
SUSY in top final states at mSUGRA point LM1 with CMS

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Outline



- Motivation/Objectives
- Signal and Background characterization and MC samples used
- Kinematic fit for top extraction
- Selection Requirements
- Results
- CMS reach
- Conclusion

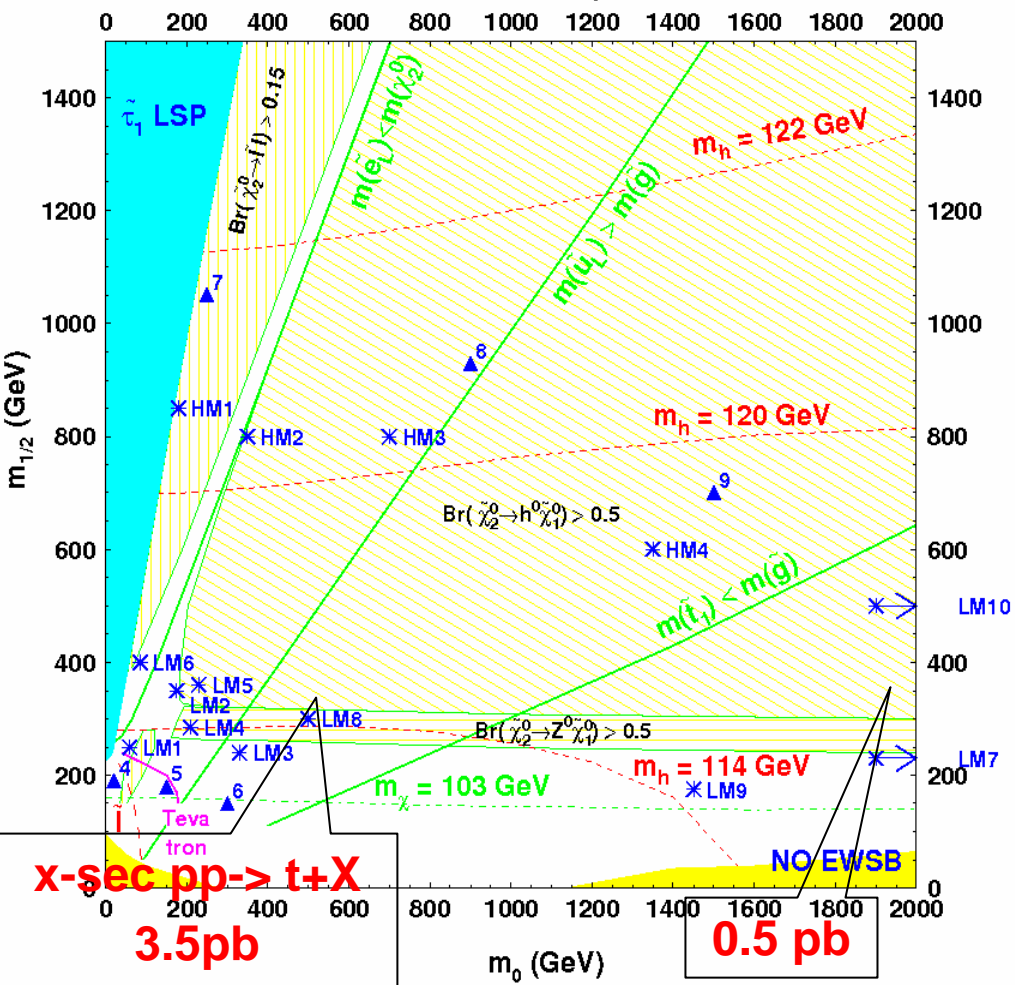
Motivation/Objectives

- Examine low mass SUSY observability in final states containing top
- Use CMS test point LM1 (B' postWMAP) where gluino cross section is high (35 pb)
- Target the decays to stop and sbottom
- Because they are heavier than the top
 - a lot of top quarks are generated via SUSY production/decays.
- The 2 neutralinos result in events with high MET.
- The inclusive SUSY signature is top+MET.



LM1: spectrum and branching ratios

MSUGRA, $\tan\beta = 10$, $A_0 = 0$, $\mu > 0$



LM1 parameters: $M_{1/2} = 250$,
 $M_0 = 60$, $\tan\beta = 10$, $\text{sign}(\mu) = +$

\tilde{u}_R, \tilde{c}_R	541.52	\tilde{u}_L, \tilde{c}_L	557.99
\tilde{d}_R, \tilde{s}_R	541.18	\tilde{d}_L, \tilde{s}_L	563.99
\tilde{b}_2	534.96	\tilde{b}_1	514.17
\tilde{t}_2	575.85	\tilde{t}_1	411.91
\tilde{g}	611.32	$\chi_{2,3}^\pm$	360.99
$\chi_{1,2}^\pm$	179.50	χ_4^0	361.81
χ_3^0	341.29	χ_2^0	179.56
χ_1^0	94.93	h_0	112.87

$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t} + \tilde{t}_1$	6.16	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b} + \tilde{b}_1$	18.09
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b} + \tilde{b}_2$	12.67	$\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow Z^0 + \tilde{t}_1$	12.17
$\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow h_0 + \tilde{t}_1$	2.62	$\tilde{b}_2 \rightarrow W^- + \tilde{t}_1$	16.33
$\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow W^- + \tilde{t}_1$	6.64	$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \chi_2^0 + t$	12.53
$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 + t$	17.70	$\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \chi_{all}^0 + t$	40.58
$\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^+ + t$	48.36	$\tilde{b}_2 \rightarrow \chi_1^+ + t$	23.85

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LHP06 Tehran May 2006

Objects and Algorithms

- ORCA_8_7_1 (Jets from ORCA_8_7_4)
- IterCone 0.5 Input: ECAL + HCAL Towers
- Isolated electrons are removed from the list of the input for the jetFinder.
- Gamma/Jet calibrated jets:
$$E_T^{\text{raw}} > 30 \text{ GeV} \quad |\eta| < 2.5$$
- TrackCountingBTagging
- METfromECALPlusHCALTowers + muon correction
- Isolated e/ μ $P_T > 5.0$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$, $(\Delta R(l-j) > 0.2)$
- 2C kinematic fit to extract top quark (CMS NOTE-2006/023)

2 Constraints Kinematic Fit

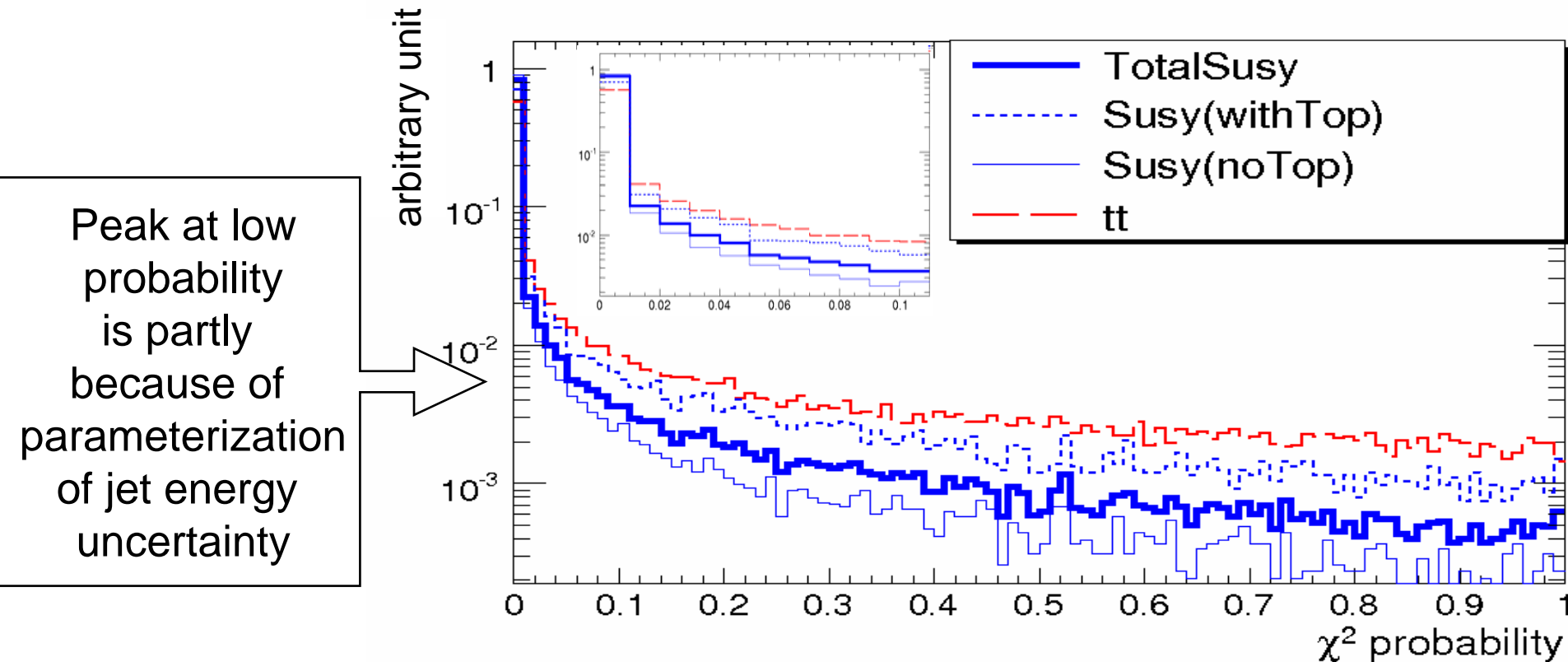
- The purpose of this analysis is not to measure the top mass
 → top mass is used with W mass as the 2 constraints to find the best jet combination.
 1. To reject non-SUSY backgrounds (W+X)
 2. To reject SUSY combinatorial backgrounds
- Only energy of Jets is smeared in the detector
 (checked that directional errors have a small effect.)

