SLAC: Present and Future



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Presented at the 9th International Workshop on Accelerator Alignment

SLAC: a laboratory in transition

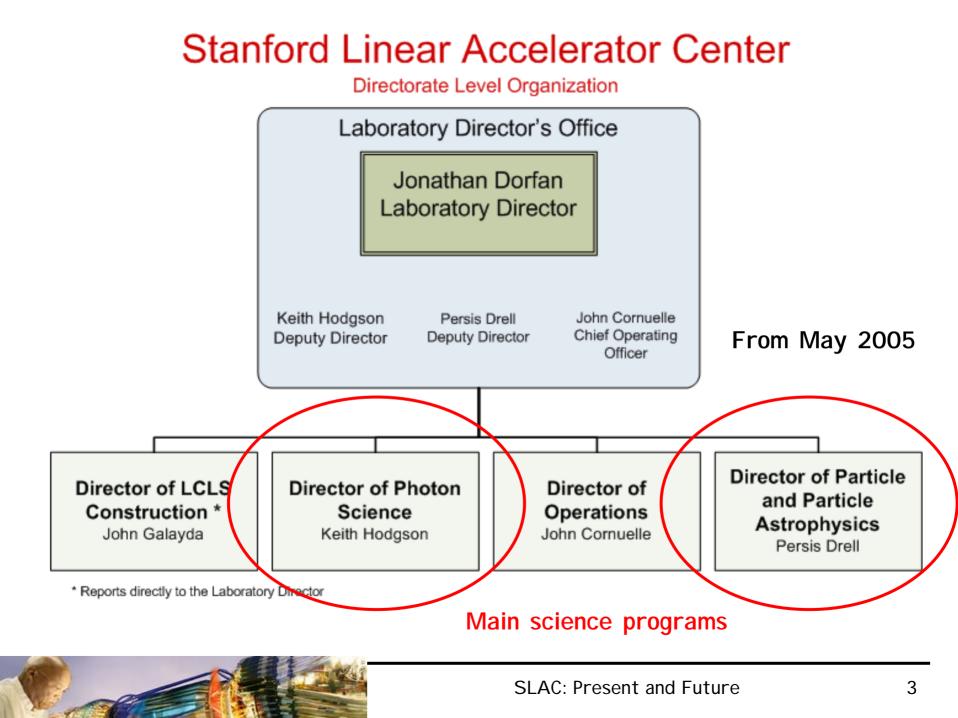
> Research directions are evolving dramatically

 Balance of program elements and focus of effort are changing in substantial ways, following the imperative of fundamental physics questions that need to be addressed

> Photon science is rapidly expanding with LCLS and SPEAR3

- In 2009, the major onsite accelerator-based facilities will both be primarily serving photon science
- Particle physics & particle astrophysics will remain an essential part of SLAC as a national laboratory
 - ^o Will no longer be centered on a forefront onsite accelerator
 - Will most certainly be serving a broad national and international user community
 - Exploitation of the unprecedented BABAR data set
 - TeV-scale physics at the LHC and the ILC
 - Particle astrophysics at GLAST, LSST, and SNAP
 - Major non-accelerator efforts such as EXO
 - Will continue to pursue a vibrant accelerator research program





SLAC science in 2006

- SPEAR3 operating for broad range of photon science
- PEP-II and BABAR accumulating data at record luminosity
 - Exploring *CP* violation and rare decays in *B* decays with unprecedented sensitivity
- ^o GLAST completed and being mated with spacecraft for 2007 launch
- World's first x-ray laser, the LCLS, under construction, promising future exploration of ultra-fast science at the atomic scale
- Leading partner in the development of the reference design and technical solutions for the International Linear Collider and an ILC detector
- Leading the development of the design for the world's largest digital camera for LSST
- Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology attracting bright young talent
- Breakthroughs in advanced accelerator techniques continue to be actively pursued
- EXO-200 under construction for deployment early next year



