

Higgs + Jet angular and p_T distributions : MSSM versus SM

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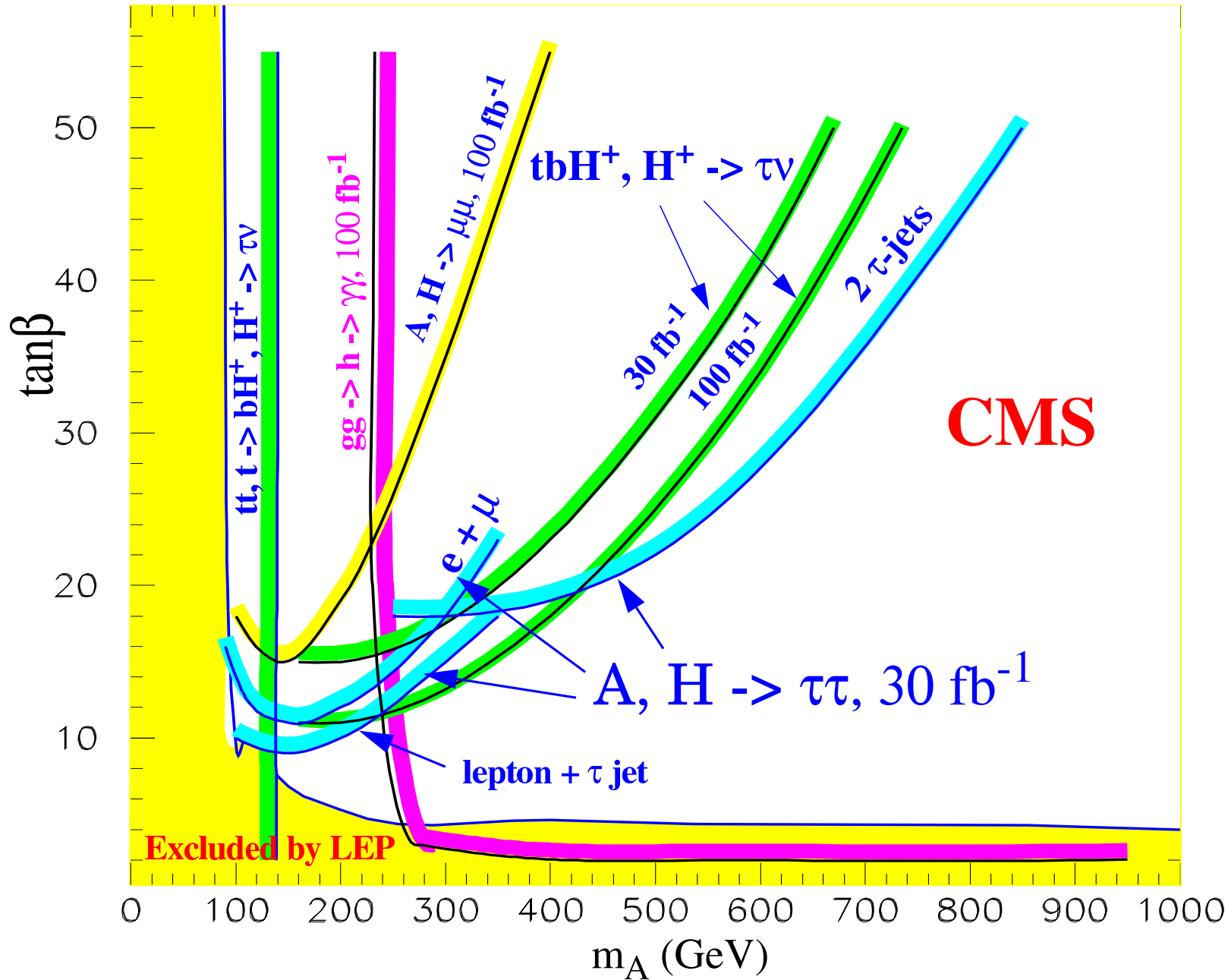
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outline :

- Higgs + jet in the Standard Model
 - Higgs production @ the LHC
 - Higgs + jet
- Higgs + jet in the MSSM
 - differences to the SM
 - Feynman graphs
- MSSM results
 - total hadronic cross section @ LHC ($\sqrt{S} = 14 \text{ TeV}$)
 - differential hadronic cross section

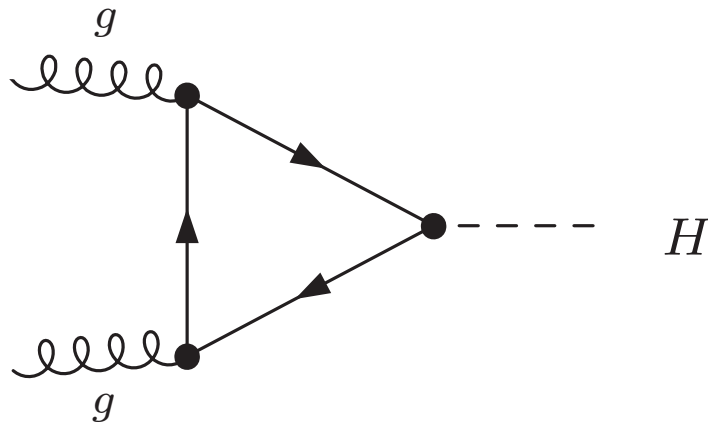
Quickstart

LHC/CMS 5 σ discovery contours for the MSSM Higgs bosons



– Higgs production @ the LHC

SM Higgs production @ LHC mainly via gluon fusion:



Detection ($m_H \approx 100 - 140\text{GeV}$): mainly via the rare decay $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$.

→ difficult ! huge background

- Higgs + jet [R.K. Ellis et al. '87; Baur, Glover '89] (LO)
[de Florian, Grazzini, Kunszt '99] (NLO QCD)

suggestion: study Higgs events with a high- p_T hadronic jet

advantage:

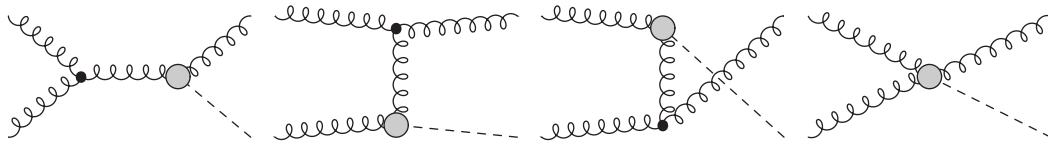
- * richer kinematical structure compared to inclusive Higgs production.
 - better S/B ratio
 - allows for refined cuts

disadvantage:

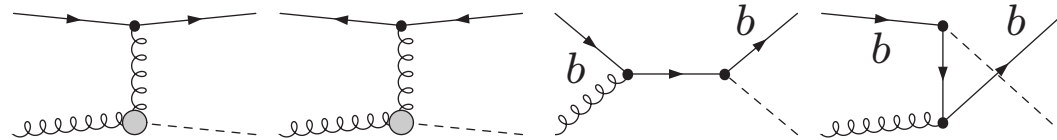
- * lower rate than inclusive Higgs production
- (*) NLO signal prediction has still sizable theoretical uncertainty ($\approx 20\%$)
- (*) background only partly known at NLO accuracy
 - theoretical uncertainties larger than in the fully inclusive case (so far)

SM H+jet, partonic processes (mostly loop-induced):

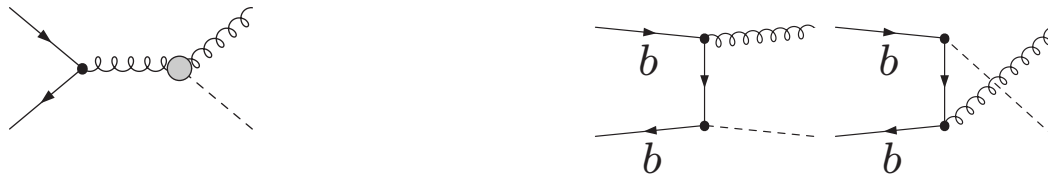
- $gg \rightarrow Hg$ ($\approx 50 - 70$ % of total rate)



- $qg \rightarrow Hq, \bar{q}g \rightarrow H\bar{q}$ ($\approx 30 - 50$ % of total rate)



- $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Hg$ (rate small)



recently simulated: $pp \rightarrow H + \text{jet}, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

[Abdullin et al. '98 & '02]

$pp \rightarrow H + \text{jet}, H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow l^+l^- \cancel{p}_T$

[Mellado et al. '05]

result: $H + \text{jet}$ production (e.g. with $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$) is a promising alternative (supplement) to the inclusive SM Higgs production for $m_H \approx 100 - 140 \text{ GeV}$.

available codes:

- Higgsjet [de Florian, Grazzini, Kunszt '99]
NLO QCD cross section for $pp \rightarrow H + \text{jet}$
also: soft gluon resummation [de Florian, Kulesza, Vogelsang '05]
- HqT [Bozzi, Catani, de Florian, Grazzini '03 & '06]
 p_T -distribution for $pp \rightarrow H + X$
at $NLL + LO$ and $NNLL + NLO$ QCD accuracy
(large effects at small p_T resummed)
- MC@NLO [Frixione, Webber '02; Frixione, Nason, Webber '05]
contains $pp \rightarrow H + X$ event generation at NLO QCD accuracy
- FEHiP [Anastasiou, Melnikov, Petriello '05]
NNLO QCD differential cross section for $pp \rightarrow H + X$

but the LHC calls for further improvement of the theoretical predictions

• Higgs + jet in the MSSM

[OBr, Hollik '03]

Motivation:

- * promising simulation results in the SM case
- * MSSM prediction for $h^0 + \text{jet}$ not known yet
- * process loop-induced \rightarrow potentially large effects from virtual particles

– differences to the SM

partonic processes similar to the SM:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{gluon fusion} & gg \rightarrow h^0 g, \\ \text{quark-gluon scattering} & q(\bar{q})g \rightarrow h^0 q(\bar{q}), \\ \text{q}\bar{\text{q}} \text{ annihilation} & q\bar{q} \rightarrow h^0 g \end{array}$$

but: * different Higgs Yukawa-couplings

$$g_{q\bar{q}H}^{\text{SM}} = \frac{e}{2s_w} \frac{m_q}{m_W} \longrightarrow g_{q\bar{q}h^0}^{\text{MSSM}} = \frac{e}{2s_w} \frac{m_q}{m_W} f_q(\alpha, \beta),$$

$$f_{u_I}(\alpha, \beta) = \cos \alpha / \sin \beta$$

$$f_{d_I}(\alpha, \beta) = -\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$$

\rightarrow change of overall rate

* additional superpartner-loops (even additional topologies)

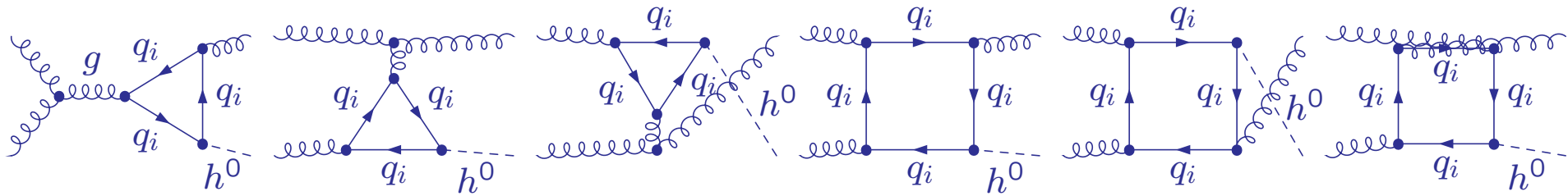
\rightarrow also angular distribution changed

– Feynman graphs

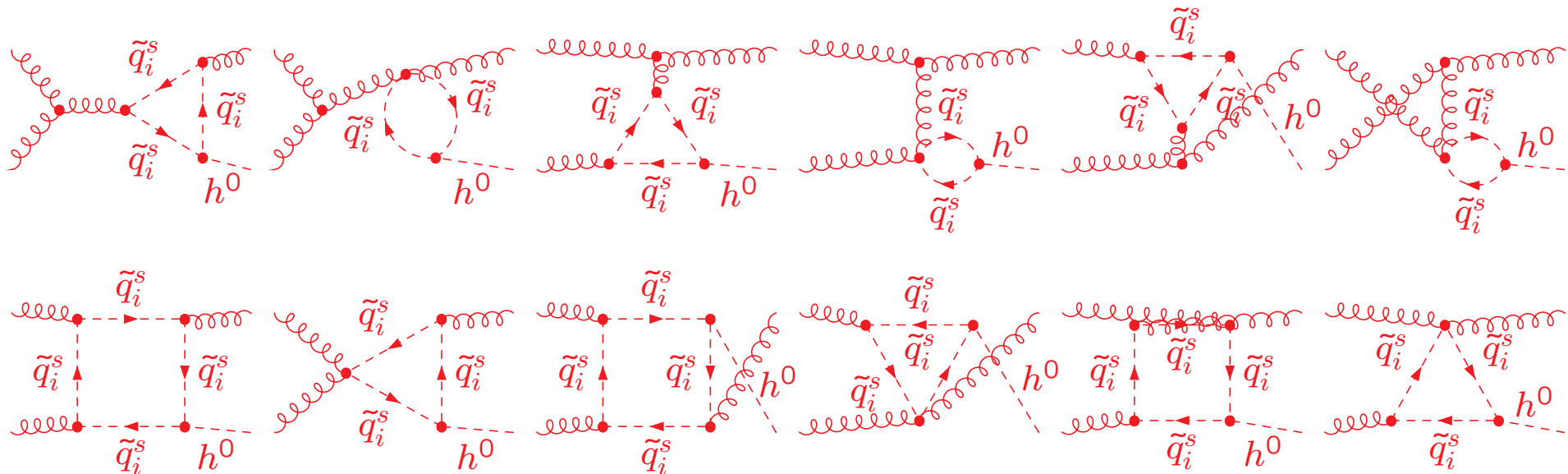
[Field et al.'03; Langenegger et al. '06] (only quark loops)

