

Results from

K2K experiment.

K2K Collaboration.

KEK

Yoshinari Hayato

1. Introduction

2. Results.

π -monitor

μ -monitor

Water Cherenkov detector

μ drift chamber

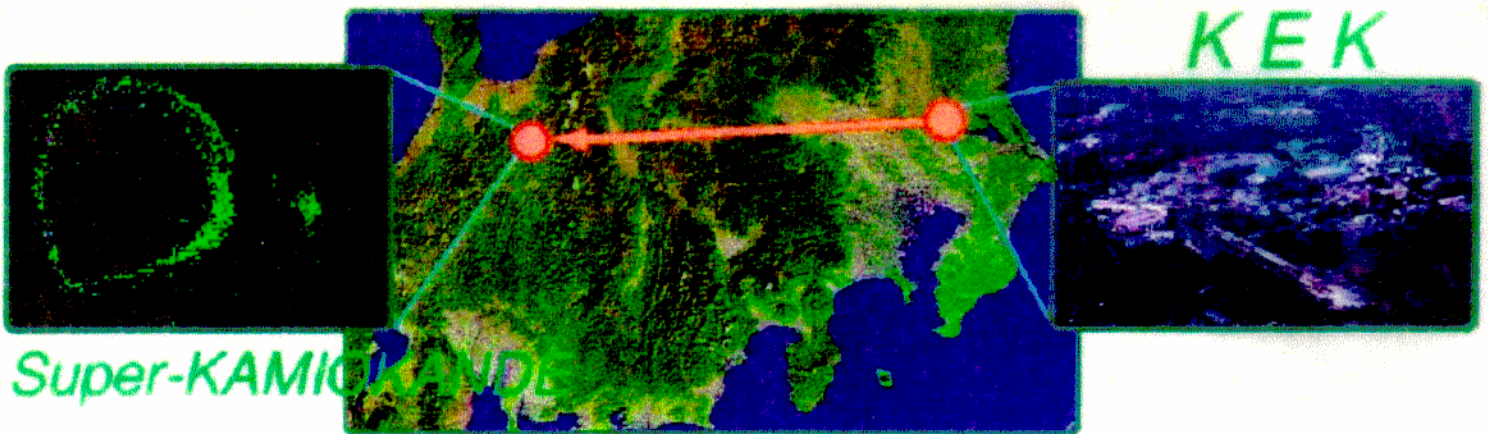
Scintillating fiber tracker

Super Kamiokande

3. Summary

1. Introduction

K2K. Long baseline ν oscillation experiment



ν_μ beam from 12 GeV PS @ KEK

(Contamination of ν_e < a few %)

Beam monitors & ν detectors
@ KEK.

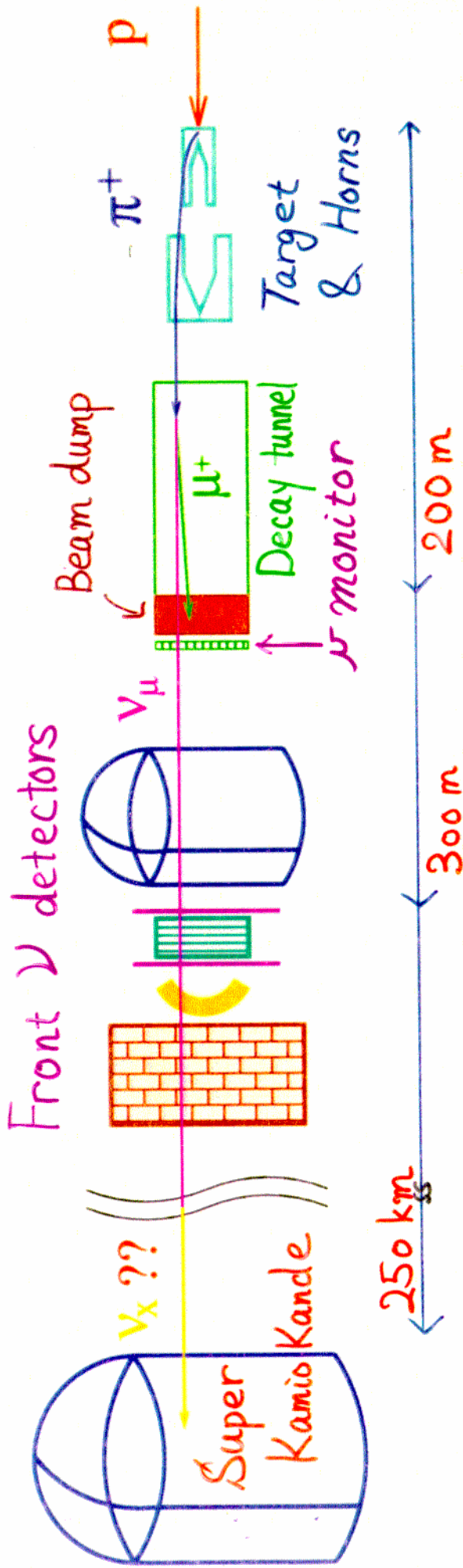


Super-Kamiokande

$$\langle E_\nu \rangle \sim 1.4 \text{ GeV.}$$

$$L = 250 \text{ Km.}$$

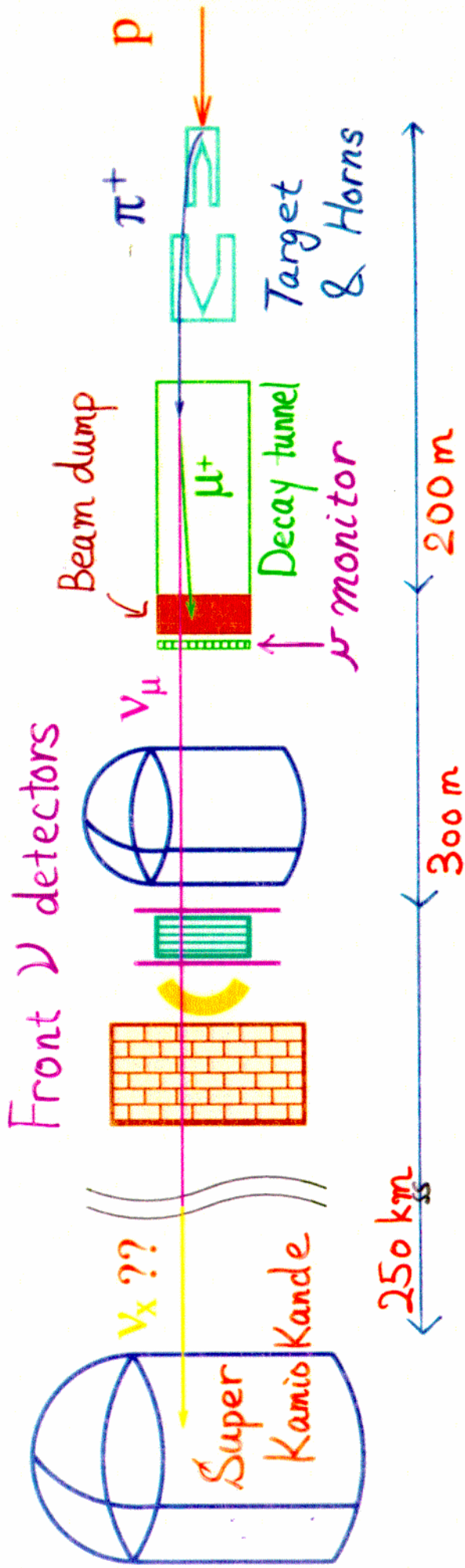
$$\Rightarrow \Delta m^2 \sim 10^{-2} \sim 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$



Proton beam 12 GeV. Every 2.2 sec, $\sim 5.5 \times 10^{12}$ protons of target/spill.
 1 spill $\sim 1.1 \mu\text{s}$.

Target Al. 30 mm ϕ x 660 mm. (20 mm ϕ x 660 mm for June 99)
 Horns. 250 kA. (200 kA for June, 99)

Alignment (beamline) GPS measurements. \Rightarrow less than 0.01 mrad.

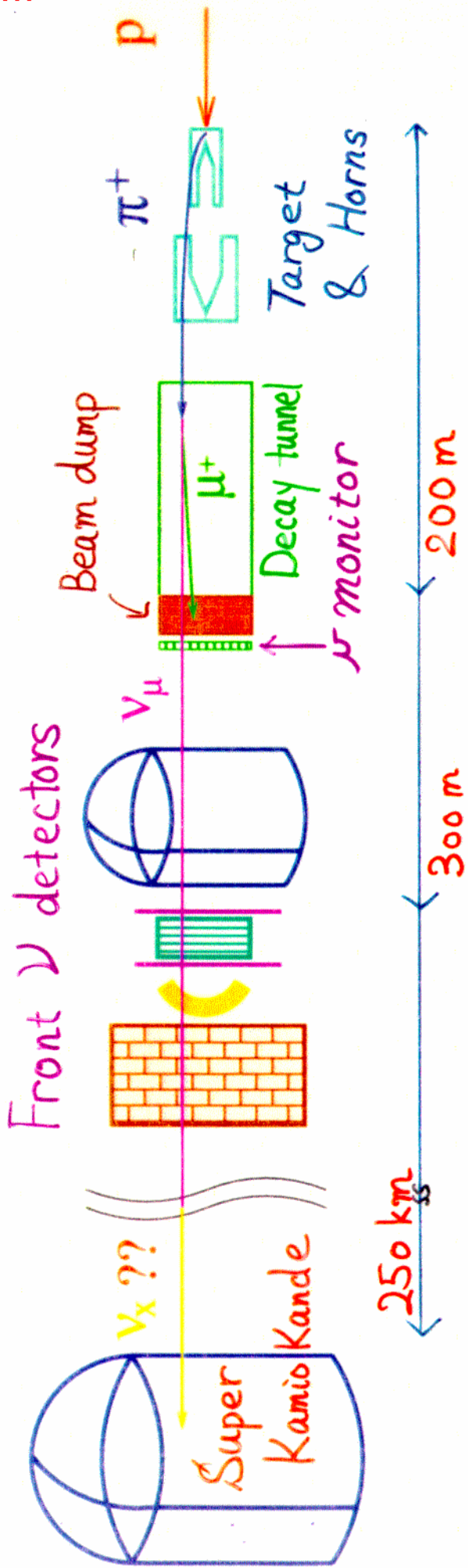


Beam Monitors
 primary protons.
 Current Transformer (CT).

Secondary particles. π monitor \rightarrow ν spectrum

ν flux ratio (Φ_{FP}/Φ_{SK}) prediction.

ν monitor \rightarrow Direction of ν spill by Spill.



Front γ detectors.

1 kt water \checkmark detector.

Scintillating Fiber tracker

μ -drift chamber

H₂O target.

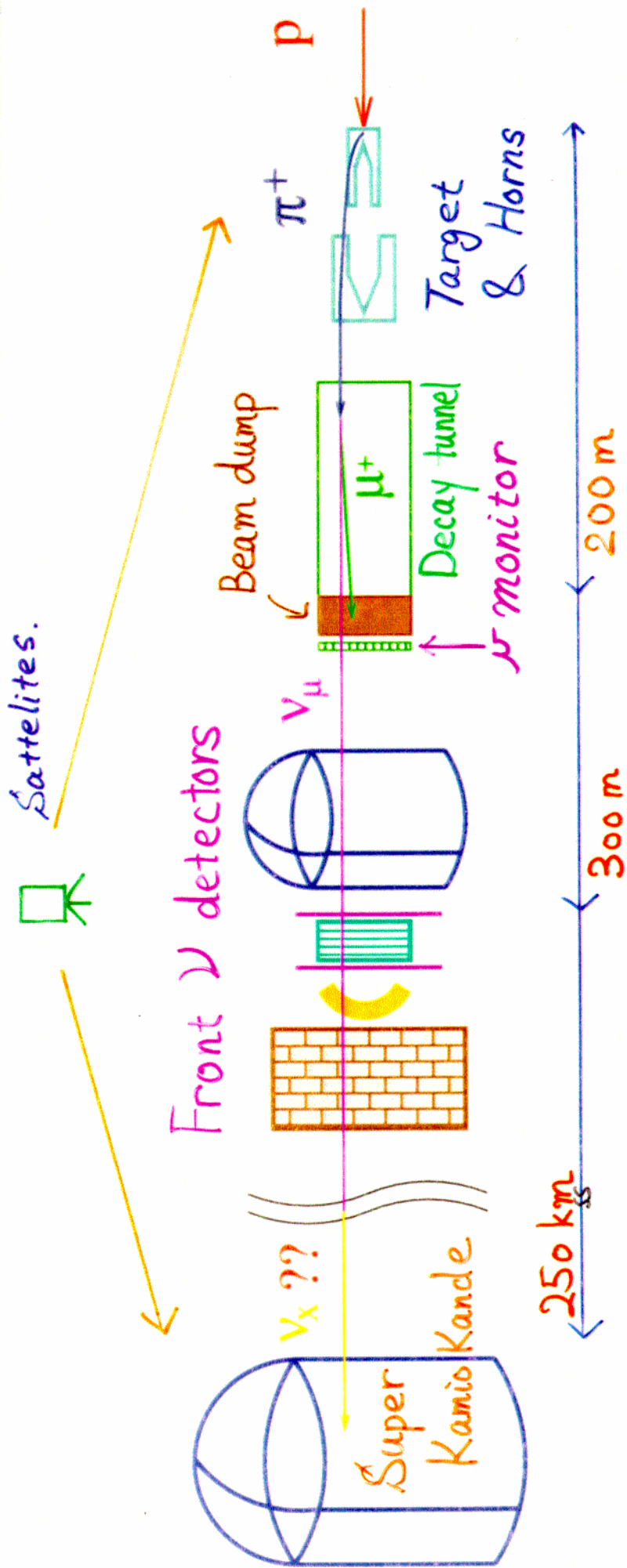
H₂O target

Fine vertex resolutions.

Fe target

Large mass = High stat.

Same type (S.K.). \rightarrow Smaller Systematic errors.



