

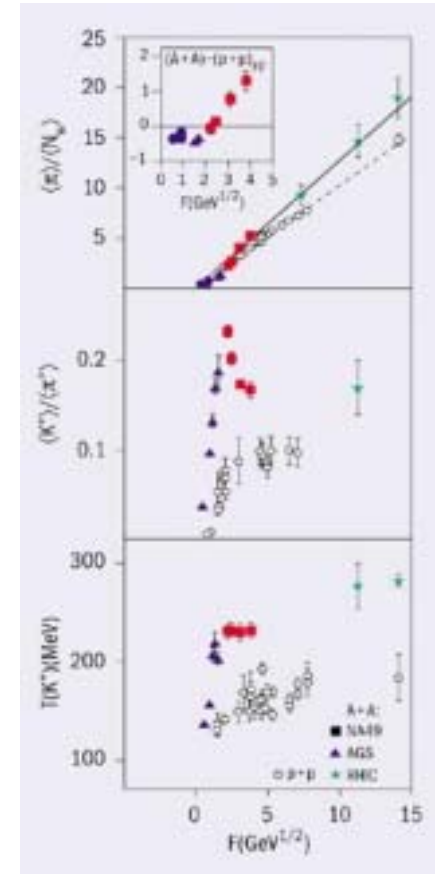
Pentaquark Search @ NA49.SPS.CERN



In-Kwon YOO
Nuclear Research Institute
Pusan National University
Republic of Korea

- Motivation
- Experiment and Data Analysis
- Results and Discussion
- Conclusion and Outlook

- Main Goal of the NA49 Experiment in SPS.CERN :
 - QGP Search via Pb+Pb @ $E_{lab}=158$ AGeV
 - as References : p+p @ 158 AGeV ; p+Pb @ 158 AGeV
 - p+p, p+Pb, Pb+Pb @ various collision Energies & Centralities (min.bias)
- NuRI (Nuclear Research Institute) @ PNU founded:
 - JKAhn, HChKim : Exotic Particle Search ($\Lambda 1405$, Θ^+) in Japan
 - Quark Nuclear Physics 2004 Workshop (<http://www.nuri.pusan.ac.kr>)



