



## Laser-wire R&D G.A. Blair LCWS05, Stanford 20th March 2005

- Overview
- PETRA laser-wire
- ATF laser-wire
- Future plans







- High-power pulsed laser system
- Fast intra-train scanning
- bunch-by-bunch profile

# People

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Project web page: http://www.hep.ph.rhul.ac.uk/~lbbd/

# Laserwire - PETRA



Initially built and tested in London



# **PETRA beam characteristics**

Optics: pem04 Energy 7 GeV

βx 7m
βy 20m
εx 23 nm rad
εy 0.46 nm rad

σx 400 μm σy 96 μm



#### J. Carter

### New Signal Window





## Detector

## Detector crystals: PbWO4 3x3 matrix of 18x18x150 mm crystals







#### Laser Power Substructure

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- So not always delivering full power to the electron beam
- Integrate over laser power with a 20ps Gaussian to produce an effective laser power distribution seen by an electron bunch





#### **Data and Simulations**

#### J. Carter

#### Before Exit Window Installed



- Used BDSim to simulate the PETRA Laserwire set up
- Produced a single Compton distribution
  - Observed that 99% of photons were not making it past the beam pipe material
- Extrapolated to N photons using Poisson statistics
- Accounted for Laser Power Substructure
- Compared to non-scanning data set taken in Aug 2004, using 160 photons:

$$\langle N_{\gamma} \rangle = \frac{P_{\rm L} \sigma_{\rm C}}{ch\nu_0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_s} \exp\left(\frac{-y^2}{2\sigma_s^2}\right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dz \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_{\rm f}} \exp\left(\frac{-z^2}{2\sigma_{\rm f}^2}\right)$$

P.Tenenbaum & T.Shintake, Ann.Rev.Nucl.Part.Sci.49:125-162,1999

- Expected Number of Photons for 1mA bunch current at PETRA is:
  - ~160 photons



## Data and Simulations After Exit Window Installed





The new window required that 25mm Lead be placed in front of Calorimeter as too much energy was incident upon it.

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Voltage supply on PMT also needed to be reduced from 1115kV to 715kV.

 Introduced a Gain reduction factor of 12.48 according to manufacturers guidelines

 New simulations (with window and 25mm Lead) confirm we should see a great improvement in the signal.

Piezo-scanner voltage

#### Simulations to emphasise the need for

### A high quality laser



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A 'perfect' laser that always delivered its average energy to the 20ps electron bunch

Energy resolution ~10%

 Current laser, with temporal substructure gives rise to an Energy resolution on order of ~35%





#### Geant4 Simulations (BDSIM)





#### Still some effects to understand Low energy cut on showers could explain difference

PMT has been in high SR background for a couple of years – so we plan a longer run to recalibrate calorimeter plus PMT

### Fast scanning (very preliminary)

- Data from16/02/05
- PETRA conditions
   7 GeV, 1 bunch
- Scan
  - 100 scan points
  - 1 triggers/point
  - 3.33 seconds for whole scan
- Clear signal observed
  - Thanks to the new window
- Analysis as before



- Result
  - σ<sub>m</sub>=108.1± 2.3 μm

## S. Boogert, S. Malton

#### **ATF Laser-wire Motivation**

J. Frisch, Nanobeam 2002: For a 1% measurement, laser wavelength is given by:

$$\lambda = \frac{4}{9}\pi \frac{\sigma_y^2}{\sigma_x}$$

So, for the current ILC design,  $\lambda$  should be <~360 nm (driven by aspect ratio considerations) and laser spotsize <~ $\sigma_v/3 = 0.6 \ \mu m$ 

At ATF, we will aim to measure 1 micron electron spotsize with green (532 nm) light. Aim at intra-rain (fast) scan for 300ns bunch spacing.

The final spotsize measurable at ILC will have implications for The length and layout of the BDS diagnostics section. The ATF results will be crucial to determine the technical boundaries.



## This year's plans for the ATF extraction line laser-wire

- March 2005: "study trip": Understand the possible setup [optics/infrastructure], prepare our DAQ, study the laser,...
- May/June 2005: Laser measurements, study the beam optics, validate the DAQ
- Summer/September 2005: Install the laser transport and delivery (Optics, Scanning,...), install our vacuum vessel at the ATF and final focusing lens
- November/December 2005: Laser-wire run

# Laser-wire Future

- Major new Laser lab being set up
- Build international group based at JAI in advanced lasers for accelerators.
- Install micron laser wire in ATF Extraction line
- Build expertise in ultra-fast EO scanning
- Improve PETRA LW performance Eurotev
- Plan move to PETRAIII location + new optics