# New University Based SRF Materials Research Efforts (in the US)

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Snowmass 2005 Materials R&D / WG5

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P. Bauer – Materials R&D section WG5 - Snowmass Conference 2005

1

2µm

# LCRD 2005 – 6 Proposals

#### Funded:

- P.Lee: Magnetic Investigation of High Purity Niobium for Superconducting RF Cavities, new proposal, DOE
- D.N. Seidman: 3D Atom-Probe Microscopy on Niobium for SRF Cavities new proposal, DOE
- L.Vuskovic: Investigation of Plasma Etching for Superconducting RF Cavities surface Preparation, new proposal, DOE

#### Not funded:

- R. Schill: Investigation of Secondary Electron Emission from Nb Surfaces with Different Surface Treatments, new proposal
- V.Nesterenko: Evaluation of MgB2 for Future Accelerator Cavities, new proposal
- D.N. Seidman: Experimental Study of High Field Limits of RF Cavities, new proposal

# Magnetic Flux Penetration Fnal / University of Wisconsin

Magneto-optical measurements show clear evidence of "pre-mature" flux penetration into samples via the grain boundary. Example below: large grain material from JLab before processing.



Zero field cooled (ZFC) to the superconducting state, then field applied.



3D Model of GB



Top Surface Light Image

ZFC T=5.6 K H=8.4 mT

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### **Mixed Josephson/Abrikosov vortex penetration**

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# Other Activities University of Wisconsin

- Microscopy and related material characterization (surface roughness, metallurgical, crystallo-graphical, chemical,..)
- Theoretical work by <u>A. Gurevich</u>: "hot spot model" Non-linear BCS resistance Thermal Feedback model









## **UW – mid-term program**



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#### **3D atomic probe at NU / Fnal**

First results: Smooth transition from Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> to Nb with 5-10% interstitial O, ~20 nm oxide

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#### NU - mid-term program



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# JLab/ODU – Plasma-Etching

A.M. Valente / L. Vuskovic: <u>Plasma-etching:</u>

≻Takes place under vacuum.

Allows "control" on the final oxidation

phase

Allows the possibility to avoid final oxidation



Combines well w. other JLab programs:

L. Phillips: TE011 cavity

G. Wu: Plasma Coating

1) plasma oxidation in Ar-O after plasma etching (stable surfaces with a much higher pentoxide to sub-oxide ratios?)

2) dielectric layers

3) thin superconducting layers; - i.e. NbN which is quite stable in the

presence of air.

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#### **Another Gurevich Idea**



Multilayer coating of SC cavities: alternating SC and insulating layers with  $d < \lambda$ 

Higher T<sub>c</sub> thin layers provide magnetic screening of the bulk SC cavity (Nb, Pb) without vortex penetration

For NbN films with d = 20 nm, the rf field can be as high as 4.2 T !

No open ends for the cavity geometry to prevent flux leaks in the insulating layers

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## LANL/UC – MgB2 Development

#### T. Tajima / STI / Padamsee / Geng / Romanenko:



~400 nm film was grown on 1.5 cm Nb at STI. First attempt to coat on a Nb substrate. The Nb substrate was rough ( $R_a \sim 400$  nm).



There was only one test and the result needs to be confirmed with others.

## **ANL/NU – Field Emission**

Atom Probe samples look like field emission (breakdown) sites.

- Atom Probe work is useful for two reasons:
  - 1) It provides a detailed look at high electric field on materials.
  - 2) It provides a way of looking at surface composition.

	4 – 40 GV/m	4 – 8 GV/m	Surface field
	~100 nm	~100 nm	Size
	20 – 300 K	300+ K	Temperature
	0.2 MHz	200 - 12000 MHz	Pulsing
	< 10 <sup>-6</sup> J	1 – 100 J	Stored energy
Г			

Emitter in Cavity Atom Probe Sample

J. Norem / D. Seidman / J. Sebastian / K. Yoon:

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### We need more university involvement!

≻ Chemical analysis (3DAP, XPS, SIMS, AES,...)

- Superconducting properties (magnetization, STM, SQUID microscopy, ....)
- Low and high power RF properties (sample in host cavity tests, microwave microscopy, ??)
- ➢ Microscopy, surface roughness
- ► Defect detection ECS, SQUID-ECS,...
- ≻More ideas??

#### **MSU – Thermal Properties**





# **MSU – Mechanical Properties**

H. Jiang, T. Bieler:

mechanical properties,

formability, texture, creep

Next: single crystal material





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# Laser Annealing Experiments with Niobium

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