SuperProtonSynchrotron@CERN

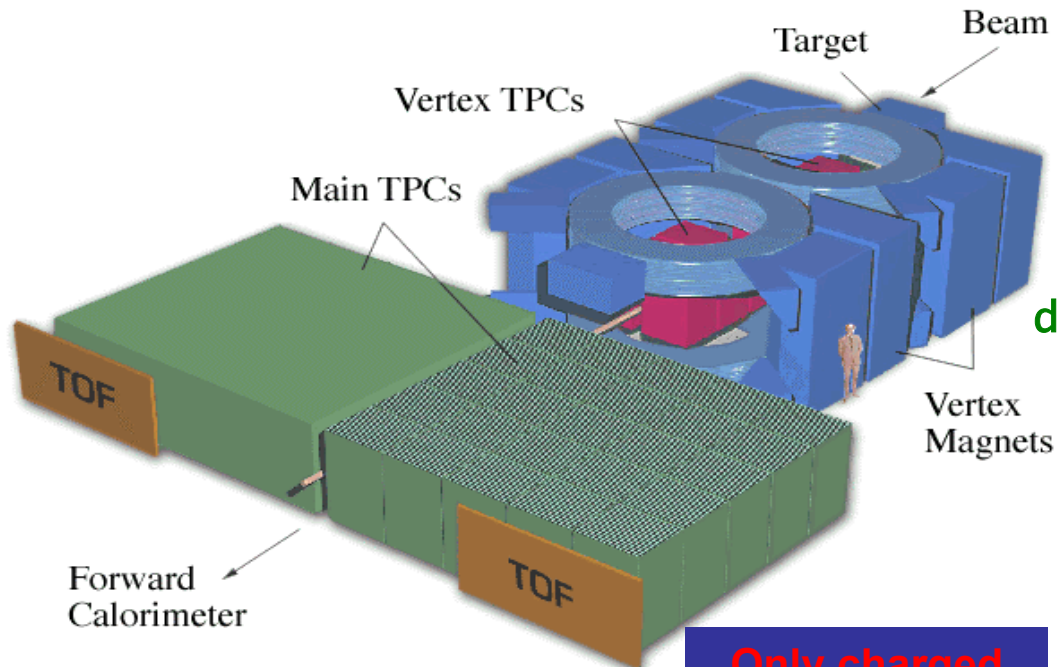


Motivation

- Hadronic Interest : the other exotic states w.r.t
 - The Chiral Soliton Model (Diakonov et al., Z.Phys.A359 (1997) 305)
 - The Correlated Quark Model (Jaffe et al., arXiv:hep-ph/0307341) etc.
- Multiquark in hot and Dense Matter ?
 - J.Randrup, *Production of the exotic Theta baryon in relativistic nuclear collisions*, PRC68, 031903 (2003)
 - L.W.Chen et al., *Pentaquark baryon production at the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider*, arXiv:nucl-th/0308906
 - J.Rafelski et al., *Strange Pentaquark Hadrons in Statistical Hadronization*, PRC68, 061901
 - HchKim, ChLee et al, *Pentaquark Θ^+ mass and width in dense matter*, arXiv: hep-ph/0402141

NA49 Datasets

E_{lab} (AGeV)	20	30	40	80	100	158	250
$E_{\text{CM}} = s^{1/2}$	6.3	7.6	8.8	12.3	13.8	17.2	21.7
Pb+Pb	360k	440k	710k	381k		3.93M	
Pb+Pb (m.b.)			1.27M			1.07M	
Si+Si			140k			410k	
C+C			250k			560k	
p+Pb					470k	3.49M	190k
p+Al						355k	
p+C (m.b.)					200k	570k	
π^+ +Pb						1.54M	
π^- +Pb						910k	
d+p			650k			980k	
p+p			410k		640k	6.8M	
π^+ +p						1.28M	
π^- +p						900k	



$$dp/p^2 = 7 (0.3) \times 10^{-4} \text{ (GeV/c)}^{-1}$$

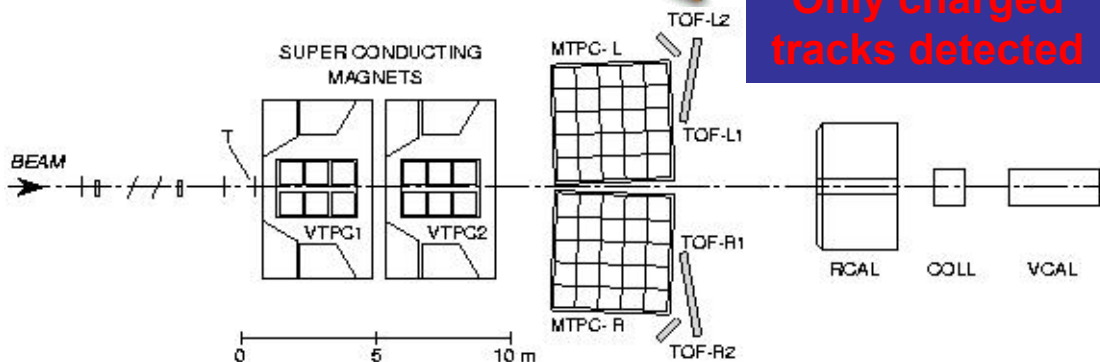
in VTPC1 (VTPC2+MTPC)

