Title of Task or Employee: Serge Ratkovsky Routine Non-routine Date 3 Mar 2008

Complete instructions and supporting information is available at https://www-internal.slac.stanford.edu/esh/SLACsafety/jham/
Enter information into boxes which will expand to accommodate whatever length of text is entered. Once this JHA is complete, all participants should sign in the Acknowledgement section.

Basic Job Tasks or Steps	Potential Hazards	Controls & Recommended Actions	
Work at computer work station	RMI from improper use or bad workstation ergonomics	 As needed: Ergonomic evaluation of workstation Work station fixes as recommended by evaluation Use of proper keyboarding techniques as recommended by evaluation ES&H Course 291 	
Lifting	Back or other strain injury from overexertion	 Get help or use lifting tools for items exceeding 50 pounds. Evaluate in the field as need. Use proper lifting techniques (Avoid twisting while lifting, use your knees etc.) 	
Awkward reaching/contortion	Muscle strainHead bumpCuts/lacerations	Wear glovesWear bump capsField repair/warning signs of jagged edges	
Work at height/use of ladders	Injury from fall, or from dropped object	 Receive PPE training and adhere to content. Wear fall protective harness where falls of 4 or more feet are possible Receive ladder training and adhere to content. Use ladders only according to manufacturer's instructions. Stay out of ladder footprint while ladder is in use by another ES&H Course 200 	
Walking around shops, beam enclosures, and other industrial areas (i.e. work on RF power supplies in PEP II IR halls [areas with limited	 Injury from slips, trips, falls on oily, messy, uneven, or loose surfaces. 	No runningClean up spills on surfacesUse good housekeeping/cleanup	

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egress, head bump & tripping hazards])	Injury from striking protruding objects	 Keep eyes on path Use flashlights in tunnels Avoid unstable surfaces: stacked items, piles of debris, etc. Place foam or warning colors on head-or body bump hazards Abide by local PPE rules
Work in high-noise hazards	Hearing loss	 Avoid high-noise areas Participate in Hearing Protection Program as needed Wear ear protection in such areas
Work on electrical equipment with high-V or other stored energy (cables, trays, electrical outlets, breakers)	 Electric shock Arc flash Flying objects High-temperatures/fires Hazardous vapors/fumes 	 Get Low/High Voltage training (Courses 251,274) Use GFCI where possible Use good housekeeping/cleanup Use equipment only according to manufacturer's requirements Receive Lock/Tag (Course157) training and adhere to Lock/Tag requirements Adhere to SLAC equipment-specific installation & maintenance procedures Avoid energized electrical work when possible Get and adhere to hot work permit when working on energized electrical Use sufficient lighting during work Attend PPE training, Course 255. Use safety screen/ gloves/mats/goggles and/or glasses accordingly ES&H Courses 157, 157R, 251, 255, 274
Control chassis removal	 Arc flash from PPS lock falling on exposed 208 VAC 	 Use care when removing chassis. Look for loose or impeding items Disconnect and lock/tag 208VAC source, if

Walking around site	Slips, trips, falls	possible. Cover hazard No running
waiking around site	 Silps, talls Struck by vehicle 	 No running Use good housekeeping/cleanup Walk only on improved surfaces when possible Keep eyes on path Look both ways before entering the Gallery
Use of government cars, carts, scooters, and bicycles	 Injury by collision or spill/wreck Injury to others, struck by vehicle Burns/fire from gasoline 	 Maintain California Driver's License Slow down in rain Drive and ride defensively Keep hands free to drive/ride Wear protective headgear on scooters Adhere to SLAC site traffic requirements and CA auto and bike Rules of the Road Fill tanks only at station Take care not to spill Do not fill vehicles from jerry can Keep ignition sources away while filling (cell phones, smoking, car ignition, static from car entry during filling) Keep truck beds free from debris that could fall out
Work in and around man ways	 Injury from fall into manhole Bump to head Injury from dropped objects Disease from dead animals Standing water/entering water Slip on bad or insufficiently lighted walking surface Heat stress 	 Wear hard hats Place protective rails around manhole once open Clearly mark work areas in roadways with cones Avoid footprint of ladders when workers are using it Use supplemental lighting Phone Service Desk to remove dead animals Use hand lines/backpacks/tool belts to lower/raise objects from man way

Work around heavy objects. (e.g., power supply lifting w/genie lifts & pallet jacks)	Foot crushing	 Take health into account before Have heat stress monitored by IH (x4105) Receive PPE training and adhere to content. Wear safety footwear where objects could crush feet Avoid placing feet under any possibly-crushing load ES&H Course 255
Use of chemicals (solder & flux, alcohol, epoxies, paint)	 Burn Poisoning Environmental contamination 	 No eating at workbenches Wash your hands after use Perform work outdoors where possible. Use ventilated areas when indoors Work away from ignition sources Use less-toxic or flammable materials where possible. Seek advice from MSDS/Industrial Hygiene (x4105) when working with new chemicals. Receive PPE Training and adhere to content Dispose of waste properly
Soldering	BurnsLead poisoning	 Wear protective eyewear Receive Lead Safety Training (#240)and adhere to content (optional) Use ventilation at workbenches Proper disposal of solder residue
Work in places (Gallery, etc.) potentially occupied by wild animals	 Infection/poisoning from contact with wild animals (raccoons/skunks/possums/fera I cats/ground squirrels, bees & wasps, mosquitoes, foxes, mountain lions, rattlesnakes, poisonous spiders) 	 Use insect repellent and tuck pants into shoes when working in brush or tall grass. Perform tick self-inspections regularly. Take care in dark places: clear cobwebs with broom or other item rather than with body. Look carefully under outdoor items before moving them

