World Wide Study Detector R&D Panel Project Registry Web Site

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web site: https://wiki.lepp.cornell.edu/wws/bin/view/Projects/WebHome

Panel Charge

How the information on the page answers the charge

Project organization (accommodating groups, projects, and super-projects)

Participation



Our charge

1. Create and maintain a register of ongoing R&D programs relevant for LC experiments, which should include R&D goals and schedules, names of participating institutions and their responsibilities, relevant publications, level of support, and web-links to current work.

The R&D programs should include not only those required for the proposed detector concepts, but also those needed for measurements of luminosity, energy, and polarization (LEP) and those associated with the masking system, possible beam EMI, and other areas which may a overlap with MDI.

The registration of such MDI projects should be performed jointly with the MDI panel. Maintain a central web repository for this information, and update it regularly.

2. Survey the R&D relevant for LC experiments.

This survey should review the R&D needs of all candidate detector concepts,

LEP measurements, and relevant MDI issues as discussed above.

It should strive to identify the critical R&D items which affect the viability of each concept and uncover any needed R&D which is not being pursued. In addition, it should encompass the existing R&D efforts, assess the relevance of these efforts to the various detector concepts and LEP or MDI needs, and flag areas needing more attention.

Document this survey before August, 2005.

6-June-2005 It was agreed that the R&D panel would prepare a report on the status of detector R&D programmes by the end of 2005 - on the same timescale as the report on accelerator R&D which Barry Barish (BB) is asking the GDE to produce - primarily aimed at the funding agencies



Our charge, continued

3. Critically review the Status of R&D Relevant for LC experiments.

An important input for this review will be the Spring 2006 Detector Outlines,

which will be requested from each of the current design studies by the World Wide Study Organizing Committee.

Each outline will include an introduction to the detector concept,

a description of the detector, its expected performance,

subsystem technology selections or options, status of ongoing studies,

and a list of R&D needed.

Additional input will come from reassessing the ongoing R&D efforts with

respect to relevance and importance,

current level of effort,

scheduled project completion times,

duplication of effort, and additional resources required.

Document this review by Summer, 2006.

4. Register the regional review processes for LC detector R&D.

In consultation with the ILCSC and the GDE,

facilitate review for R&D proposals which are not easily incorporated into these existing review structures.

5. Continue these activities,

and **whatever** further activities are judged important to prepare needed R&D for LC detectors, until a global lab assumes these responsibilities.



The pages: home page



Register of Detector R&D Projects

WWS Detector R&D Panel -

<u>Home</u>

Contact Instructions

LEP/MDI VTX TRACK-si,for TRACK-TPC CAL MUON PID DAO

GLD LCD SiD

CHANGE PASSWORD The World Wide Study Organizing Committee (<u>WWSOC</u>) has established the Detector R&D Panel to promote and coordinate detector R&D for the International Linear Collider.

Panel Charge

Panel Members:

- Europe
 - o Chris Damerell (Rutherford Lab., UK)(chair) mail
 - o Jean-Claude Brient (Ecole Polytechnique, France) mail
 - o Wolfgang Lohmann (DESY-Zeuthen, Germany) mail
- ASIA
 - o HongJoo Kim (Kyungpook National U., Korea) <u>mail</u>
 - o Tohru Takeshita (Shinsu U., Japan) mail
 - o Yasuhiro Sugimoto (KEK, Japan) mail
- North America
 - o Daniel Peterson (Cornell U., USA) mail
 - o Ray Frey (U. of Oregon, USA) mail
 - o Harry Weerts (Fermilab, USA) mail