Event selection

\Rightarrow GPS. \rightarrow timing information. (drift \ll loons)

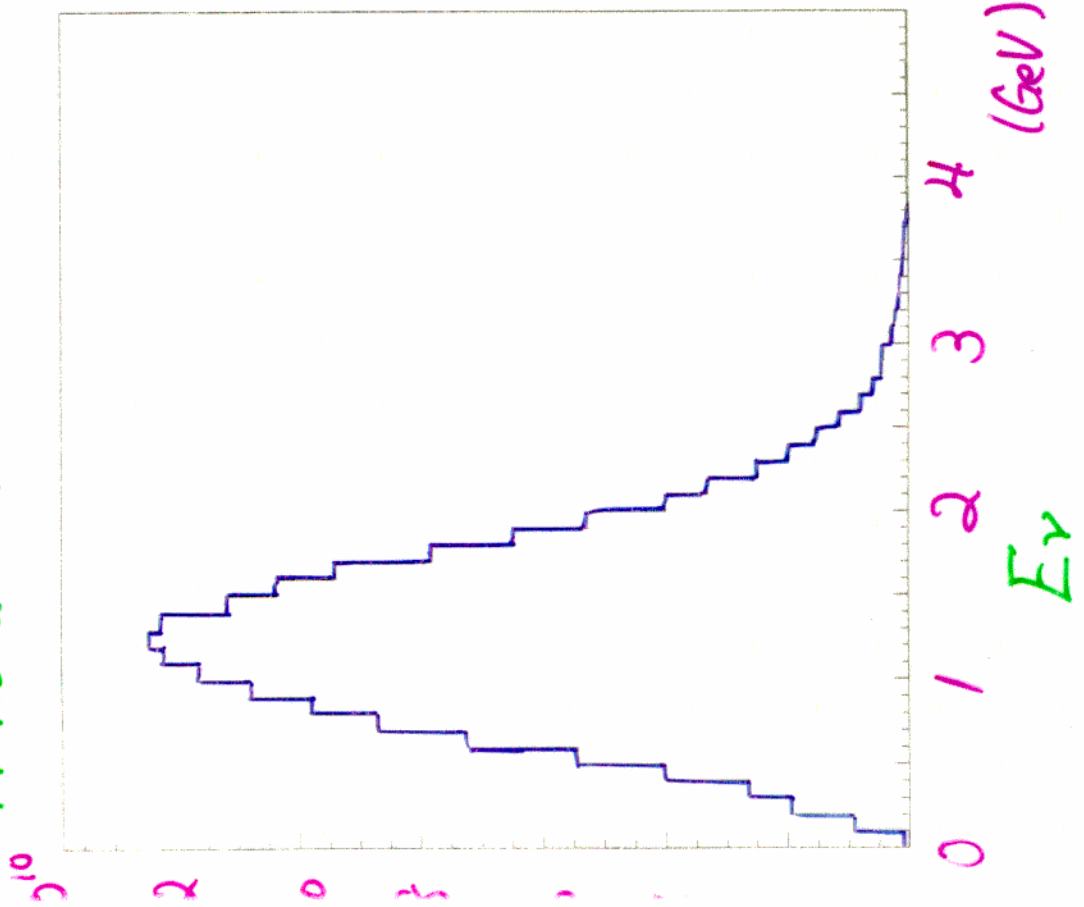
timestamp \rightarrow beam spills (T_{KEK})

\rightarrow all S.K. events. (T_{SK})

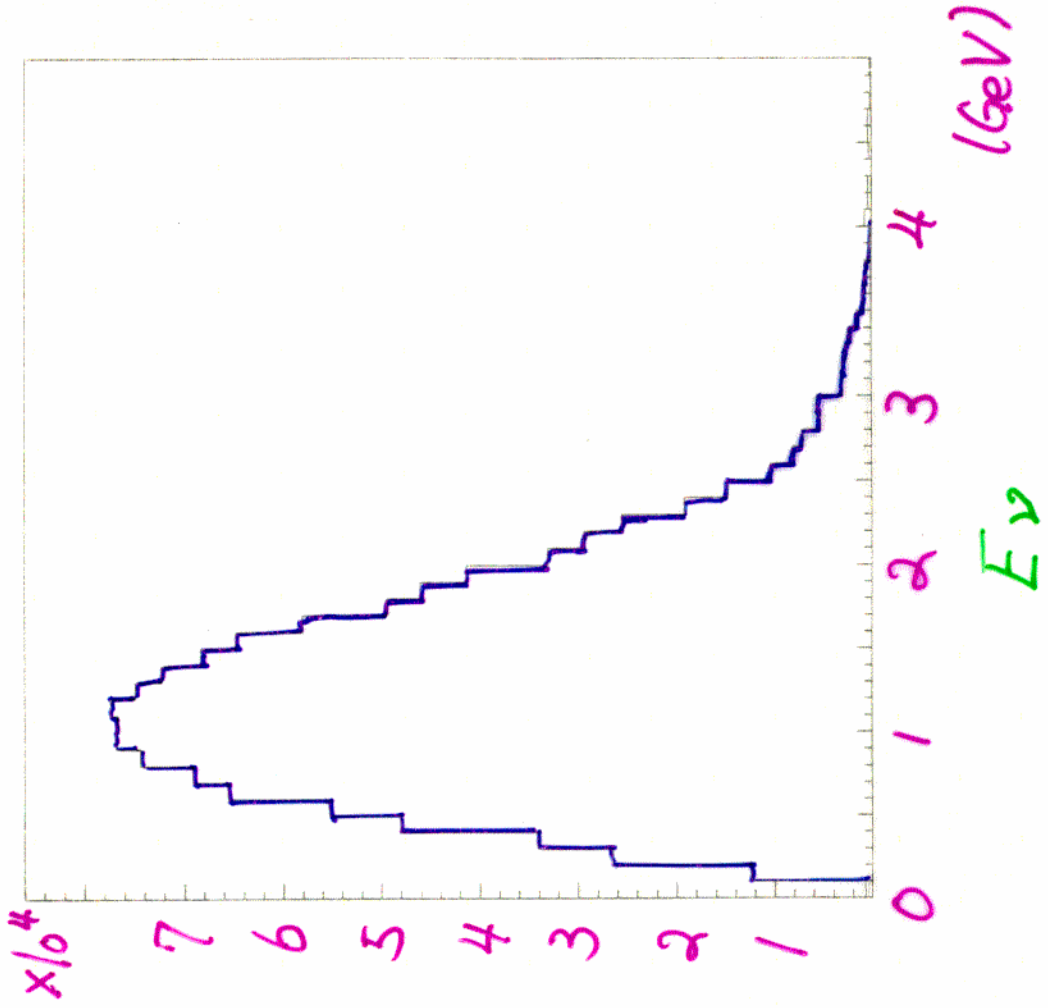
$\rightarrow \Delta T \approx T_{SK} - T_{KEK} - T_{TOF}$
 \rightarrow Select events

Energy spectrum of γ (Monte-Carlo)

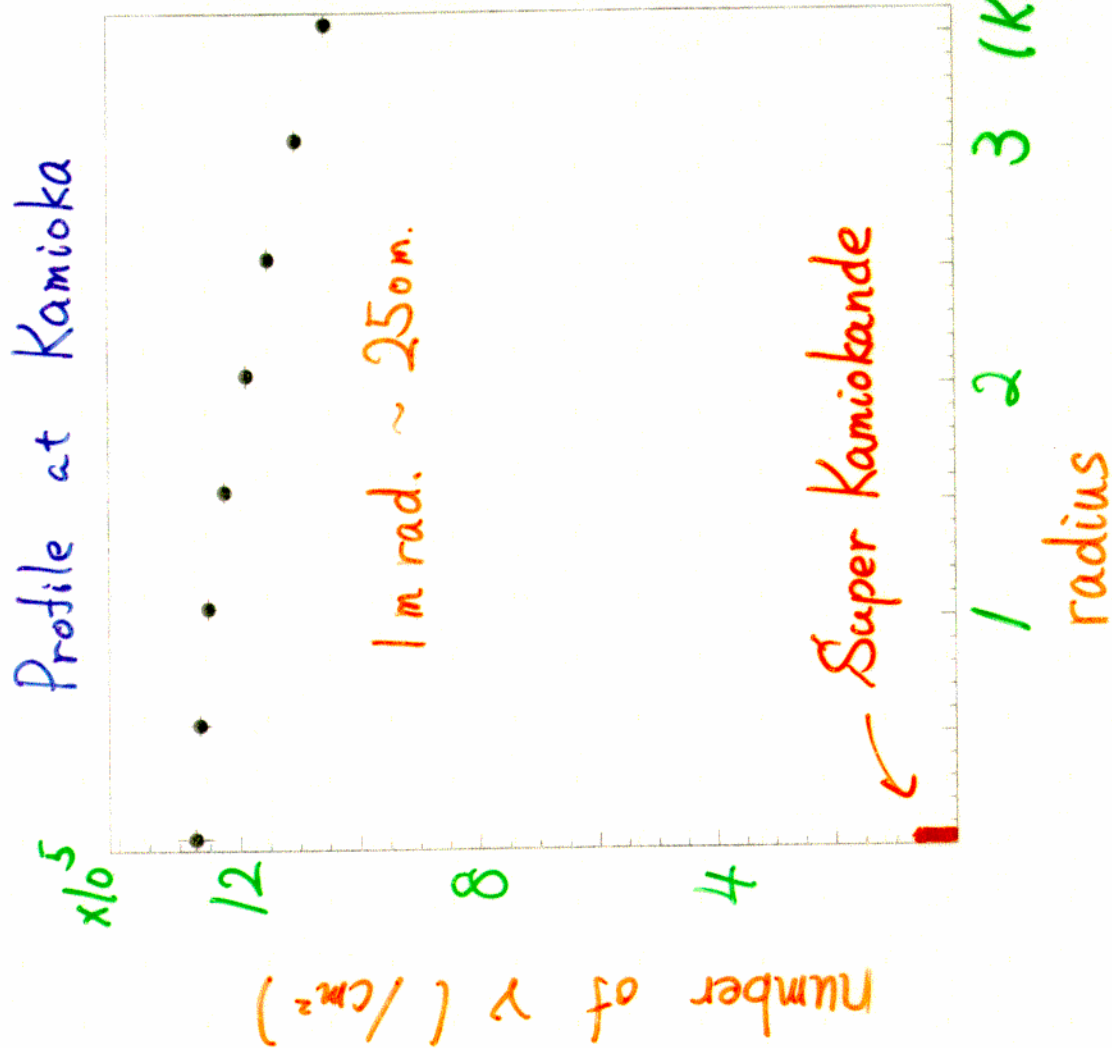
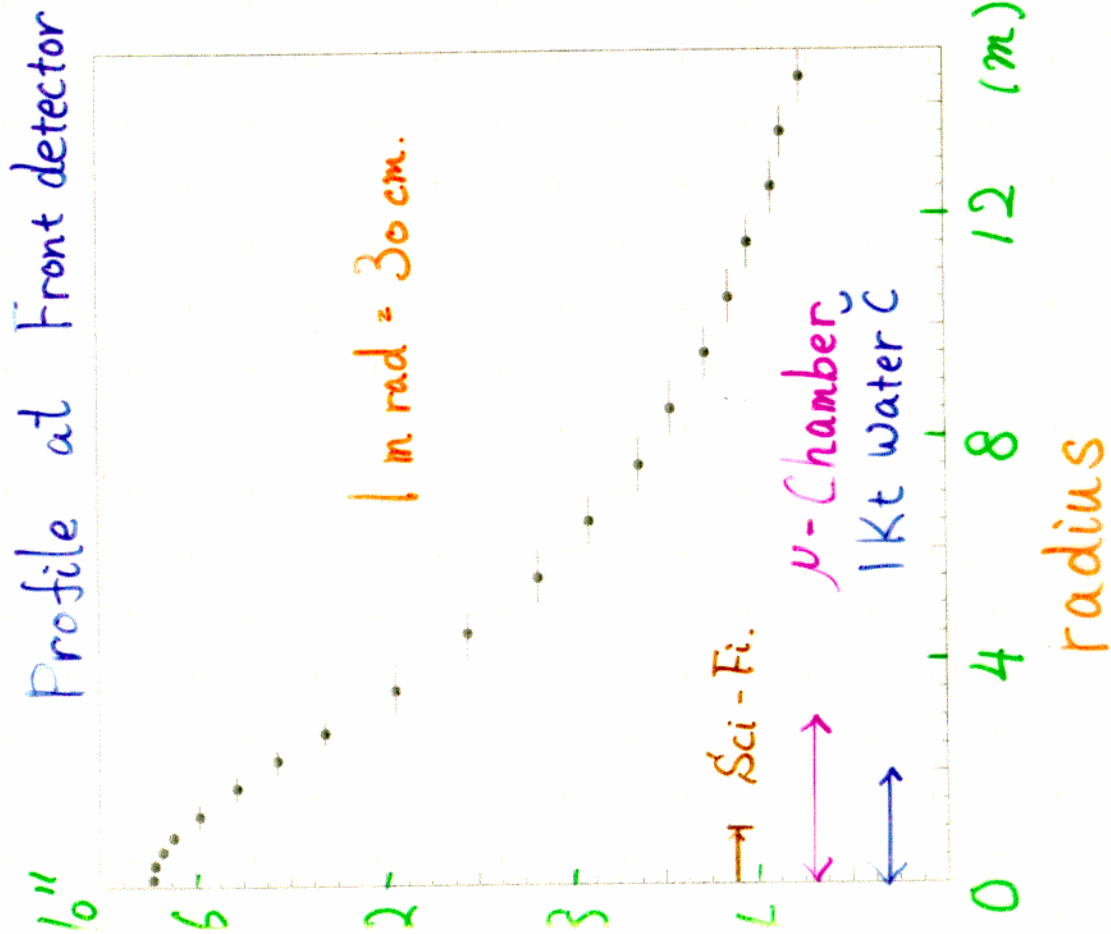
Front detector (300m)



Super Kamiokande (250 km)



Profile of ν



What we need to know...

✓ energy spectrum

• Monte-Carlo

★ guaranteed by π -monitor
($E_\nu \geq 1 \text{ GeV}$)

★ confirmed by front detectors.

✓ beam direction

• GPS measurements $\leq 0.01 \text{ mrad}$.

• μ -monitor. (spill by spill)

• μ -drift chamber (day by day)

★ direct measurement of γ -interactions

✓ absolute flux

· Front detectors.

· 1kt water Čerenkov detector.
(reference)

· Scintillating fiber tracker
→ Water target.

· μ -drift chamber

→ Fe target, large volume
area

Expected # of events. @ S.K.