SLAC photon science future

- X-Rays have opened the Ultra-Small World—Realm of SPEAR3—Operating Now
 - $_{0}$ 10¹² photons/sec from high brightness undulator
 - Energies ranging from 400 eV to 40 keV
 - o 50 ps pulse length
 - Limited coherence at x-ray wavelengths
- X-ray Lasers will open the Ultra-Small and Ultra-Fast Worlds—Realm of LCLS—First Light 2009
 - o 10¹² photons/pulse
 - Energies from 800 eV to 9 keV
 - 200 fs pulse length at commissioning, evolving to 10-30 fs within 1-2 years
 - o Fully coherent at x-ray wavelengths



SPEAR3—a new machine

Linac Coherent Light Source (LCLS)

Injector

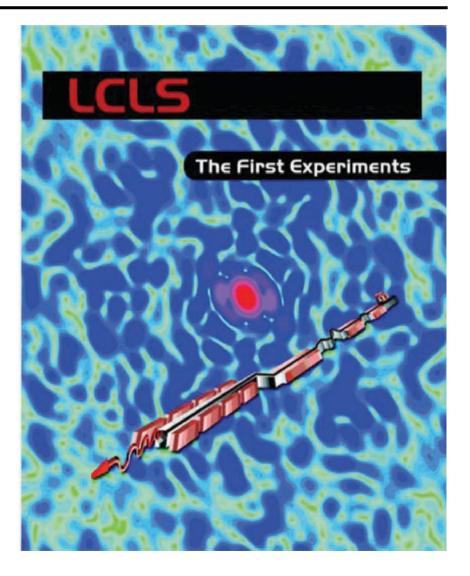
Near Hall (underground) Free Electron Laser Center (at grade)

Undulator Hall

Far Hall (underground) At turn-on in 2009: LCLS will the world's first X-ray laser

LCLS: remarkable opportunities for discovery

- Femtochemistry and biology
- Nanostructured materials
- Atomic physics
- Plasmas and warm dense matter
- Imaging of nanoclusters and single biomolecules
- > X-ray laser physics





Particle physics: exciting but challenging times

Excitement

- o The Standard Model is fabulously successful, but...
 - Dark Matter and Dark Energy make up 95% of the Universe
 - We don't understand why the Universe is matter dominated
 - We don't understand the fundamental nature of the neutrino
- Compelling questions confront us
 - Within this decade tools coming on line to make progress in our understanding
 - Developing tools for discovery in the next decade

> Challenge

- Premier US HEP accelerators will turn off by the end of the decade and the frontiers of HEP will be off shore
- Long term health and future of the field of HEP relies on ILC
 - Not a certainty! Timescale for physics end of next decade
- Need to balance near, medium and long term priorities of the field



SLAC particle & astrophysics future

- Successful completion of B-Factory program
 - Highest priority for SLAC PPA Directorate
- > Physics at the energy frontier
 - o ILC, LHC, and fundamental accelerator research
- Investigations of dark matter and dark energy
 GLAST, LSST, and SNAP
- > Investigation of fundamental nature of the neutrino
 - EXO-200 and full EXO observatory
- All elements supported by strong program of theoretical investigations



Timelines for program elements

> Science in the near future (now to 2012)

- BABAR operations to 9/2008, physics exploitation through 2012 or beyond
- GLAST launch and science exploitation (2007-2012/2017)
- TeV-scale physics at LHC with Atlas and LARP
- Proof-of-principle experiments in accelerator research
- > R&D for mid-term physics (2012 and beyond)
 - R&D for the ILC and LCD
 - Development of the LSST CCD camera design
 - Construction and operation of EXO-200 & development of Ba⁺⁺ tagging for full EXO
 - Contributions to SNAP

> R&D for long-term future (2020 and beyond)

- High-gradient accelerator program with SABER
- Frontier accelerator research: laser, plasma-based techniques



BABAR & PEP-II

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B-Factory physics program

> Present and future physics goals

- Highly constrained and redundant set of precision tests of weak interactions in the Standard Model
 - Legacy of fundamental constraints on future New Physics discoveries
- Searches for physics beyond the Standard Model
 - Sensitivity to New Physics at LHC mass scales
- Potential for discovery from large data sample across range of heavy quark and lepton flavor, two-photon and I SR physics