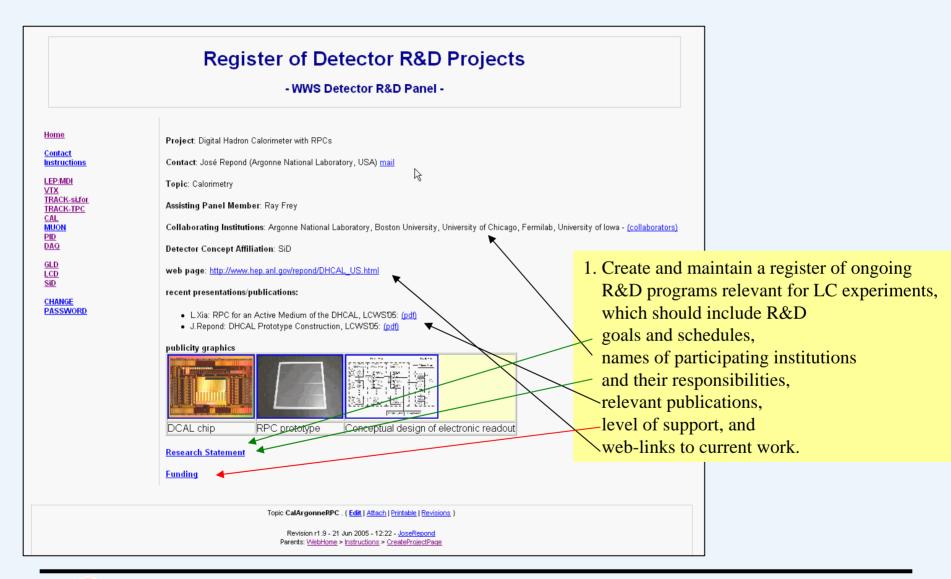
Detector R&D projects are organized under these topics

- · Luminosity, Energy, Polarization and Machine Detector Interface, LEP/MDI
- Vertexing, VTX
- . Tracking silicon and forward, TRACK-si,for
- Tracking TPC, TRACK-TPC
- · Calorimetry (ECAL, HCAL, forward), CAL
- . Muon System, MUON
- · Particle ID, PID
- Data Aquisition Systems, DAQ