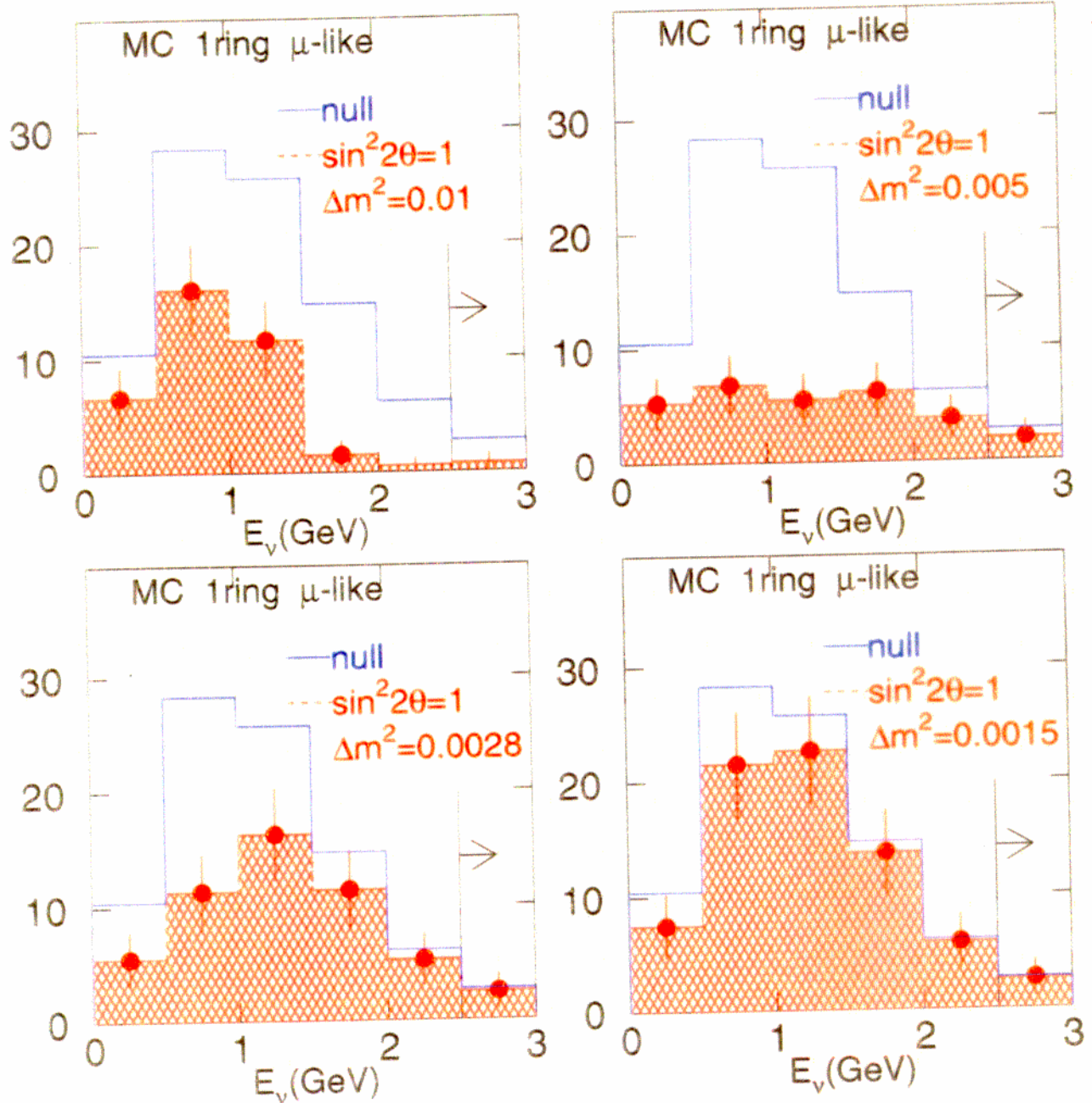
Extrapolation of ν -flux

Monte-Carlo.

★ guaranteed by π -monitor.

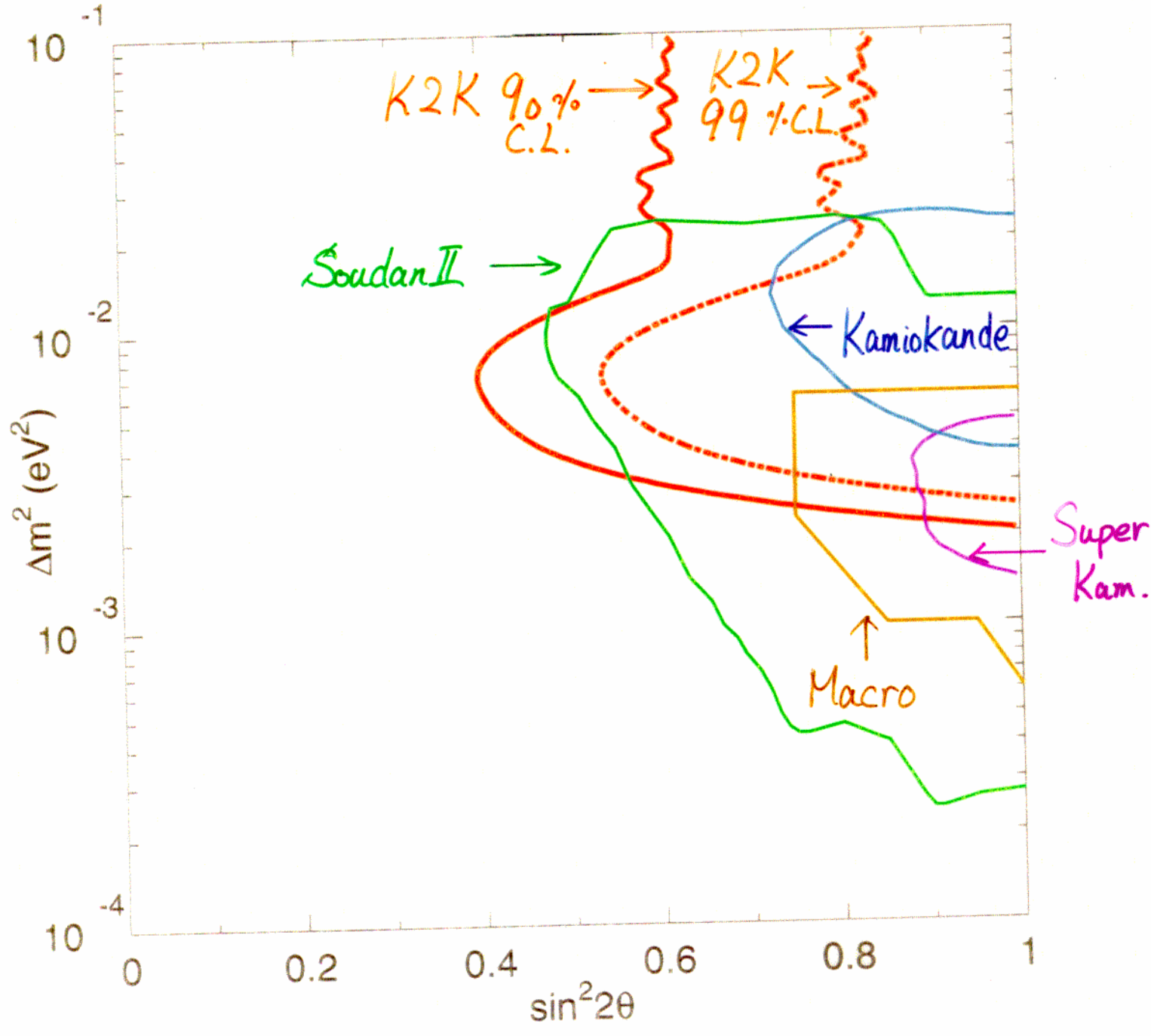
Energy spectrum of ν at Super Kamiokande 10^{20} protons on target

Reconstructed Neutrino Energy (MC)



Sensitivity plot of K2K experiment

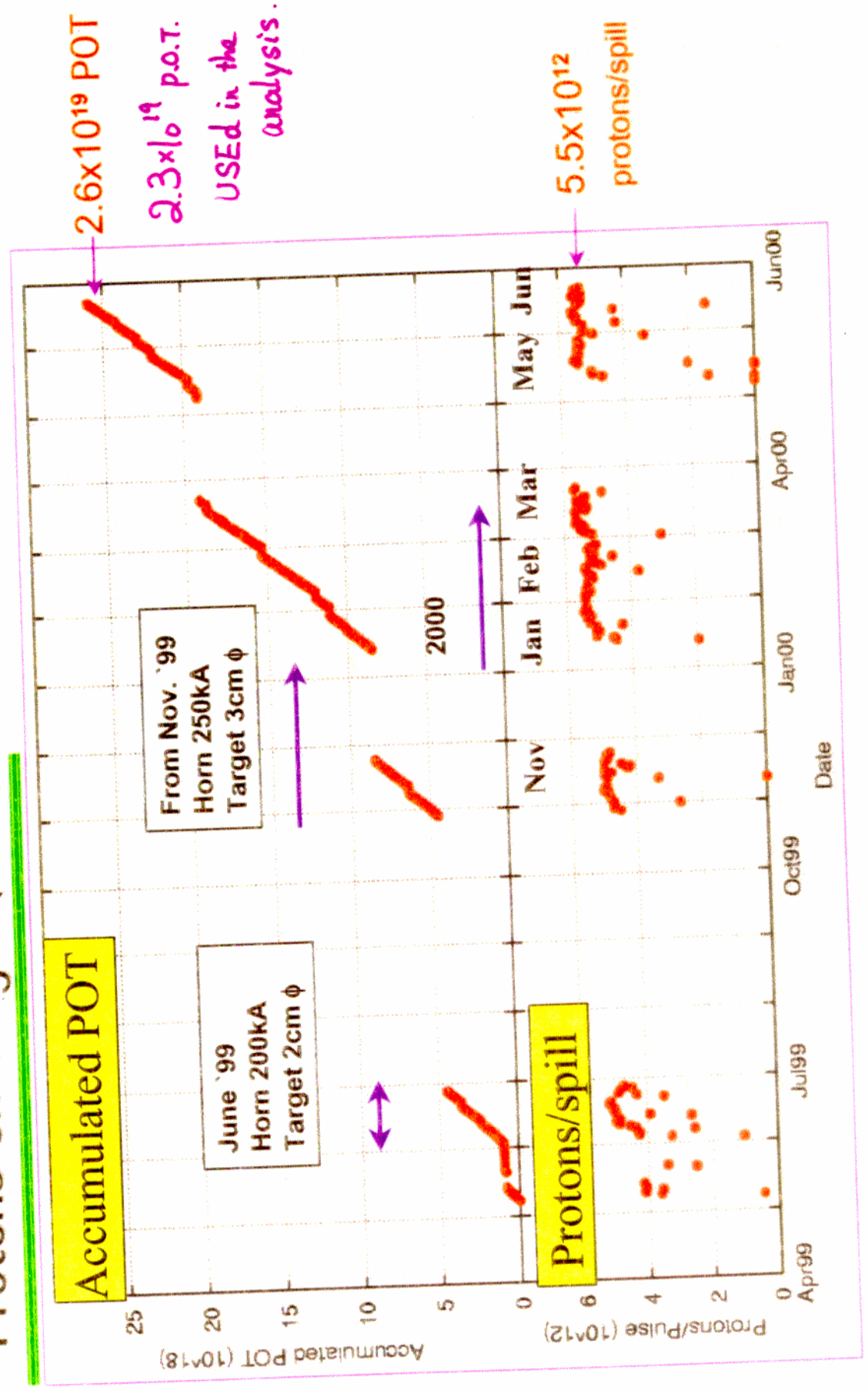
(10^{20} p.o.t.)



2. Results.

Delivered.

Protons on Target (POT)

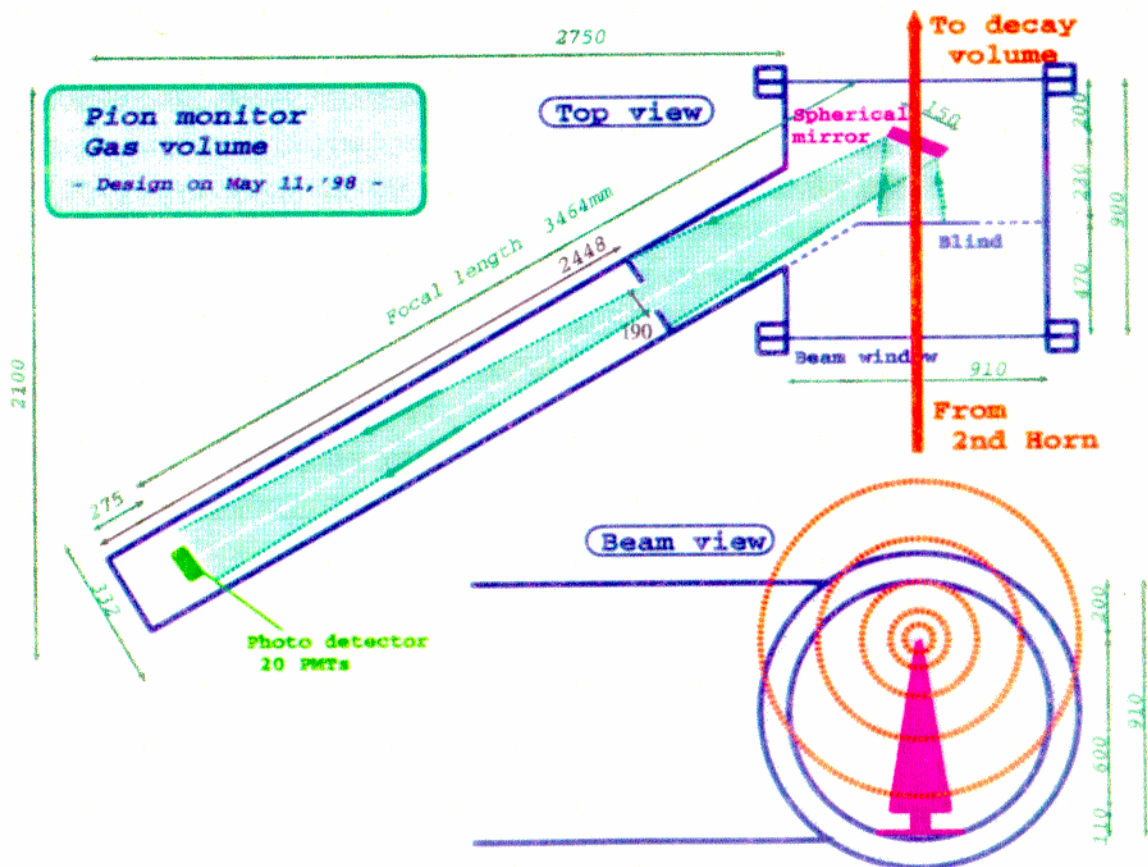


π monitor.

Threshold Gas Cherenkov type detector
measure momentum
angular distributions of π .

\Rightarrow ν spectrum at front detector & S.K.
 ν flux ratio. (ϕ_{SK} / ϕ_{KEK})
as a function of ν energy
can be predicted.