> B-Factory program operates until end of FY2008

• Final upgrades to machine and detector during fall 06 shutdown

Ultimate goal: deliver to BABAR ~1ab⁻¹ by end of FY2008

SLAC is committed to delivering *B* Factory luminosity



P-II luminosity re	ecords		Optics and align	ment
Peak Luminosity			play a crucial role in this progress	
$\frac{12.069 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{sec}^{-1}}{1722 \text{ bunches}}$		R	August 16, 2006	
Integration records o	f delivered lu	ımin	osity	
Best shift	339.0 pb ⁻¹	Au	g 16, 2006	
(8 hrs, 0:00, 08:00, 16:00) Best 3 shifts in a row	910.7 pb ⁻¹	Jul	2-3, 2006	
Best day	849.6 pb ⁻¹	Au	g 14, 2006	
Best 7 days (0:00 to 24:00)	5.385 fb ⁻¹	Jul	27-Aug 3, 2006	
Best week	5.111 fb ⁻¹	Jul	30-Aug 5, 2006	
(Sun 0:00 to Sat 24:00) Peak HER current	1900 mA	Au	g 15, 2006	
Peak LER current	2995 mA	Oc	t 10, 2005	
Best 30 days	19.315 fb ⁻¹	Jul	19 – Aug 17, 2006	
Best month	17.036 fb ⁻¹	Jul	y 2004	
Total delivered	410 fb^{-1}			
	SLAC	: Prese	nt and Future	

Longer-term plans for BABAR

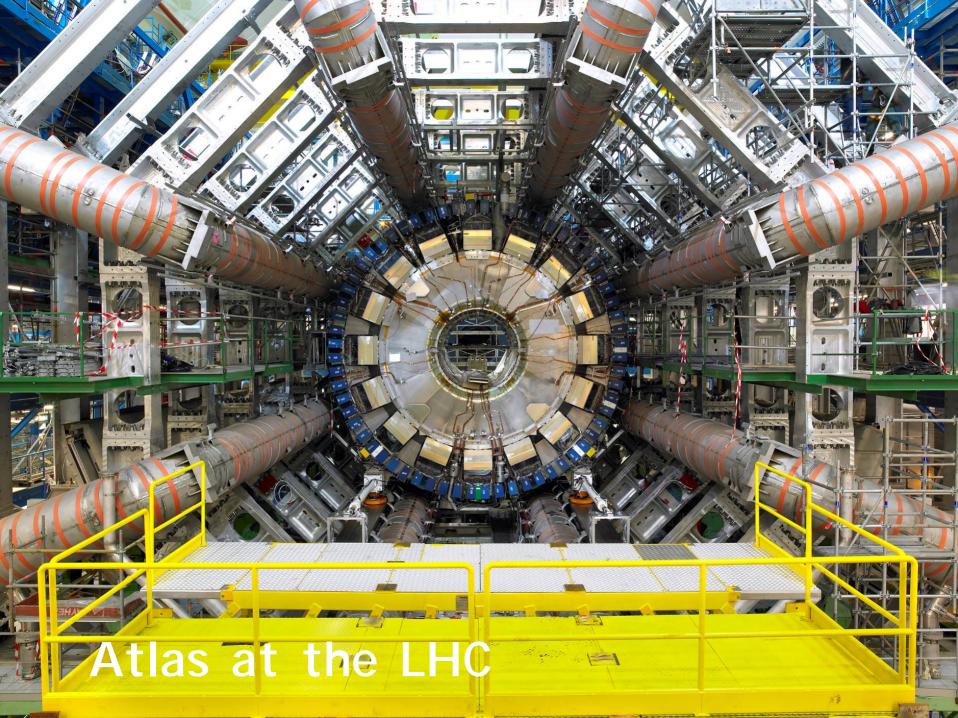
> Post data-taking phase beyond 2008

- Physics analysis will continue at a vigorous rate for 2-3 years after end of data taking
 - Analogous to physics produced from summer 2004 data
- Data sample will offer a long-term legacy beyond this, with an expectation that analysis will continue at a reduced level well into the next decade

> I deas for Super B Factories are vigorously pursued

- Physics case based on sensitivity to new physics in beauty, charm and tau sectors, as a complement to LHC discoveries
- Mature Super KEKB proposal to upgrade KEKB to 4-8x10³⁵
- INFN moving to prepare a design concept based on linear collider ideas for a new very high luminosity facility (>1x10³⁶)





The Energy Frontier: LHC

Participation in LHC accelerator research program (LARP)