Instructions for new entries to the Detector R&D Panel Register

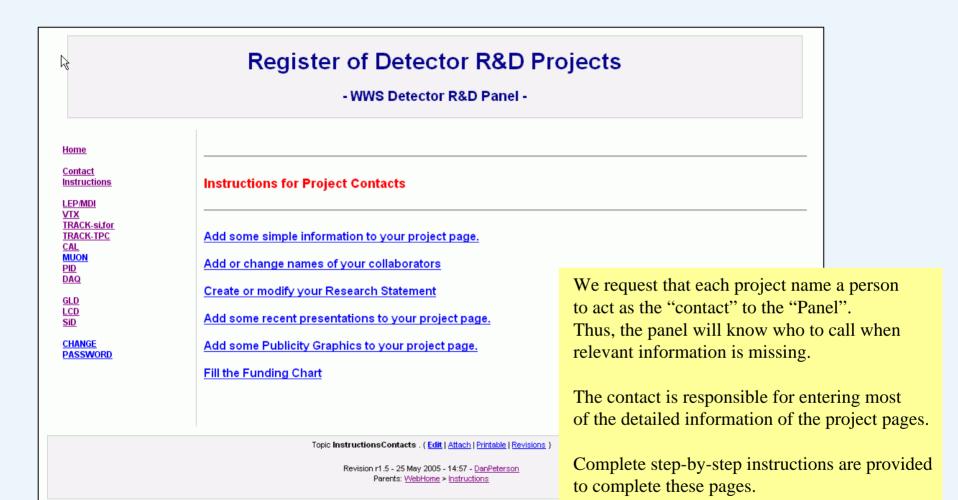


The pages: main project page





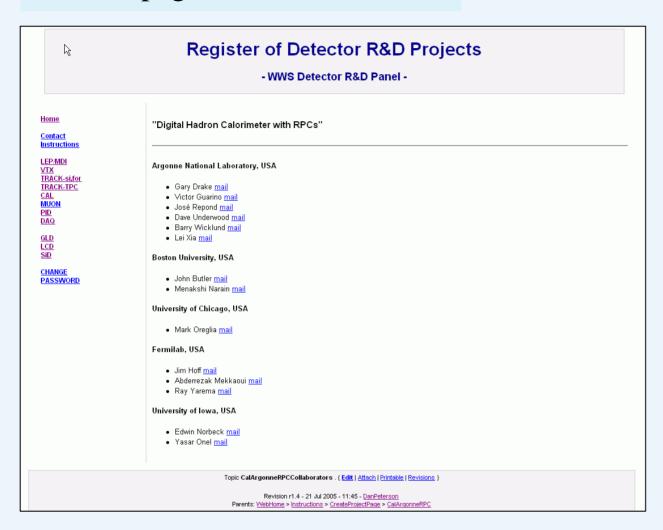
The pages: instructions





(Find the error in one of the instructions!)

The pages: collaborators





Statement Questions

"Please address the following questions in your statement."

What are the goals of this R&D project. How does this R&D project address the needs of one or more of the detector concepts? If there are multiple institutions participating in this project, Goals, schedules and please describe the distribution of responsibilities. responsibilities to meet the first paragraph of the Are there significant recent results? charge. What are the plans for the near future (about 1 year)? What are the plans on a time scale of 2 to 3 years? Are there critical items that must be addressed before This is to provide more significant results can be obtained from this project? information regarding "level of support". Is the support for this project sufficient? Are there significant improvements that could be made with additional support?

2. Survey the R&D relevant for LC experiments.

This survey should review the R&D needs of all candidate detector concepts, LEP measurements, and relevant MDI issues as discussed above.

It should strive to identify the critical R&D items which affect the viability of each concept and uncover any needed R&D which is not being pursued.

In addition, it should encompass the existing R&D efforts,

assess the relevance of these efforts to the various detector concepts and LEP or MDI needs,



The pages: "research statement"

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Register of Detector R&D Projects

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Contact Instructions

LEP/MDI VTX TRACK-si,for TRACK-TPC CAL MUON PID DAQ

GLD LCD SiD

CHANGE PASSWORD

"Digital Hadron Calorimeter with RPCs"

We develop a Hadron Calorimeter for the Linear Collider, which will be optimized for the application of Particle Flow Algorithms (PFAs). The latter request a calorimeter with extremely fine segmentation of the readout, of the order of 1 cm² latteraly and layer-by-layer longitudinally. We propose to achieve this fine segmentation using Resistive Plate Chambers as active medium. Due to the fine segmentation of the readout a simple digital (one-bit resolution) readout is sufficient to provide the necessary energy resolution for single hadrons. Both the SiD² and the LDC concepts feature a digital hadron calorimeter with RPC readout as default option for the hadron calorimeter.

We plan to build a prototype hadron calorimeter section with 400,000 readout channels. We completed the R&D on the chambers and will complete the prototyping of the electronic readout system in calendar year 2005. In calendar year 2006 we will construct the prototype section (120 RPCs), provided our funding requests will be approved (see below).

In 2007 we will move to the FNAL MT6 test beam. The purpose of exposing the prototype section to a test beam is a) to measure hadronic showers with unprecedented spatial resolution, b) to validate the simulation of hadronic showers in great detail (a prerequisit for optimizing the Linear Collider detectors with respect to the application of PFAs), c) to validate the concept of a digital hadron calorimeter, d) to validate our technical approach to a fine granularity hadron calorimeter using RPCs, and finally e) to compare the performance with a more traditional approach based on scintillator and analog (multi-bit) readout being developed in Europe.

Of course, our plans can only be realized with significant support from the funding agencies. The cost of the prototype section is estimated to be of the order of \$1M. Funding proposals have been submitted to both the DOE and the NSF. So far the results have been totally inadequate.

Please address the following questions in your statement.

- . What are the goals of this R&D project. How does this R&D project address the needs of one or more of the detector concepts?
- If there are multiple institutions participating in this project, please describe the distribution of responsibilities.
- · Are there significant recent results?
- What are the plans for the near future(about 1 year)? What are the plans on a time scale of 2 to 3 years?
- Are there critical items that must be addressed before significant results can be obtained from this project?
- Is the support for this project sufficient? Are there significant improvements that could be made with additional support?