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{(E_i - E_i^m)^2}{\sigma_i^2} + \frac{(m_W - M_W)^2}{(\Gamma_W/2)^2} + \frac{(m_{Top} - M_{Top})^2}{(\Gamma_{Top}/2)^2}$$

- Last 2 terms: take into account the width of the particles.
 (Breit-Wigner approximated by Gaussian.)
- m_W and m_{Top} computed from jets. The third jet is a b -jet.
- Error parameterization from the CMS Note AN2005-005

2 Constraints Kinematic Fit

uses the (χ^2 probability) as quantitative criterion to reject “fake” top



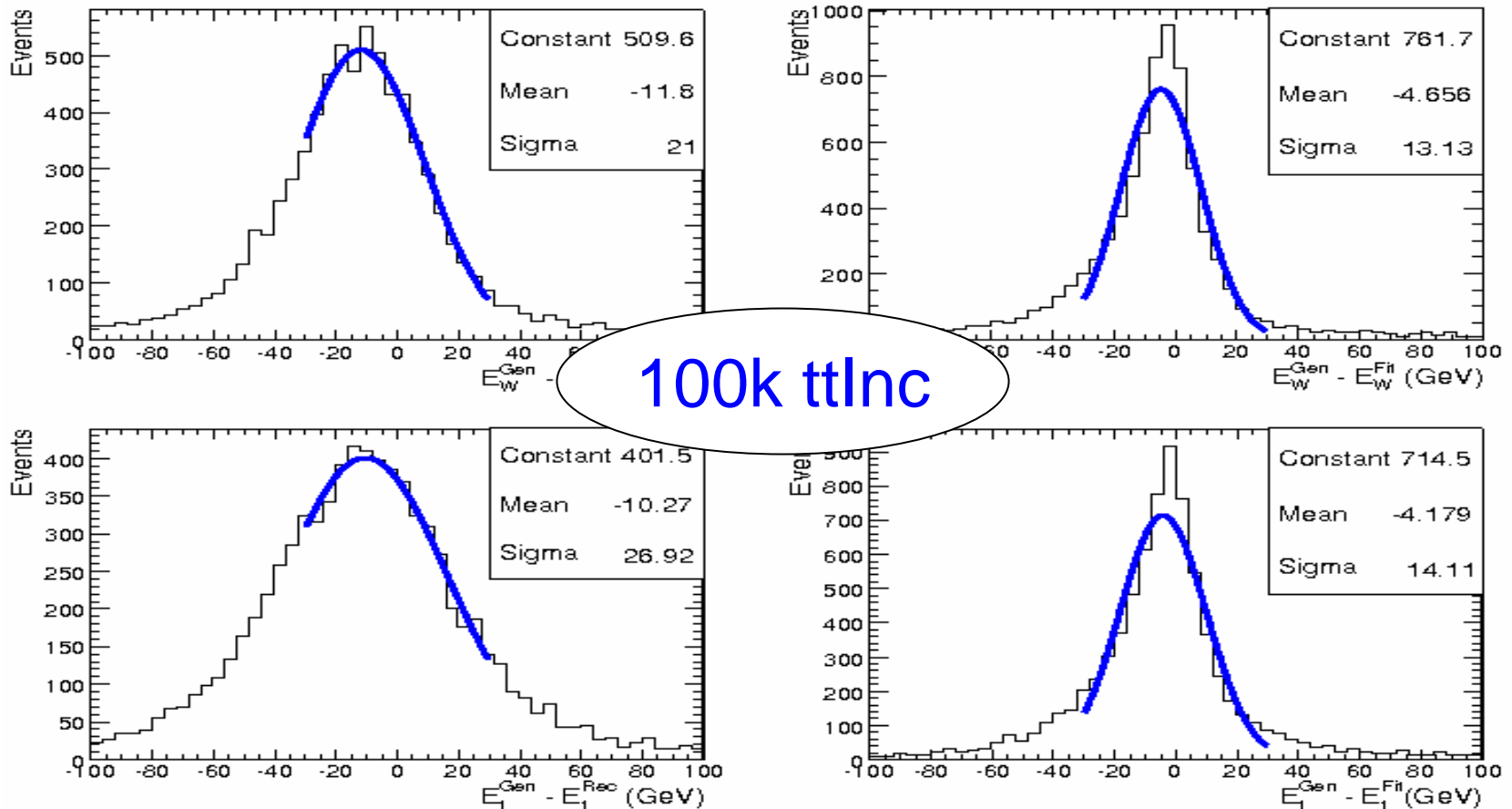
In THIS SLIDE TotalSusy= 200 k LM1 (inclusive), tt=100 k (inclusive)

2 Constraints Kinematic Fit

Improves the kinematic features of reconstructed top and W

Improved energy resolution for W and top by $\sim 40\%$ and $\sim 50\%$

Improved bias



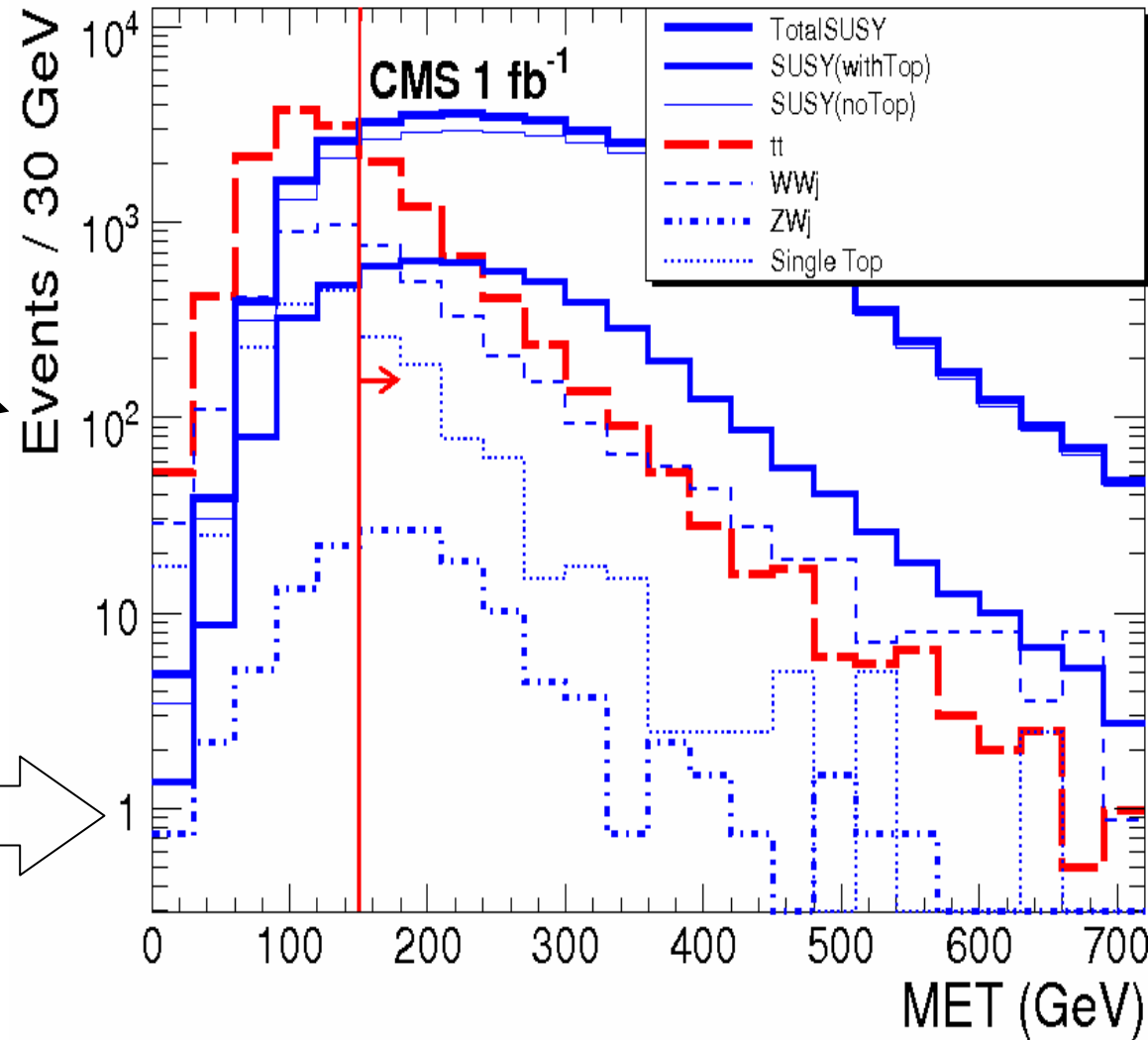
Selection requirements (1)



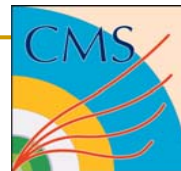
1) Jet/MET L1+HLT

2) MET > 150 GeV

After Previous Cuts



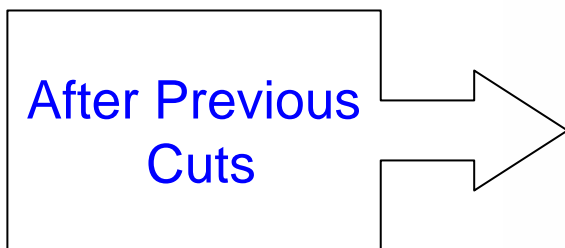
Selection requirements (2)