gluon fusion, $gg \rightarrow h^0 g$

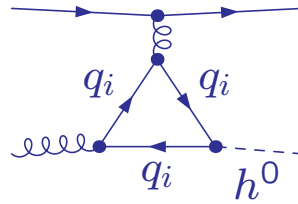
quark loops



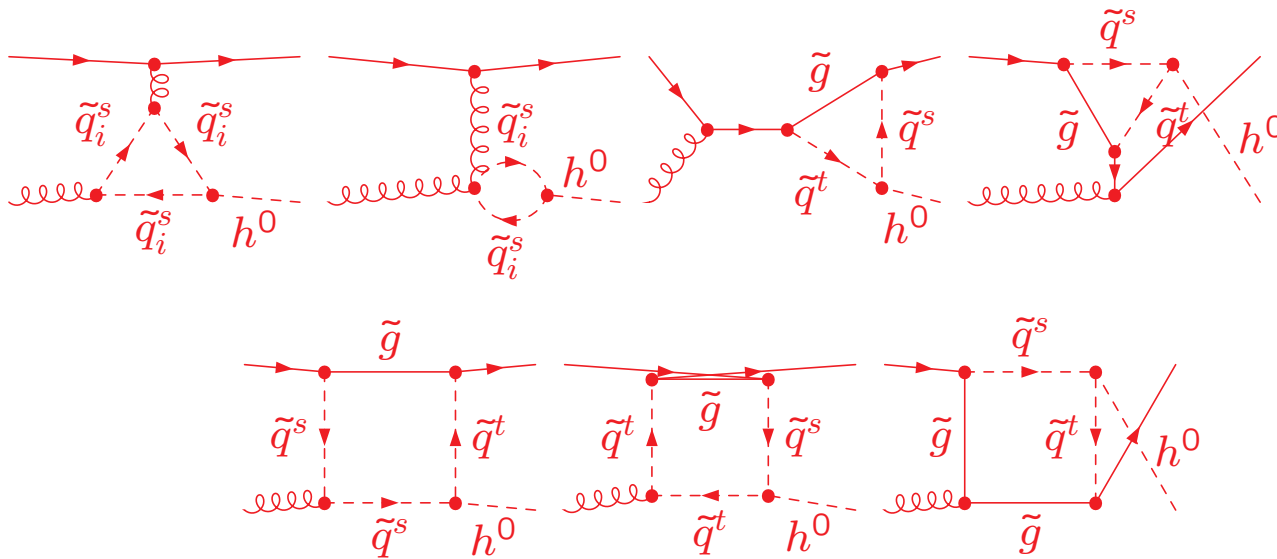
superpartner loops



quark-gluon scattering, $qg \rightarrow h^0 q$
 quark loops

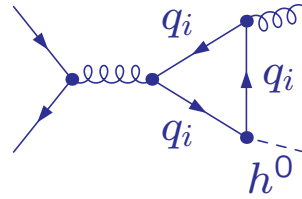


superpartner loops

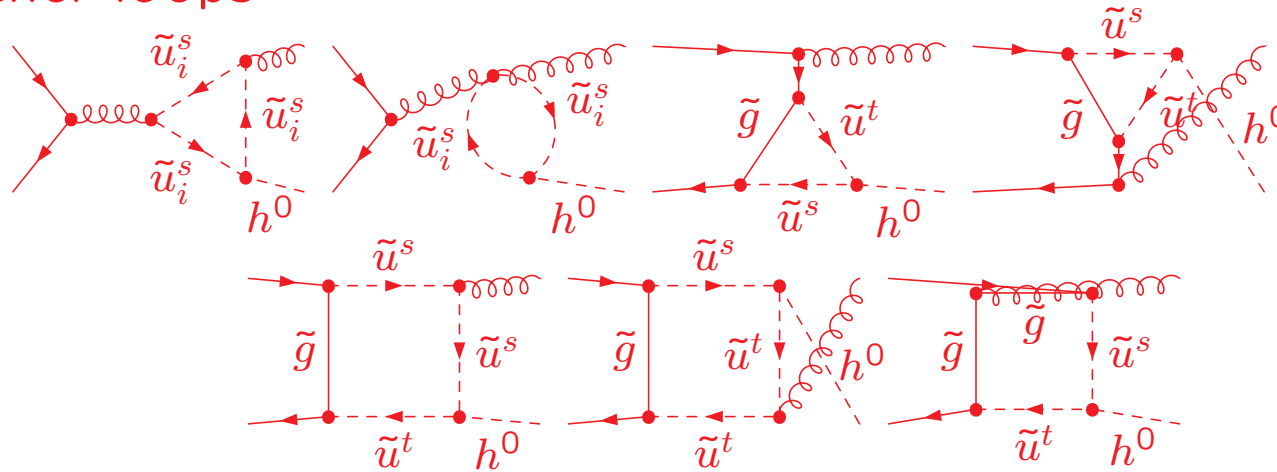


quark-antiquark annihilation, $q\bar{q} \rightarrow h^0 g$

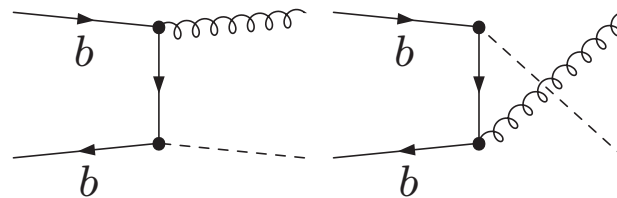
quark loops



superpartner loops



$b\bar{b}$ annihilation, $b\bar{b} \rightarrow h^0 g$



• MSSM results

– total hadronic cross section @ LHC ($\sqrt{S} = 14$ TeV)

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow h^0 + \text{jet} + X) =$$

$$\int_{\tau_0}^1 d\tau \left(\frac{d\mathcal{L}_{gg}^{pp}}{d\tau} \hat{\sigma}_{gg \rightarrow gh^0}(\hat{s}) + \sum_q \frac{d\mathcal{L}_{qg}^{pp}}{d\tau} \hat{\sigma}_{qg \rightarrow qh^0}(\hat{s}) + \sum_q \frac{d\mathcal{L}_{q\bar{q}}^{pp}}{d\tau} \hat{\sigma}_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow gh^0}(\hat{s}) \right) \Big|_{\hat{s}=\tau S}$$

with the parton luminosity

$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}_{nm}^{AB}}{d\tau} = \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dx}{x} \frac{1}{1+\delta_{nm}} \left[f_{n/A}(x) f_{m/B}\left(\frac{\tau}{x}\right) + f_{m/A}(x) f_{n/B}\left(\frac{\tau}{x}\right) \right].$$

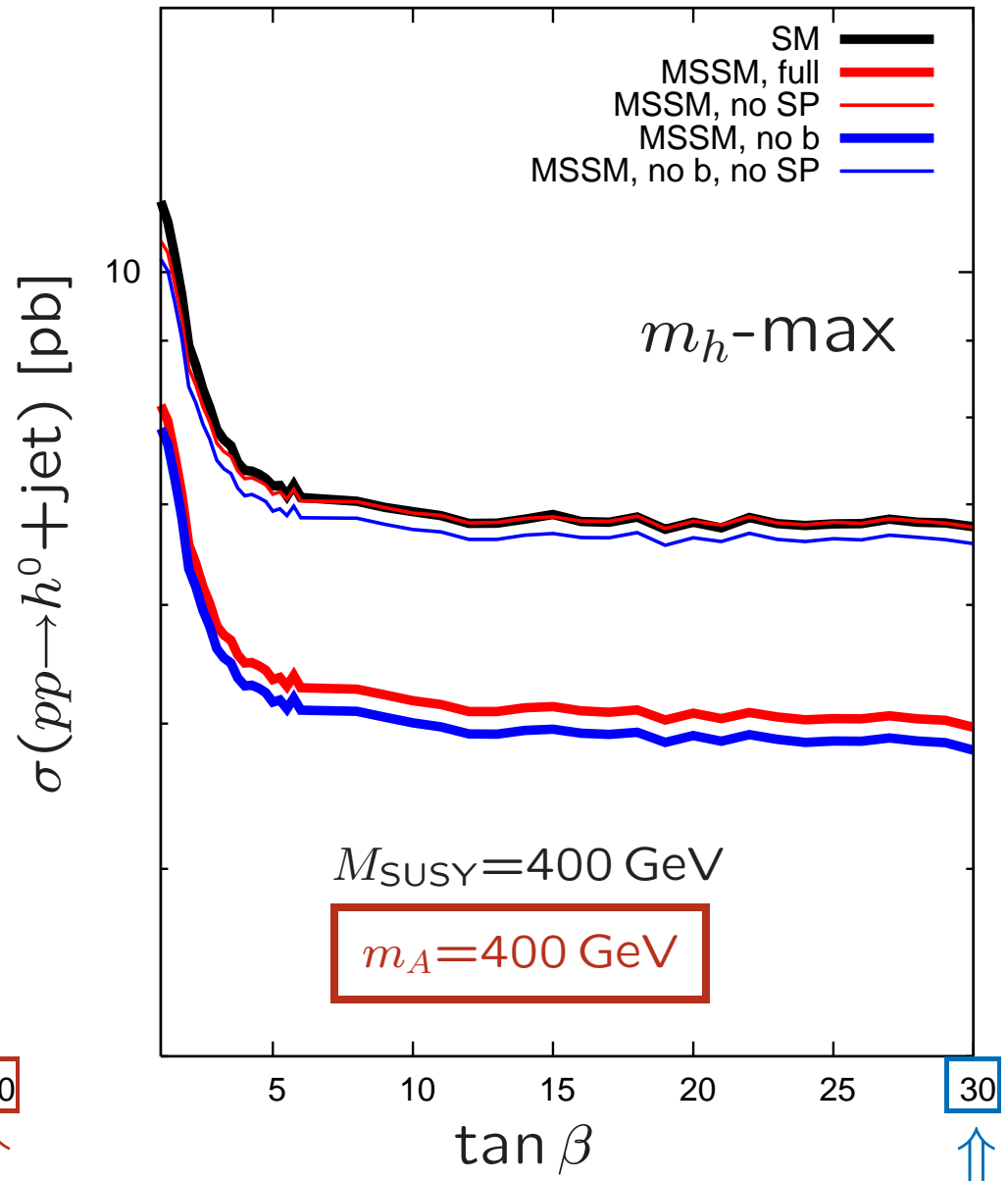
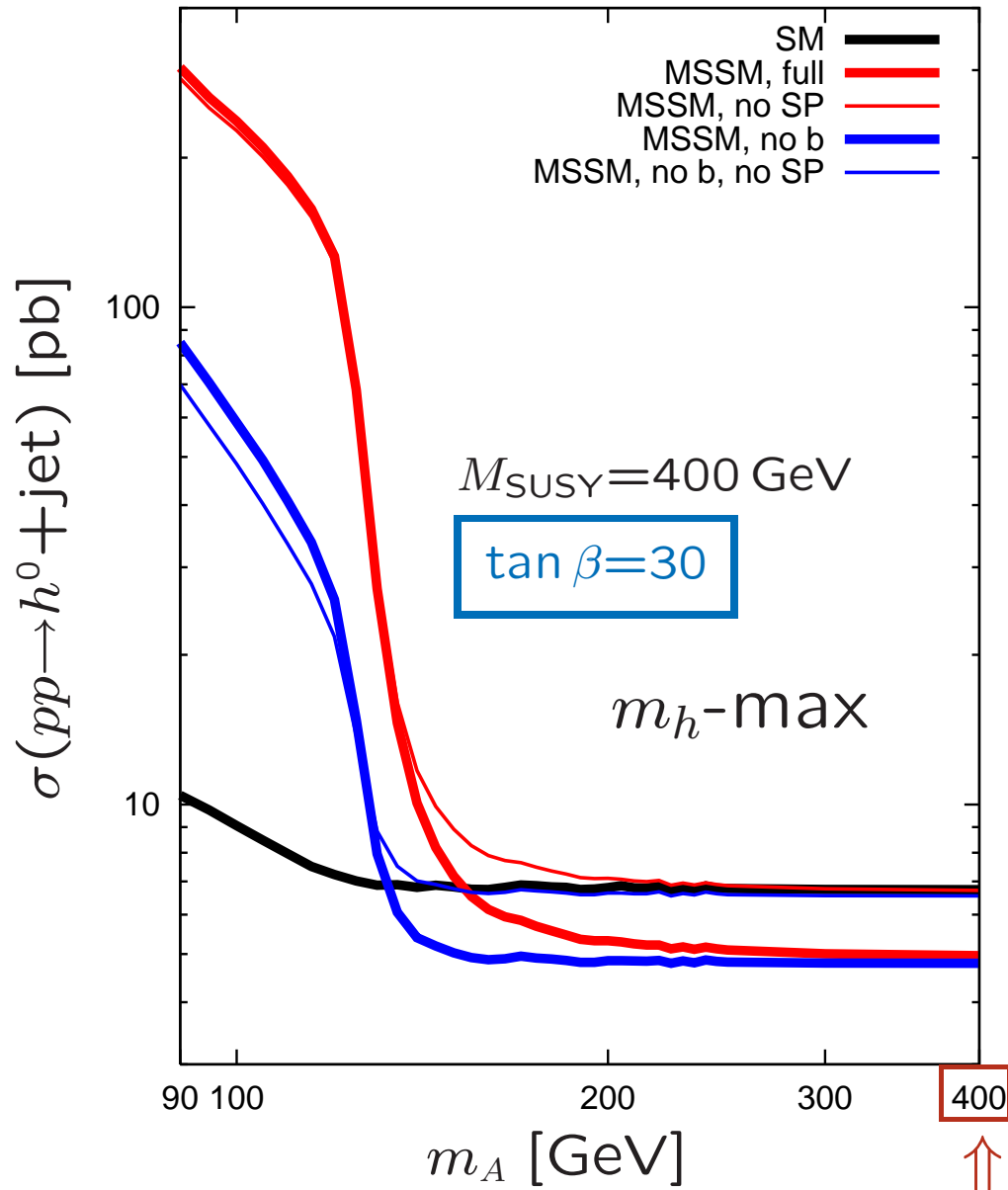
The cuts $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30$ GeV and $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$ determine τ_0 and the angular integration limits.

The results shown are for the MSSM m_h^{max} benchmark scenario with common squark mass scale M_{SUSY} .