Topic CalArgonneRPCStatement . { Edit | Attach | Printable | Revisions }



The pages: funding

Register of Detector R&D Projects

- WWS Detector R&D Panel -

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V

Contact Instructions

LEP/MD VTX TRACK-si,for TRACK-TPC MUON PID

GLD LCD SiD

DAQ

CHANGE PASSWORD "Development of thin silicon sensors for tracking "

The funding information may be viewed by the panel.

It is not public.

ear	equipment	consumables	Academic Staff	<u>Students</u>	Support Sta
	(k US\$)	(k US\$)	(FTE)	(FTE)	(FTE)

	(k US\$)	(k US\$)	(FTE)	(FTE)	(FTE)
2004					
2005					

year: This may be a fiscal year, not starting on 1-January, having more than 50% overlap with the calender year

equipment:

Funding:

This is intended to include hardware newly purchased for this project with funds from all sources: university funds, department/group base grant, and Linear Collider R&D grants. This includes, for example, power supplies, circuit boards, GEMs, silicon wafers, and scintillators.

This includes materials for structural detector parts. If the fabrication or machining of structural detector parts is purchased from sources outside of your collaboration's facilities, that would be a part of the equipment cost. However, if fabrication or machining is performed in-house, that work would be shown under "staff".

This should not include the cost of consumables or personnel funding that may have come from the same sources. This should also not include overhead. This does include newly purchased computers used principally for data aquisition but not computers purchased to become part of a department analysis infrascructure nor a laptop for personal use.

consumables:

This is intended to include chamber gas, clean room supplies, pencils, tape, etc, which are purchased specifically for this project. This is also intended to include travel and other expenses associated with test beam runs.

k US\$ The unit for "equipment" and "consumables" is 1000US\$. Assistance in converting to US\$ can be found here.

Academic Staff includes faculty, senior scientists, and post-docs.

Students includes graduate students, undergraduate students, and summer program participants



Project Organization: accommodating groups, projects, and large collaborations

The panel is asked to assess "R&D programs". The panel is assessing "programs", not "institutions". Programs, or "projects" might be logically defined as endeavors that might be defined by a result or test facility with the intellectual effort shared by a group (those who would normally be listed on a publication).

What is sometimes presented to the Panel as a "program" or "project" can vary significantly in scale. Some projects may include only a few active people while CALICE lists 179.

The responsibility of assess the "relevance of these efforts to the various detector concepts" is made more difficult given a large collaboration with diverse research efforts.

Given a single "statement" from a "contact" of one of the large collaborations, it may be difficult for the panel to absorb how various R&D needs of a detector concept are met by the various sub-projects within that large collaborations, how the responsibility is shared by the participating institutions, and what is the level of support of the various activities.

Separate pages for the various sub-projects within the large collaborations will help the panel by providing organization to the sub-projects and providing a venue for those closely involved in each sub-project to explain the goals, relevance and funding.

However, there may be benefits to reinforcing the cohesiveness of the large collaborations. There may be sub-projects within the large collaboration on which members, who might have previously worked on definable smaller projects, will work together.

Thus, there are benefits to providing project pages describing the activities of the large collaboration.



Project Organization: accommodating groups, projects, and large collaborations

To satisfy the needs of the large collaborations and the individual projects, as well as providing the information required by the Panel to satisfy its charge, we have a system of

providing pages for both the collaborations and the sub-projects, showing both on the table of contents identifying the affiliation with the larger collaboration in the table of contents, and providing links to/from the large collaboration and the sub-projects.

Pages for both the large collaboration and the sub-projects have "statement" pages and "funding" pages.

The Large-Collaboration/Sub-Project structure currently is being implemented for LC-TPC and SiLC.

It may be relevant to implement this structure for CALICE and LCFI.