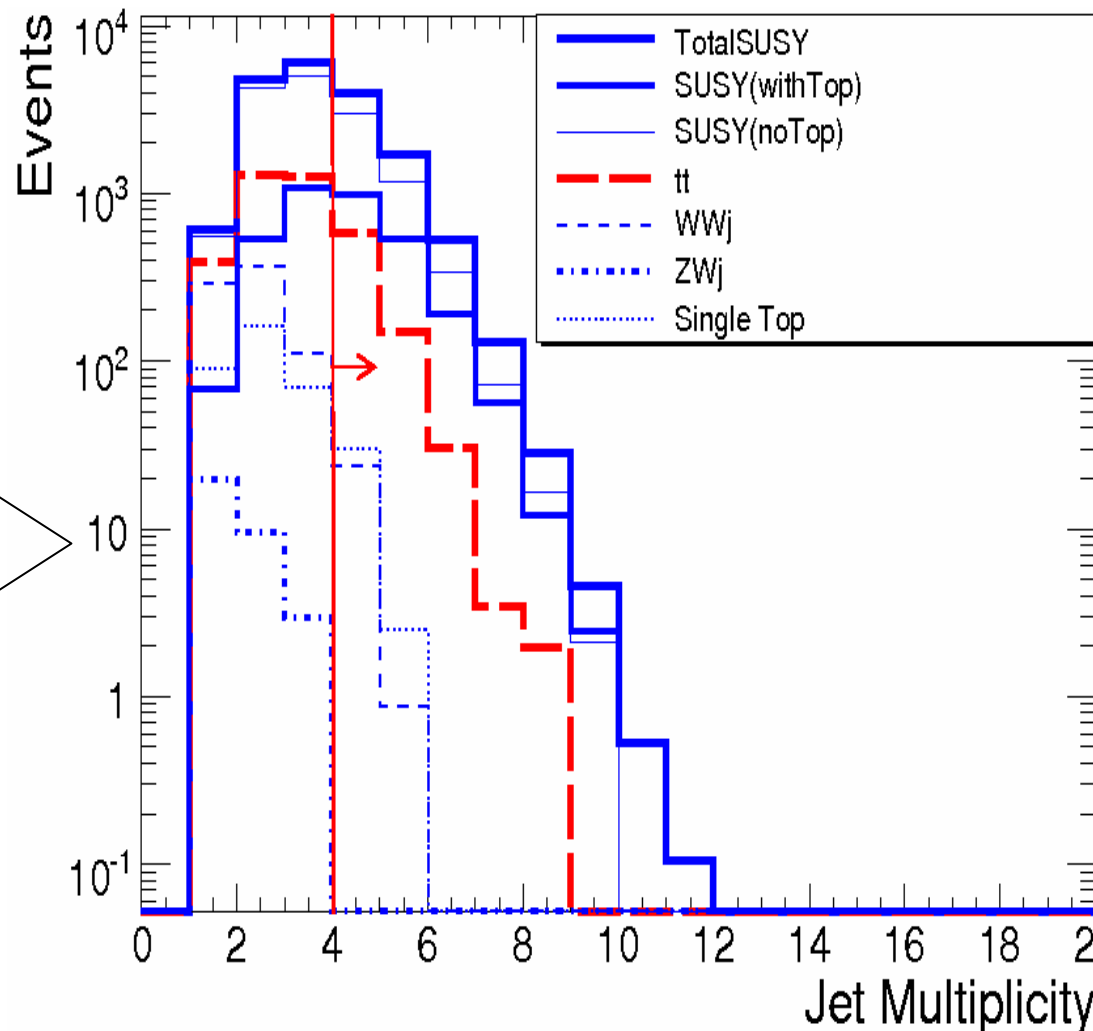
3) At least 1 *b*-jet.

4) At least 4 light or *b*-jets.

(to eliminate QCD, *W/ZW*)

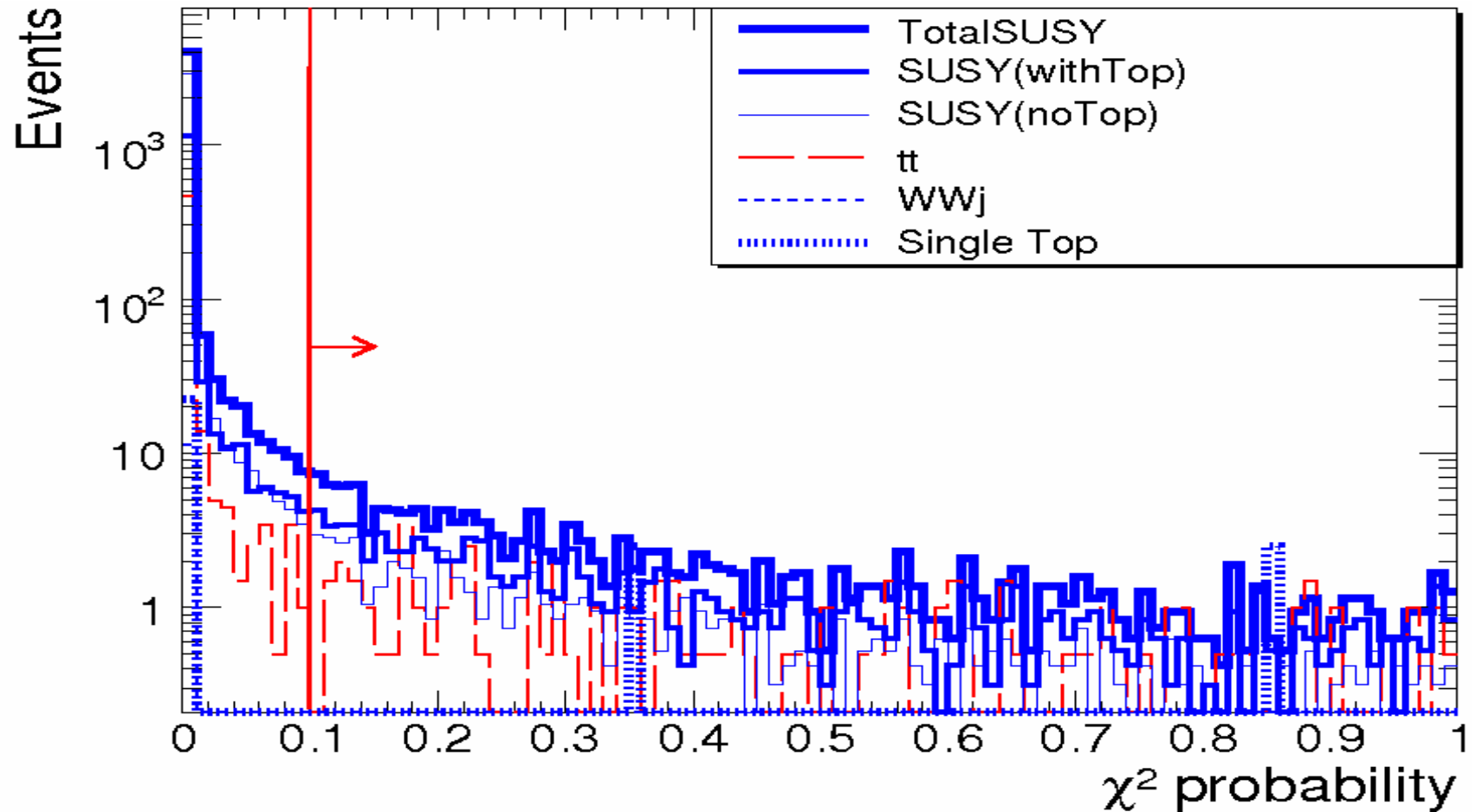


5) A Convergent Fit



Selection requirements (3)

6) χ^2 probability > 0.1 (eliminates fake top: SUSY combinatorics)



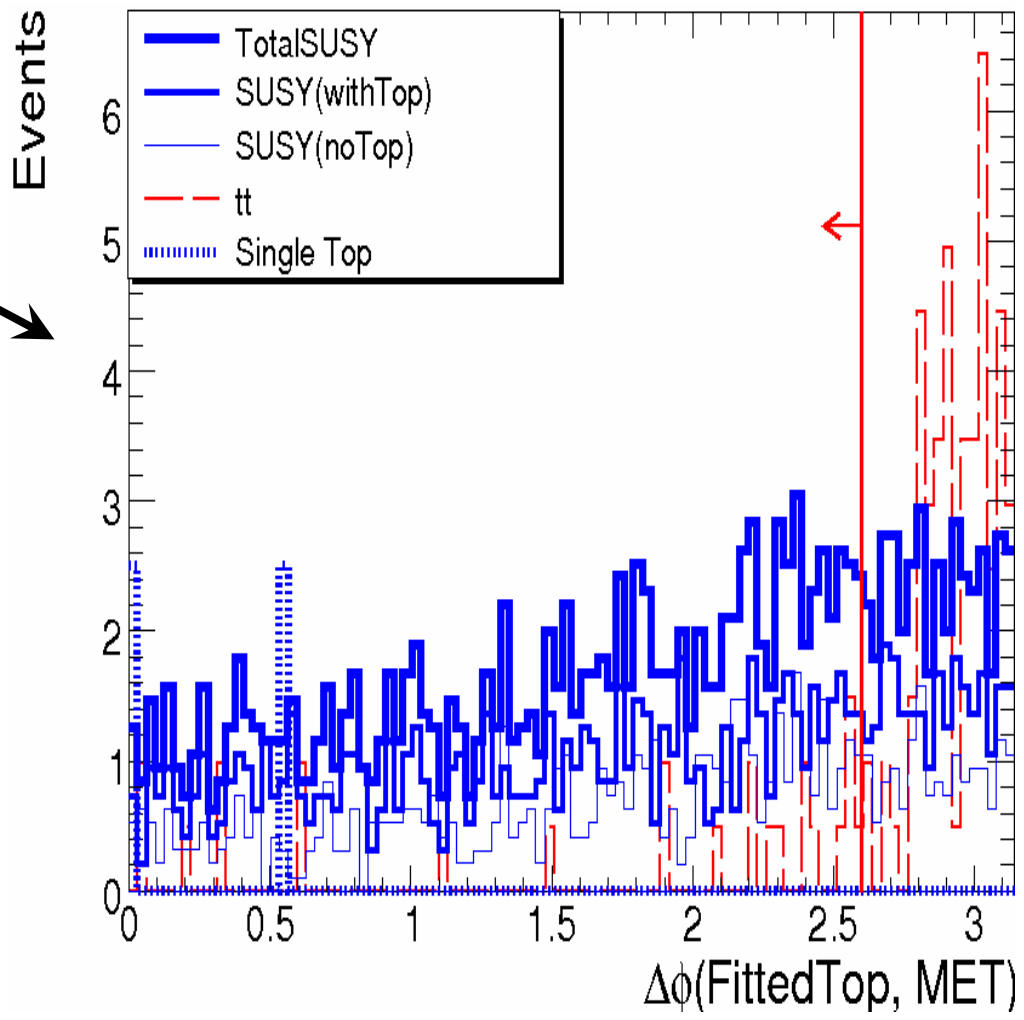
Selection requirements (4)

