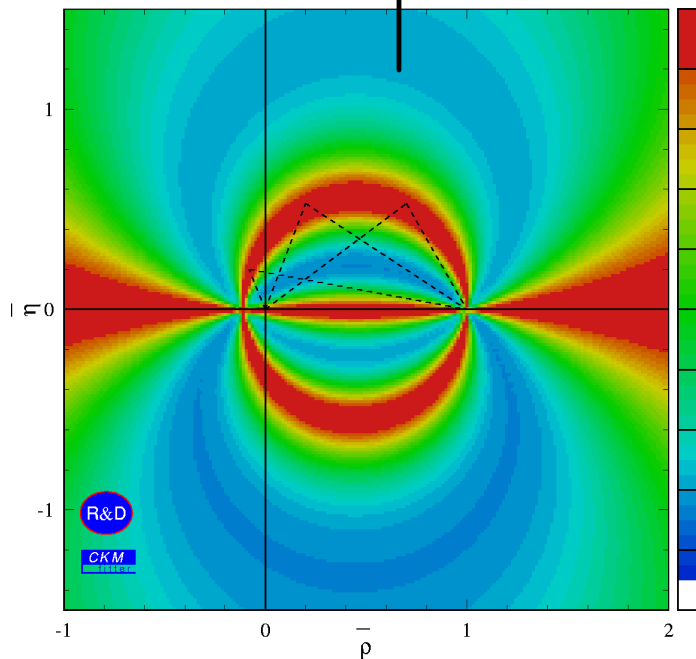
B->?+?-: time-dependent asymmetry within BBNS



$$S_{??} = \frac{2 \text{Im} P_{??}}{1 + |P_{??}|^2}$$

$$P_{??} = e^{2i\theta} \frac{e^{i\theta} P_{??} / T_{??}}{e^{i\theta} P_{??} / T_{??}}$$

BABAR: $S_{??} = 0.03 \pm 0.56$
+ BBNS (Quoted theoretical error << Present experimental error)



SUMMARY

- - **CKM fit: consistent picture**
 - $\sin 2\beta$ is competitive with the other (theoretically limited) measurements; Consistency: *BABAR* \leftrightarrow *Belle* ?
 - - $|V_{ub}|$: - *LEP* experiments: all inclusive results in agreement
 - Lepton-Endpoint measurement using $b \rightarrow s$ γ (*CLEO*)
 - $|V_{cb}|$: - $|V_{cb}|$ (excl.) from *Belle* agrees with *LEP* results
 - Moment analysis (*CLEO*) \rightarrow substantial improvement
 - See also the new results from the B-factories at this conference
 - m_s : Sensitivity limit further improved
-
- - $BR(B \rightarrow \gamma\gamma / K\gamma) / A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K\gamma)$: best BBNS fits around $\beta = 90$ deg.
 - Implementation of other approaches
 - Further theoretical discussion needed
 - More statistics to come \rightarrow Calculations to be tested in detail