Participation: 43 projects

project	parel		date	concept	web	present	graphic	collab		fund	complete	complete		problems
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LEP Wayne Beamstralung			20-May		E									Ī
LEP darebury Palarised			23-May		E	X	X	X	X		X			link to work
LEP CERN Luminosity			23-May		ĸ									Institution
LEP Landon Luminosity		X	23-May		K			ĸ	X					statement
LEP Iowa Porarimeter			26-May										X	Ī
LEP lows Luminosity			26-May										X	[
LEP lows State Cherenkov			1-Jul		E									Ī
LEP Notre Dame			1-Jul										X	Ť
VTX MPI DEPFET			5-May		E	X	X	X						very big gr
VTX KEK CCD	X		27-Apr		E			X						Ī
VTX AGH SOI			11-May		ĸ	X	X	ĸ	X	X		X		Ť
VTX IReS CMOS			11-May										X.	Ī
VTX Bristol Liverpool,LCFI	X		12-May	X	ĸ	X	X	×	X		X			collaborate
VTX Oregon/Yale		X	20-May										X	Ī
VTX Berkeley Ptxel			23-May										X	I
TRK si/for SILC Collaborative			16-Aug	X				dpp					X	Ī
TRK sidor LPNHE Parts			9-Jun										X	Ť
TRK si/for Michigan Align			3-May		dpp	X	dpp	dpp	X		X			Ť
TRK sidor UCSC long shape			11-May	dpp	dpp	dpp							X	Ť
TRK si/for Kyungpook mstrip			18-May										X.	Ť
TRK sirfor Charles Prague			16-Aug	dpp									X	Ť
TRK sifter Purdue thin			12-May			dpp	dpp	dpp					X	Ť
TRK sirlor Kansas Cal assist			2-Jun	dpp	dpp	dpp	dpp	dpp					X.	Ť
TRK-TPC collaboration		X	1-Jun	dpp	dpp			dpp	X					Ť
TRK-TPC Connell/Purdue	×		25-Apr	X	ĸ	X	X	ĸ	X	X		X		statement
TRK-TPC Victoria		X	4-May	X	E	X	X	E	Ж	20		X		
TRK-TPC MPI		X	19-May	dpp	dpp	dpp	dpp	dpp	X	X		X		Ť
TRK-TPC CDC			29-May		ĸ	dpp	dpp	dpp						Ť
TRK-TPC LBNL/Orsay/Saclay			2-Jun	dpp		dpp	dpp	dpp					X	Ī
TRK-TPC Carleton dispersion			1-Jul		dee	deo							X	Ť
TRK-TPC LBNL VLSI readout			23-May										X	Ť
CAL Oregon SIW	×		25-Apr	dpp	E	X	X	E	X	X		X		Ī
CAL Colorado Offset Tile			18-May										X	Ť
CAL DESY-Zeuthen forward	×		19-May		E		X	×						Ť
CAL U lows PFA			23-May	X	ĸ			ĸ						Ī
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CAL Argonne digital H cal			26-May	x	ĸ	X	X	ĸ	x	x		X		Ī
CAL CALICE	X	X	26-May		×			dpp	X					
CAL GLD-CAL			2-Jun	dpp	¥	dpp	X	dpp	X		X			
CAL UTA GEM H cal			2-Jun			dpp		×	x					
CAL U Kansas part flow			9-Jun			76.6						1	x	
CAL Texas Tech DREAM			1-Jul										X	
MUON Frascati CAPIRE			23-May			dpp	dpp						х	
			9-Jun		doo	dpp	TE			1	I	I	X	ł
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Meeting the needs of the panel to satisfy the charge

Participation is low.

There are 43 registered projects (including the large collaborations).

Yet, there are only 6 complete projects.

By not requiring the funding page (there is resistance), one could count 10 "complete" projects.

There are 14 projects that have attempted to provide the "statement". This is probably the most important input for assessing the relevance of these efforts to the various detector concepts.

The Panel does not have the information required to complete our report.

We need more projects to register.

The panel must become aggressive. We must soon review the information provided in the current project pages, determine if that information answers the questions we have asked, and encourage the project contacts to provide any missing information.

The panel requires the input from the concepts.

This will then be made available on the web site for review by the research groups and the Panel members.