7) $\Delta\phi$ (fittedTop, MET) < 2.6
(eliminates tt)

8) At least one IsoLep
(eliminates QCD)

Cuts were optimized to:

- Reduce SM Bkg
- Maximize $\frac{\text{SUSY(wT/noT)}}{\text{SUSY events without a gen top}}$



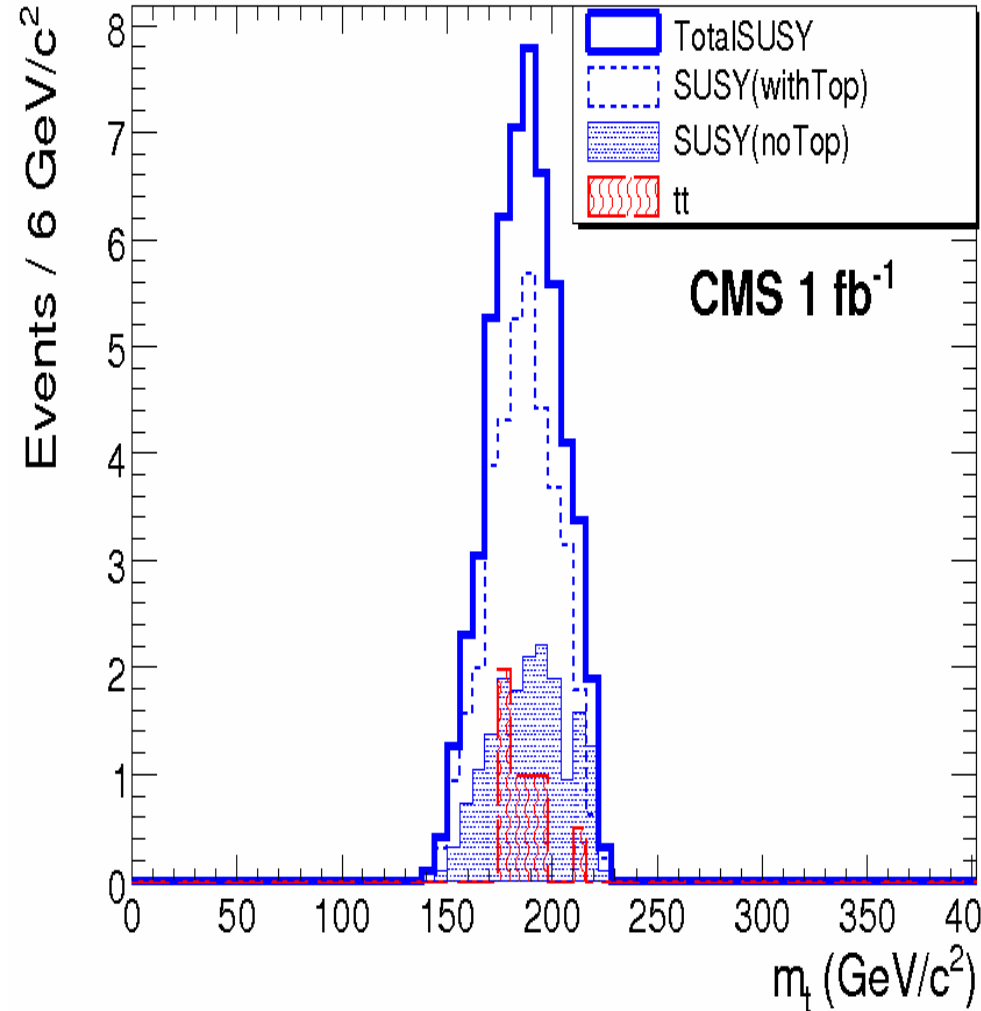
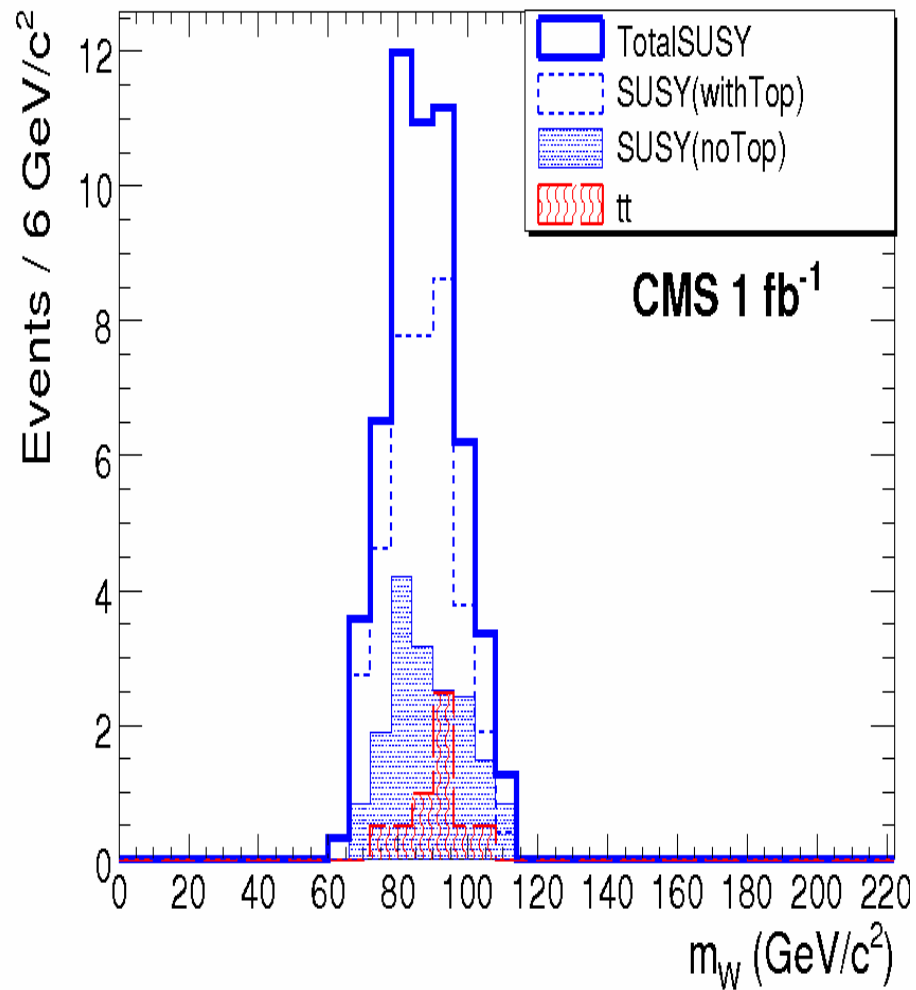
Selection Requirements Summary



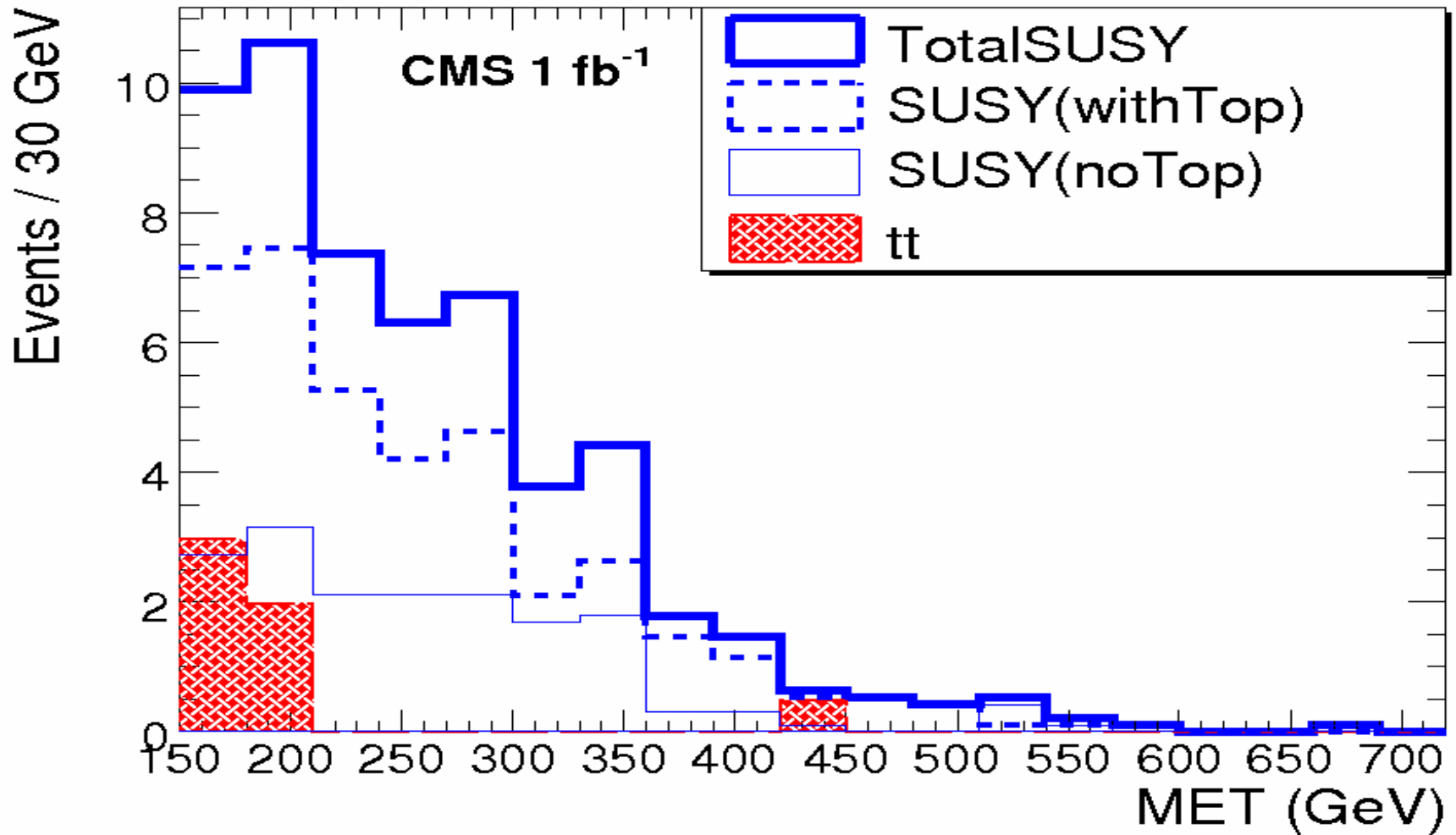
cut	SUSY(withTop)	SUSY(noTop)	ttInc	WWj	ZWj	Single Top	wT/noT
x-sec(pb) NLO	52		830	269.91	51.5	250	-
No.of.used.events	494261		1674500	305000	70000	100000	-
NEve(Nor.xsec)1 fb^{-1}	8375	43625	830000	269910	51500	250000	0.19
L1T (Jet/Met)	6269	33582	75806	18498	598	10875	0.19
HLT (Jet/Met)	5070	29427	14430	4733	142	1750	0.17
MET \geq 150 GeV	4183	25677	4930	2312	99	653	0.16
$n_{bj} \geq 1$	3457	14388	3718	792	32	355	0.24
$n_j^{b \text{ or light}} \geq 4$	1789	4576	769	25	0	33	0.39
A convergent Fit	1335	3062	557	12	0	28	0.44
χ^2 probability > 0.1	105	69	56	0	0	5	1.52
$\Delta\phi < 2.6$	79	52	12	0	0	5	1.51
$n_t > 0$	38	17	5	0	0	0	2.19