[partonic processes calculated using [FeynArts/FormCalc](http://www.feynarts.de), see : www.feynarts.de]

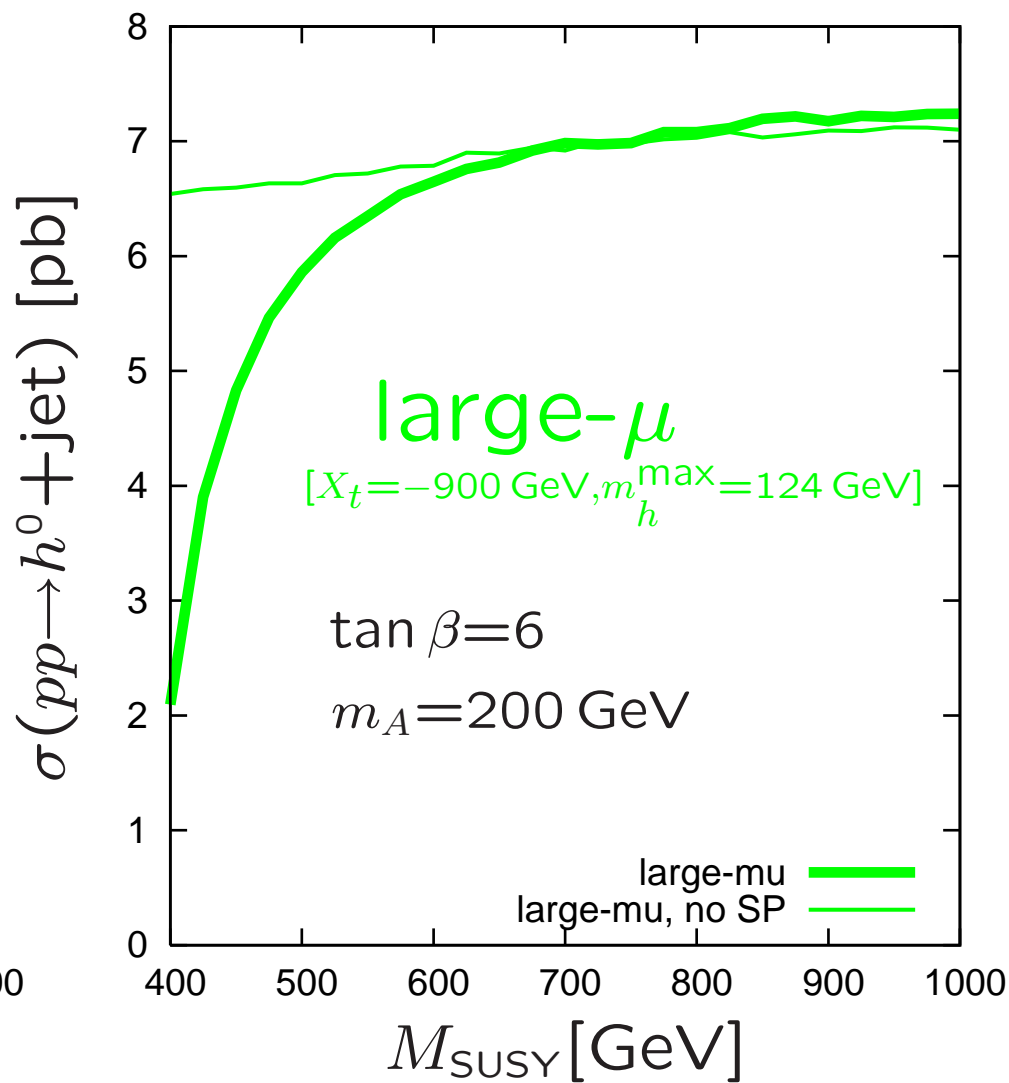
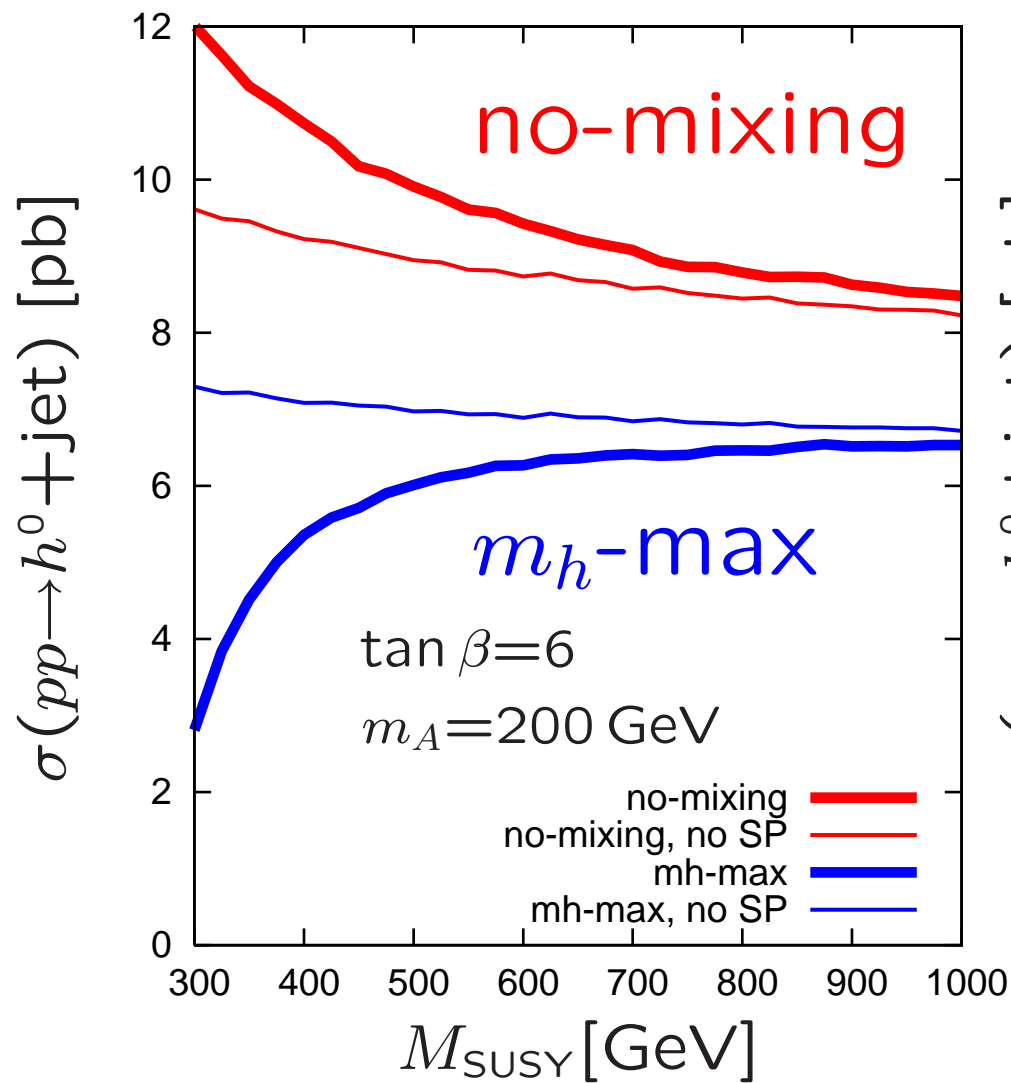
m_A - and $\tan \beta$ -dependence

[MSSM results, total hadronic cross section]
(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)



M_{SUSY} -dependence

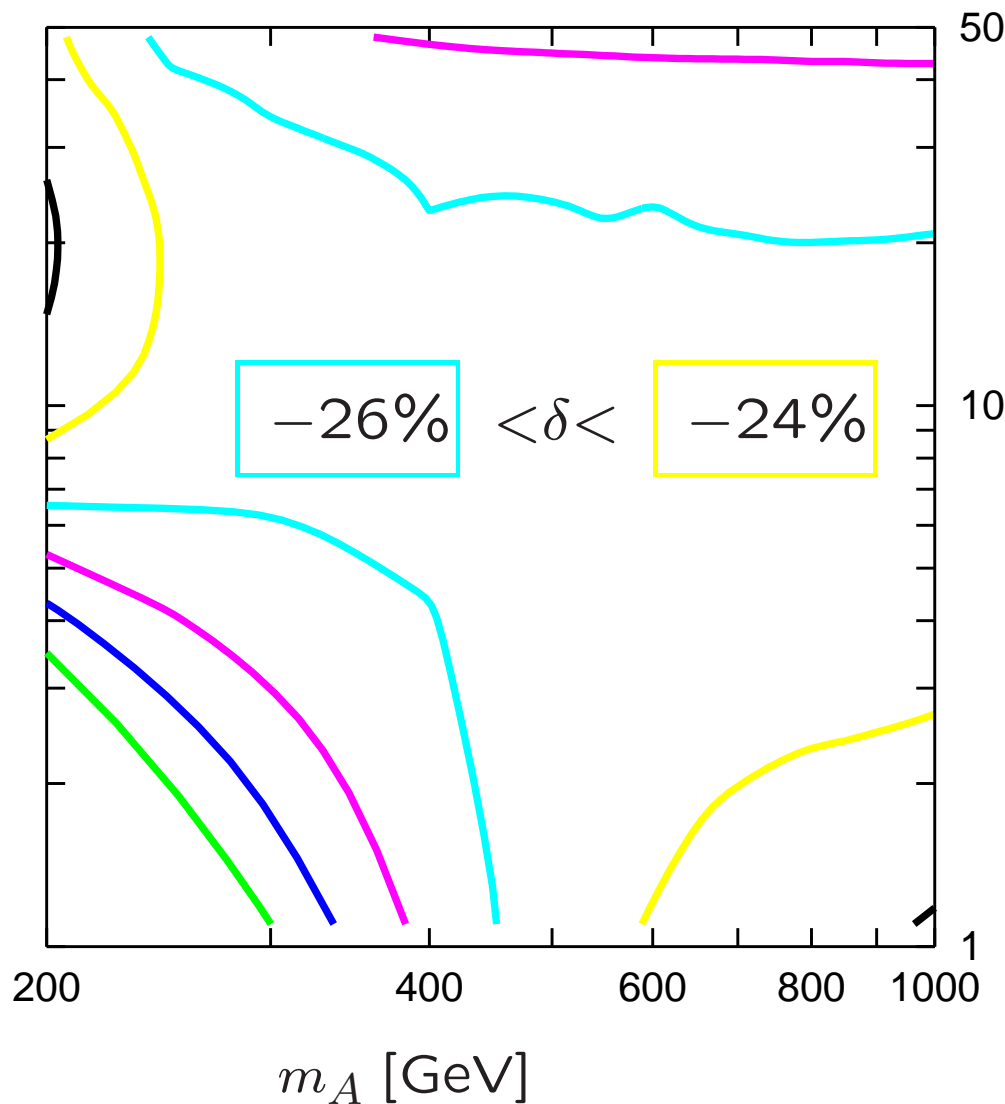
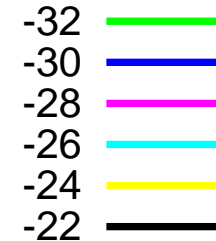
(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)



relative difference $\delta = (\sigma^{\text{MSSM}} - \sigma^{\text{SM}}) / \sigma^{\text{SM}}$

m_h -max scenario, $M_{\text{SUSY}} = 400 \text{ GeV}$

$\delta [\%]$



– differential hadronic cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma(S, p_T)}{dp_T} = \sum_{\{n,m\}} \int_{\tau_0}^1 d\tau \frac{d\mathcal{L}_{nm}^{AB}}{d\tau} \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{nm}(\hat{s} = \tau S, p_T)}{dp_T}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma(S, y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}})}{dy_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}}} = \sum_{\{n,m\}} \int_{\tau_0}^1 d\tau \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dx}{x} \left\{ \frac{f_{n/A}(x) f_{m/B}(\frac{\tau}{x})}{1 + \delta_{nm}} \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{nm}(\hat{s} = \tau S, \hat{y}_{\text{jet}})}{d\hat{y}_{\text{jet}}} \Big|_{\hat{y}_{\text{jet}} = Y(y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}}, \tau, x)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{f_{m/A}(x) f_{n/B}(\frac{\tau}{x})}{1 + \delta_{nm}} \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{nm}(\hat{s} = \tau S, \hat{y}_{\text{jet}})}{d\hat{y}_{\text{jet}}} \Big|_{\hat{y}_{\text{jet}} = -Y(y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}}, \tau, x)} \right\}$$

with

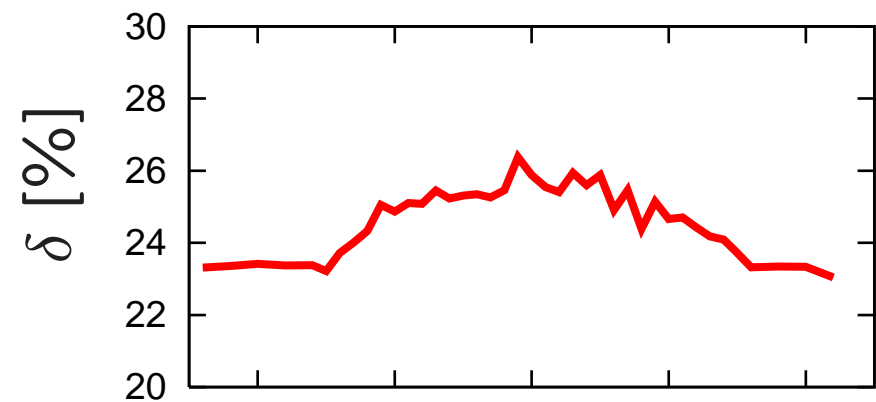
$$Y(y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}}, \tau, x) = y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}} + \tanh \left(\frac{\tau - x^2}{\tau + x^2} \right).$$

Also here, the cuts, $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$ have been applied.