Designing collimators for LHC & LHC upgrades

> SLAC now a member of Atlas

- Four major areas of participation identified working closely with our Atlas university and laboratory colleagues
- Growing efforts in HLT and DAQ, pixel detectors and tracking, GEANT4 and simulation, already having impact
- Proposal for Tier 2 Center accepted and already being implemented
 - Supported by all west coast Atlas institutions and US Atlas community
 - Partnering with UCSC and LBNL to develop a strong west coast hub for Atlas physics exploitation

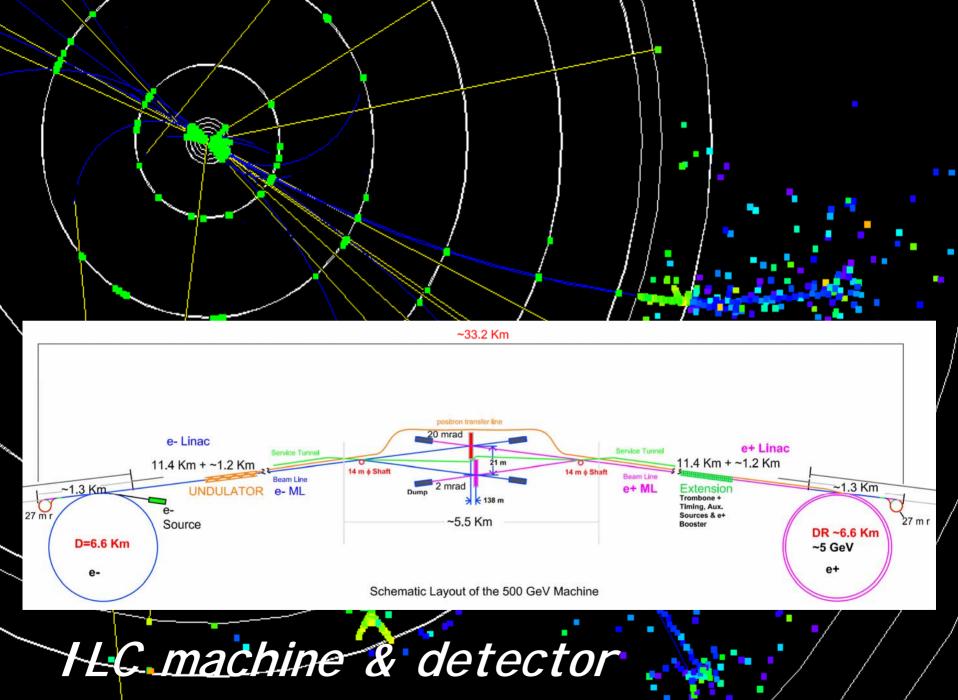


SLAC areas of involvement

- With advice from Atlas and US Atlas managements, and many US/Atlas users, identified 4 related areas of initial contribution:
 - Pixel detector commissioning and calibration, based on experience at Mark II, SLD, & BABAR
 - Higher level trigger, building on extensive SLD & BABAR expertise
 - Core and Atlas-specific GEANT4 simulation
 - Tier 2 computing center & eventually a west-coast physics center in partnership with LBNL, UCSC, and the larger Atlas user community
- Roles are connected to each other, to our physics interests, and to our user community
- > Consistent with likely roles on ILC detector as well