The most efficient requirement to increase SUSY(wTop/noTop) is the χ^2 probability > 0.1

W and top after selection



MET after selection



Selection on QCD background



\bar{P}_T range	x-sec(pb)	No.Used	L1T	HLT	MET	n_{bj}	n_j	χ^2	$\Delta\phi$	n_l
QCD-80-120	3.0e+6	242486	874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
QCD-120-170	5.0e+5	213842	9189	29	1	0	0	0	0	0
QCD-170-230	1.0e+5	338478	48009	495	12	3	0	0	0	0
QCD-230-300	23800	389978	108256	1866	78	42	2	0	0	0
QCD-300-380	6400	283983	114690	2984	241	152	22	0	0	0
QCD-380-470	1880	191989	97488	4056	466	350	40	1	1	0
QCD-470-600	690	175987	104025	6759	905	740	156	0	0	0
QCD-600-800	202	94957	64547	6758	1031	907	222	0	0	0
QCD-800-1000	35.7	49499	38539	5602	976	908	262	1	1	0
QCD-1000-1400	10.8	23250	19869	3761	841	812	269	0	0	0
QCD-1400-1800	1.06	2700	2476	570	155	145	57	1	1	0

Selection on W +jets background

sample	x-sec(pb)	No.Used	L1T	HLT	MET	n_{bj}	n_j	χ^2	$\Delta\phi$	n_l
Wbb_ ν	106.59 (LO)	224000	1437	593	349	271	1	0	0	0
Wj_ ν _25-170	10069 (LO)	757936	6057	423	67	9	0	0	0	0
Wj_ ν _200-1400	48.86 (LO)	86000	55203	39839	25376	7142	124	3	0	0

- Although the new analysis is more powerful against QCD and W + jets, but
- Low statistics in low P_T (high cross section) bins cause a high statistical uncertainty.
- Could benefit from higher statistics for low P_T bins

Results

- Selection efficiency SUSY(withTop) $4.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- Selection efficiency SUSY(noTop) $3.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$
- Selection efficiency $t\bar{t}$ $6.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$
- $S = \text{SUSY events (withTop + noTop)}$

$$\frac{S}{B} = \frac{\text{SUSY(withTop)} + \text{SUSY(noTop)}}{t\bar{t}} = \frac{38 + 17}{5} = 11$$

- SUSY events: withTop $> 2 * \text{noTop}$

Systematics



Systematic	Value%
JES (Jets)	5.1
JES (Met)	18.3
b-tagging	8
Total	20

Considered dominant systematics (from det-PRS) for tt:

- ◆ Jet Energy Scale (Jets, 5% 1fb^{-1} ,) (MET, 5% 1fb^{-1} ,)
- ◆ *b*-tagging (b-tau)

5 sigma discovery



Using Bityukov-Krasnikov formulae for significance,

$$\textit{Significance} = 2 \times (\sqrt{S + B} - \sqrt{B})$$

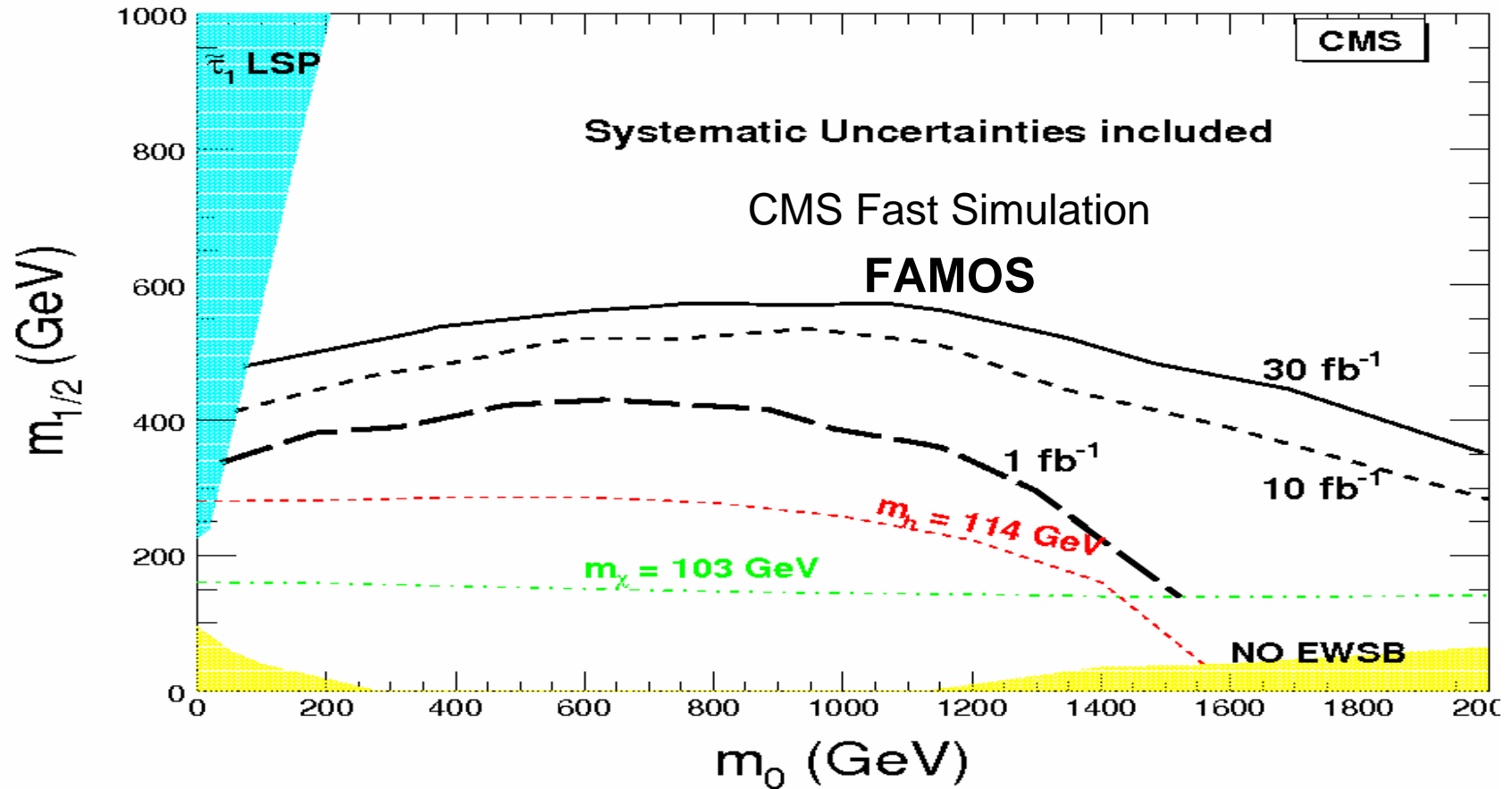
the minimum Integrated Luminosity for a 5 sigma discovery is

$$5 = \sqrt{IL} \times 2 \times (\sqrt{55 + 5} - \sqrt{5}) \Rightarrow IL = 0.21 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

In this IL, S and B are 11 and 1, respectively. It means that the statistical uncertainty is dominant, so the systematics are neglected.

Reach in m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ plane

Ntuples are generated for ≤ 200 GeV steps in both m_0 and $m_{1/2}$.
 Total points are 36 points. NLO x-sec from prospino1.



Conclusion



- A 2C kinematic fit is adopted that improves the top quark extraction in the SUSY samples.
- The observability of SUSY in inclusive top+MET final state is studied.
- CMS reach in m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ plane is studied by using FAMOS.