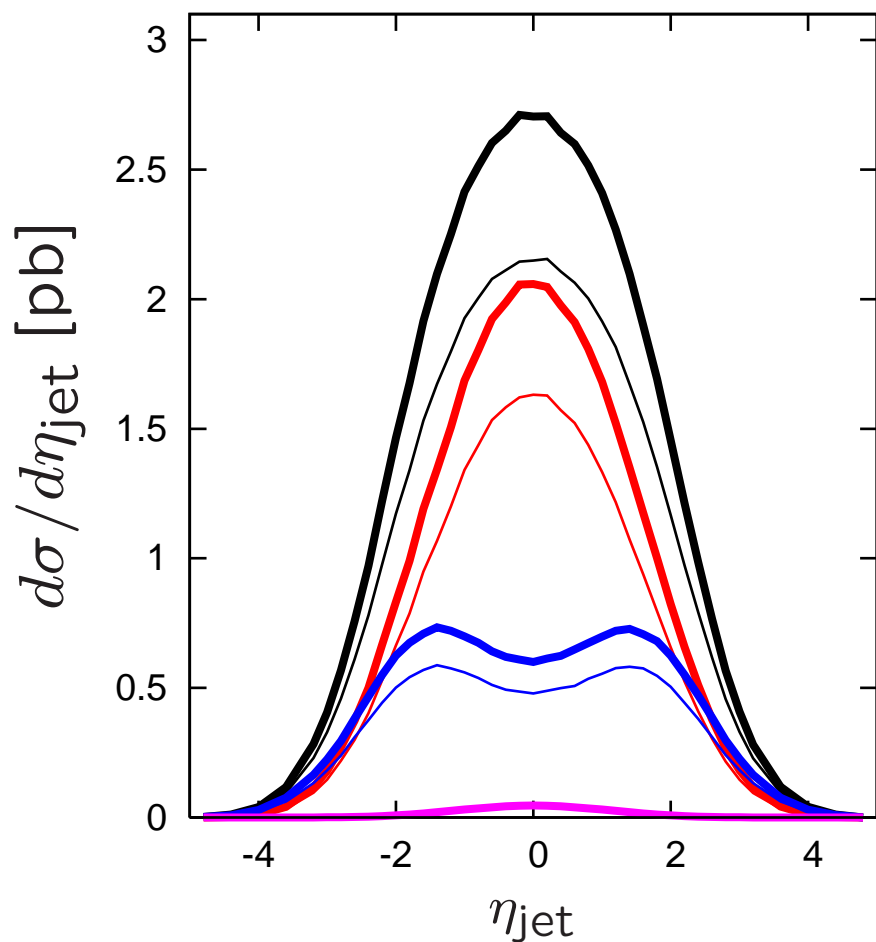
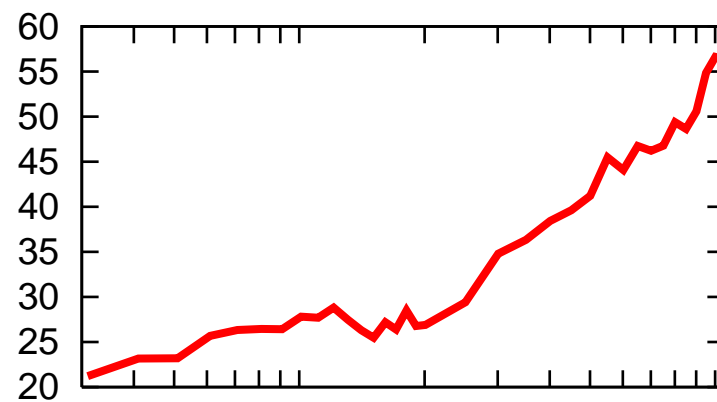
Note that the pseudo-rapidity $\eta_{\text{jet}} = y_{\text{jet}}^{\text{lab}}$ for the massless outgoing parton.

(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

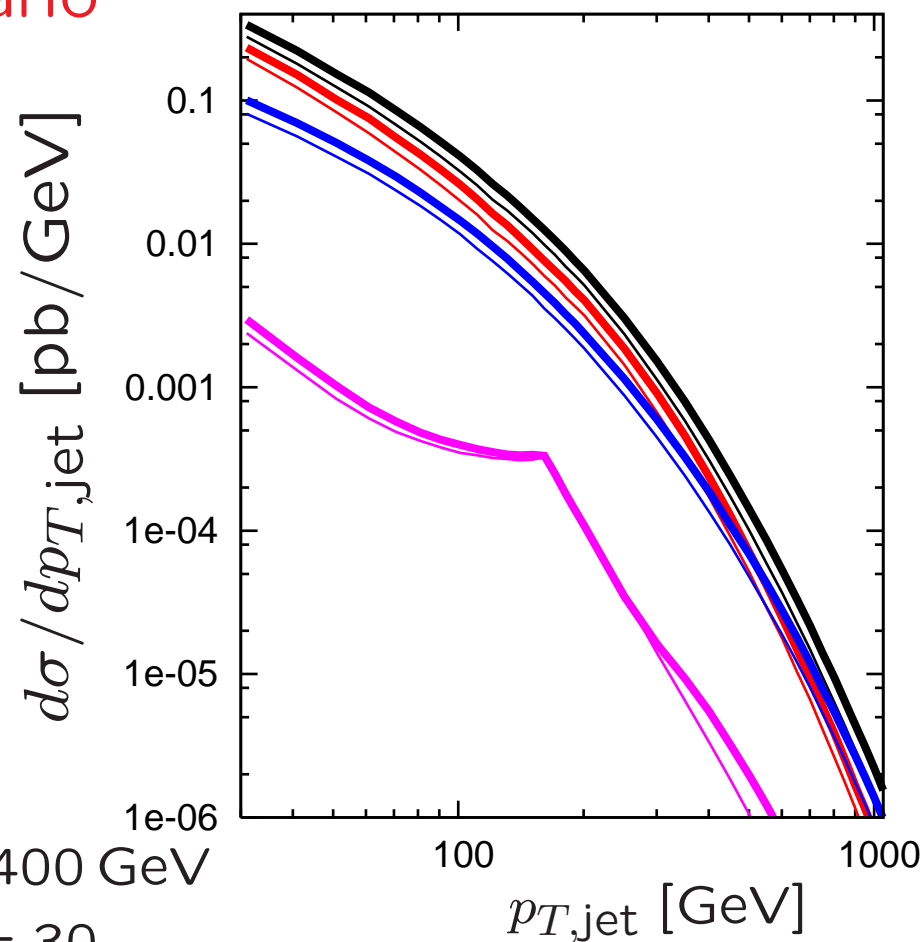
$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



LHC
no-mixing
scenario

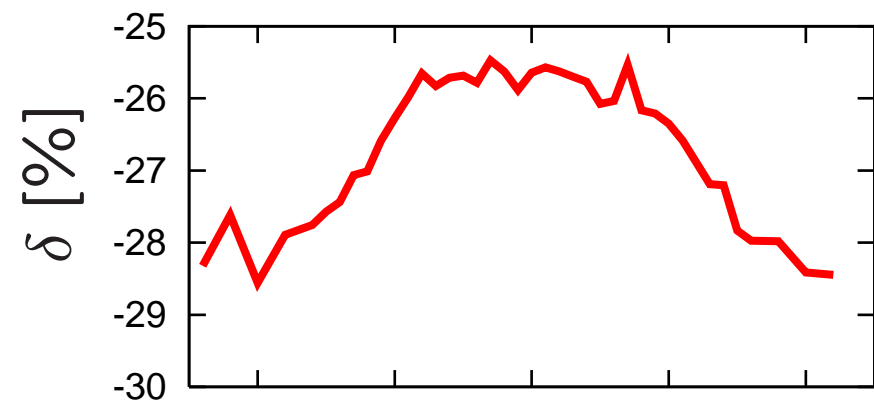


$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

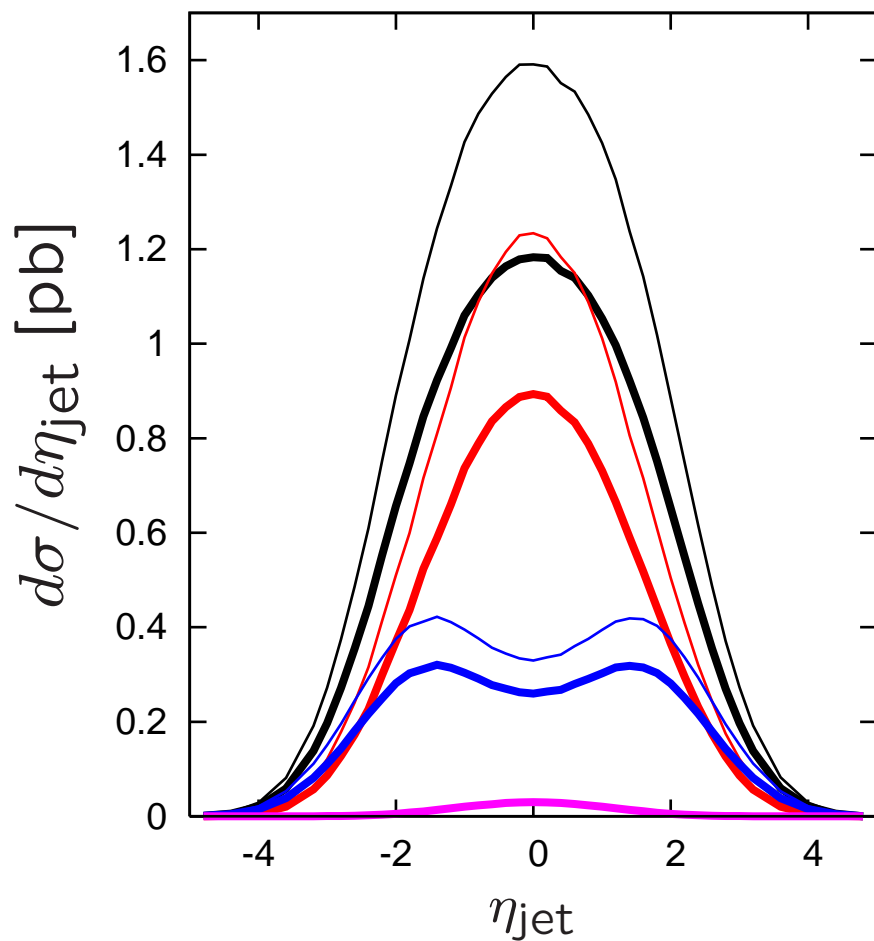
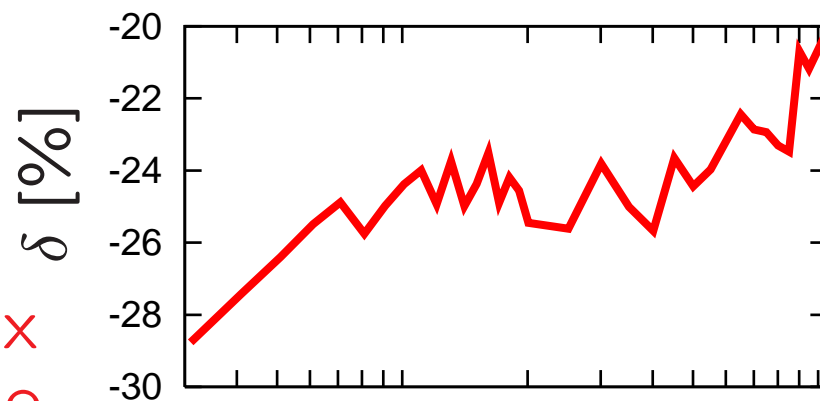


(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

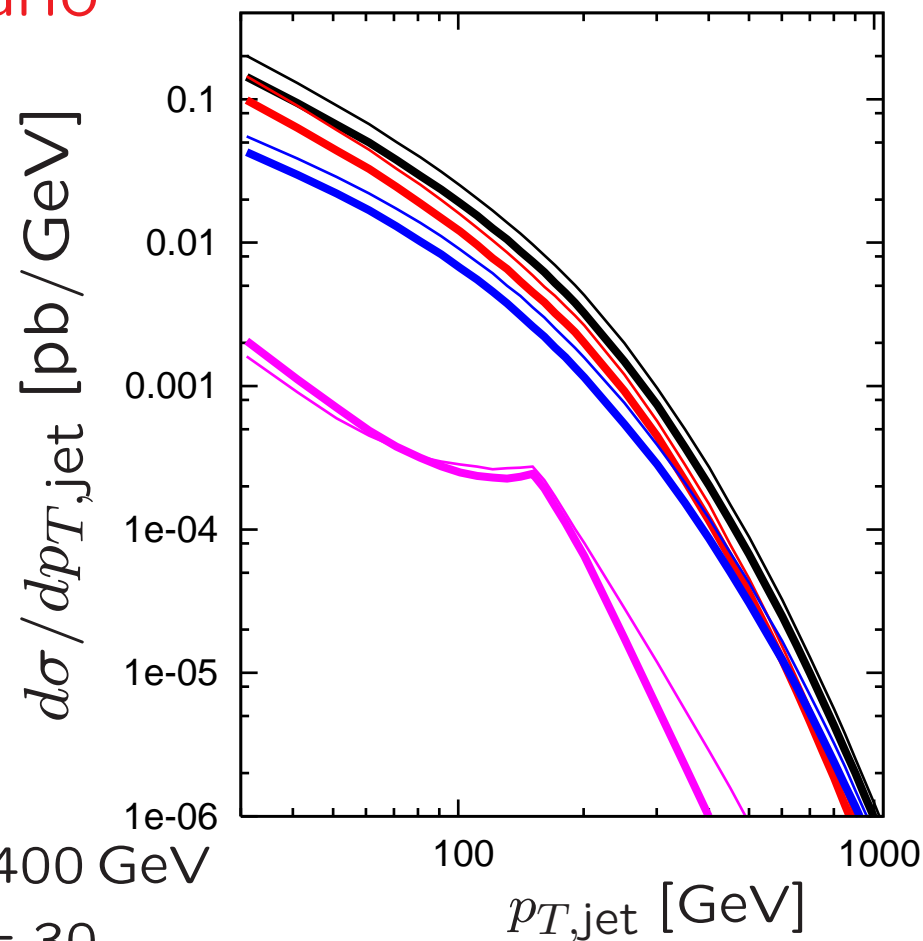
$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