$|V_{cb}|$

$|V_{cb}|$: inclusive

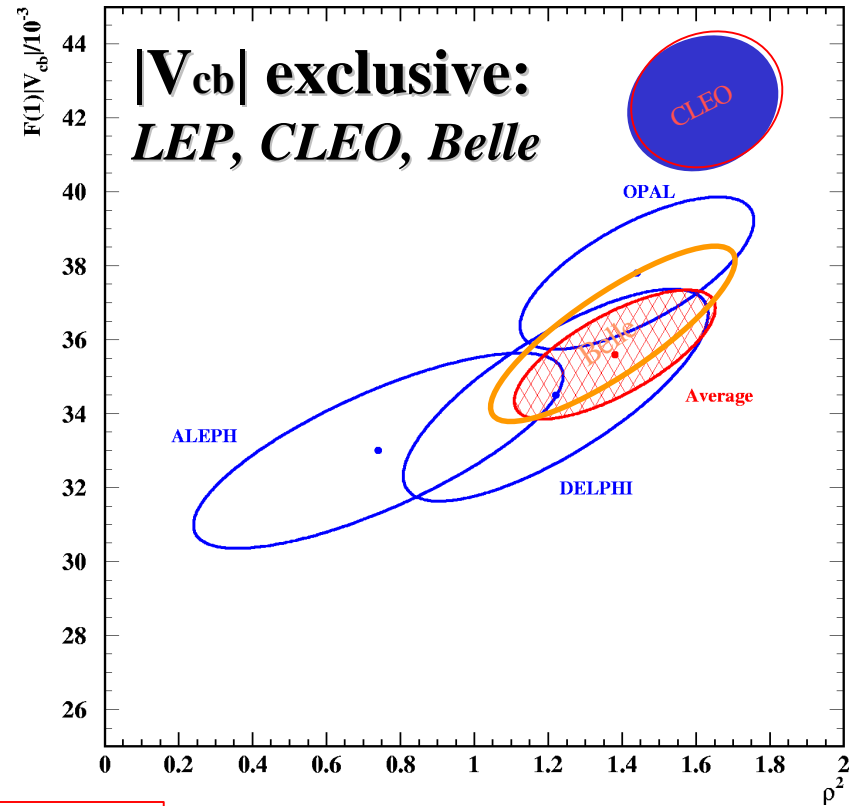
LEP: $(40.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-3}$

CLEO: $(41 \pm 2 \pm 2) \times 10^{-3}$

$|V_{cb}|$: moment analysis (CLEO)

$(40.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.9(\overline{?}, ?_1 : \text{exp}))$

$\pm 0.8(?_s, 1/M_B^3) \times 10^{-3}$



$?_{sl}(B)$ quite safe

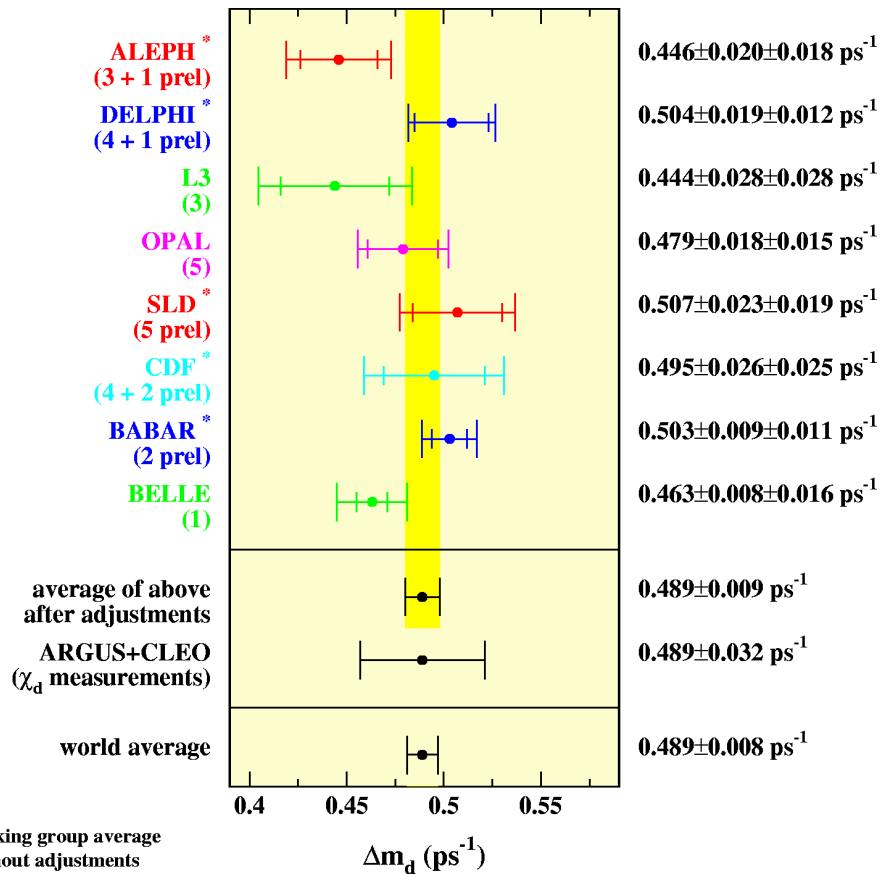
$B \rightarrow D^*$ at zero recoil
more vulnerable ($1/m_c$)