Back up Slides

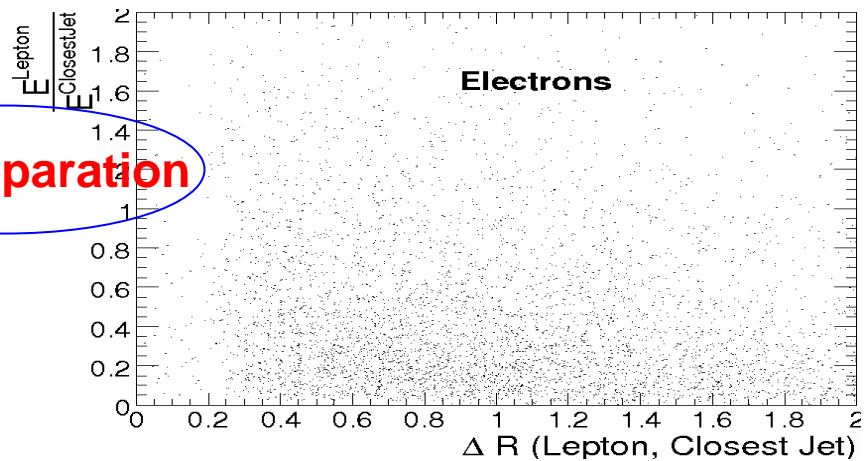
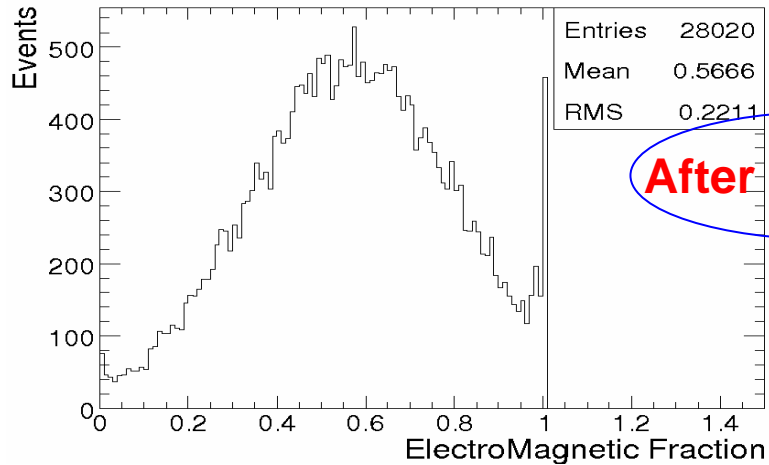
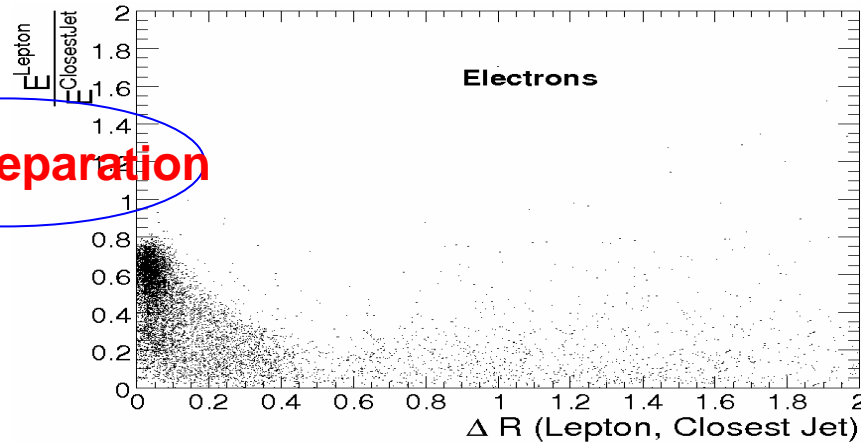
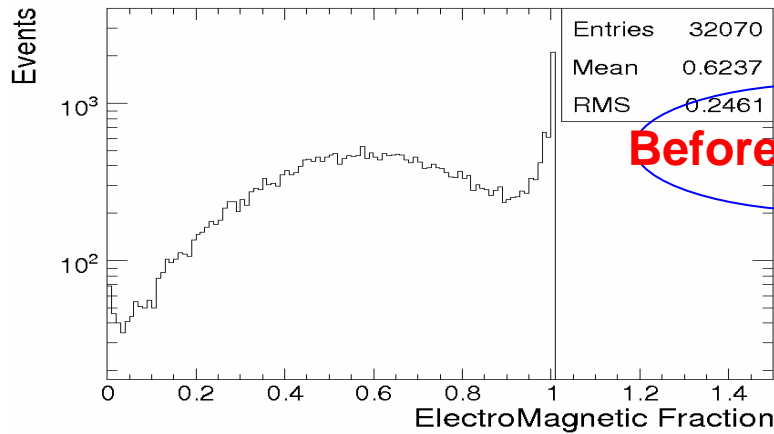


Summary for KinFit:



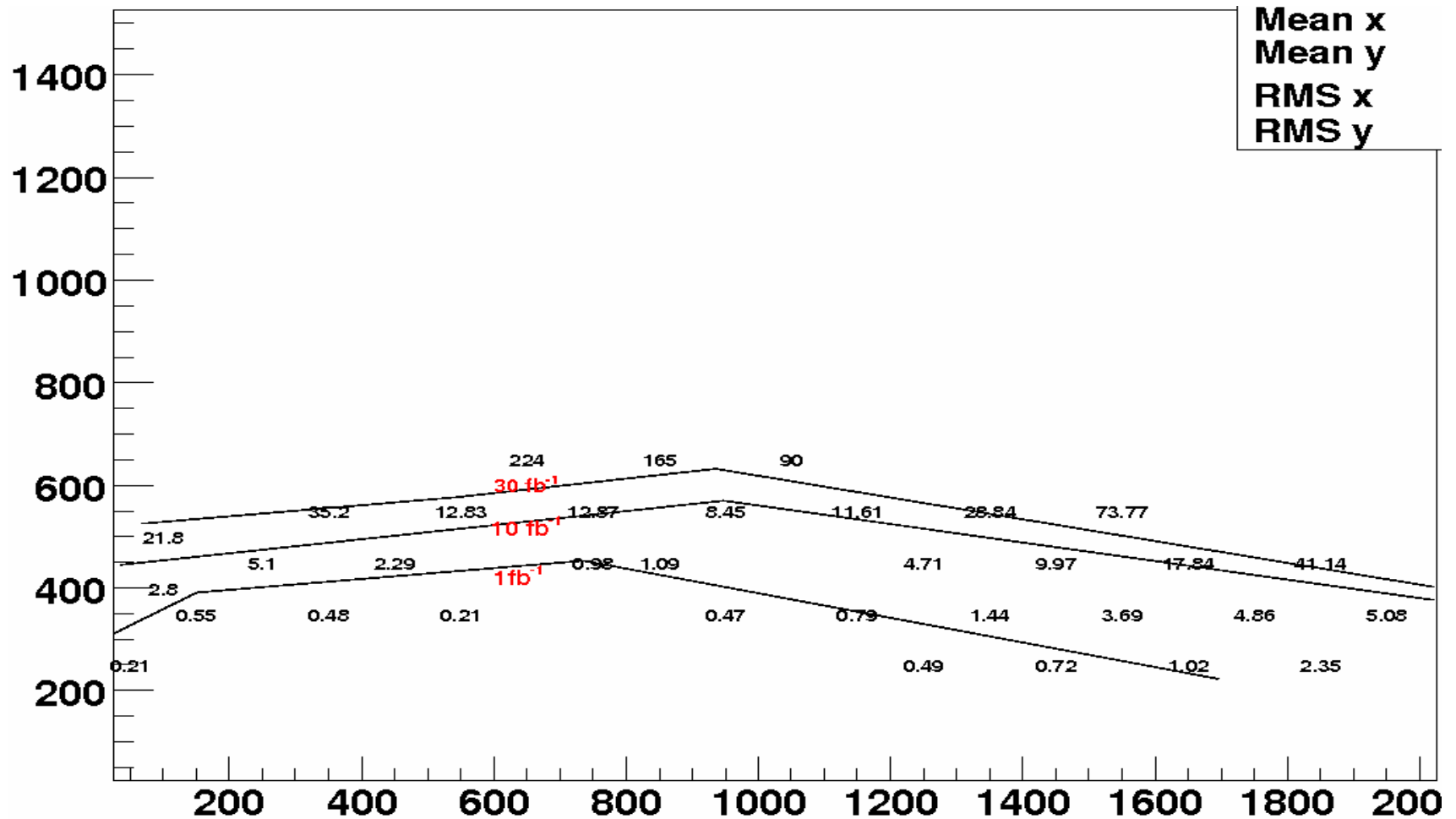
- **Efficiency**: 46% of tt events with a *b*-jet and 2 light jets have a convergent fit with χ^2 probability > 0.05
(92% if χ^2 probability > 0.0)
- **Fake rate**: 4.5% of SUSY(noTop) events with a *b*-jet and 2 light jets have a convergent fit with χ^2 probability > 0.05
(27% if χ^2 probability > 0.0)
- **Purity**: 33% of the fitted top quarks have a generated top closer than $\Delta R = 0.5$ that decays in $W(jj)b$ and all *j,j* and *b* have $|\eta| < 2.5$ and $E_T > 30$ GeV with χ^2 probability > 0.05
(44% if χ^2 probability > 0.05)