LHC
 m_h -max
scenario

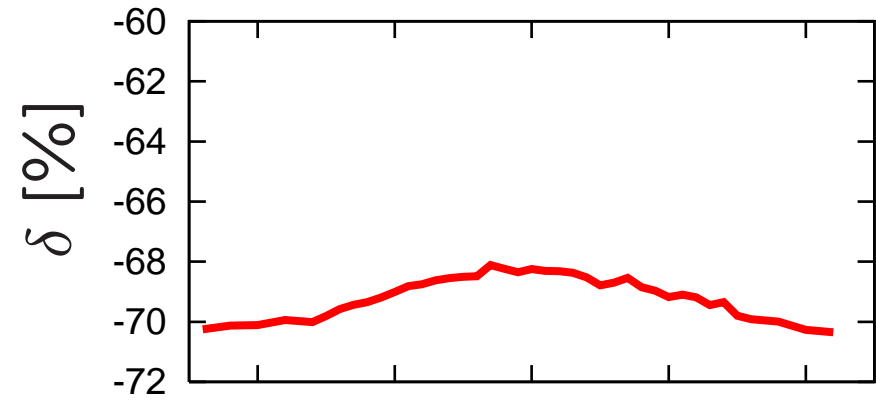


$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

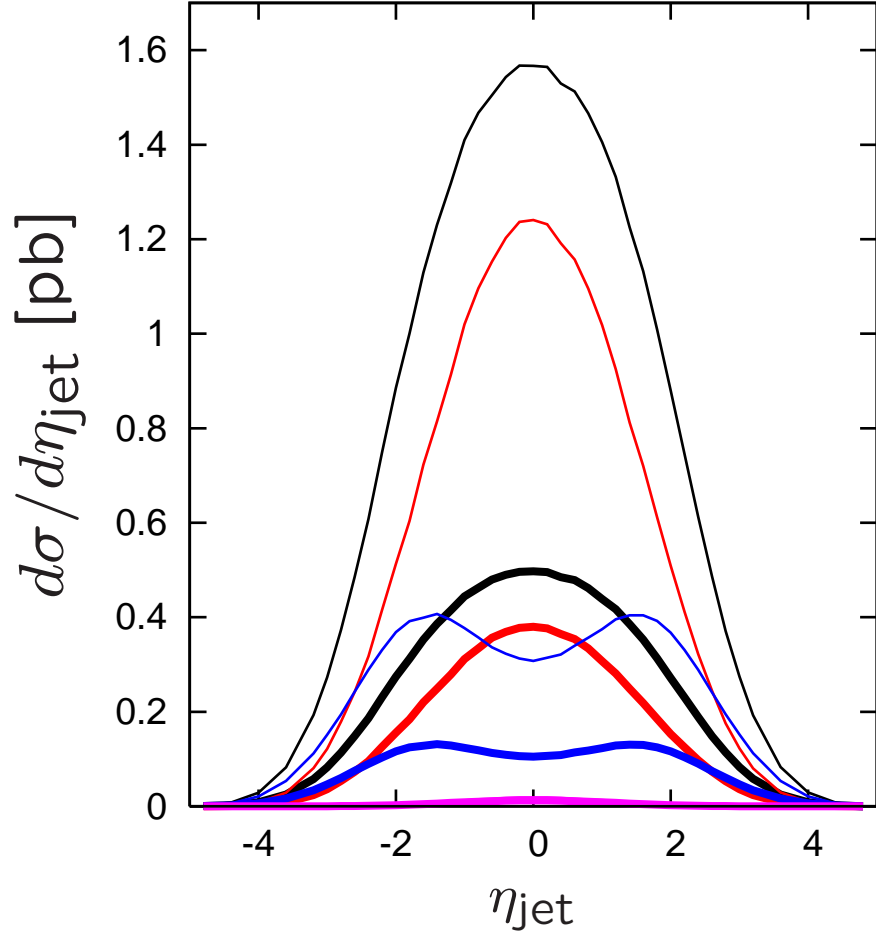
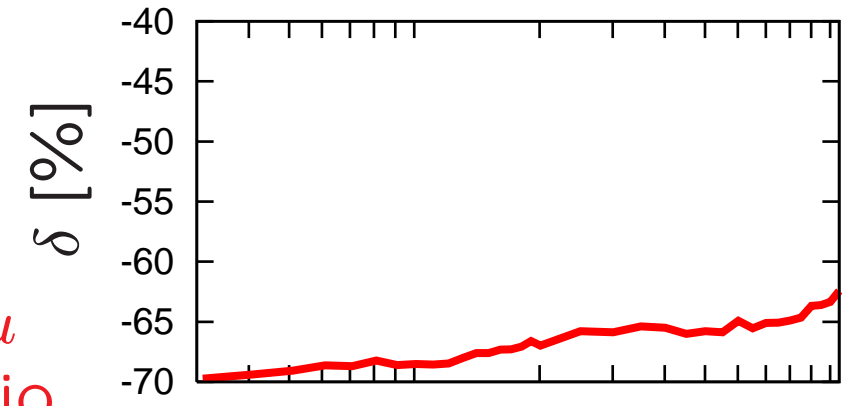


$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :

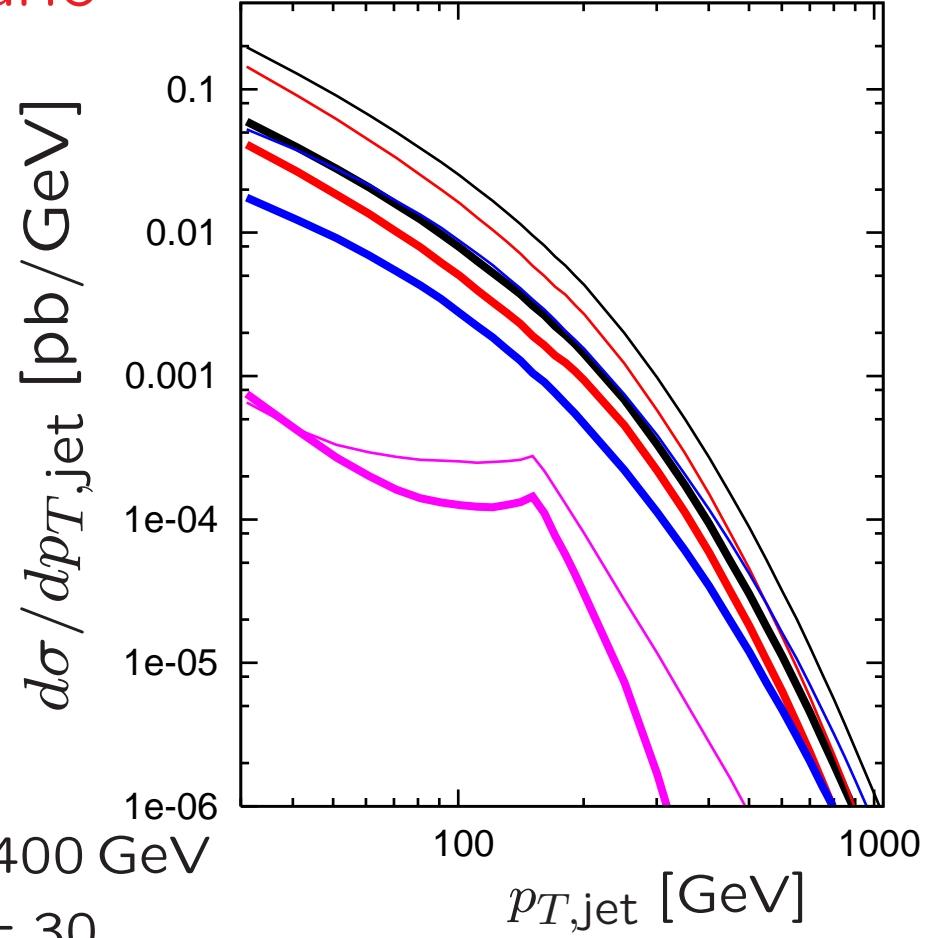
(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)



LHC
large- μ
scenario



$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$



summary

- SM simulations show: Higgs + high- p_T jet production is a promising alternative to the inclusive production.
- LO MSSM prediction shows large effects due to virtual squarks.
(processes loop-induced)
 - sizeable differences between SM and MSSM expectations can occur
 - angular distributions are changed at the $\approx 5\%$ level
- more precise predictions are needed in order to be useful for experimental analyses at the LHC.

FORTTRAN code **HJET** to calculate the MSSM (and SM) cross sections,

$$\sigma_{\text{hadronic}}^{\text{total}},$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{hadronic}}}{d\sqrt{\hat{s}}}, \frac{d\sigma_{\text{hadronic}}}{dp_{T,\text{jet}}}, \frac{d\sigma_{\text{hadronic}}}{dy_{\text{jet}}},$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{\text{hadronic}}}{dp_{T,\text{jet}} dy_{\text{jet}}}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{\text{partonic}}^{\text{total}},$$

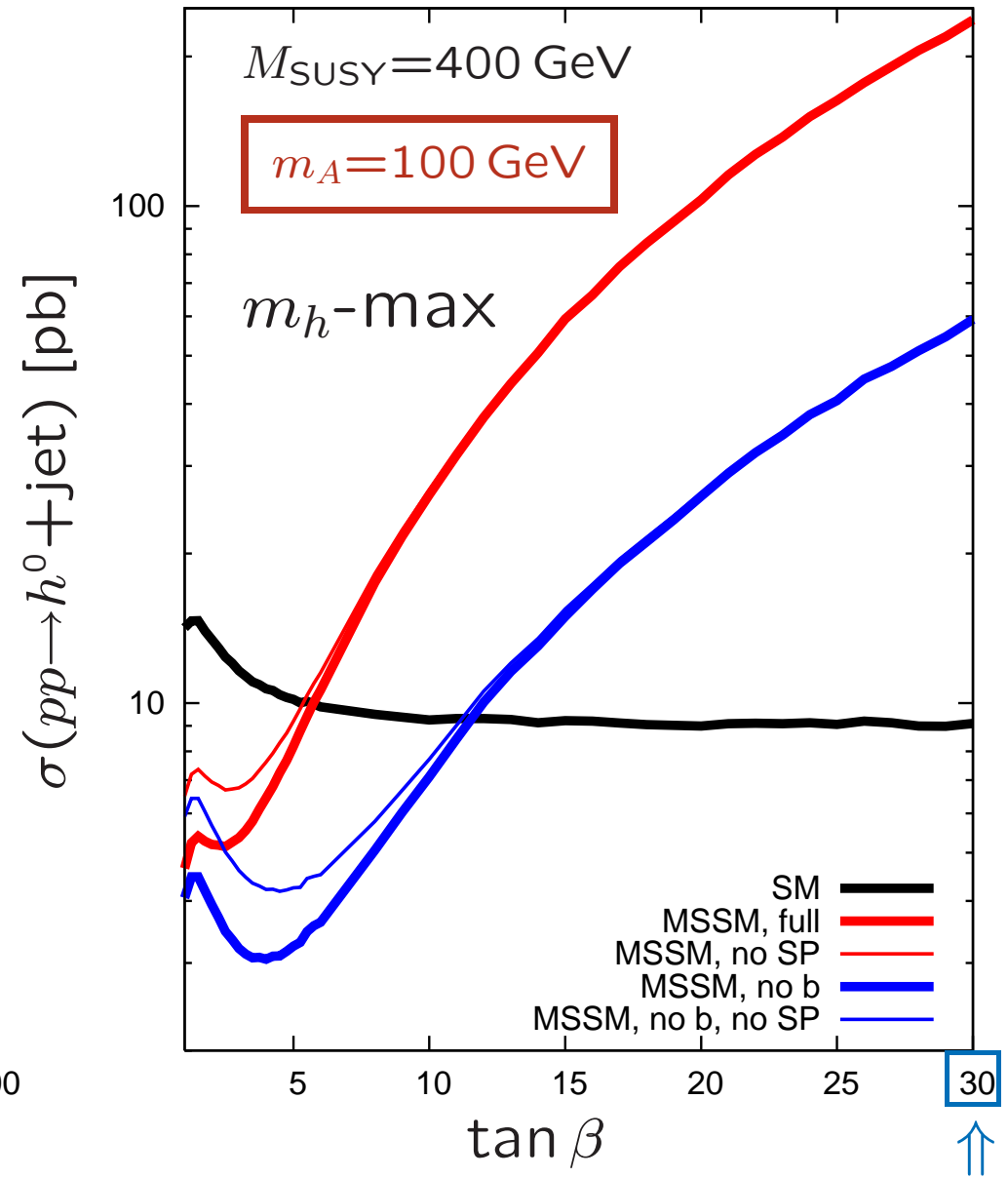
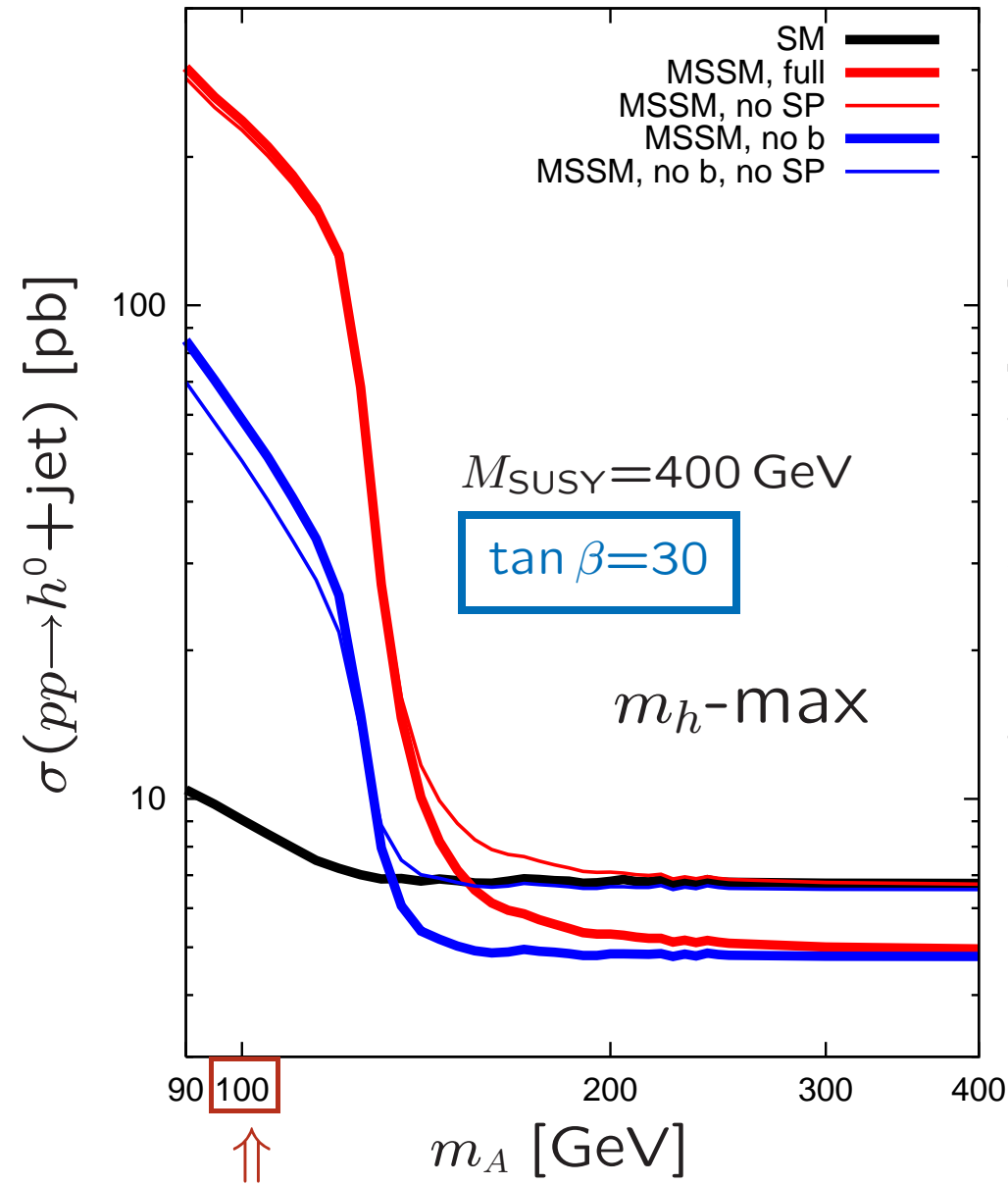
$$\frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{\text{partonic}}}{d\Omega}, \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{\text{partonic}}}{d\hat{t}}, \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{\text{partonic}}}{dy_{\text{jet}}}, \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{\text{partonic}}}{dp_{T,\text{jet}}},$$

