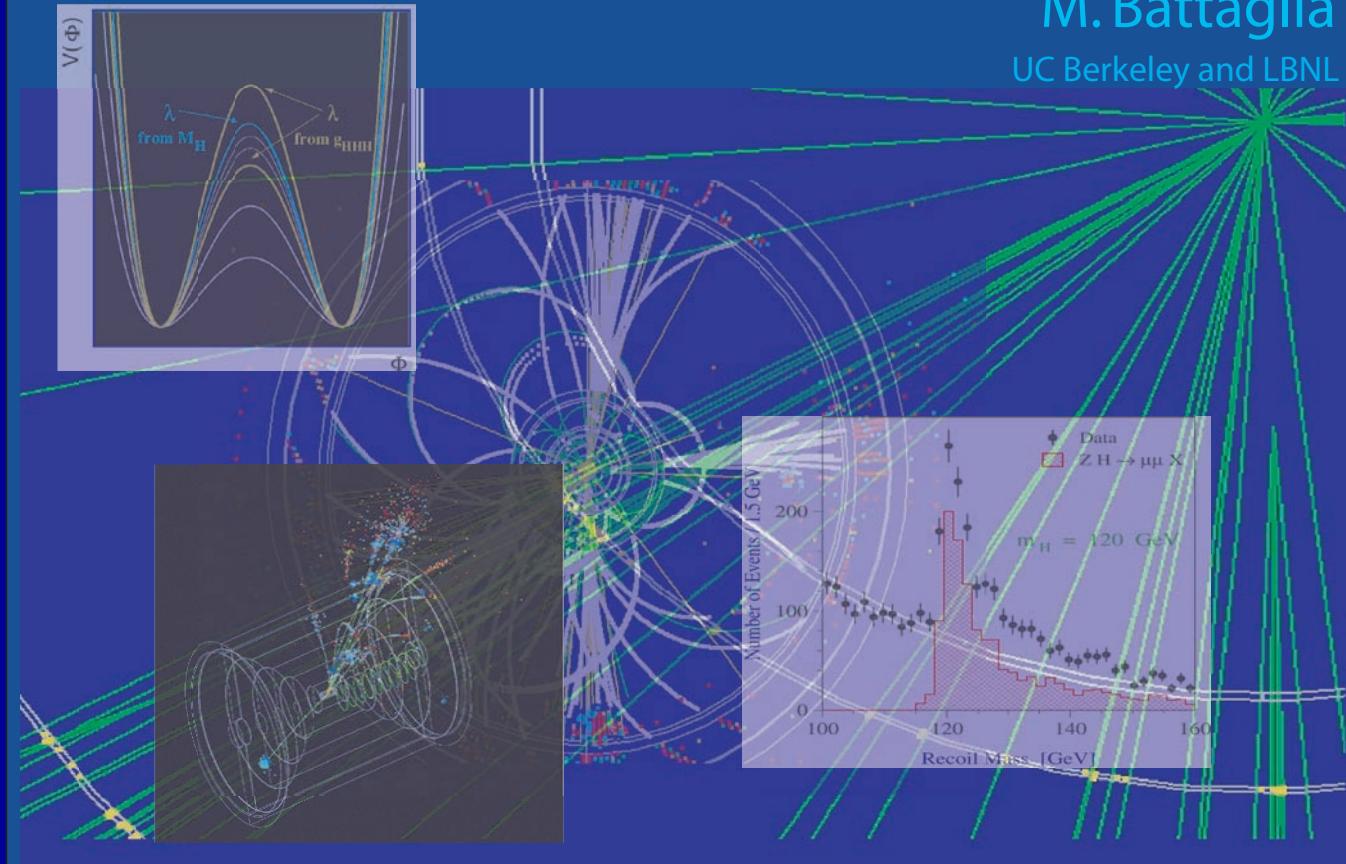


Benchmarking the ILC Detectors

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A Report from the Benchmark Session

Introduction

- ❖ As detector concept studies have started, sets of standard reference reactions will be needed for optimising each individual design, justify and direct R&D, evolving across concept study boundaries, and, eventually, assess relative merits of different concepts;
- ❖ Important to use this opportunity for generating a common platform for the detector studies, which are just starting, and R&D programs;
- ❖ ..and also to refine our assessment of ILC physics potential, based on more detailed and realistic simulation, inclusive of machine background and material effects;
- ❖ **Detector Outline Document**, to be submitted by Detector Concept Studies to WWS in Spring 2006, will have to include detector performance estimations;
- ❖ ILC program blessed by physics processes setting well-defined requirements in terms of reach and accuracy, which may offer excellent physics benchmarks.