3-6 % dE/dx resolution

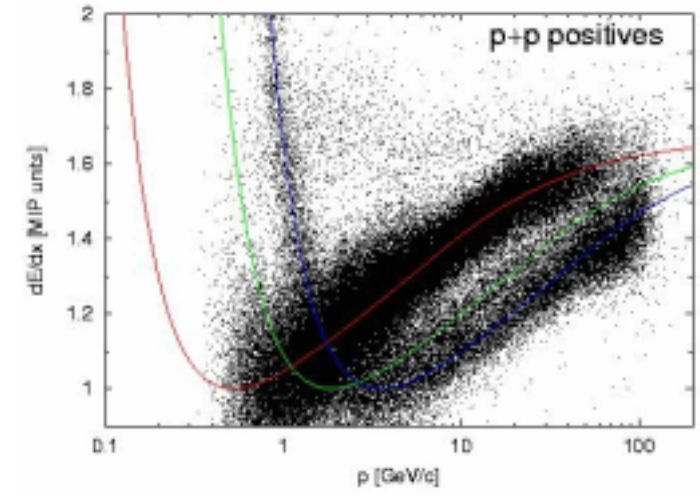
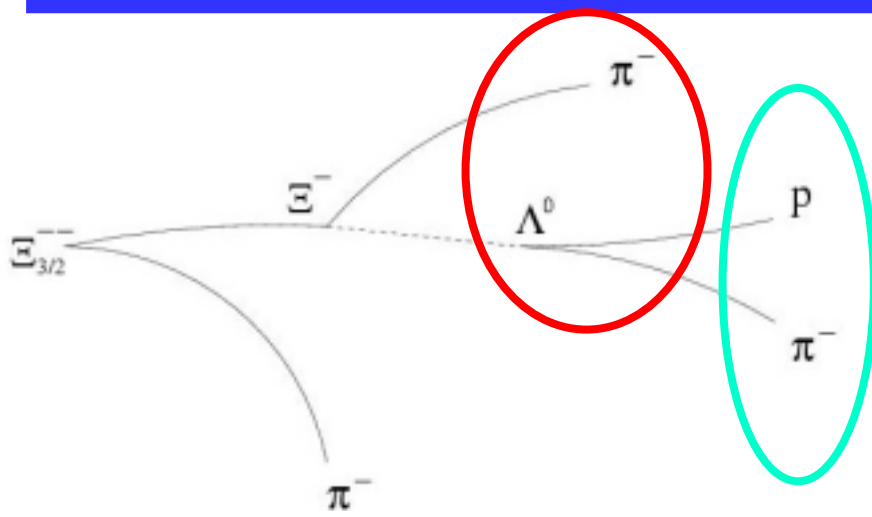
Only charged tracks detected

Main vertex cuts
(within Target):

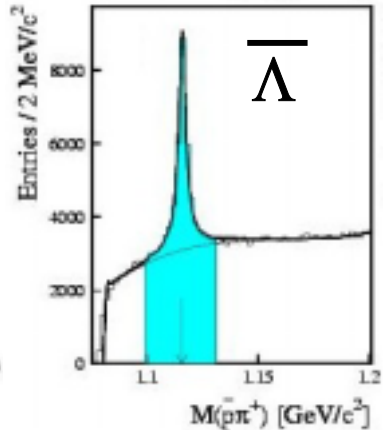
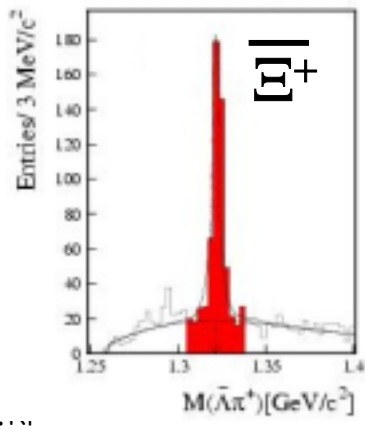
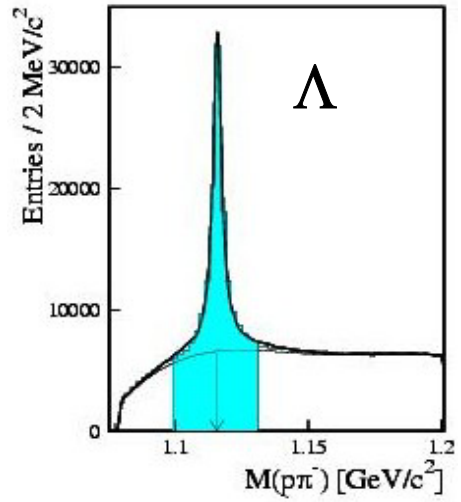
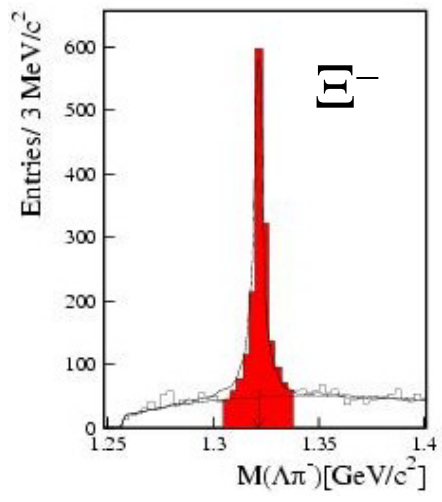
- 1) $x^2 + y^2 < 1 \text{ cm}^2$
- 2) $-590.5 \text{ cm} < z < -572.5 \text{ cm}$