is available on request → oliver.brein@durham.ac.uk

Backup

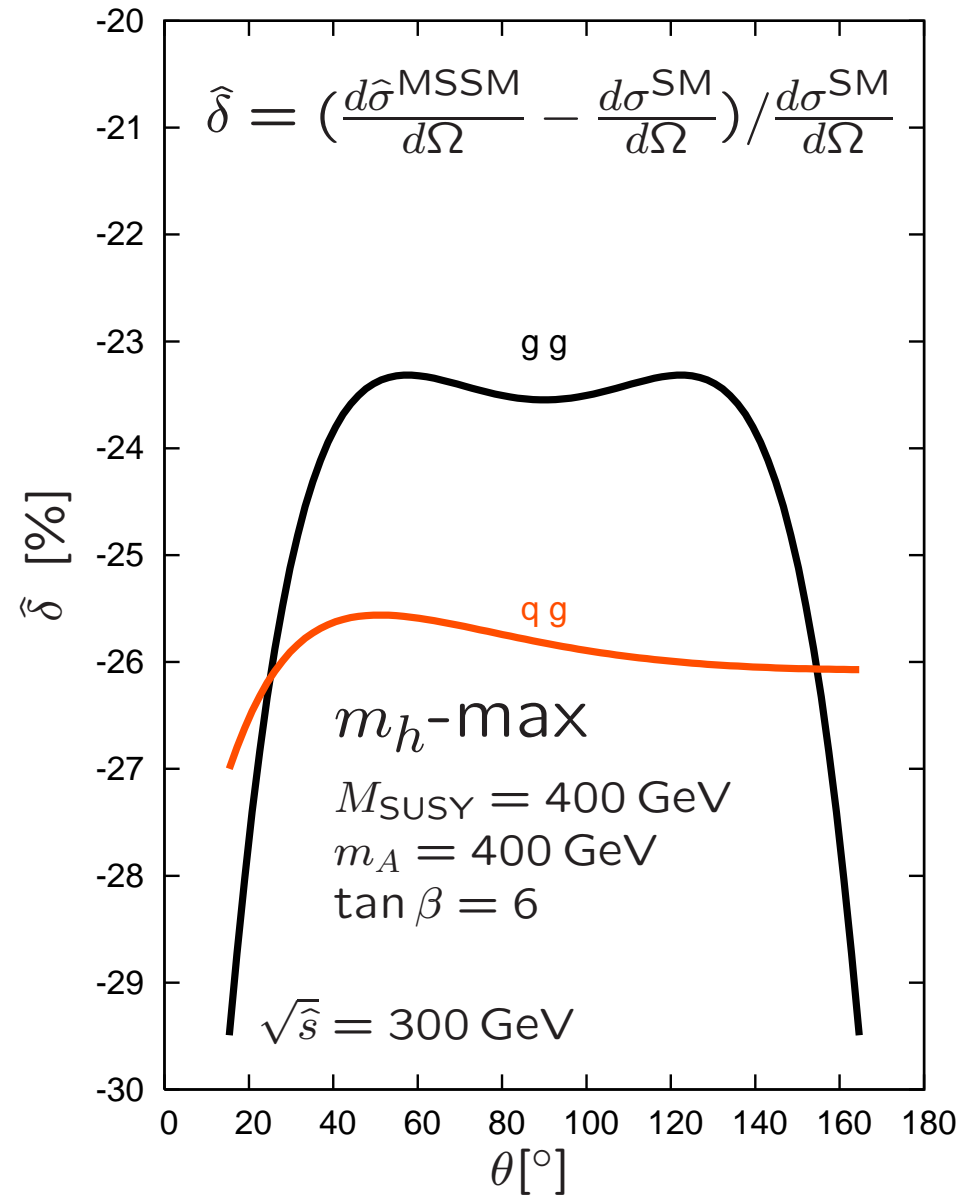
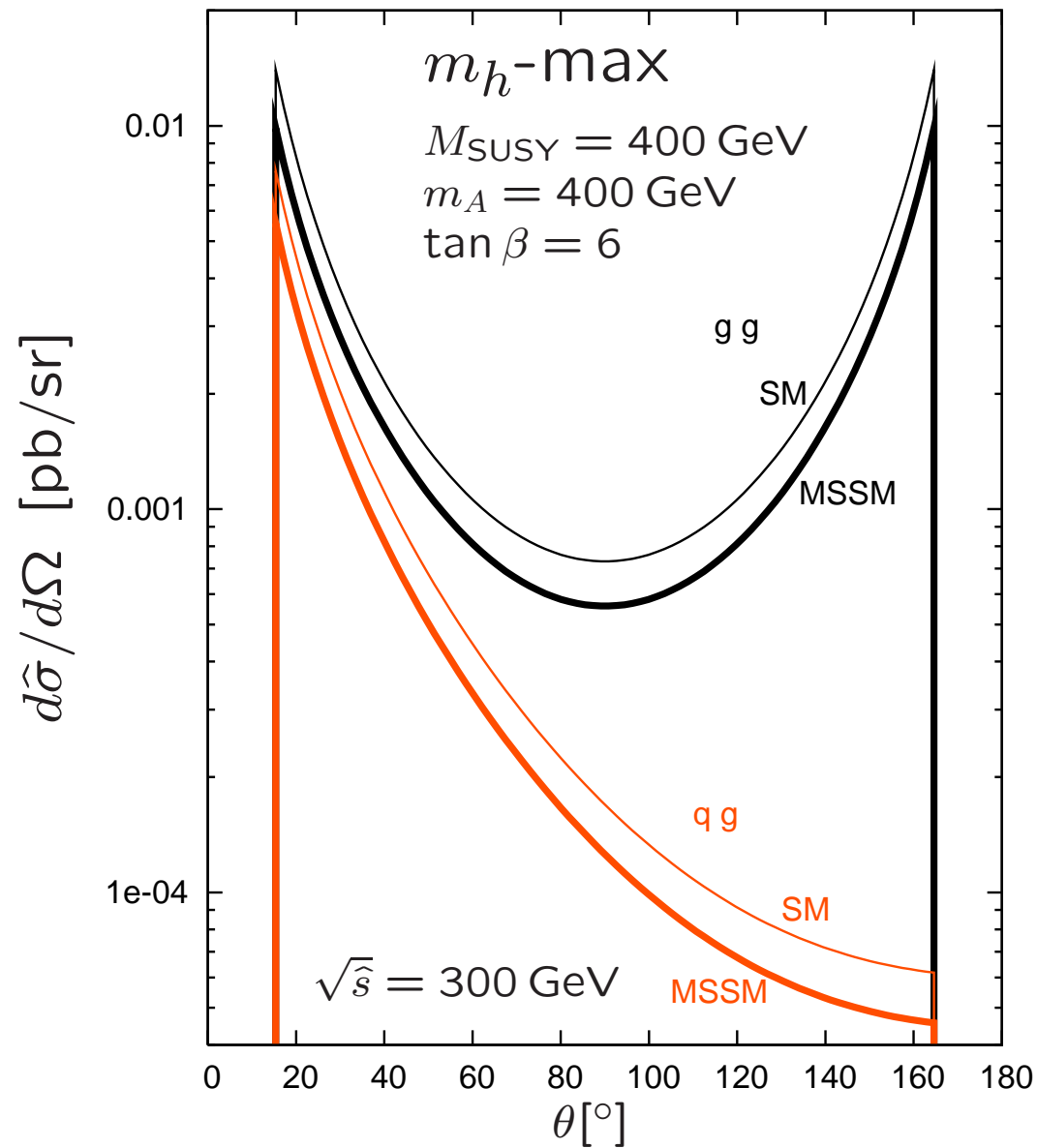
m_A - and $\tan\beta$ -dependence

(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)



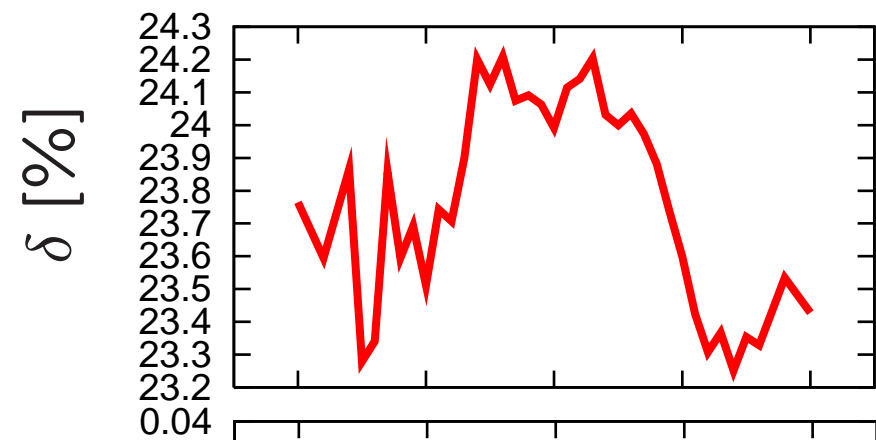
differential partonic cross sections

(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

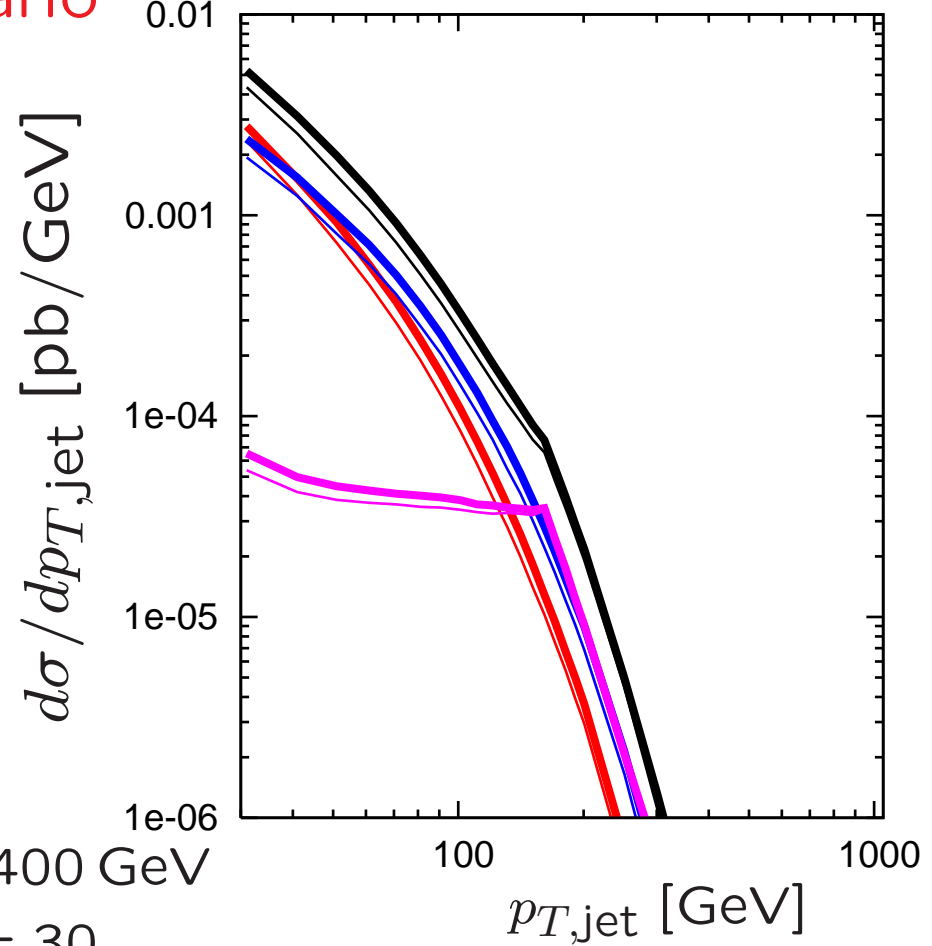
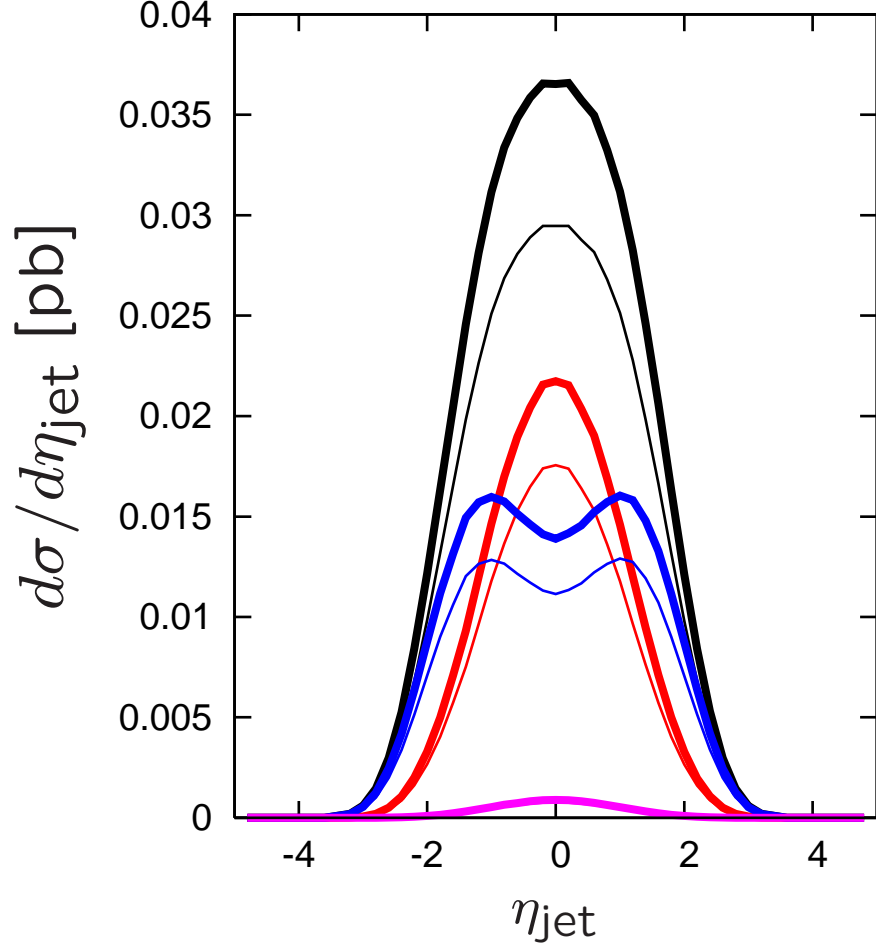
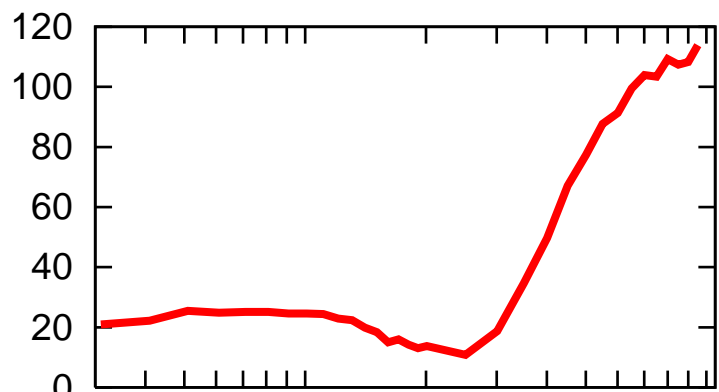