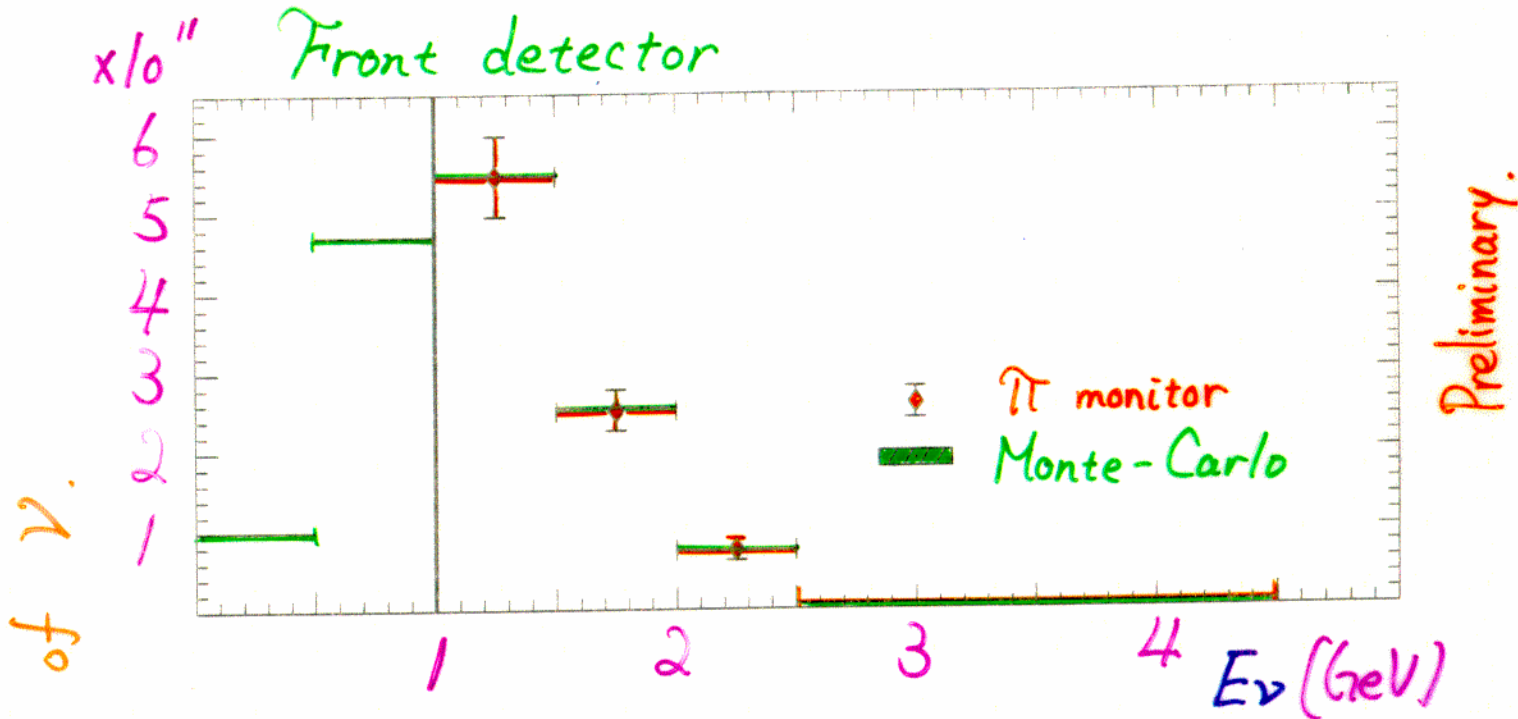
($E_\nu \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}$)



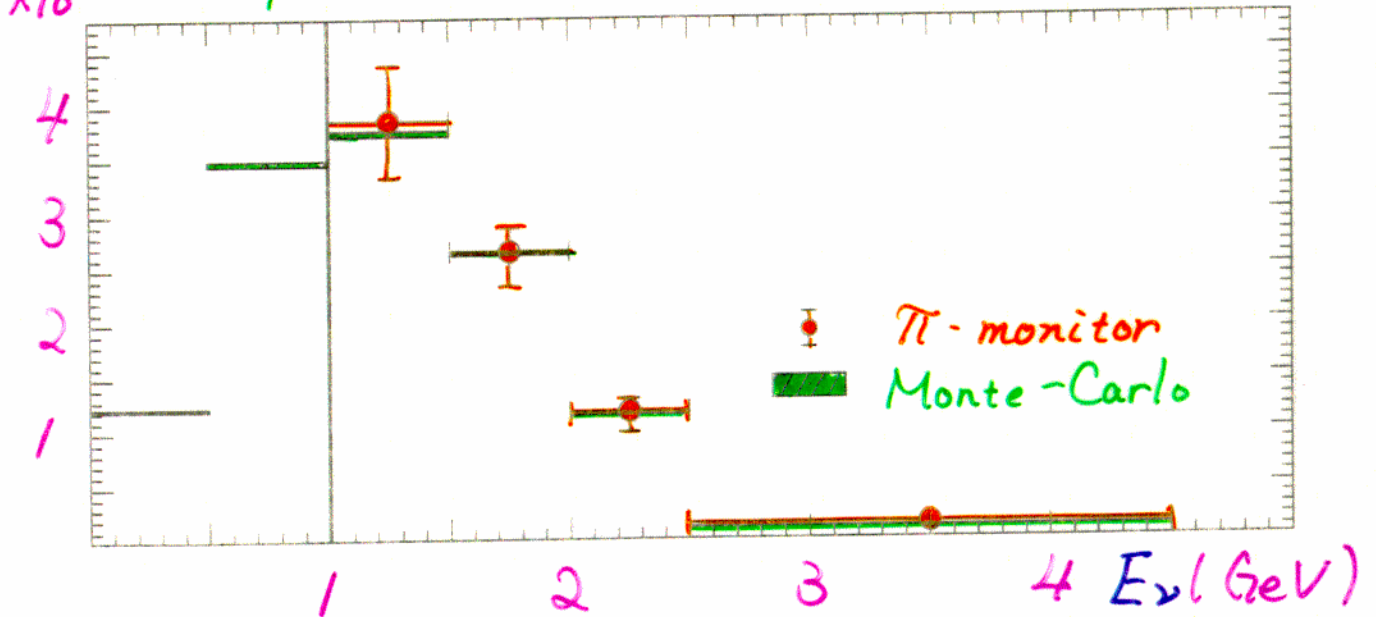
Predicted energy spectrum of ν

π monitor

$\times 10^{11}$ Front detector



$\times 10^5$ Super Kamiokande



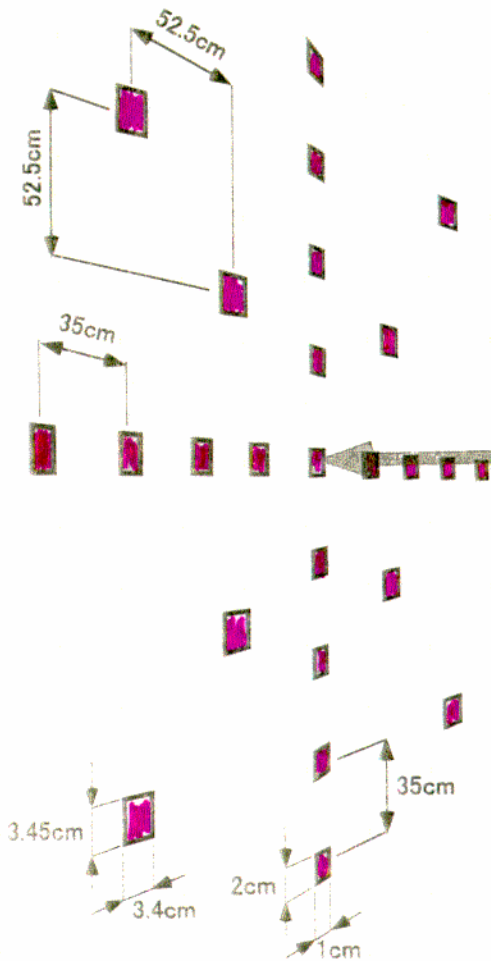
μ -monitor

Large area Ionization chamber
& Si-pad detectors.

measure profile of μ after beamdump.
spill by spill

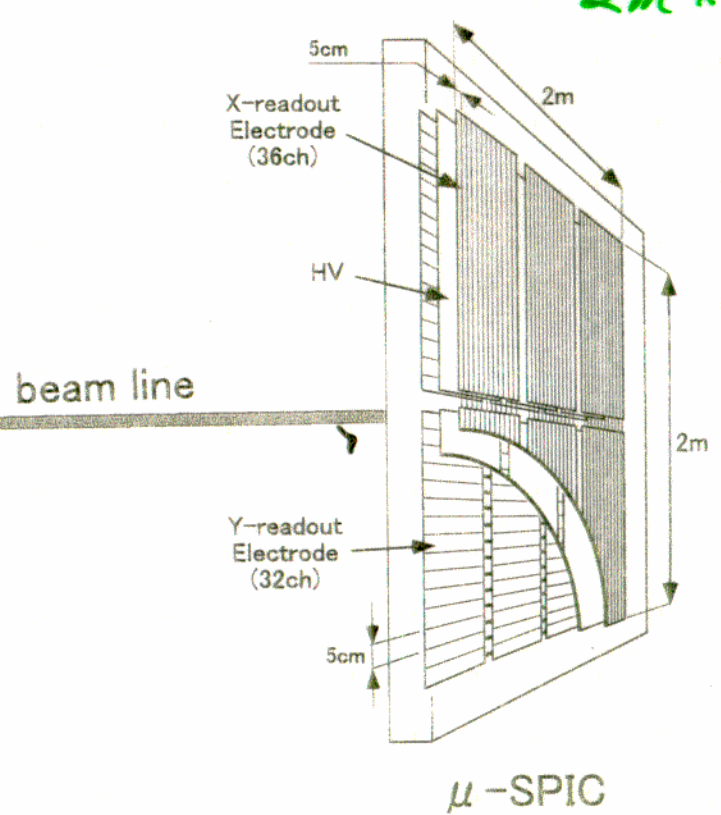
\Rightarrow direction of the beam
can be monitored.

Si pad detectors.



Ionization chamber

2m x 2m



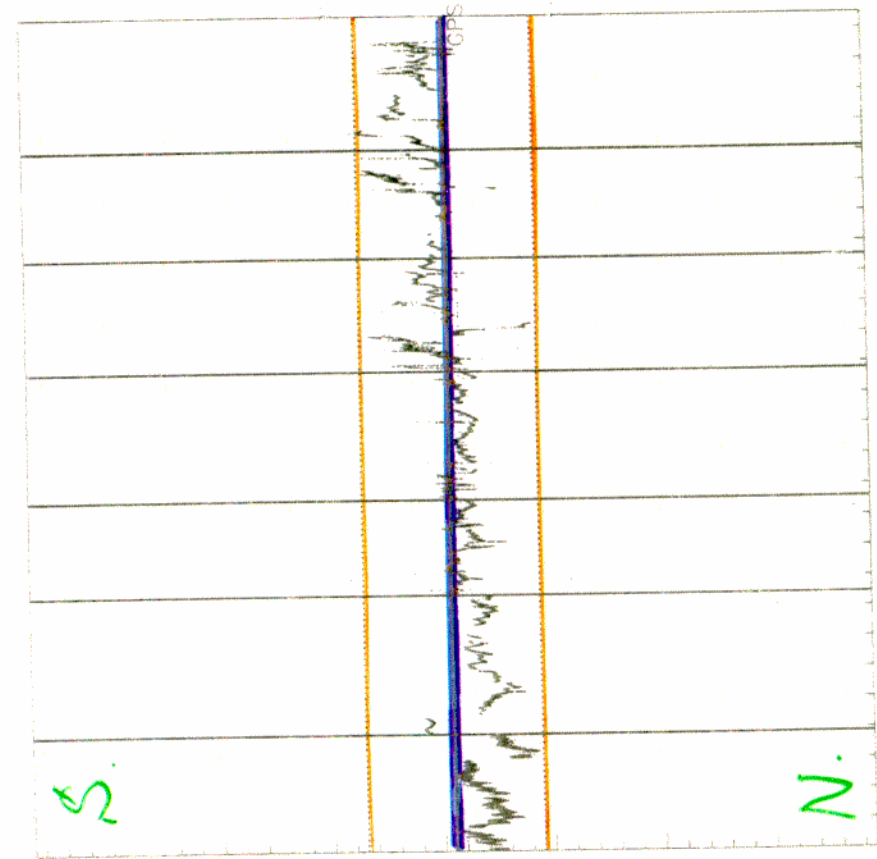
Mu2

Center of μ measured by μ -monitor

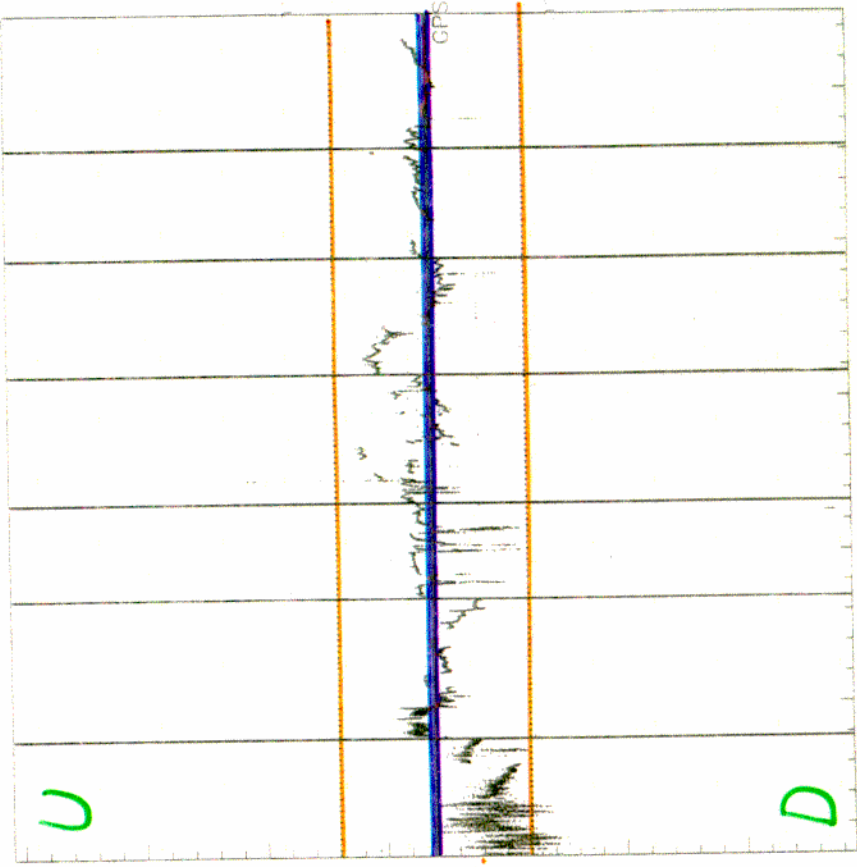
\Rightarrow direction of ν beam.