Jet/Lepton Separation

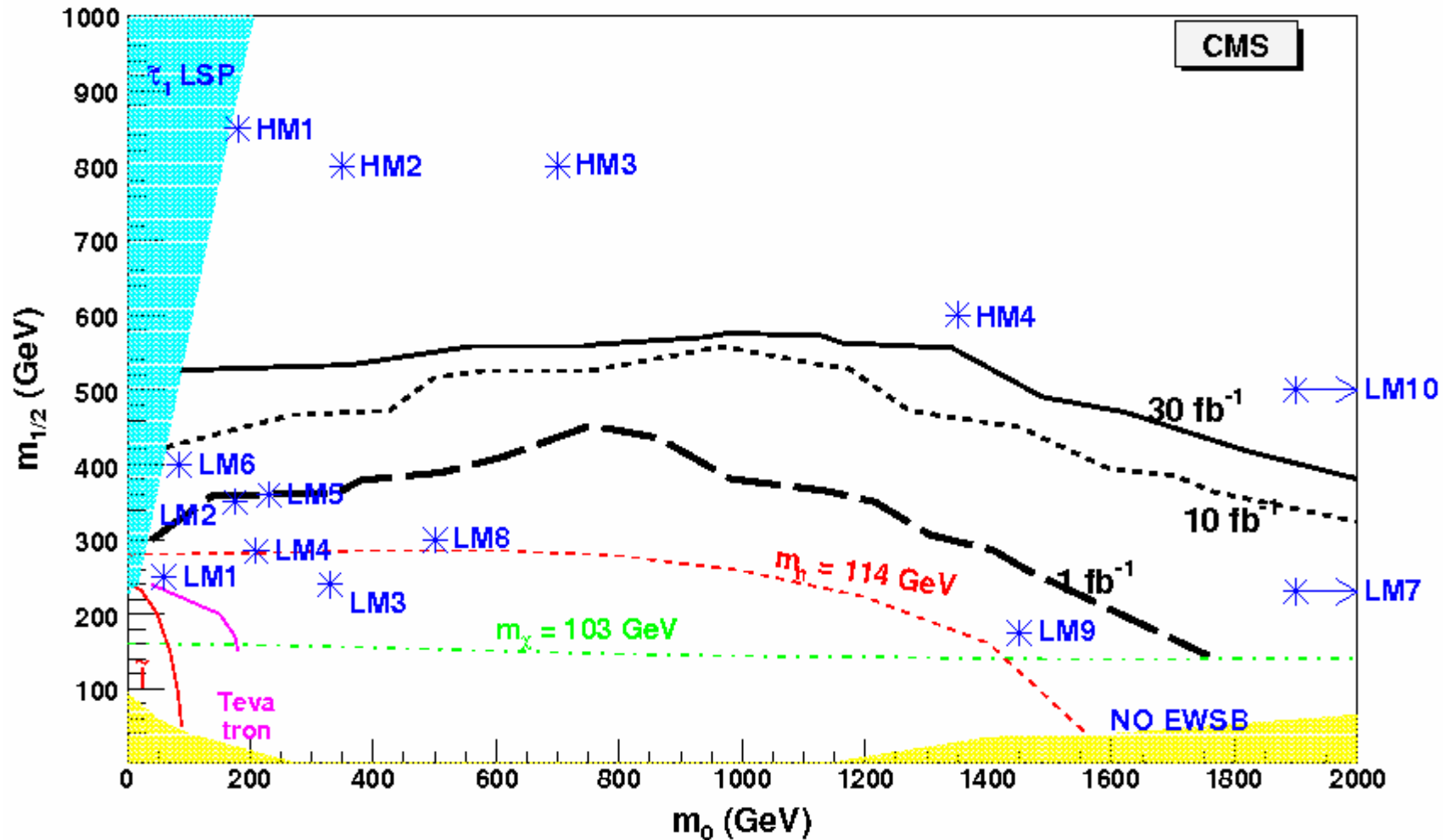


Points for scan

In every point the minimum IL for 5 sigma discovery is shown



Reach in m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ plane



MC data samples and cross sections

- su05-LM1: NLO x-sec 52 pb (Prospino/SUSYBSM Group) (signal)
 - jm03b-ZWj: NLO x-sec 51.5 pb (Generators PRS Group) (background)
 - jm03b-WWj: NLO x-sec 270 pb (ditto) (background)
 - jm03b-tt: NLO x-sec 830 pb (ditto) (background)
 - jm03b-qcd LO x-sec from pythia (background)
- published DC04 samples** PYTHIA 6.215 & Low Luminosity Pileup
- mSUGRA LM1 IsaPythia: ISAJET 7.69+ PYTHIA 6.225

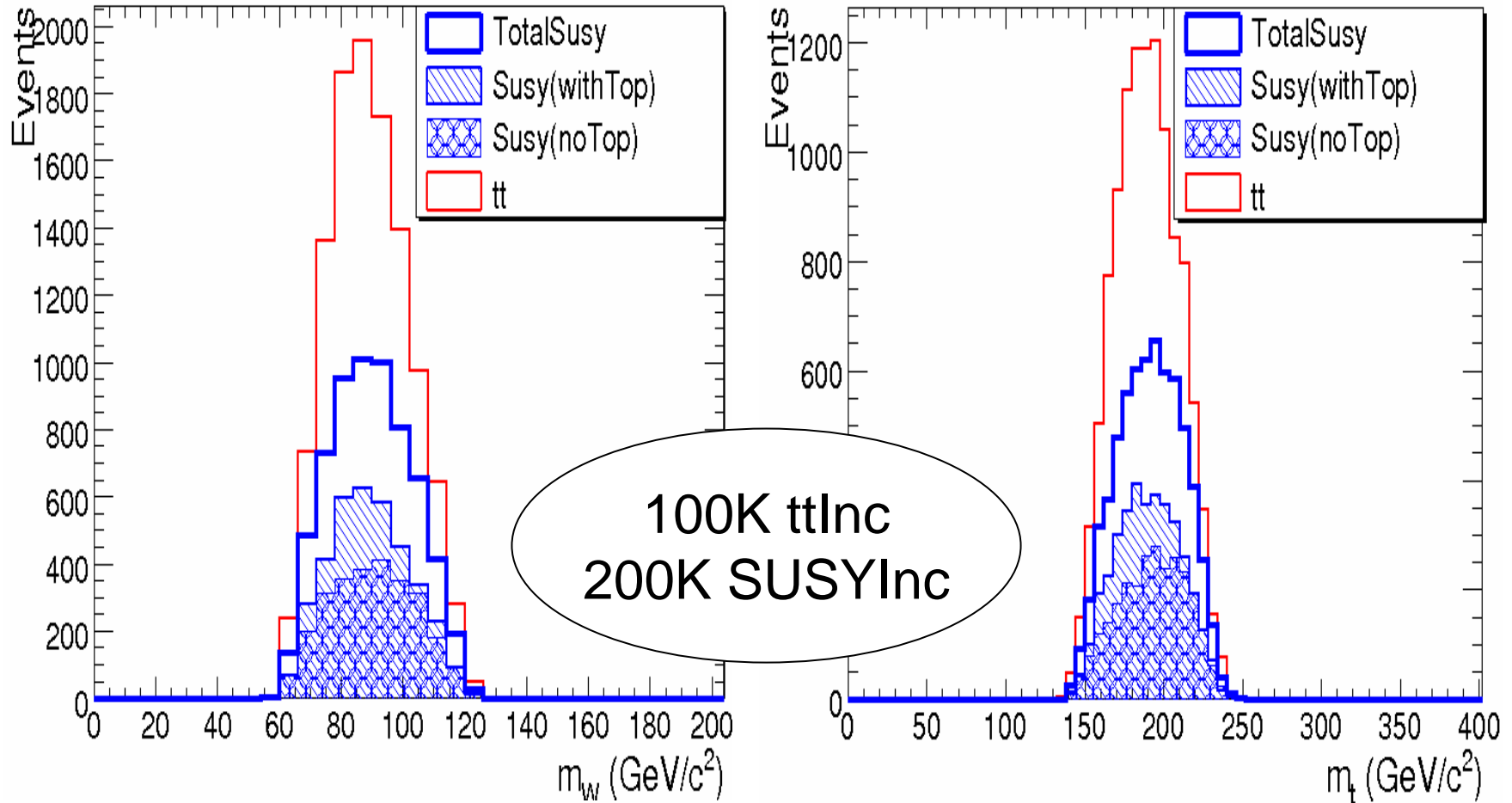
MC data samples and cross sections

(newly considered backgrounds)

- **Single Top (t-channel) NLO x-sec 250 pb**
 - Generated by TopRex 4.11, W decays inclusively.
- **Wbb LO x-sec 107 pb**
 - Generated by TopRex 4.11, W decays leptonically.
- **Wj ($25 < P_T < 170$) LO x-sec 10069 pb**
- **Wj ($200 < P_T < 1400$) LO x-sec 48.86 pb**
 - Both Generated by PYTHIA, W decays leptonically.

Extracted W and top by the fit

(χ^2 probability > 0.05)



Some x-sec, BR



- m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ 1850.000 250.000 X-SEC = 6.5 pb (NLO)
- $M(\text{GL}) = 696.10$
- $M(\text{UL}) = 1900.77$ $M(\text{UR}) = 1903.69$ $M(\text{DL}) = 1902.46$ $M(\text{DR}) = 1904.68$
- $M(\text{B1}) = 1560.51$ $M(\text{B2}) = 1862.23$ $M(\text{T1}) = 1137.35$ $M(\text{T2}) = 1570.48$
- $M(\text{Z1}) = -99.37$ $M(\text{Z2}) = -195.12$ $M(\text{Z3}) = 380.84$ $M(\text{Z4}) = -398.38$
- $M(\text{W1}) = -195.94$ $M(\text{W2}) = -397.64$
- $M(\text{HL}) = 116.14$ $M(\text{HH}) = 1878.02$ $M(\text{HA}) = 1865.65$ $M(\text{H}^+) = 1879.65$
- GLSS --> W1SS+ BT TB 0.42630E-04 0.64082E-01
- GLSS --> W1SS- TP BB 0.42630E-04 0.64082E-01
- GLSS --> W2SS+ BT TB 0.18323E-04 0.27543E-01
- GLSS --> W2SS- TP BB 0.18323E-04 0.27543E-01
- GLSS --> Z1SS TP TB 0.45796E-04 0.68841E-01
- GLSS --> Z2SS TP TB 0.43684E-05 0.65667E-02

Some x-sec, BR



- m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ 1950.000 350.000 X-SEC = 1pb (NLO)
- ISAJET masses (with signs):
- $M(\text{GL}) = 927.28$
- $M(\text{UL}) = 2058.29$ $M(\text{UR}) = 2057.18$ $M(\text{DL}) = 2059.84$ $M(\text{DR}) = 2057.66$
- $M(\text{B1}) = 1703.06$ $M(\text{B2}) = 2012.35$ $M(\text{T1}) = 1259.72$ $M(\text{T2}) = 1713.83$
- $M(\text{SN}) = 1956.90$ $M(\text{EL}) = 1960.57$ $M(\text{ER}) = 1951.69$
- $M(\text{NTAU}) = 1949.01$ $M(\text{TAU1}) = 1935.69$ $M(\text{TAU2}) = 1953.05$
- $M(\text{Z1}) = -141.90$ $M(\text{Z2}) = -278.97$ $M(\text{Z3}) = 473.38$ $M(\text{Z4}) = -490.39$
- $M(\text{W1}) = -279.85$ $M(\text{W2}) = -489.73$
- GLSS --> W1SS+ BT TB 0.18788E-03 0.68487E-01
- GLSS --> W1SS- TP BB 0.18788E-03 0.68487E-01
- GLSS --> W2SS+ BT TB 0.23320E-03 0.85011E-01
- GLSS --> W2SS- TP BB 0.23320E-03 0.85011E-01
- GLSS --> Z1SS TP TB 0.27985E-03 0.10202E+00
- GLSS --> Z2SS TP TB 0.41819E-04 0.15245E-01
- GLSS --> Z3SS TP TB 0.33028E-04 0.12040E-01
- GLSS --> Z4SS TP TB 0.78771E-04 0.28715E-01