(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



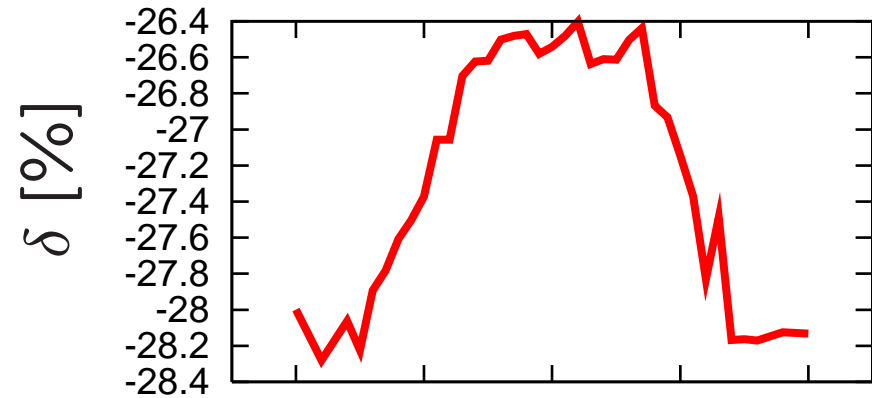
Tevatron
no-mixing
scenario



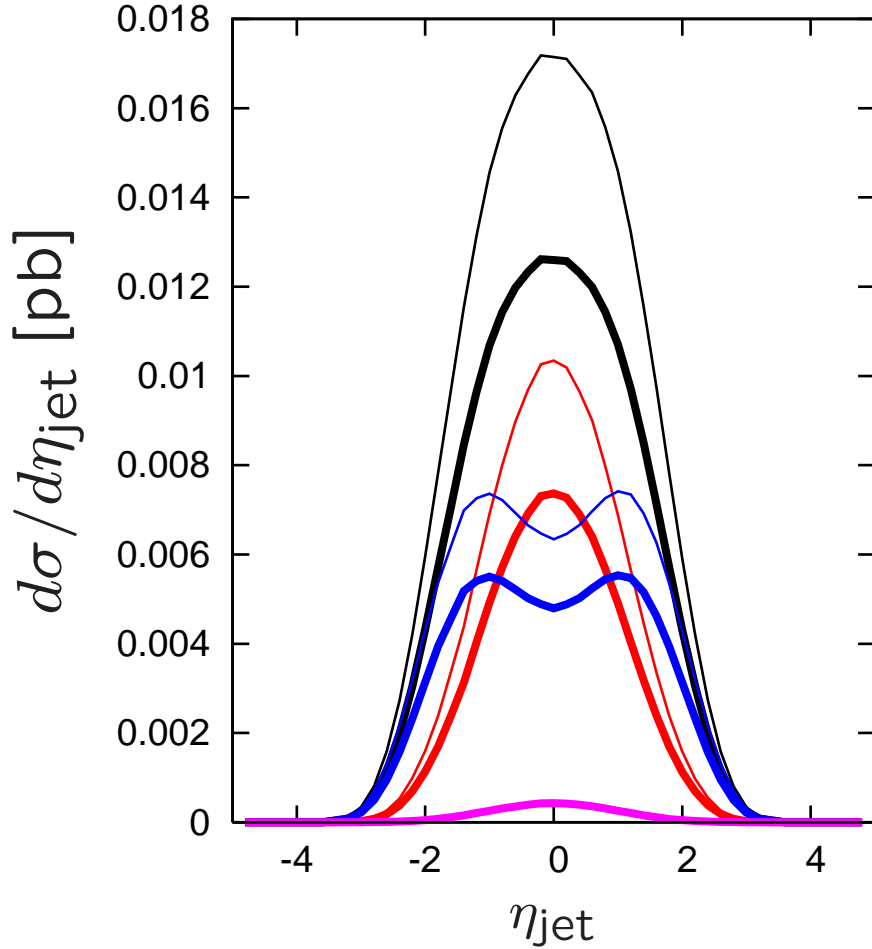
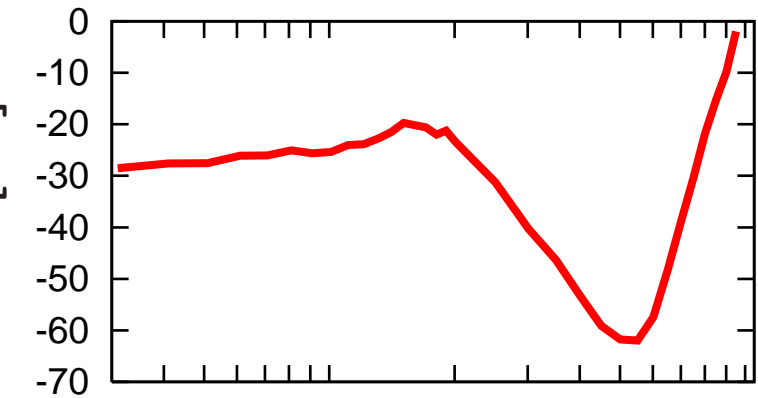
$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :

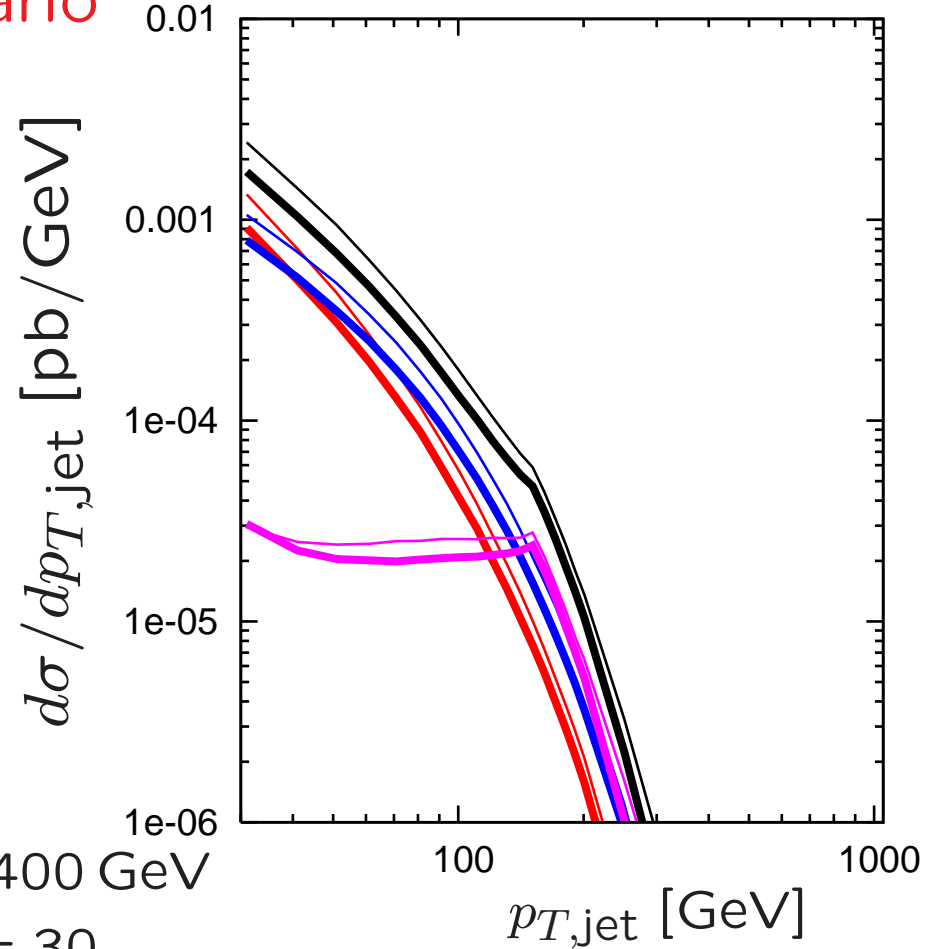
(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)



Tevatron
 m_h -max
scenario

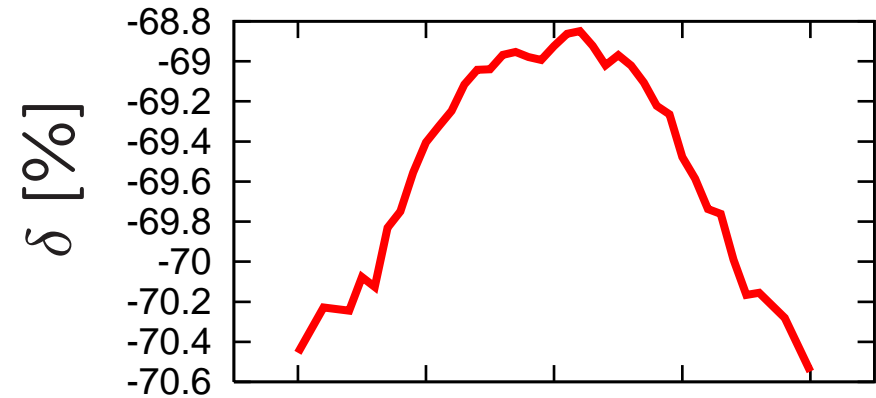


$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

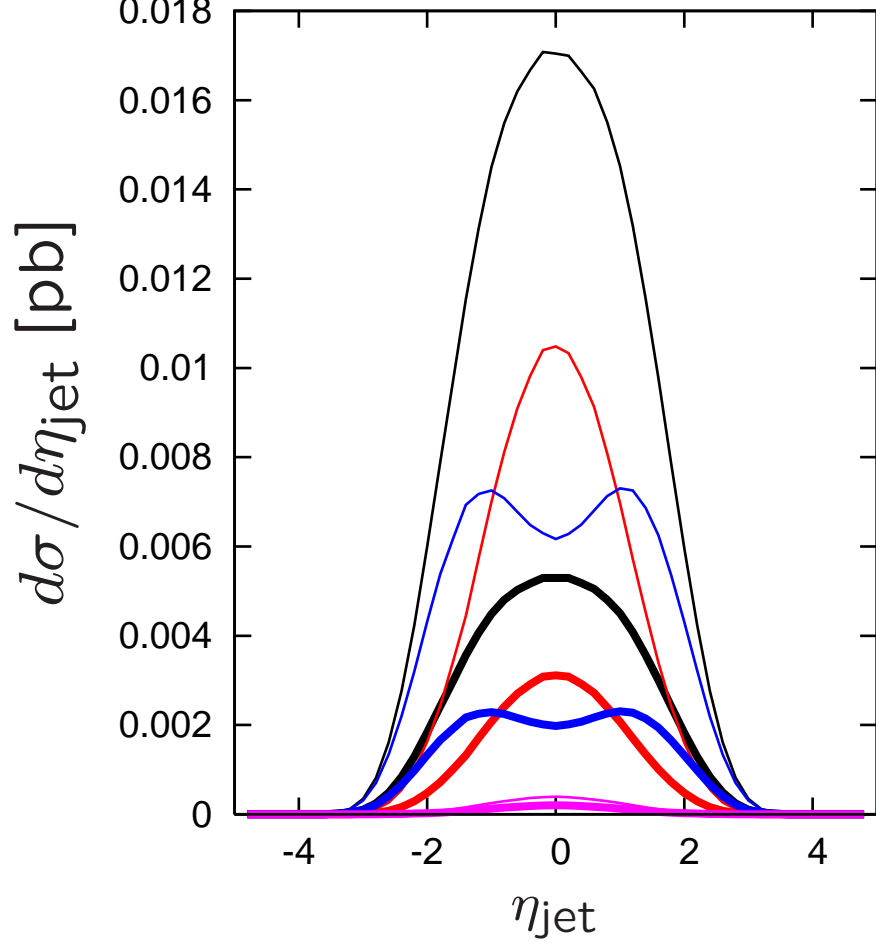
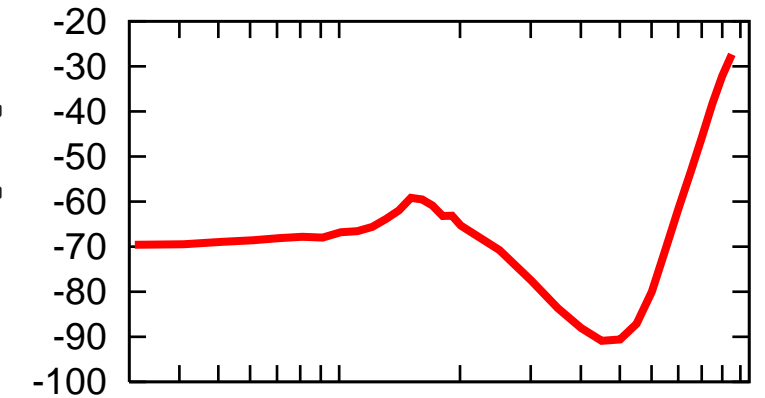