($E_p \approx 5.5 \text{ GeV.}$)

—: GPS Center.
—: $\pm 1 \text{ m rad.}$

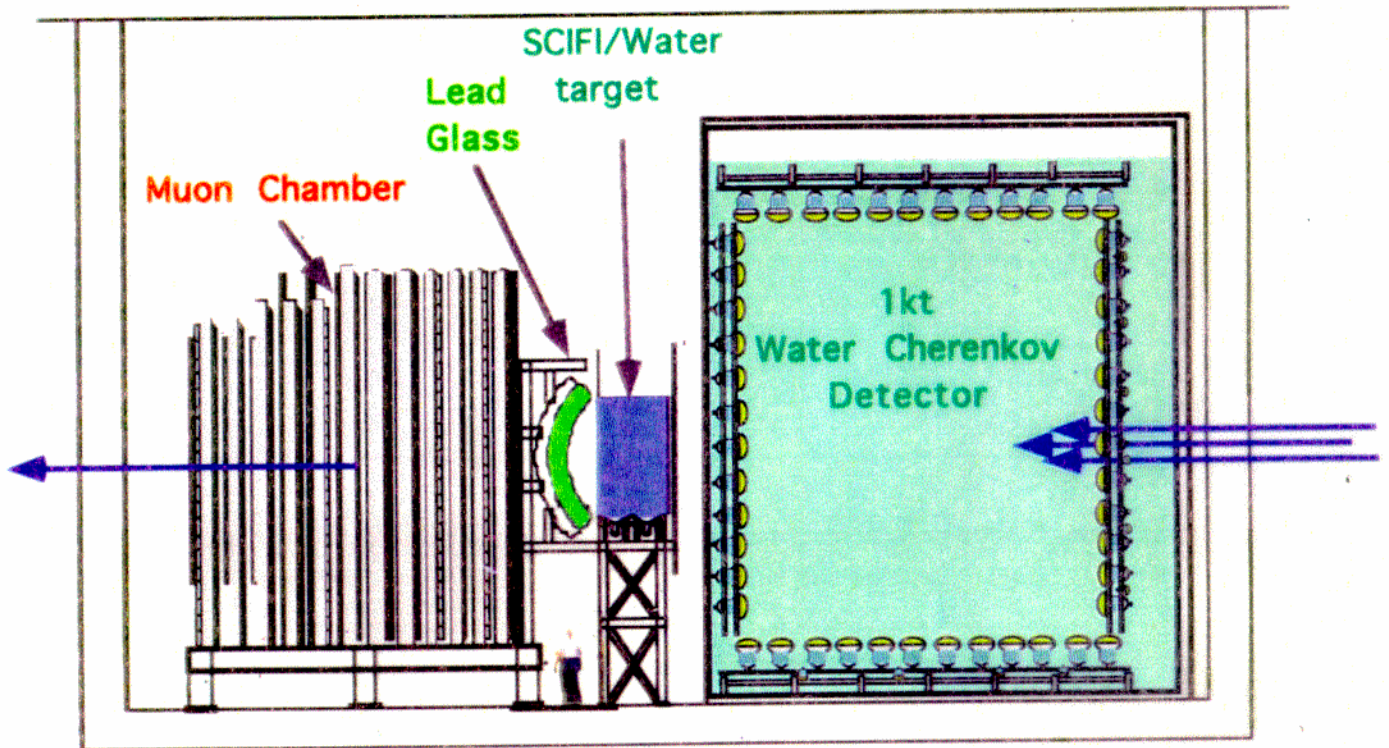


June 99 Nov. 99 Jan. 00 Feb. 00 Mar. 00 May 00 June 00



June 99 Nov. 99 Jan. 00 Feb. 00 Mar. 00 May 00 June 00

Front γ detectors.



1 kt water Cherenkov detector.

680 20inch PMTs.

Fid. mass \sim 50 tons. ($r < 2m$)

measure event rate at KEK.

↓
absolute flux estimation.

★ Same type of the detector as S.K.

→ Small systematic errors.

ν profile (1 Kt water Cherenkov detector)

Jan ~ Mar. (2000)

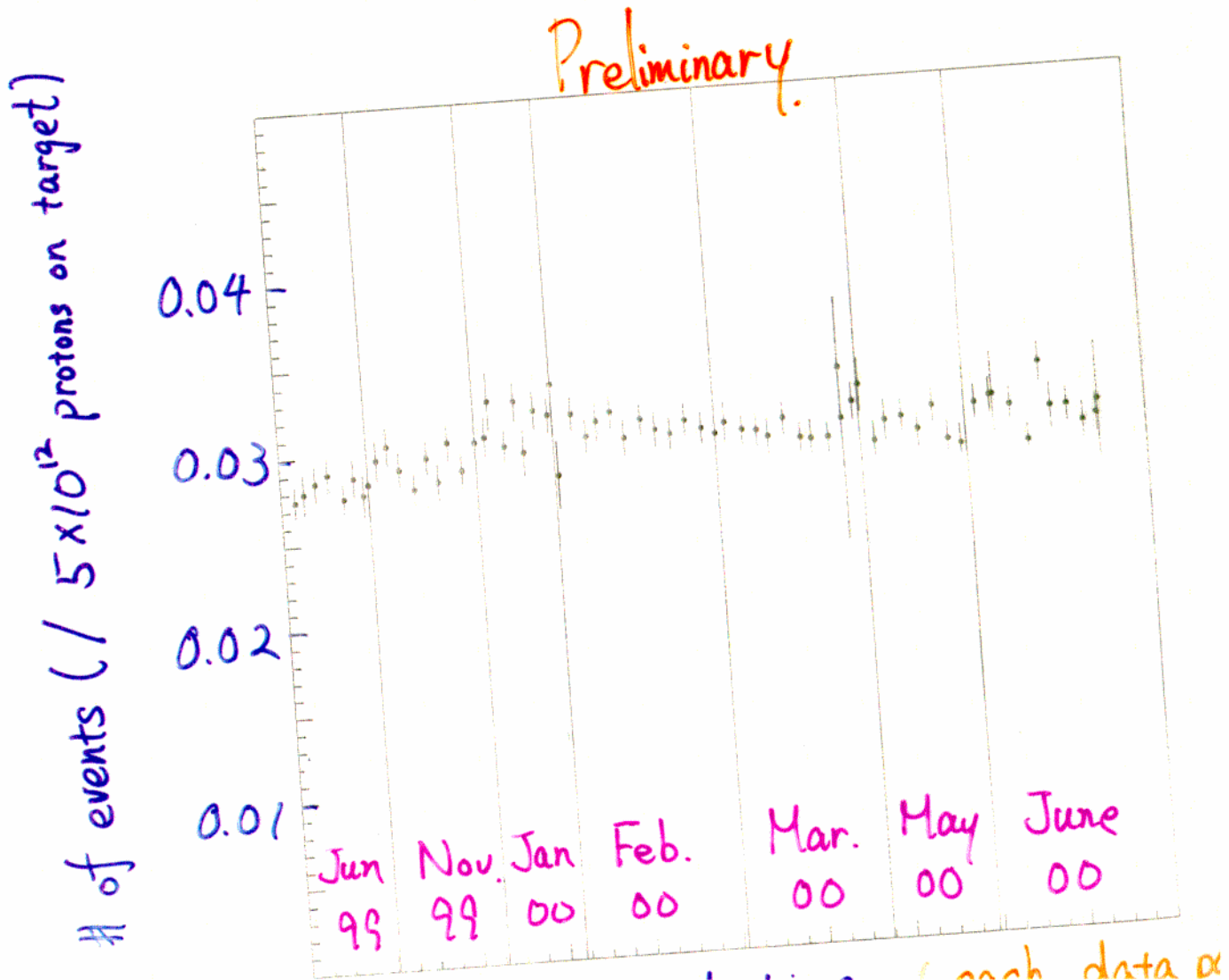


Jan ~ Mar. (2000)



Stability of event rate (1 kt water Cherenkov detector)

⇒ Estimate expected # of events @ S.K.
(normalization)



Expected number of events

@ Super-Kamiokande

$$N_{SK} = N_{FD} \times \frac{\eta_{SK}}{\eta_{FD}} \times \frac{M_{SK}}{M_{FD}} \times \frac{L_{SK}}{L_{FD}}$$

N_{FD}

Number of observed ν events
@ Front detector(s)

$\frac{\eta_{SK}}{\eta_{FD}}$

Far/Near event ratio.

$$\eta \equiv \int \phi \times \sigma \times \epsilon \, dE_\nu$$

ϕ : flux

σ : cross-section

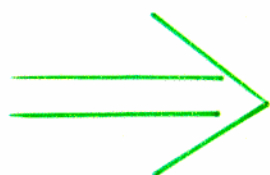
ϵ : detection efficiency

$M_{SK,FD}$

Fiducial masses of SK and F.D.

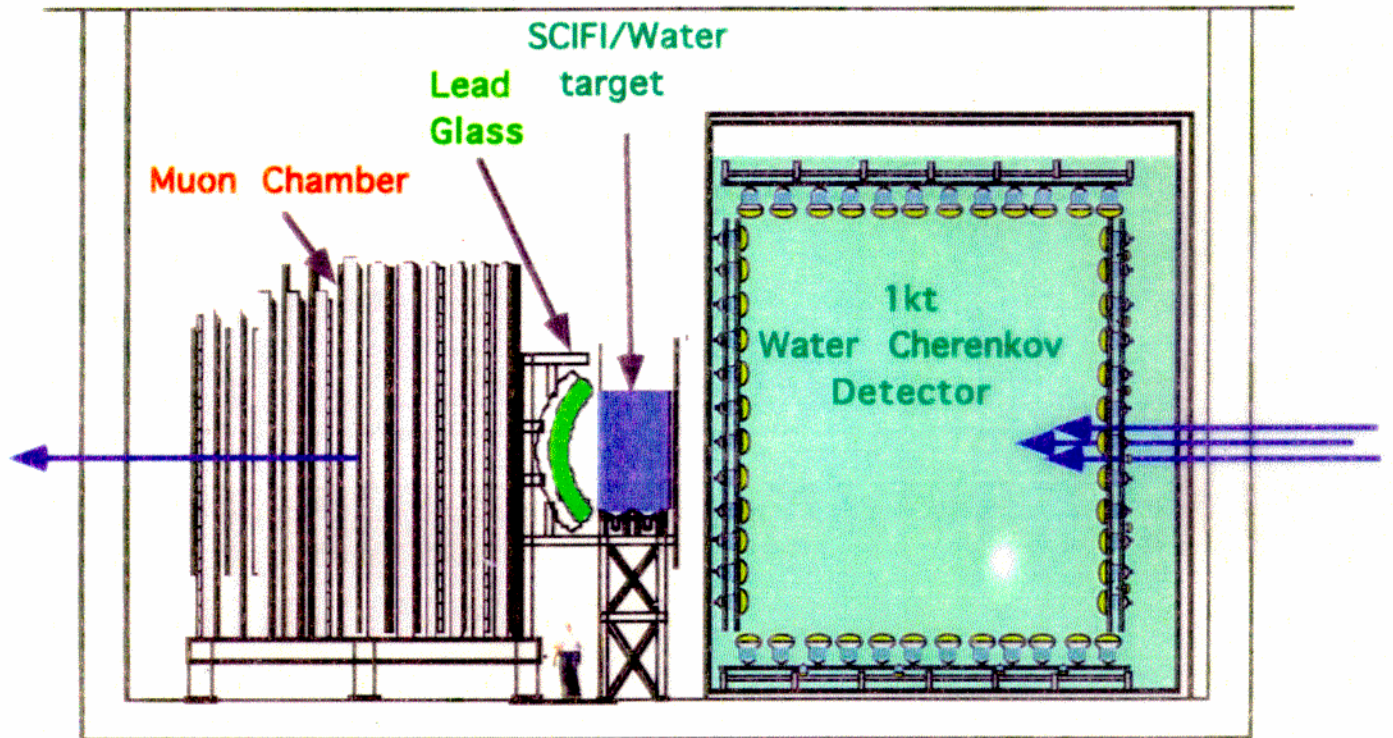
$L_{SK,FD}$

Used 'Protons of Target'
of SK and F.D.



$$N_{SK} = 40.3 \begin{matrix} + 4.7 \\ - 4.6 \end{matrix} \text{ (events.)}$$

Front ν detectors.



ν -drift chamber

12 layers of Fe plates. (10cm x 4layers
+ 20cm x 8layers)

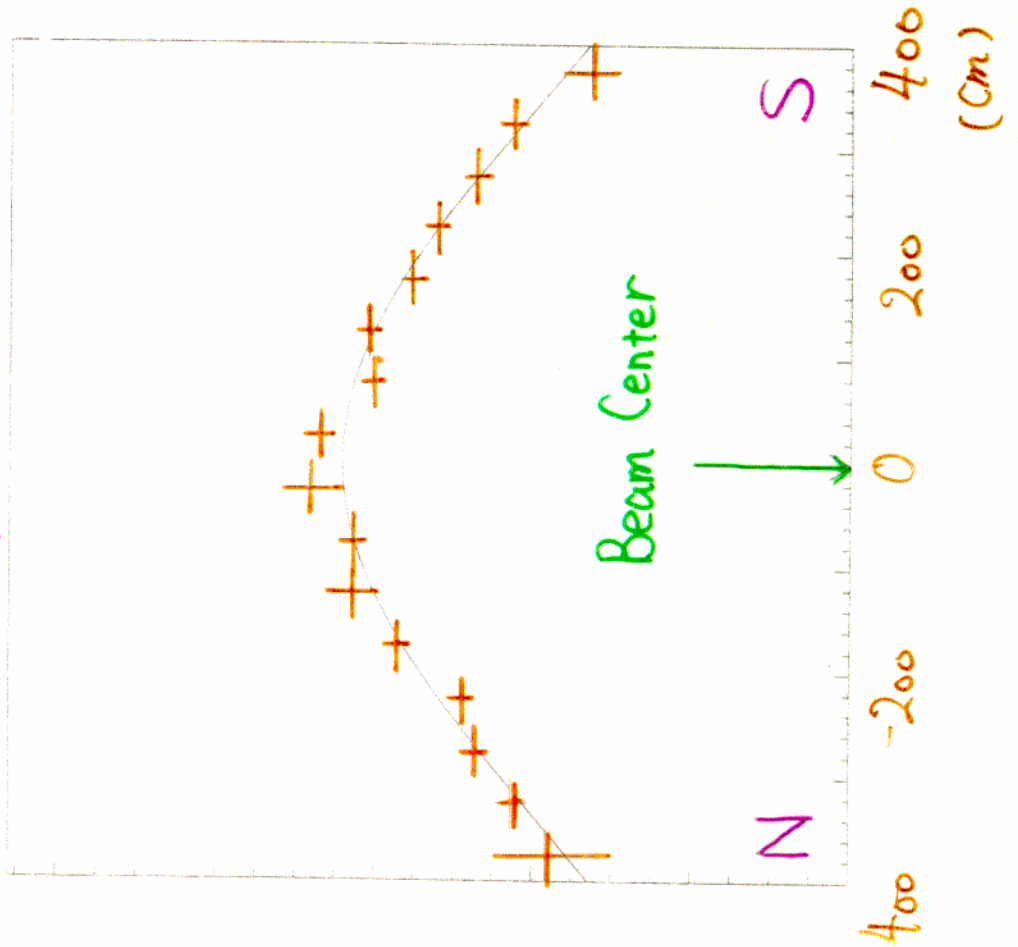
Fid. mass \sim 312 tons. ($r < 3m$)

measure profile of ν directly at KEK
momentum & angle of ν from charged
event rate current
 ν int.