Benchmark Session Saturday, Track 3

P. Zerwas, *ILC Physics and ILC Benchmarks*

M. Battaglia, *Benchmarks for the ILC Detectors*

T. Barklow, *Benchmarking the SiD*

G. Wilson, *Benchmarking the Calorimeters*

Y. Sugimoto, *Benchmarking the Tracker*

All, *General Discussion.*

Physics Reactions and Physics Objects as Benchmarks

- ❖ Need to discuss whether to adopt full **Physics Reactions** (such as $e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ$) as benchmarks or **Physics Objects** (such as p , E_{jet}) (or a mix of the two) and to define the relevant matrix;
 - ❖ Physics Reactions offer well defendable performance targets, but analysis techniques to relate detector response to final results may introduce arbitrariness;
 - ❖ Wrong assumptions on Physics Reactions may misplace emphasis and lead to wrong choices (remember how simulation of Toponium production was chosen at PETRA and LEP and LEP-200, ... but detectors did physics quite well)
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- ❖ If adopted, Physics Reactions as Benchmarks should cover a reasonably wide and complementary range of scenarios and be motivated by quantitatively well-defined requirements from physics program and anticipated LHC potential;
- ❖ Higgs sector and Cosmology-motivated SUSY offer excellent candidate reactions;
- ❖ Need to select a very economical set and allow for modifications in the course of the studies.

A Benchmark Proposal 1

❖ Benchmark Analyses for Linear Collider Detectors by M. Peskin

Process	Observable	\sqrt{s} (TeV)	Detector Subsystem	Simulation Code
$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z^0$	$\rightarrow 4$ jets	0.5	Cal	WHIZARD
	$H^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	0.5	Vtx	WHIZARD
	$H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	0.5	Trk	WHIZARD
	$H^0 \rightarrow$ invisible	0.5	Trk	WHIZARD
	λ_{HHH}	0.5	Cal	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 H^0 Z^0$				
$e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^-$	κ_γ, κ_Z	0.5	Integration	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}W^+W^-$	$\sigma_{WW}, \sigma_{ZZ}, M(VV) > 500$ GeV	1.0	Cal	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	m_{top} Thr.	0.35	$d\mathcal{L}/dE$	Teubner's
$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}H^0$	λ_t	1.0	Cal	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$d\sigma/d\cos\theta$	0.35	Trk	KK
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	σ, A_{FB}, τ Pol	1.0 (Pol)	Trk	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow c\bar{c}, b\bar{b}$	σ, A_{FB}, τ Pol	1.0 (Pol)	Integration	WHIZARD
$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 A^0$ LCC-4	$M(A, H), \Gamma(A, H)$	1.0	Integration	ISAJET
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{e}_1^+\tilde{e}_1^-$ SPS1A	$M(\tilde{e}_1), M(\chi_1^0)$	0.5	Trk, $d\mathcal{L}/dE$	ISAJET
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+\tilde{\tau}_1^-$ SPS1A	$M(\tilde{\tau}_1), M(\chi_1^0)$	0.5	Trk $d\mathcal{L}/dE$	ISAJET
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+\tilde{\tau}_1^-$ co-Ann	$M(\tilde{\tau}_1) - M(\chi_1^0)$	1.0	Trk	ISAJET
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi_2^0 \chi_3^0$ LCC-2	$M(\chi_1^0), M(\chi_2^0), M(\chi_3^0)$	0.5	Trk & Cal	ISAJET
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tilde{\tau}_1$ stable $\tilde{\tau}$	$M(\tilde{\tau}_1)$	0.5-1.0	Trk	ISAJET

A Benchmark Proposal 2

❖ Benchmark Reactions proposed by P. Zerwas:

Physics - Particle Matrix													
		e	μ	τ	E	$q = j$	b	c	t	W	Z	γ	$\bar{\tau}$
Higgs	$ee \rightarrow ZH$	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
	$ee \rightarrow ttH$						x		x				
	$ee \rightarrow ZHH$					x	x						
	$ee \rightarrow WW$									x			
	$ee \rightarrow \nu\nu WW, ZZ$				x					x	x		
SUSY	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{e}\tilde{e}$	x	x	x	x								
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$	x	x	x	x	x							
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1$				x				x				
	$ee \rightarrow HA$						x						
	co-ann: $\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau_{[s]}$		x										
	GMSB: $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma_d \tilde{G}$									x			
Prec. SM / New Phys.	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\tau} \tilde{\tau}_{[l]}$											x	
	$ee \rightarrow tt$							x		x		x	
	$ee \rightarrow \ell\ell, ff$	x	x	x		x	x	x			x		
	$ee \rightarrow \gamma + E$										x		
	$ee \rightarrow ee[\gamma]$	x											

A Benchmark Proposal 3

❖ List emerged from discussion in January at Paris meeting on LCD study

$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z^0, M_H = 120 \text{ GeV at } 0.35 \text{ TeV}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \text{ at } 0.35 \text{ TeV}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0H^0Z^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}q\bar{q}, M_H = 120 \text{ GeV, at } 0.5 \text{ TeV}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}^+\tilde{\ell}^- \rightarrow \chi^0\ell^+\chi^0\ell^-, \text{ cMSSM, low tan } \beta, M_{1/2}=500\text{-}800 \text{ GeV at } 0.5 \& 1 \text{ TeV}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}, \mu^+\mu^-, E_{jet}, A_{FB} \text{ at } 1 \text{ TeV}$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^-\nu\bar{\nu}/Z^0Z^0\nu\bar{\nu} \text{ at } 1 \text{ TeV}$