All areas with unique strengths at SLAC matched to a national laboratory role



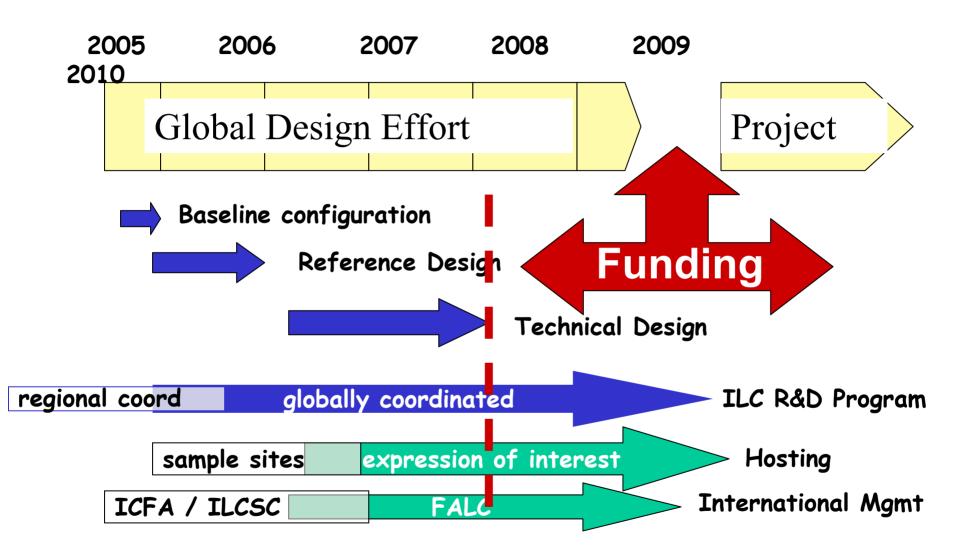


The Energy Frontier: ILC & LCD

- Committed to the ILC as highest priority new facility for international particle physics
 - Broadly involved in all aspects of the LC machine design and development
 - Partnering with university community in developing concept for detector
- Major focus of SLAC ILC effort as part of GDE coordinated effort
 - RF power sources, operational issues, particle sources, beam delivery system, machine-detector interface and instrumentation
- Developing ILC detector concept in partnership with university community
 - Focus on R&D for silicon tracking, particle-flow calorimetry, detector simulation, and overall detector concept



Global Design Effort schedule





The ILC effort at SLAC

Large and broad effort

60 FTEs made up of about 80 people

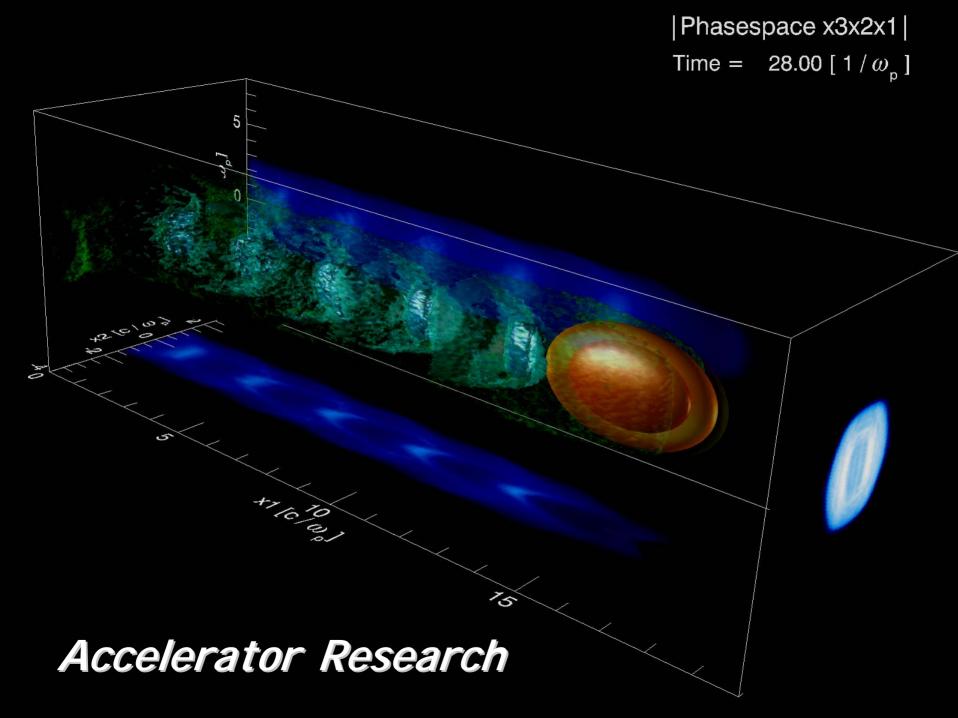
> Major focus of ILC effort

- RF power sources (modulators, klystrons, RF distribution)
- Operational issues (highly available hardware, beam instrumentation, beam tuning techniques, and Machine Protection System)
- Particle sources (Polarized electron source and Positron source)
- Beam delivery system and Machine-Detector Interface