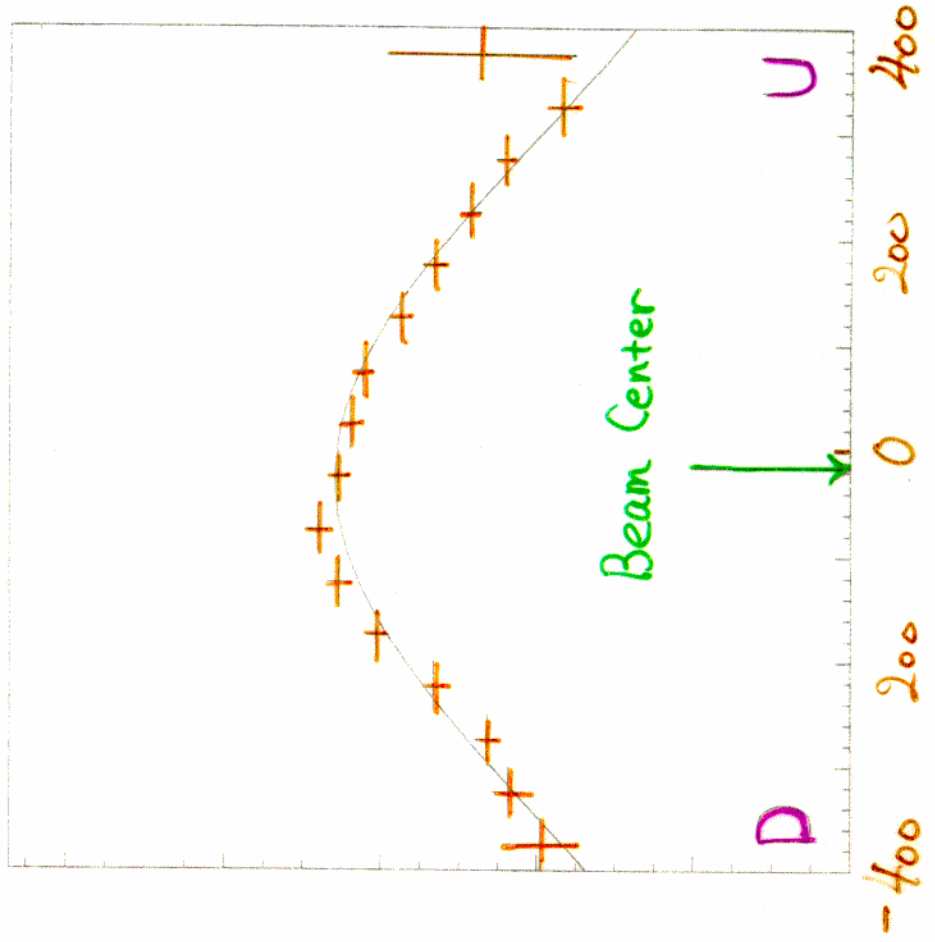
High stat. \rightarrow monitor stability of ν beam.

ν profile (ν -drift chamber)

Nov. 99



Nov. 99

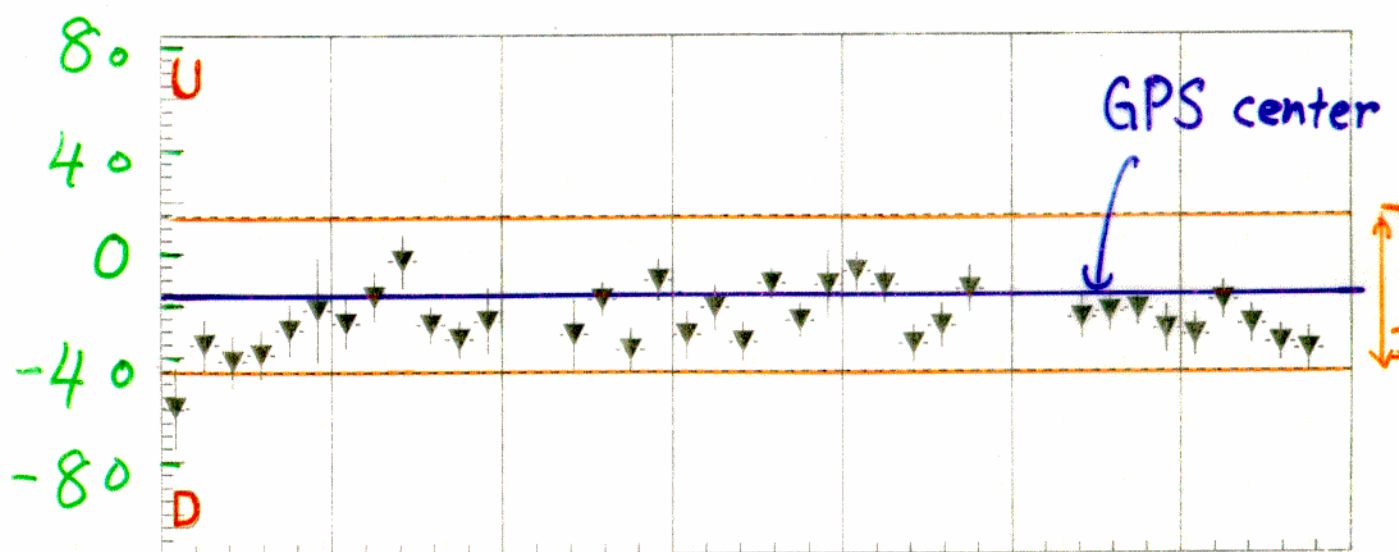


Stability of γ profile (ν -drift chamber)

within 1 m rad.

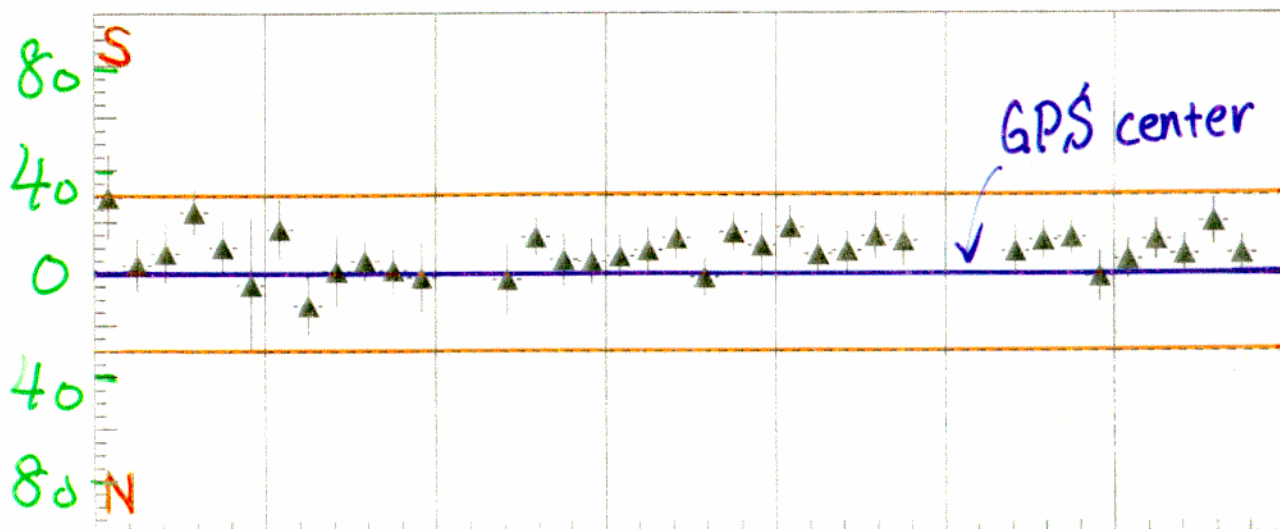
confirmed by γ interactions.

center of the profile (cm)



Jun. 99 Nov. 99 Jan. 00 Feb. 00 Mar. 00 May 00 June 00

center of the profile (cm)

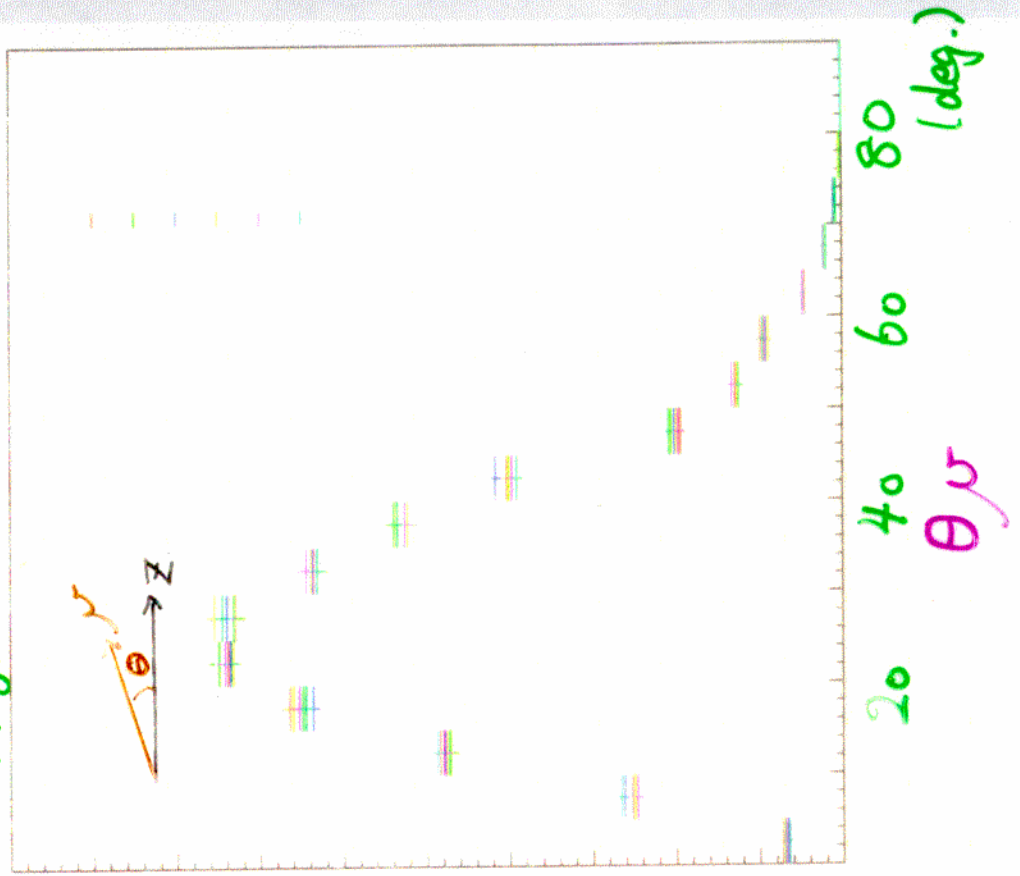


Stability of momentum and angular distributions of ν -induced μ . (ν -drift chamber)

Energy spectrum of μ



Angular distribution



Stability of ν induced event rate (μ -drift chamber)

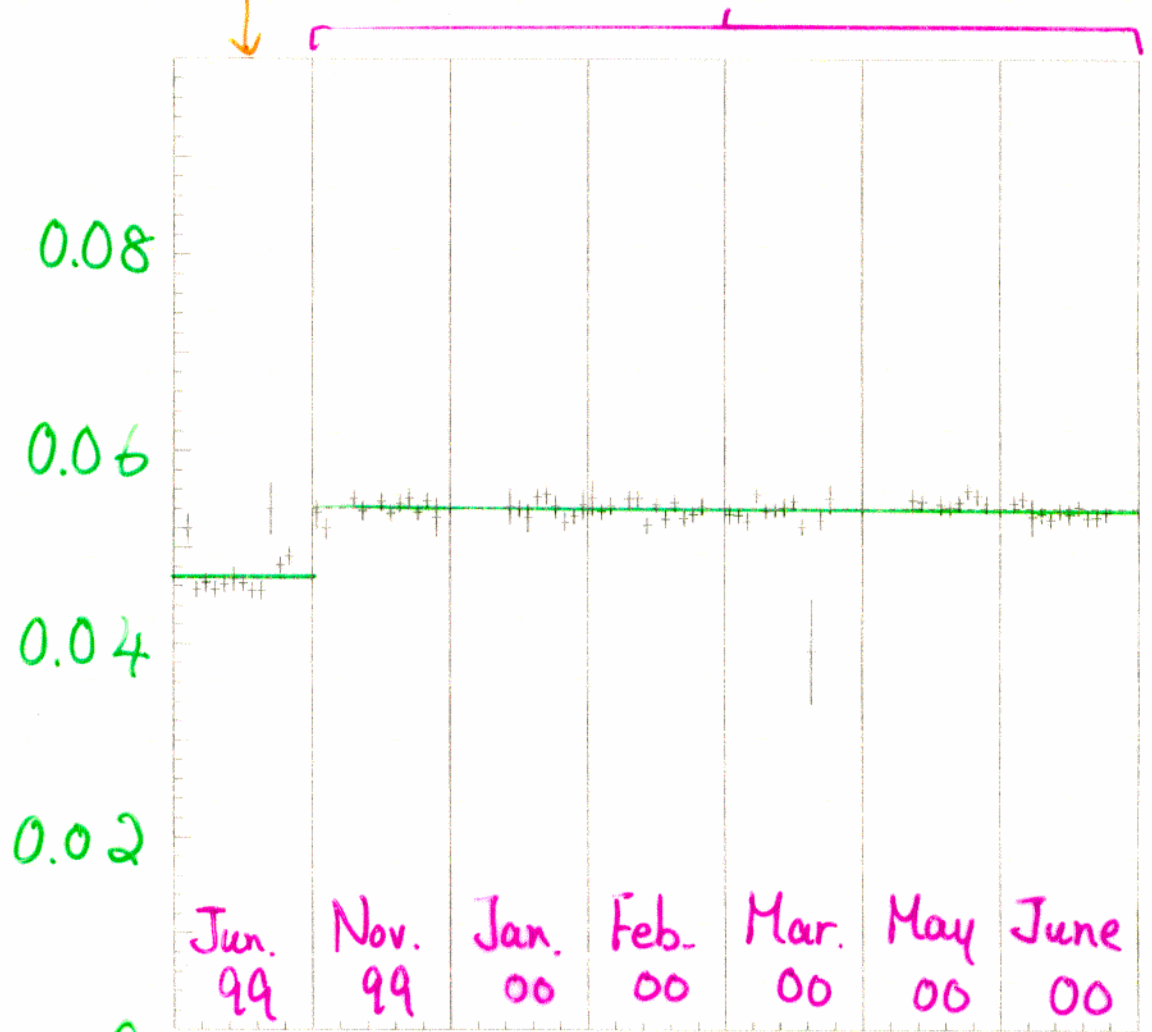
⇒ Very stable.

confirmed by ν interactions.

target: 20 mm ϕ
Horn: 200 kA.

target: 30 mm ϕ
Horn: 250 kA.

of events. (/ 5×10^{12} protons)

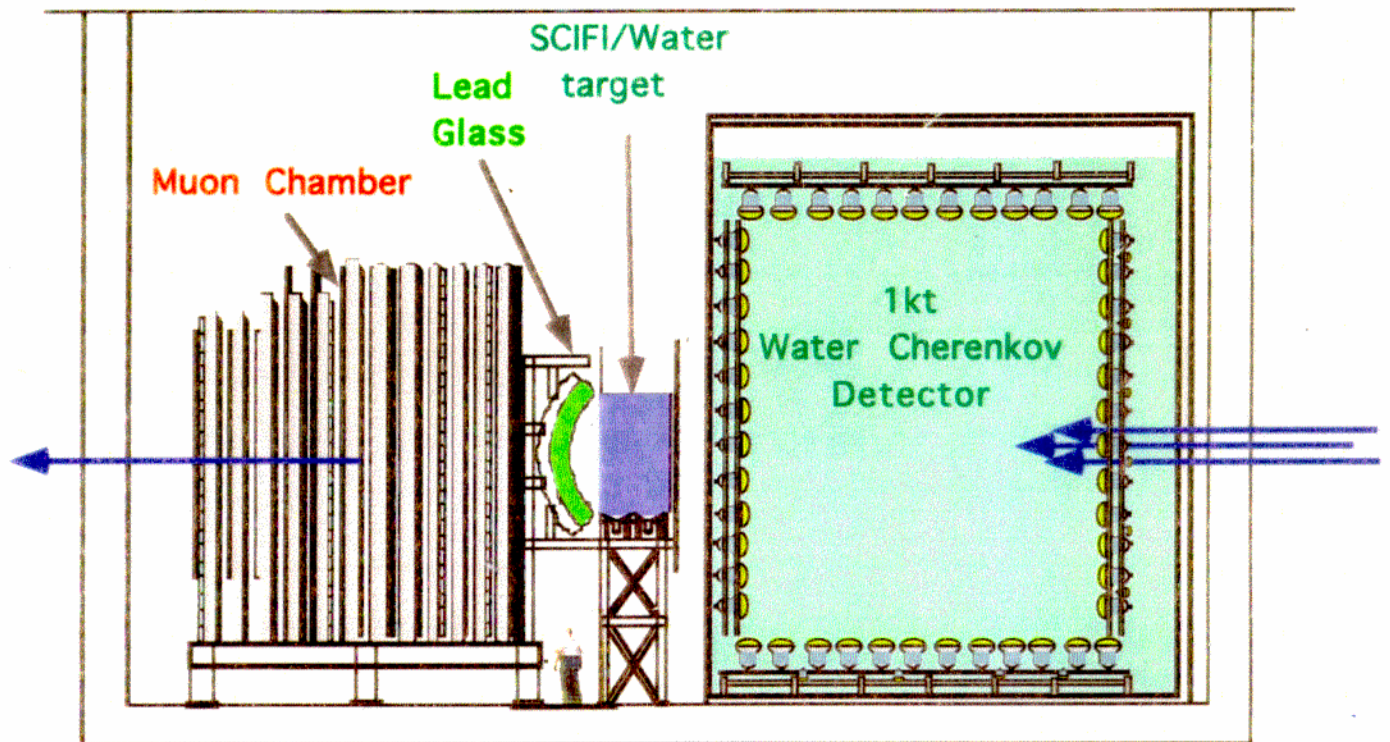


elapsed time

(each data point corresponds to 48 hr.)