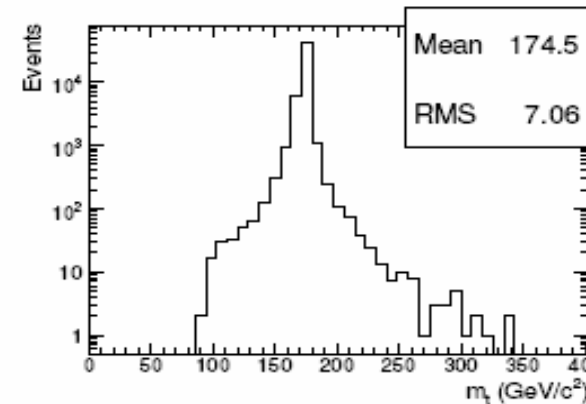
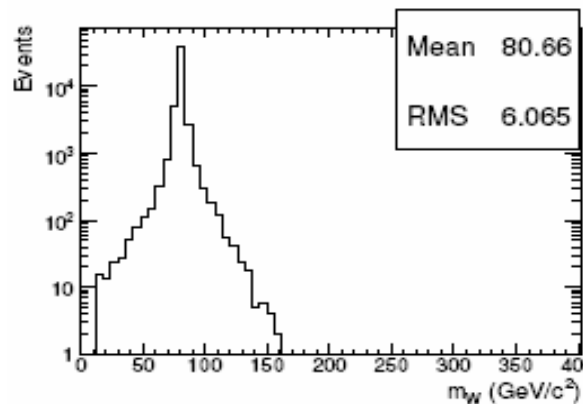
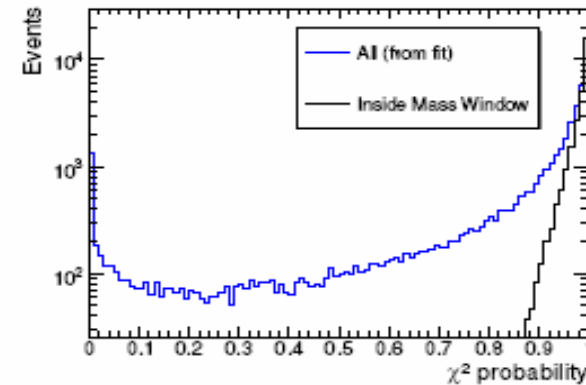
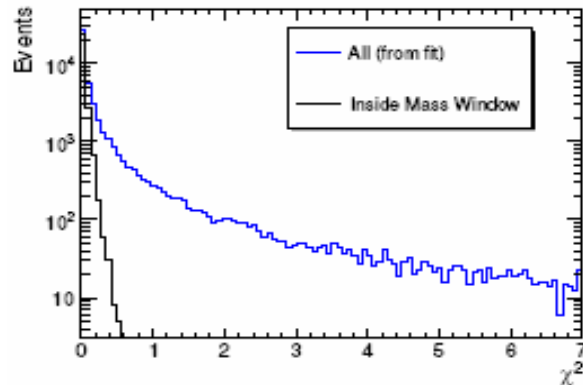
Some x-sec, BR

- m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ 550.000 350.000 XSEC = 5.1 pb (NLO)
- ISAJET masses (with signs):
- $M(\text{GL}) = 857.27$
- $M(\text{UL}) = 930.12$ $M(\text{UR}) = 912.29$ $M(\text{DL}) = 933.60$ $M(\text{DR}) = 911.05$
- $M(\text{B1}) = 823.46$ $M(\text{B2}) = 890.61$ $M(\text{T1}) = 665.12$ $M(\text{T2}) = 857.23$
- $M(\text{SN}) = 592.36$ $M(\text{EL}) = 599.98$ $M(\text{ER}) = 565.46$
- $M(\text{NTAU}) = 589.95$ $M(\text{TAU1}) = 559.14$ $M(\text{TAU2}) = 598.71$
- $M(\text{Z1}) = -139.13$ $M(\text{Z2}) = -268.11$ $M(\text{Z3}) = 464.84$ $M(\text{Z4}) = -481.81$
- $M(\text{W1}) = -268.51$ $M(\text{W2}) = -481.27$
- GLSS --> TB1 TP 0.29033E+00 0.38523E+00
- GLSS --> TP1 TB 0.29033E+00 0.38523E+00

Fit Validation(1)



- Starting from the right hypothesis
- Matched Partons
- No fragmentation-hadronization
- No detector effects
- **3%** have a χ^2 probability less than 0.01



Inside window:

$$|M_W - 80| < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$$

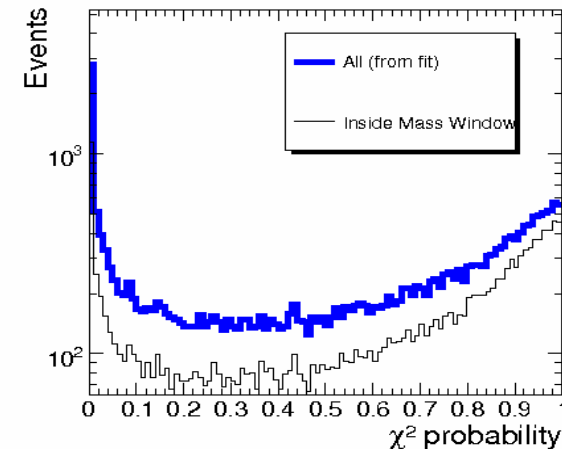
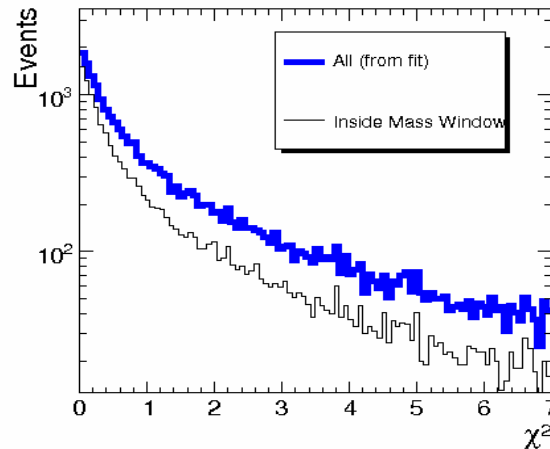
$$|M_t - 175| < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$$

Fit Validation (2)



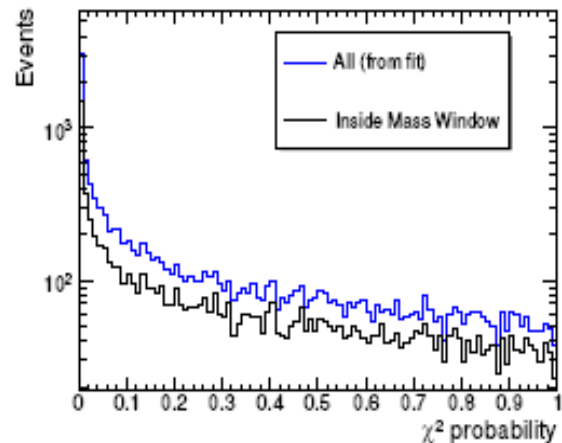
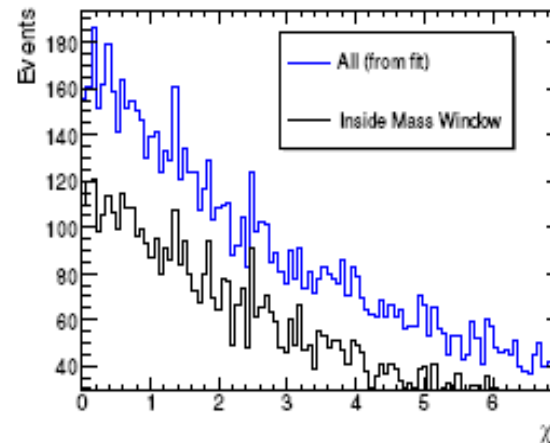
•Matched GenJets (clusterized stable particles)

after fragmentation-hadronization
No Detector effects
11% have a χ^2 probability less than 0.01



•Matched RecJets

fragmentation-hadronization
and detector effects are in.
15% have a χ^2 probability less than 0.01



The main sources of the large peak close to zero are the fragmentation-hadronization effects.

FAMOS vs ORCA(1)



- We run ORCA on a sample of LM1 and tt. ORCA_LM1 and ORCA_tt are the number of the remaining events.
- Do the same with FAMOS. FAMOS_LM1 and FAMOS_tt are the number of the remaining events.
- We check if
$$\text{FAMOS_tt} / \text{ORCA_tt} = \text{FAMOS_LM1} / \text{ORCA_LM1}$$
- To increase the statistics, some cuts are relaxed.

FAMOS vs ORCA(2)

- 230k $t\bar{t}$ for ORCA 46k $t\bar{t}$ for FAMOS
- 75k LM1 for ORCA 30k LM1 for FAMOS

sample	ORCA	FAMOS	Famos/Orca
All cuts			
LM1	31.6(22+9.6)	41(28+13)	1.30±0.25
No Trigger, No Cut on MET			
LM1	64.8	77	1.18±0.16
$t\bar{t}$	100.6	121	1.21±0.13
Only b -jet cut			
LM1	16346.8	12644	0.77
$t\bar{t}$	27413.2	28184	1.03
Only b -jet and n_j cut			
LM1	5807.2	5085	0.88
$t\bar{t}$	4847.6	4669	0.96
Only b -jet, n_j and χ^2 cut			
LM1	203.2	216	1.06±0.09
$t\bar{t}$	724.2	780	1.08±0.05

- We use 1.3 as the (conservative) scale factor for FAMOS