Single $e^\pm, \mu^\pm, \pi^\pm, \pi^0, K^\pm, K_s^0, \gamma, 0 < |\cos \theta| < 1, 0 < p < 500 \text{ GeV}$

Benchmarking the Tracker

- ❖ Benchmark Reactions proposed by Y. Sugimoto in context of GLD Tracker study:
- ❖ Different strategy: select processes requiring simple analysis technique but challenging due to low rates/high bkg:

Process	Vtx Flavor	Vtx Id	$\delta(1/p_t)$	dE/dx	V^0 non-pointing	2-Track Separation
$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$	x		x			
$H \rightarrow mu\mu$			x			
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi^+\chi^-$	x	x		x		
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}^+\tilde{\mu}^-$			x			
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}^+\tilde{\ell}^-$ GMSB				x	x	x

Benchmarks: Physics Reactions and Physics Objects

The Physics Matrix

	$\delta p/p$	σ_{IP} (μm)	$\frac{\delta E_{jet}}{E_{jet}}$	e-id	μ -id	h-id	low- θ veto	$E_{missing}$	Q_{vtx}
$ee \rightarrow H\ell^+\ell^-$	x	-	-	x	x	-	-	-	-
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	-	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	-
$ee \rightarrow ttH$	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	x
$ee \rightarrow HHZ \& HH\nu\nu$	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	x	x
χ_1^0 DM Bulk ($\tilde{\ell}$)	x	-	-	x	x	-	x	x	-
χ_1^0 DM $\tilde{\tau} - \chi$	x	-	-	x	x	-	x	-	-
χ_1^0 DM HA	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	x
$e^+e^- \rightarrow WW/ZZ\nu\nu$	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
$ee \rightarrow ee$	-	-	-	x	-	-	x	x	-
$ee \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	-	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	x
Single Particle	x	x	-	x	x	x	-	-	x

Physics Benchmarks and Detector Parameters

- ❖ Benchmarks (Physics Reactions or Physics Objects) to be studied against variation of fundamental detector parameters:

	$R_{beam\ pipe}$	B Field	$\sigma_{Tracker}^{point}$	$\theta_{Tracker}^{min}$	R_{ECAL}	x_{ECAL}^{Pad}	θ_{FCAL}^{min}
$ee \rightarrow H\ell^+\ell^-$	x	x	x				
$ee \rightarrow HHZ$	x		x	x	x	x	
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	x		x				
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	x				x	x	
$ee \rightarrow HHZ$	x	x	x	x	x	x	
$\chi_1^0 \text{ DM } \tilde{\tau} - \chi$		x			x	x	x
$ee \rightarrow WW/ZZ\nu\nu$		x	x	x	x	x	
$ee \rightarrow ee$							x

- ❖ Select detector parameter to vary (detector concept specific),
- ❖ parametrise detector response in terms of Physics Objects used as inputs to Fast Simulation and study parametric dependence of physics;
- ❖ this can be conducted, in part, ahead of deployment of full simulation and reconstruction and help prioritising on most crucial detector aspects.

- ❖ Exhaustive single particle/parton response study starting point for full simulation and reconstruction:
- ❖ quantify measurement accuracy and acceptance:

Single $e^\pm, \mu^\pm, \pi^\pm, \pi^0, K^\pm, K_s^0, \gamma$, $-1 < \cos \theta < 1, 0 < p < 500 \text{ GeV}$

1. Reconstruction efficiency vs. p and $\cos \theta$;
2. 4-momentum resolution vs. p and $\cos \theta$;
3. $\epsilon(x \rightarrow x)$ and $\epsilon(x \rightarrow x')$ vs. p and $\cos \theta$;
4. Extrapolation accuracy $\sigma_{IP}(R - \phi, z)$ vs. p and $\cos \theta$;

- ❖ compare all of the above to what obtained for same particles but in 150 GeV and 500 GeV single jets;

Single τ, u, s, c, b jets $-1 < \cos \theta < 1, 25 < p < 500 \text{ GeV}$

1. 4-momentum resolution vs. E_{jet} and $\cos \theta$;
2. Q_{jet} vs. E_{jet} and $\cos \theta$;
3. $N_{sec. vtx.}, Q_{sec. vtx.}, E_{sec. vtx.}/E_{jet}$ vs. E_{jet} and $\cos \theta$;

Summary

- ❖ Tentative sets of Benchmark Physics Reactions with quantitative, well-defined requirements have been proposed for optimisation of detector designs and some are already being considered by Detector Concept studies;
- ❖ Timeline for deployment of a set of common physics benchmarks, more than list content, has been focus of discussion in parallel session;
- ❖ It is proposed to setup group with the task to further develop and follow benchmark definition process across detector studies:

T. Barklow, M. Battaglia, Y. Okada, M. Peskin, S. Yamashita, P. Zerwas

- ❖ Aim to prepare document summarising list of physics processes with needed accuracies and proposal for benchmark matrix before ACFA Study Meeting in Korea in July;
- ❖ Following further discussion, first (sub-)set of reactions could be made available before Snowmass as inputs to the summer study.