Preliminary

Front γ detectors.



Scintillating fiber tracker

19 layers of water containers (6cm/layer)

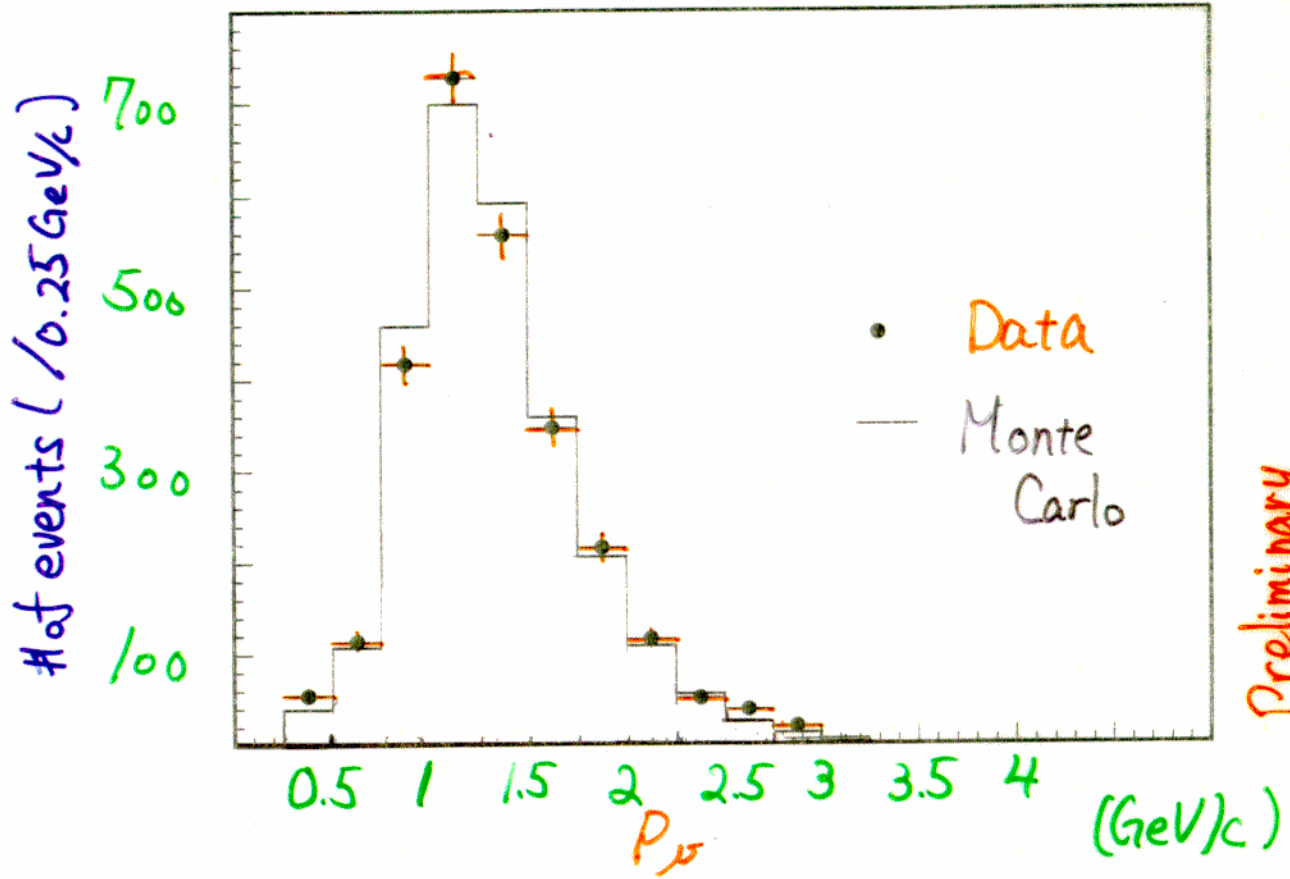
20 layers of Scintillation fiber planes.

Fid. mass \sim 5 tons. ($r < 1m$)

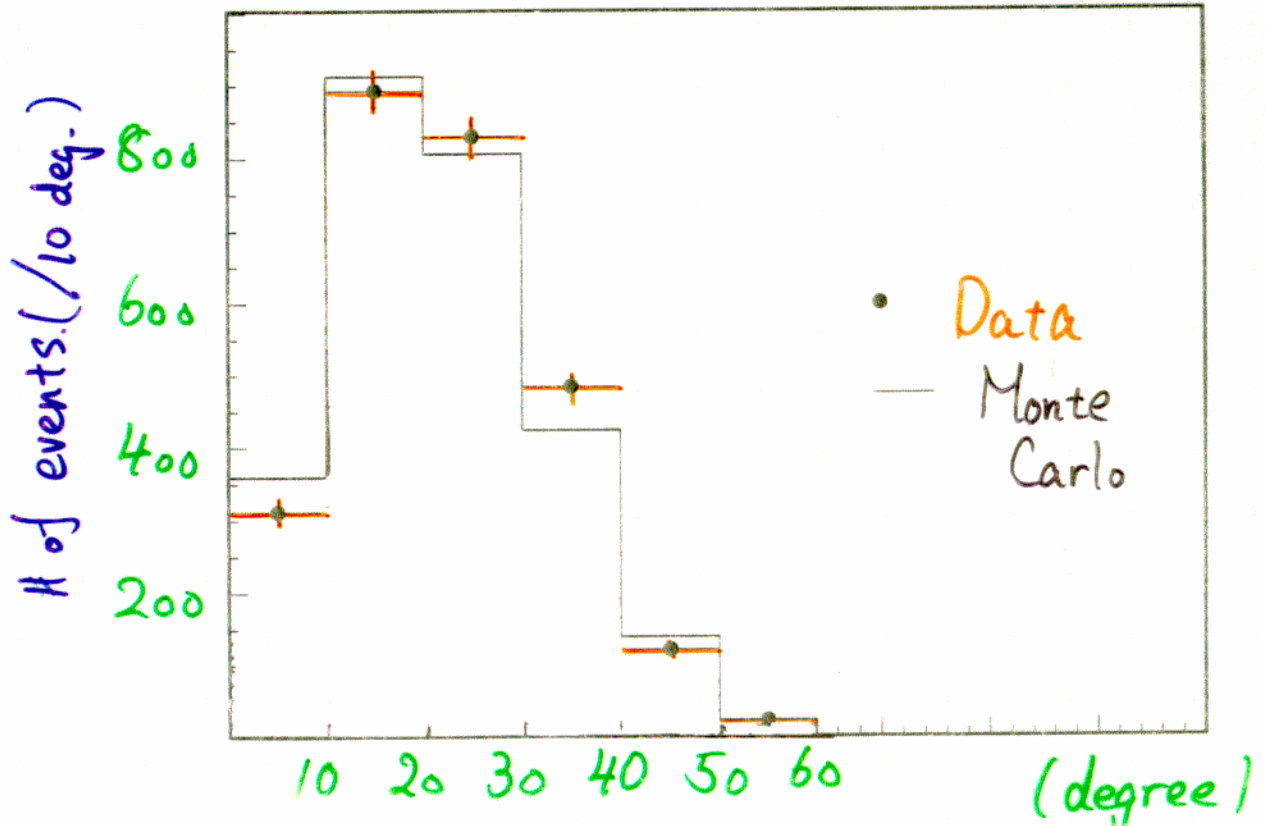
- Fine vertex resolution. ($\leq 1mm$)
- H_2O target. \rightarrow Independent measurements of $\gamma - H_2O$ interactions.
- Multiple tracks. can be observed.

Reconstructed momentum and angular distribution of ν . (Sci-fi tracker with ν drift chamber)

Nov. 99 ~ June. 00



Preliminary



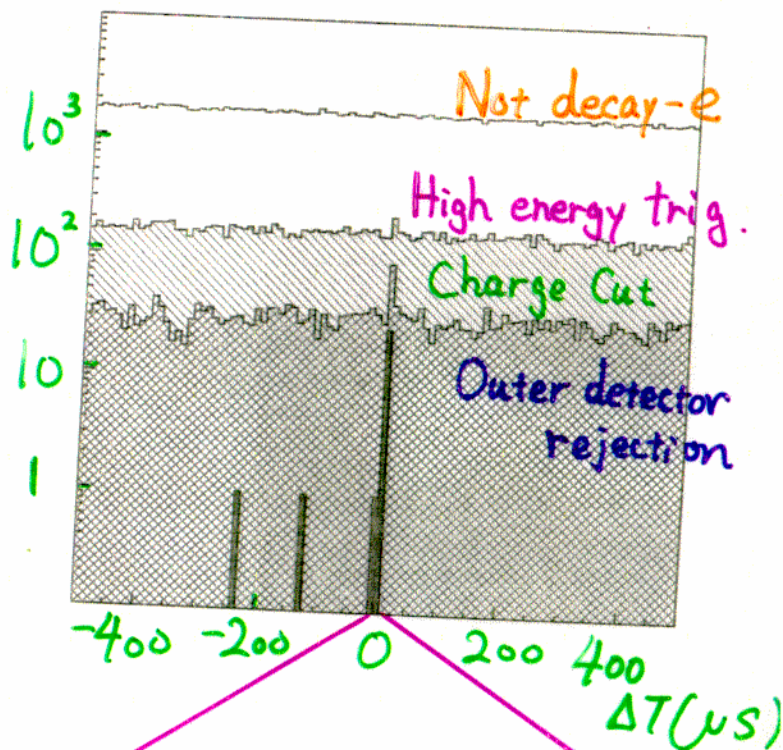
Event reduction at Super-Kamiokande

Use GPS timing information
to select candidate events.

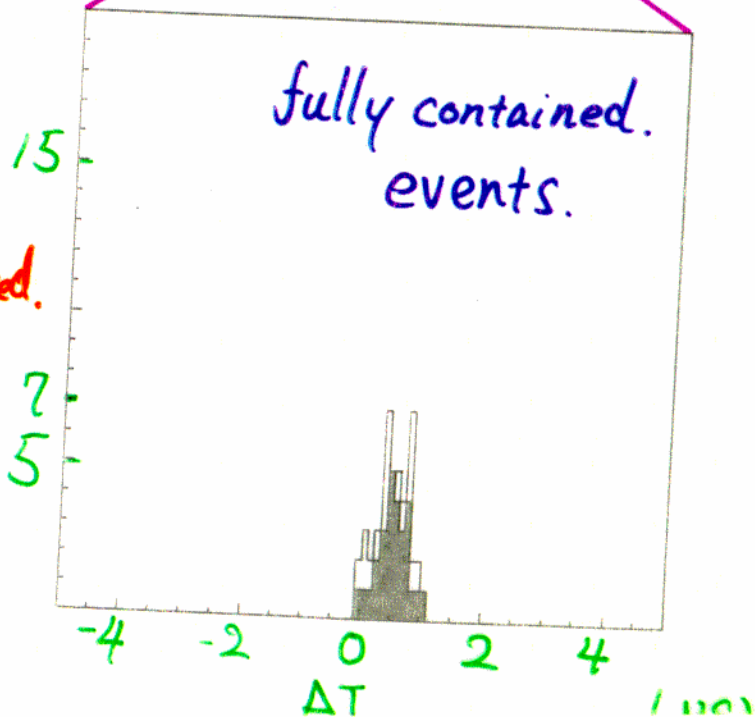
$$\Delta T \equiv T_{SK}^{GPS} - T_{KEK}^{GPS} - TOF(KEK-SK)$$