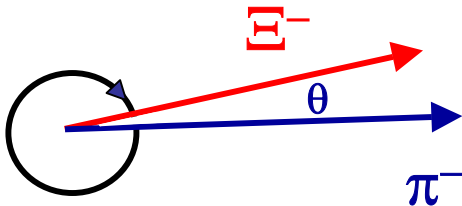
$[\Sigma]_{3/2}^{--}$ Search



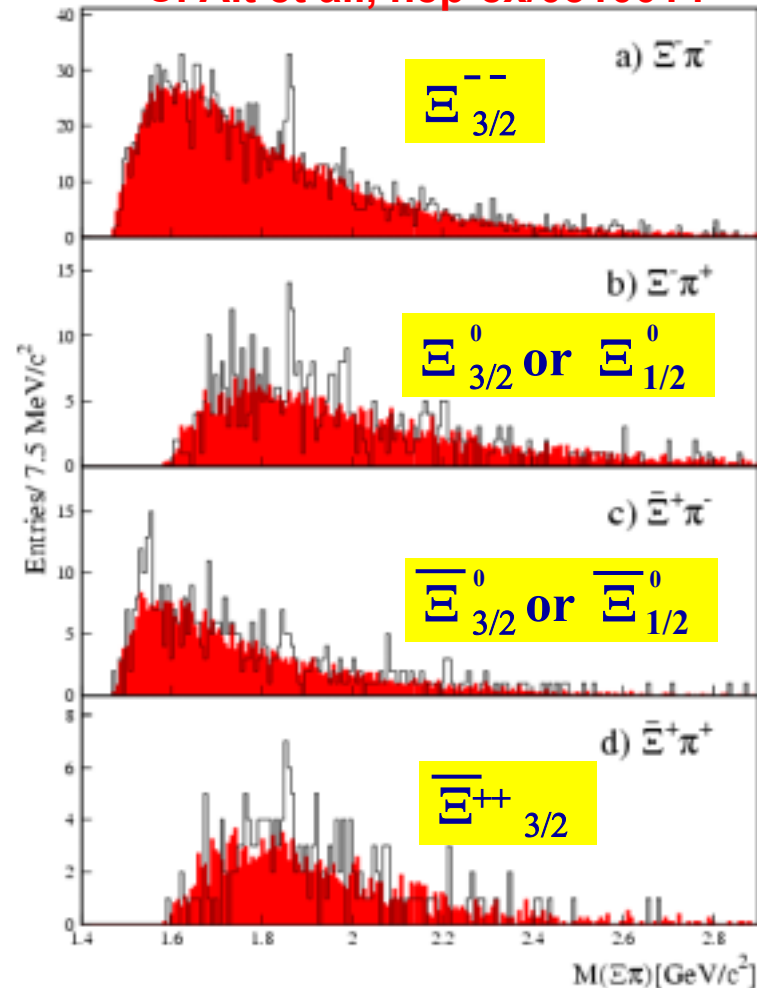
- $dbb < 3\sigma$
- Vertices Cut for $p\pi^-$ Combi