> SLAC is playing a critical role in the ILC & the GDE

- Bring both design and operational experience to the GDE
- Leadership of RDR as well as members on all Boards
- Strong R&D program aligned with ILC priorities





The energy frontier: accelerator research

- Push the envelope with operating accelerators
 Supporting PEP-II and flavor factories worldwide
- Study beam physics and develop accelerator technology for next generation facilities
 - ILC, future multi-TeV linear colliders & high gradient research
- > Push the state-of-the-art in computational tools
 - Bridging the gap between theory and technology
- Explore advanced accelerator research in collaboration with university community
 - Laser acceleration
 - Plasma wakefield acceleration

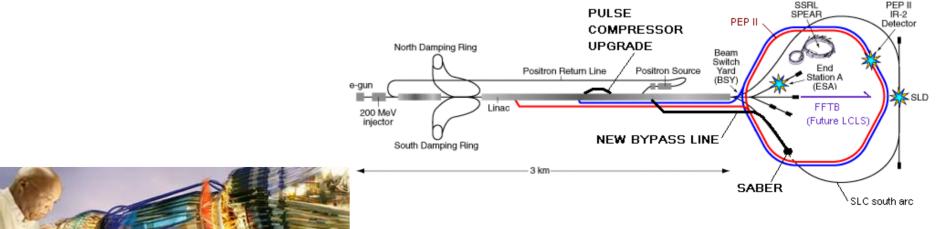
> Exploit unique facilities

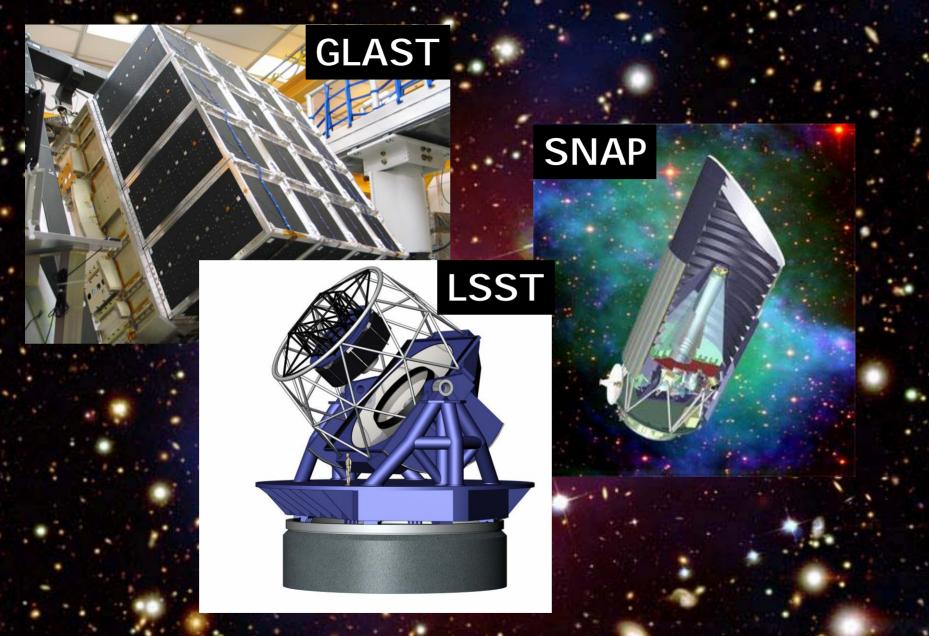
- Final-focus test beam (FFTB & soon SABER)
- NLC Test Accelerator (NLCTA)



FFTB final experiments

- Final FFTB running shared between SppS and Plasma wake-field experiment (E167)
 - End of the line for spectacular facility
 - Disassembled to make way for LCLS
- Spectacular results from final E167 run
 - Demonstrated 42GeV of acceleration in 1.2m column of plasma
 - Highest energy electrons ever made at SLAC
- > SABER (FFTB replacement) in development
 - White paper outlining science case 11/05
 - o Workshop with community 2/06
 - o In discussions with DOE about funding and timeline





Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology

Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology



Founded 2003 Director: Roger Blandford Deputy Director: Steve Kahn ~120 members Two new buildings, labs Instrumentation, data analysis, particle astrophysics, relativity, computational astrophysics, observational cosmology, theoretical cosmology...