Require

$$-0.2 < \Delta T < 1.3 \text{ } (\mu\text{s})$$

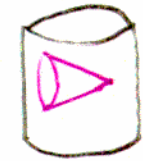


27 Fully contained
in-Fiducial volume
events are observed.

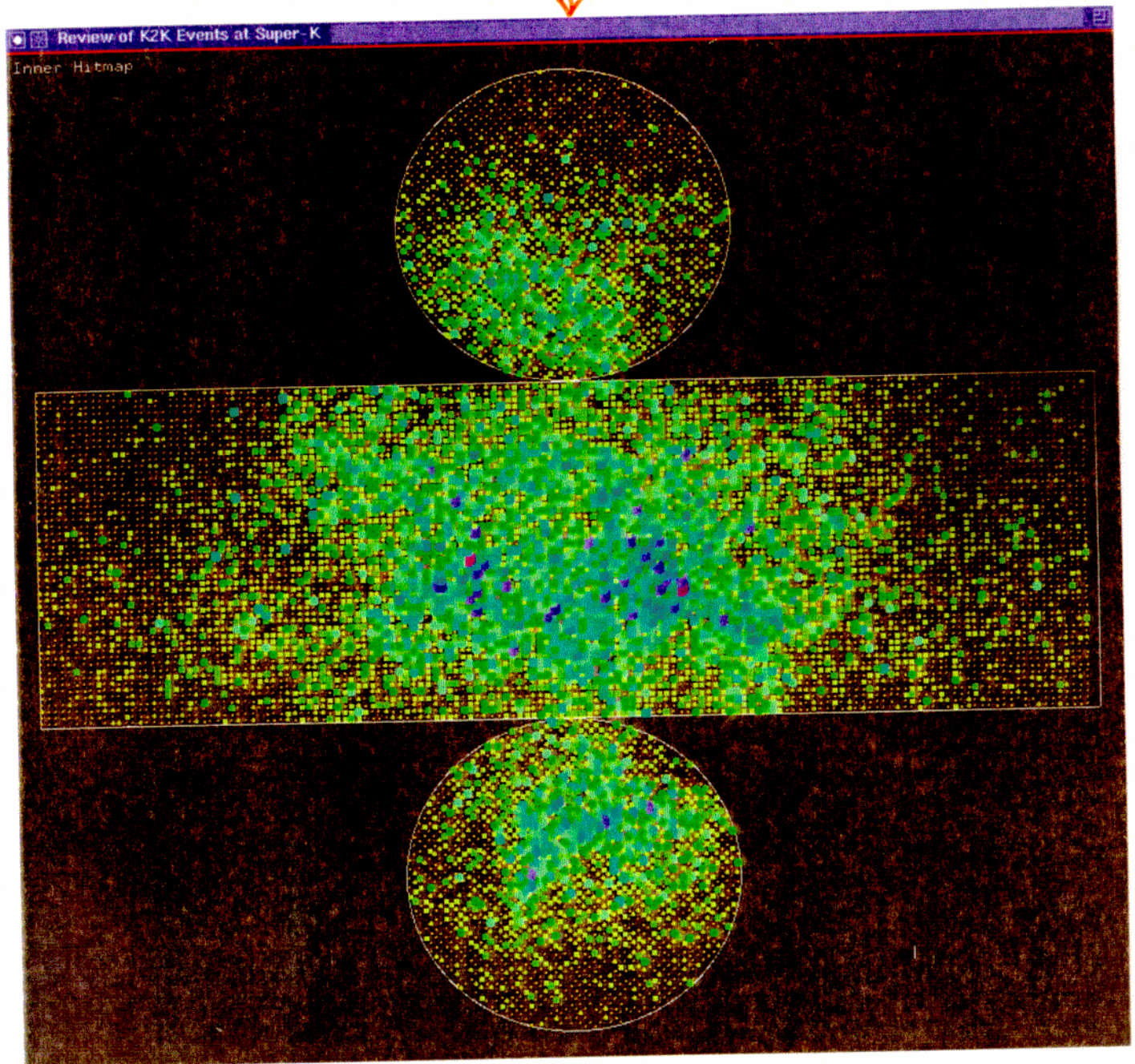


Integrated Charge of K2K events. at Super-Kamiokande

S.K.

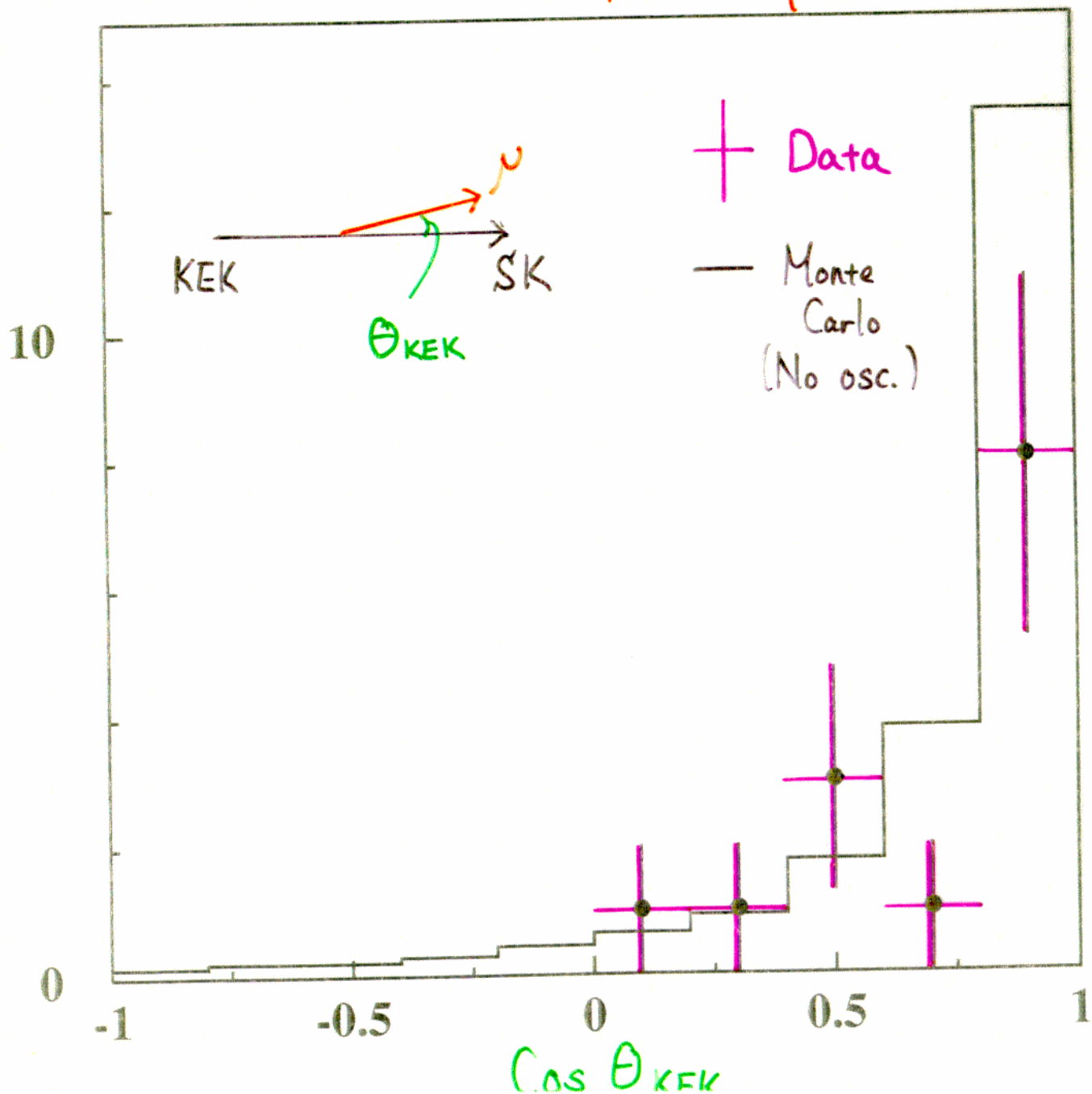


← from KEK



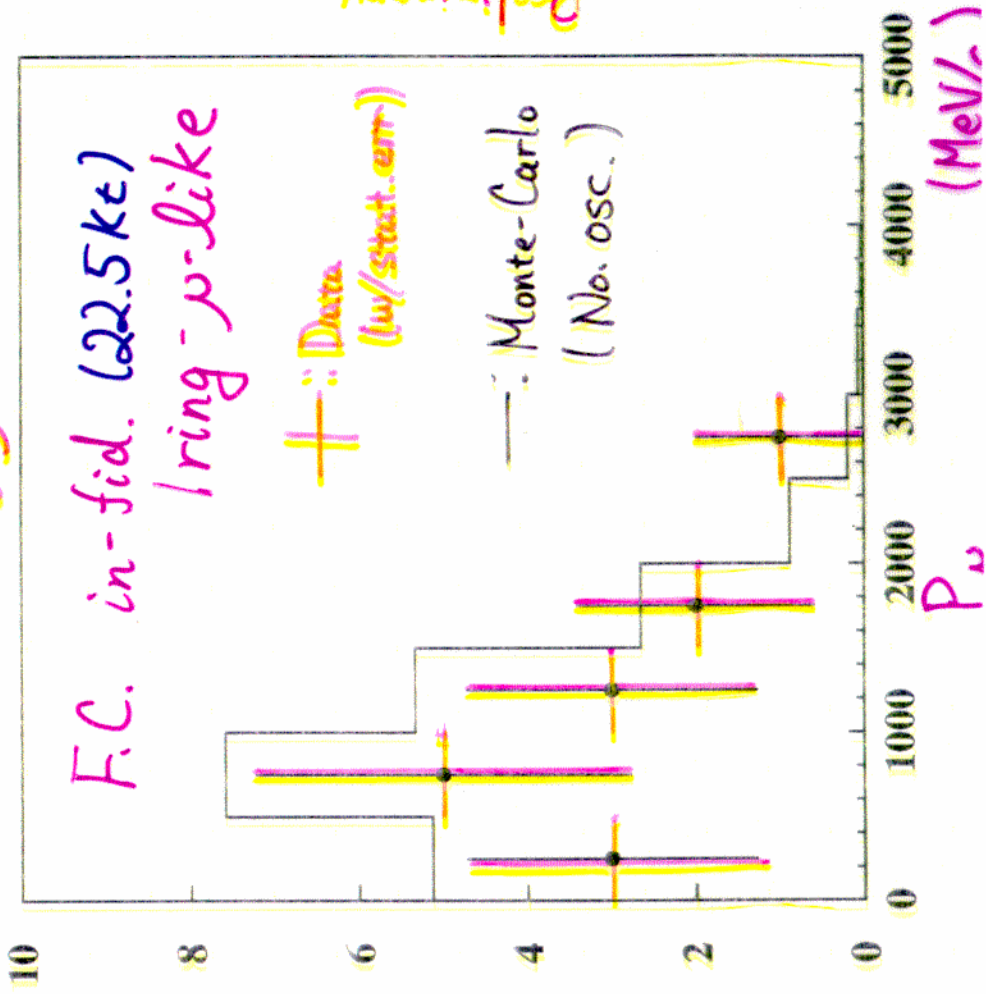
Reconstructed direction of ν (Super-Kamiokande,
vertex inside the fiducial volume (22.5 Kt)
1 ring, ν -like events.

Preliminary

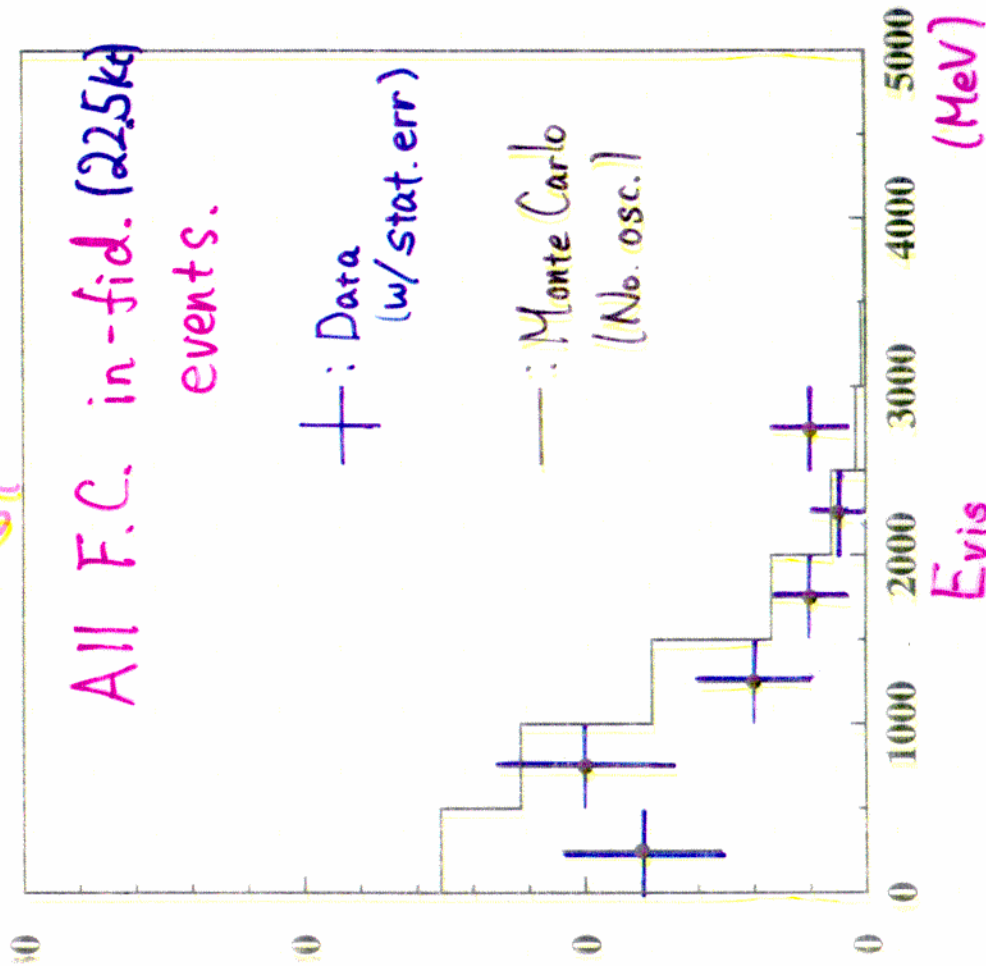


Visible energy & reconstructed momentum of ν (Super Kamioke)

Reconstructed Momentum of ν



Visible energy



Preliminary

of observed events and expected events 1999/06-2000/06

 $\Delta m^2 (\times 10^{-3} eV^2)$

	Obs.	Exp.	3	5	7
FC 22.5kt	27	40.3 ^{+4.7} _{-4.6}	26.6 ^{+3.4} _{-3.3}	17.8 ^{+2.3} _{-2.2}	14.9 ^{+1.9} _{-1.9}
1-ring	15	24.3±3.6	14.4±2.3	9.4±1.5	8.6±1.4
μ -like	14	21.9±3.5	12.4±2.1	7.5±1.3	6.8±1.2
e-like	1	2.4±0.5	2.1±0.4	1.9±0.4	1.8±0.4
multi ring	12	16.0±2.7	12.2±2.1	8.4±1.5	6.3±1.1
out-of-FV	16	17.2	11.2	7.6	6.7

3. Summary.

ν beam 2.3×10^{19} p.o.t.

• direction < 1 mrad.

confirmed by μ -monitor
and ν profile

• spectrum

Monte-carlo expectations
confirmed by π -monitor.

Good agreements with ν -detectors.

• event rate

Consistent results from
3 front detectors.

• time variations of ν profile & spectrum

→ Very stable

checked by μ -drift chamber

GPS system (timing)

checked with Atomic clock.

Expected # of events @ Super Kamiokande

$$40.3 \begin{matrix} +4.7 \\ -4.6 \end{matrix}$$

Observed # of events @ Super Kamiokande

27 (Fully contained
in-fid. volume)

⇒ 2σ off from expected # of events.

We will start the next run

from Jan. 2001.!!

Tokyo U., ~~KEK~~ ICRR

S. Fukuda, Y. Fukuda, M. Ishitsuka, S. Ishizuka, Y. Itow, T. Kajita, J. Kameda, K. Kancyuki, K. Kobayashi, Y. Koshio, M. Miura, S. Moriyama, M. Nakahata, S. Nakayama, Y. Obayashi, A. Okada, N. Sakurai, M. Shiozawa, Y. Suzuki, H. Takeuchi, Y. Takeuchi, Y. Totsuka, S. Yamada

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