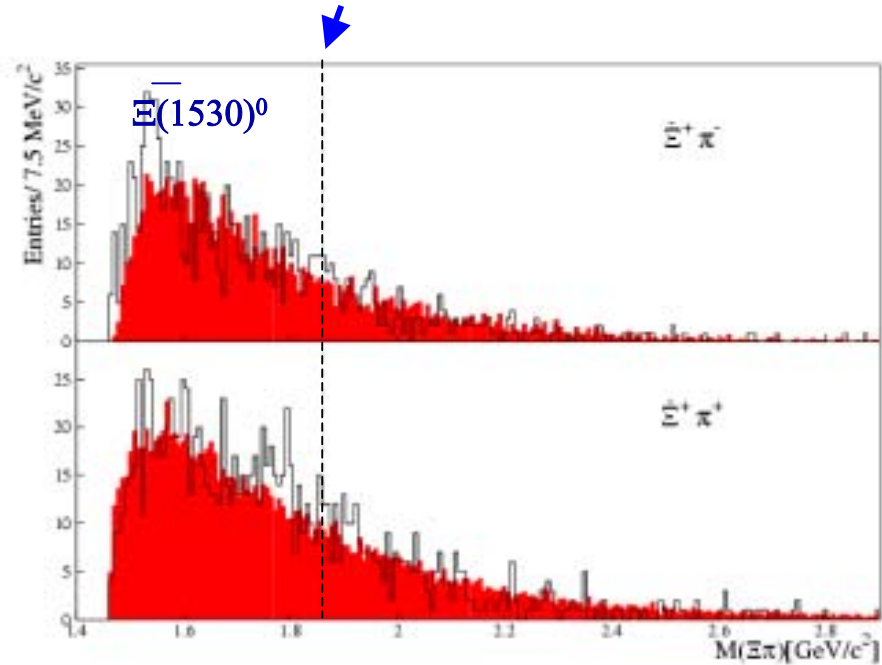
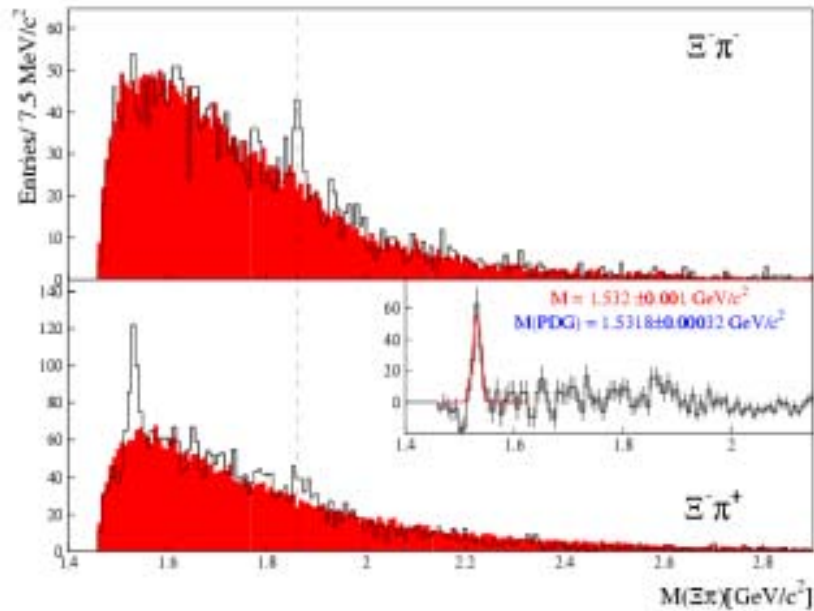
- Pions from the primary vertex
 - Position at main vertex
 - $|b_x| < 1.5\text{cm}$ && $|b_y| < 0.5\text{cm}$
 - $dbb < 1.5\sigma$ for π^-
 - $-0.5\sigma < dbb < 1.5\sigma$ for π^+
- Number of point in the track > 10
- Angular cut $\theta_{\text{lab}} > 4.5^\circ$