KIPAC is a major new opportunity for the SLAC user community



Particle astrophysics and cosmology

- Tremendous scientific opportunities to explore the dark universe, recognized as priority by EPP2010
- Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST)
 - Best matched instrument for ground-based weak lensing measurements to use dark matter to map properties of dark energy
 - Focus on development of CCD camera & corresponding DAQ challenges as well matched ot HEP experience
- > Participation in Joint Dark Energy Mission
 - Partnering under leadership of LBNL in the SNAP concept

Gamma Ray Large Area Space Telescope (GLAST)

- Moving towards launch in fall 2007, with growing understanding of GLAST's role in dark matter campaign
- Center for scientific program (I SOC) based at SLAC

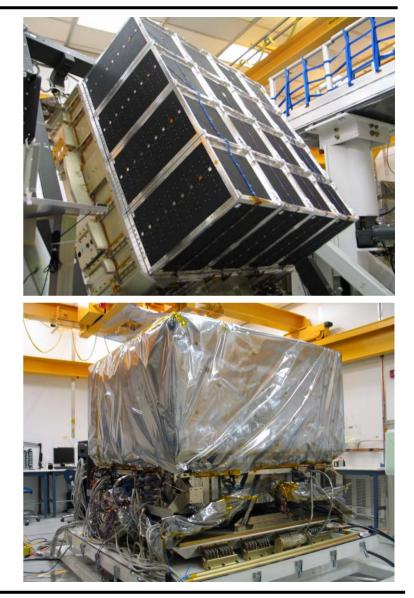


GLAST instrument status

- Gamma Ray Large Area Space Telescope (GLAST) continues to march towards launch
 - Growing understanding of GLAST's role in dark matter campaign
 - Baltz, Battaglia and Peskin; hepph/0602187

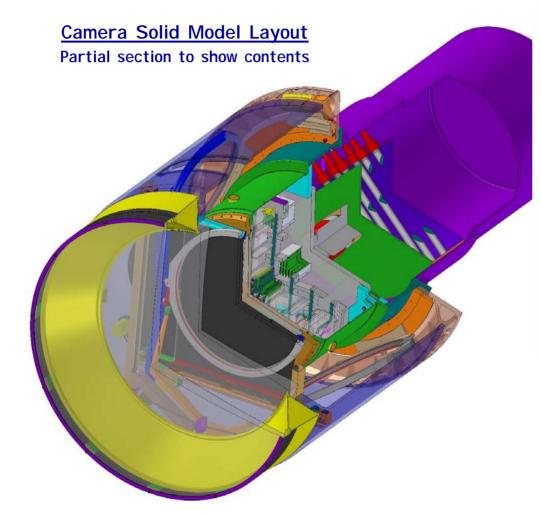
> Instrument is fully assembled

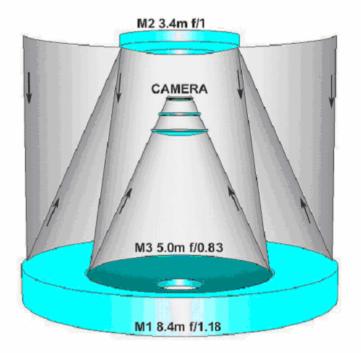
- Shipped from SLAC in May
- Instrument level environmental tests in conducted at NRL
- Environmental testing completed!
- > On track for Fall 2007 launch
 - In transit to be mated with launch vehicle





3.2 Gpixel camera for LSST





LSST optical layout

Significant alignment challenges in assembly and sensor placement



Vision for SLAC science in 2012

- World's first x-ray laser, the LCLS, into 4th year of operation, allowing exploration of ultra-fast science at the atomic scale
 - Ultrafast Science Center leading science exploitation
 - First round of LCLS upgrades about to get underway
- GLAST well into its first 5-year mission, with tremendous science program centered on the Science Operations Center
- Leading partner in the construction of the International Linear Collider and an ILC detector
- SPEAR3 supporting a large user community in photon science
- LSST coming online at its Baja site, with the world's largest digital camera built by a SLAC-led team
- Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology a leading institute attracting the world's best
- Breakthroughs in advanced accelerator techniques continue to be actively pursued
- Full EXO deep underground searching for neutrinoless double beta decays