Ikaros Bigi and Nikolai Uraltsev,
A Vademecum on Quark-Hadron
Duality, hep-ph/0106346

$F_{B \rightarrow D^*}(0) \pm 0.913 \pm 0.042$
(BABAR Physics Book)

$F_{B \rightarrow D^*}(0) \pm 0.89 \pm 0.08$
(I.I. Bigi, hep-ph/9907270)

? m_d



Precision measurements of decay constants in charm sector highly welcome ! -> CLEO-C Important input for ? m_d / ? m_s !

We use Lattice Results for $f_{B_d} \sqrt{B_d}$.

Recent results from Sum Rules :

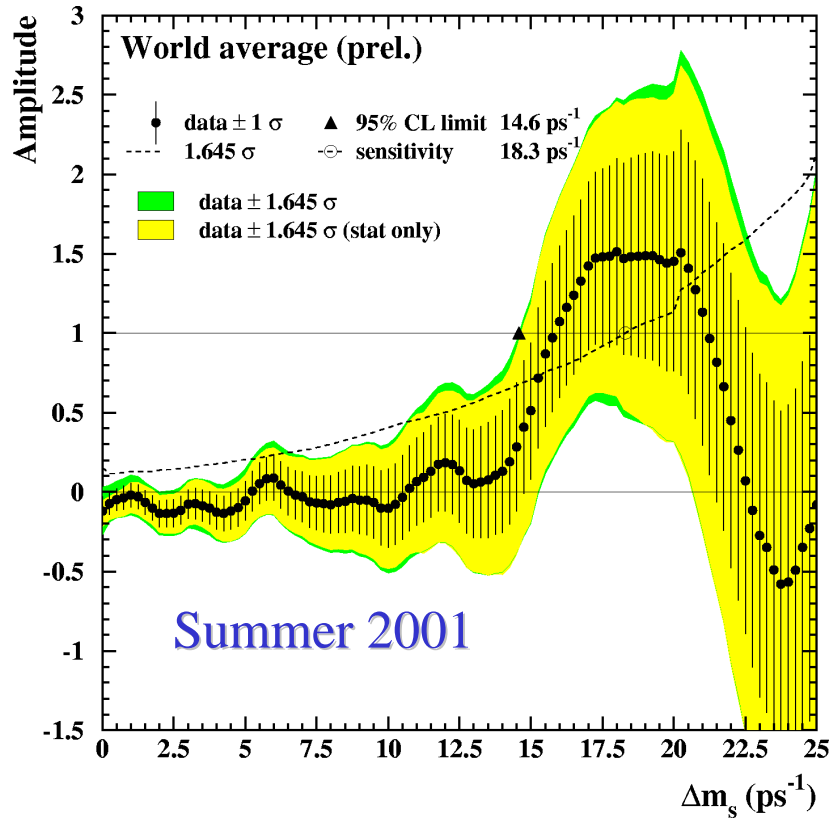
A.A. Penin and M. Steinhauser

Heavy - Light Meson Decay Constant from QCD Sum Rules in Three - Loop Approximation, hep - ph/0108110

S. Narison,

c, b quark masses and $f_{D(s)}$, $f_{B(s)}$ decay constants from pseudoscalar sum rules in full QCD to order α_s^2 , hep - ph/0108242

? m_s



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \chi^2_{|1-A|} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \left(\frac{1-A}{\sigma} \right)^2 \text{Erfc} \left(\frac{|1-A|}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} \right) \\
 & \chi^2_{1-A} = 2 \text{Erfc} \left(\frac{1-A}{\sigma} \right) \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \text{Erfc} \left(\frac{1-A}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} \right) \\
 & 2 \ln L \approx m_s \left(\frac{1-A}{\sigma} \right)^2 \left(\frac{A}{\sigma} \right)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

At present, we do not use the likelihood ratio. A rigorous proof that the likelihood ratio provides a proper CL, for the present data situation, should be given by means of a realistic Monte Carlo simulation.