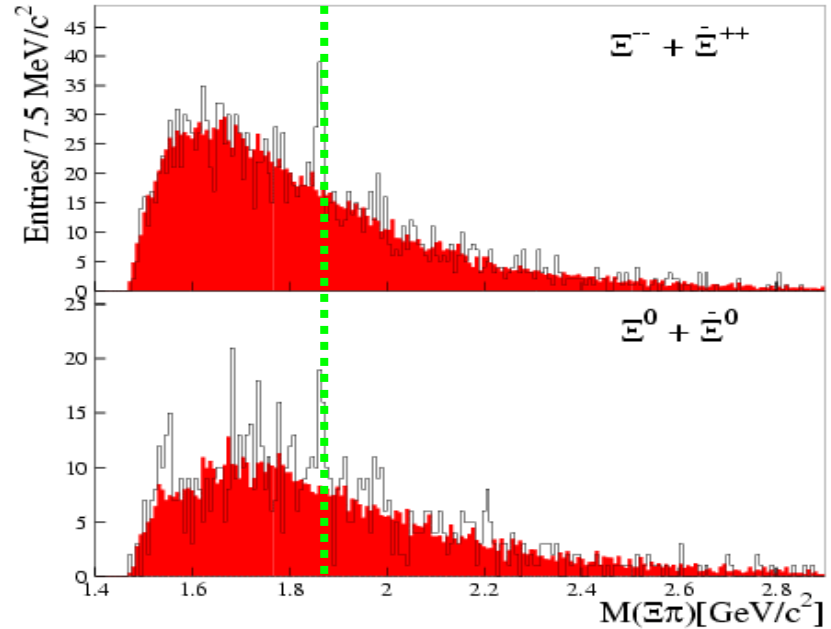
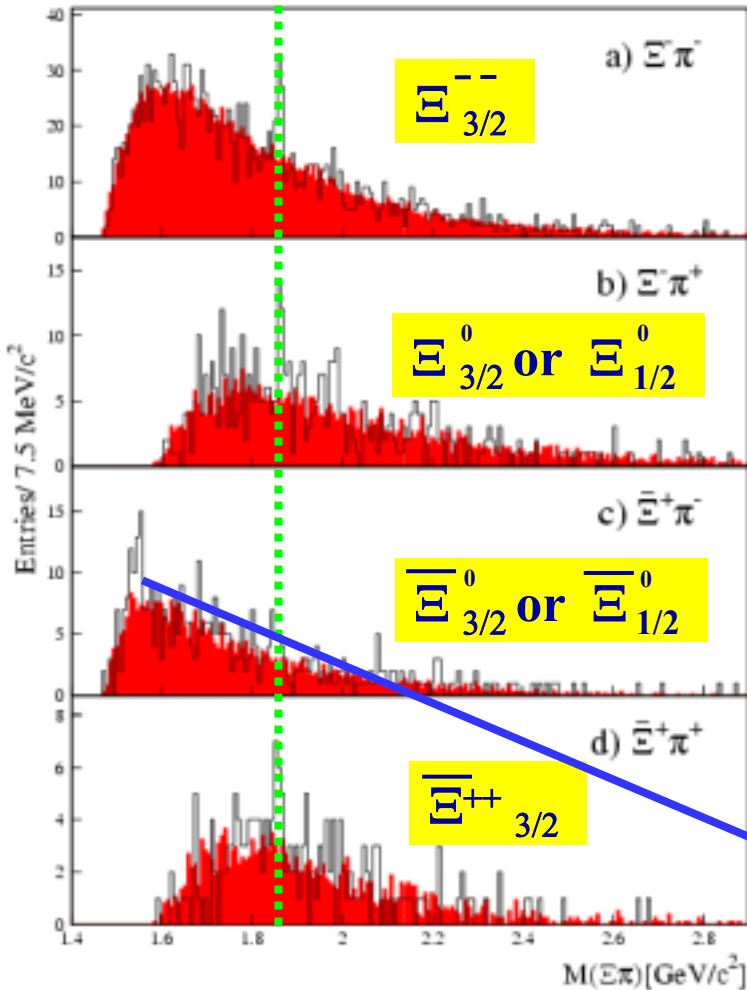