(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

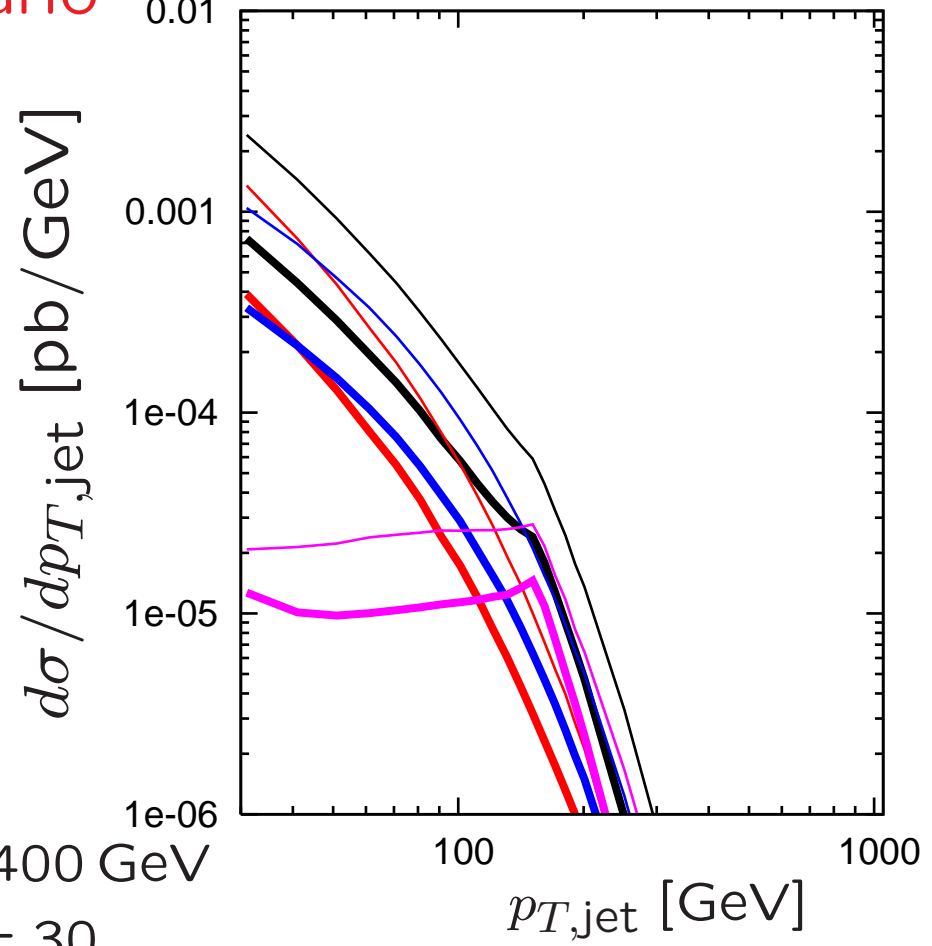
$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



Tevatron
large- μ
scenario

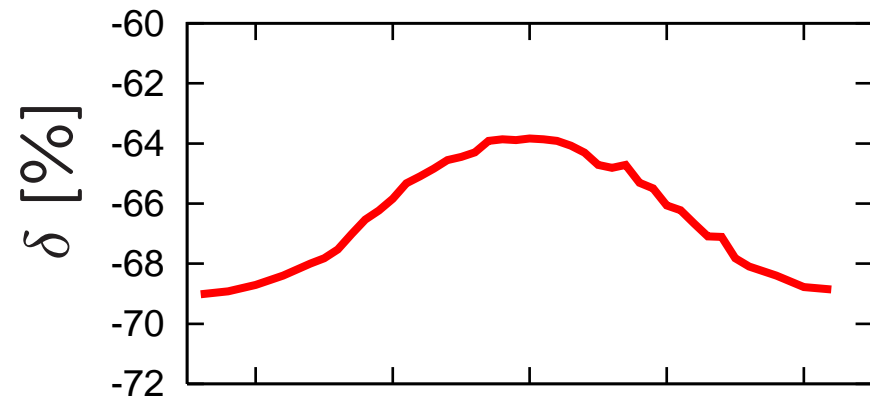


$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

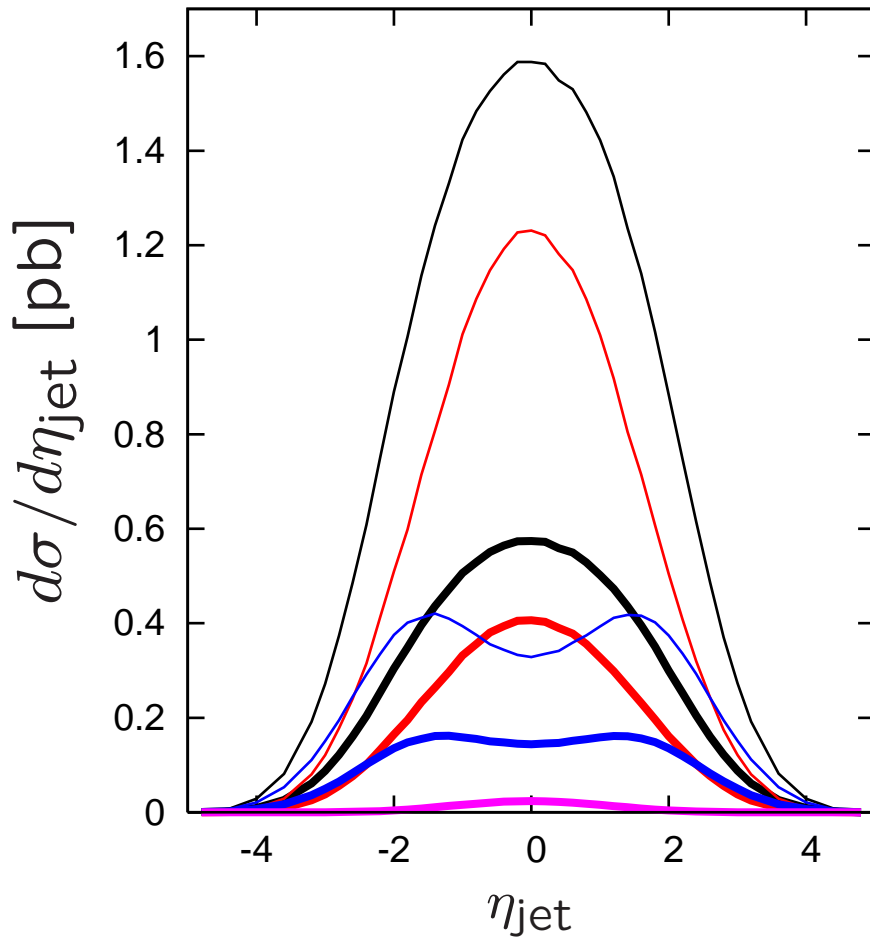
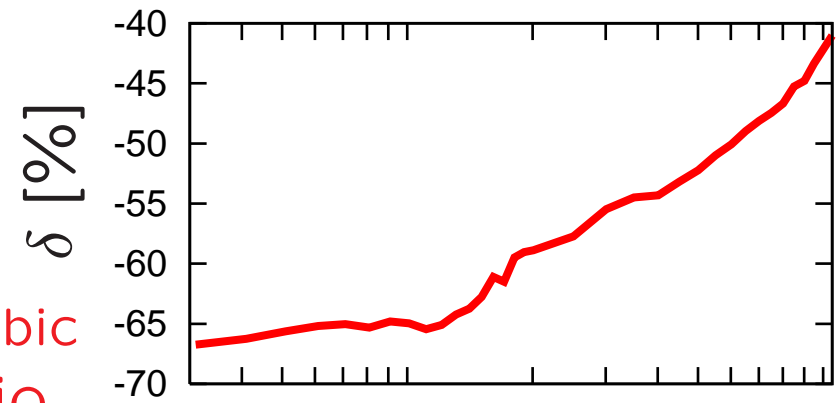


(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

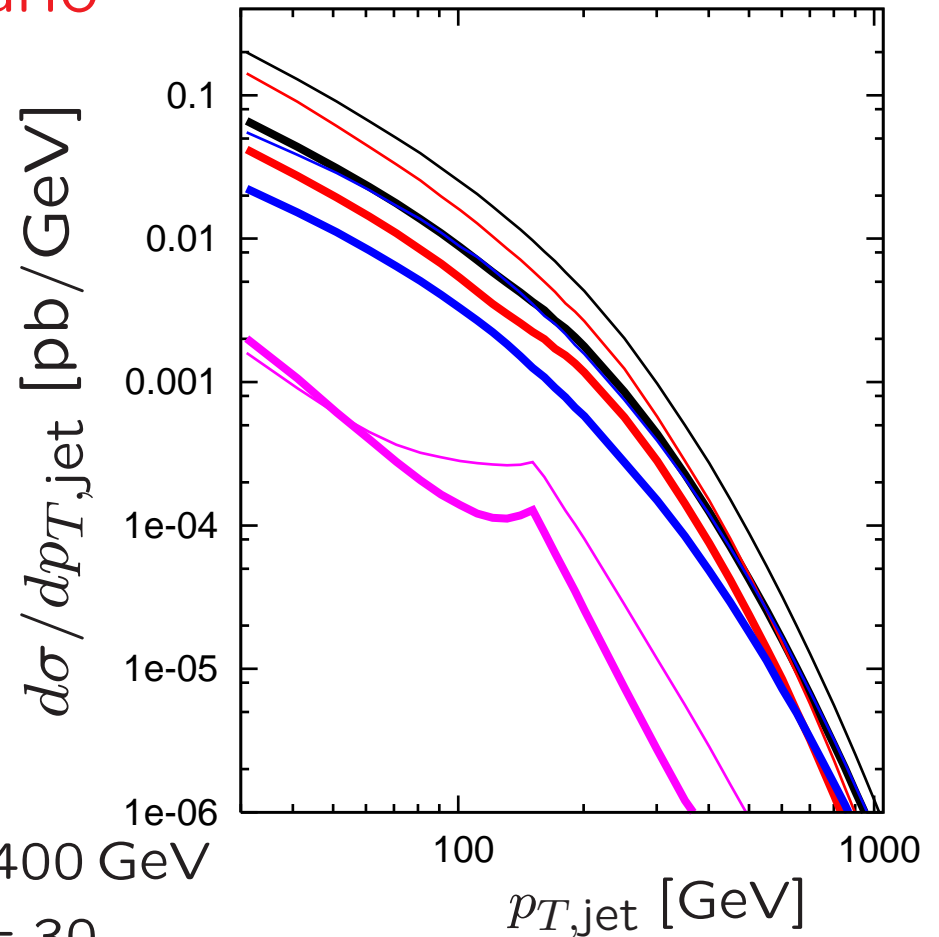
$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



LHC
gluophobic
scenario

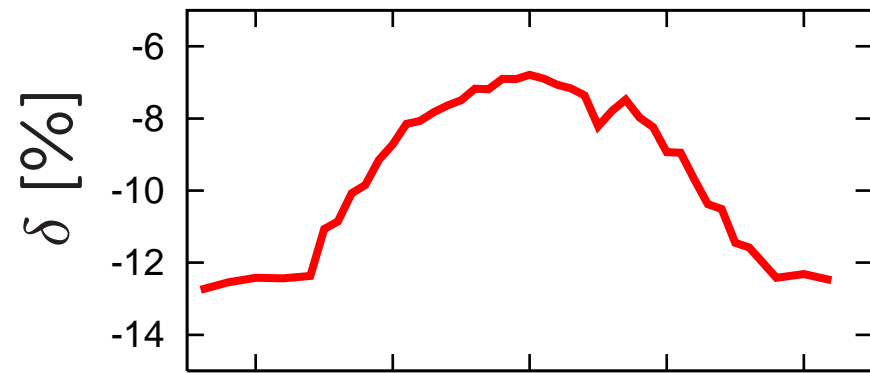


$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

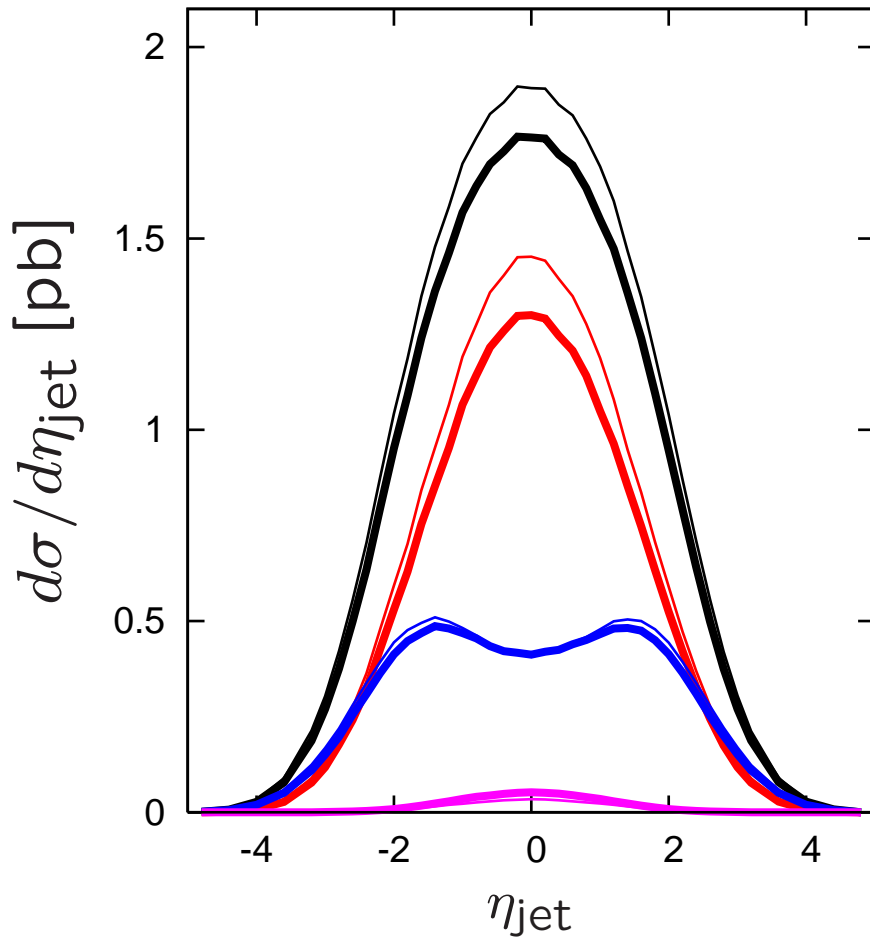
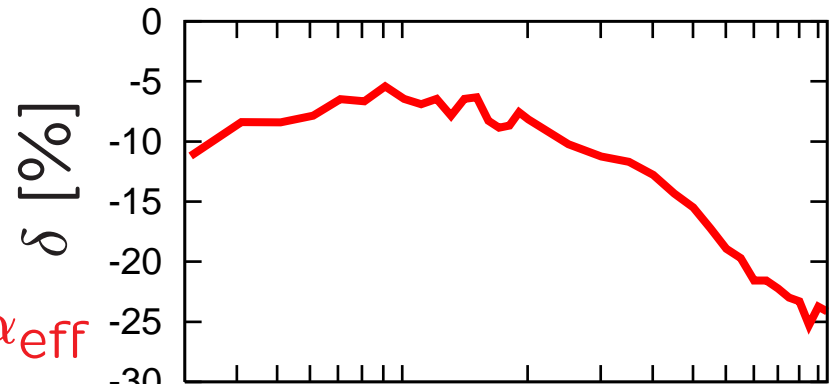


(cuts: $p_{T,\text{jet}} \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| \leq 4.5$)

$p_{T,\text{jet}}$ - and y_{jet} -dependence :



LHC
small α_{eff}
scenario



$m_A = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $\tan \beta = 30$