	Injury from car collision w/deer	 Look carefully under items/racks in the Klystron Gallery before placing a hand or foot under or into them. Avoid other wild animals. Wave and scare mountain lions
Use of machine tools	Cuts, lacerations, or contusions from contact with point of operation or flying materials	 Use tools only according to manufacturer's instructions (trained/authorized) Do not defeat guards on point of operation or other moving parts Wear protective eyewear Do not wear loose clothing/jewelry while operating Tie hair back out of operation area Use ventilation on machine systems
Work with 2% BeCu	CBD from Be exposure	 No machining BeCu Work wet w/burned up contacts Use good housekeeping/cleanup Consult IH (x4105) as needed, with questions Dispose of waste properly ES&H Course 296
Use of compressed air	Debris blown in eyeInjection resulting in blood clot	 Wear eye protection while working with air systems Use vented nozzles Wear dust masks for cleaning work
Cable or other assembly operations	Repetitive motion injuryEye strain/fatigue	 Use ergonomic tools Take breaks Exercise Contact Medical when starting long-term repetitive work
Work in High Radiation Areas	Overexposure to ionizing radiation	 Receive Radiation Worker I training and adhere to content ES&H Courses 115, 116, 219

Work in Rad/Contamination Areas	Overexposure to contamination (radiation)	 Receive Radiation Worker II training and adhere to content ES&H Course 250
Use of hand tools	Cuts, lacerations, or contusions from contact with point of operation or flying materials	 Use tools only according to manufacturer's instructions Use right tool for the job Wear protective eyewear for hammering activities
Use of forklifts	 Injury by collision or spill/wreck Injury to others, struck by vehicle Crushing hazard to others Fire (propane) 	 Maintain Forklift certification Slow down in rain Drive and ride defensively Do not operate too close to others Keep hands free to drive/ride Adhere to SLAC site traffic requirements and CA auto Rules of the Road Keep ignition sources away while exchanging tanks Wear seatbelts ES&H Course 283
Use of portable power tools	Cuts, lacerations, or contusions from contact with point of operation or flying materials	 Use tools only according to manufacturer's instructions Do not defeat guards on point of operation or other moving parts Plug into GFCI outdoors or wet areas Wear protective eyewear Do not wear loose clothing/jewelry while operating Tie hair back out of operation area
Modulator trouble shooting/maintenance of ceramic items in modulators	Cuts from broken ceramics	Wear leather gloves

Office workers→Sequence of Basic Job Steps	Potential Hazards	azards Controls & Recommended Actions	
Using computer / data entry / email; talk on phone	• Strains: eye, neck, muscle, carpal tunnel, back problems	 ERGONOMIC: evaluations and implementing results; take breaks 	
Lifting / moving: equipment, boxes	Strain; muscle sprain	 LIFTING: Don't lift more than comfort level; Get hand truck for moving heavy / bulky boxes, equipment 	
Walking around the site	Trips; falls; sprains; physical elements (uneven pavement, walkways)	 PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY: Keep self aware, educated, mentally assess tasks before proceeding, if sick stay home and get better; awareness of implications when someone or environment gets hurt financially (worker's comp, health costs) and professionally (time away from work, workload impact on others; identify and address stress 	
Driving on-site: personal vehicles; government vehicles	Accidents; injuries	TRAFFIC: Follow traffic regulations; report violations	
• Using chemicals (e.g., cleaning office); Paper cutting	Difficulty breathing	• INSTRUCTIONS: Use manufacturer set-up and operating instructions (e.g., new equipment, furniture, cleaning fluids)	
Entering shops or other industrial areas on site	 Lack of cautions / signage / hand rails - 	 SIGNAGE: Follow posted signage in any area on site 	
Overwork	• Stress	 STRESS REDUCTION: Clarify tasks and priorities - do what you can; Identify and address self-induced stress, making things 	

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- Falling objects
- Other general hazards:
- Flu / contagious disease; sick people
- Earthquake
- Physical barriers (e.g., no elevator, ADA ramps, etc.)
- Standing up too fast
- Disgruntled co-worker
- Leg falling asleep
- Unknown/unauthorized personnel in area
- Missing/damaged materials or equipment

- seem worse than they are; don't rush; discuss problems at safety meetings; talk to supervisor or peers for reality check; discuss stress at staff meetings
- PLACEMENT: heavier items on lower shelves
- Generally useful practices:
- EMERGENCIES: Follow emergency procedures/personnel; participate in fire and earthquake drills
- GET HELP: ask for help anytime, any reason, any question; safety coordinator; supervisor; peers; ES&H experts; get 2nd opinion
- SAFETY COORDINATOR: Pay attention to local safety coordinator announcements, advice
- WORKING AT HOME: Create mechanism to work at home if not too sick
- DEPARTMENT SAFETY MEETING: stand downs; reviews; information sharing; lessons learned; site issues and controls
- EARTHQUAKE PROOFING: Ensure bookcases, files cabinets, etc. secured to walls and floors; place Heavy items on lower shelves

Acknowledgements	Print Name	Signature or Initialed	Date
Supervisor:			
Participants:			