C. Alt et al., hep-ex/0310014



No clear structures at 1.86 GeV/c²

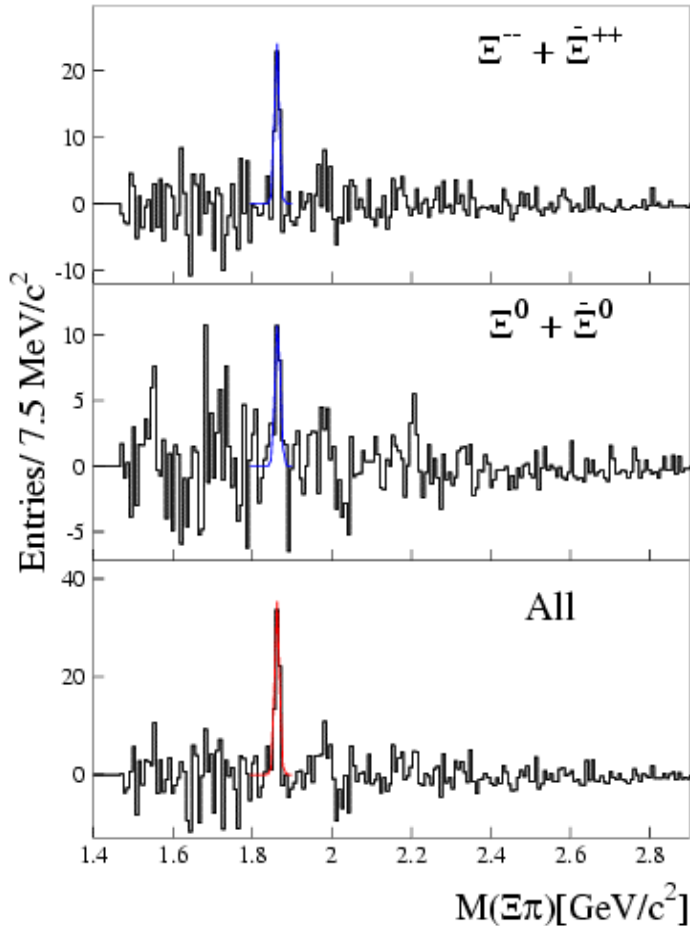




Mass window : 1.85 - 1.8725 GeV/c^2

$S/(S+B)^{1/2} \approx 4.2$

$\Xi(1530)^0$: systematic error estimation $< 0.001 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



$$M = 1.862 \pm 0.002 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

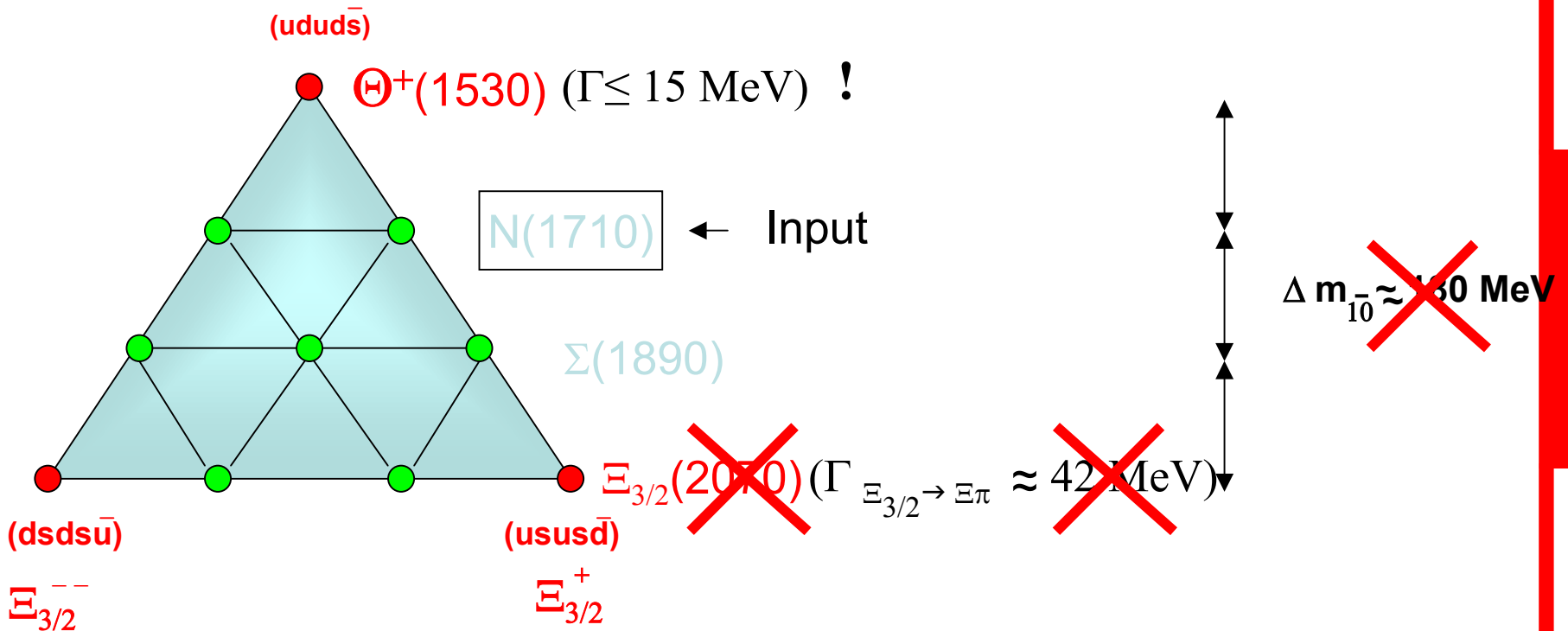
$$M = 1.864 \pm 0.005 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$M = 1.862 \pm 0.002 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma \leq 18 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

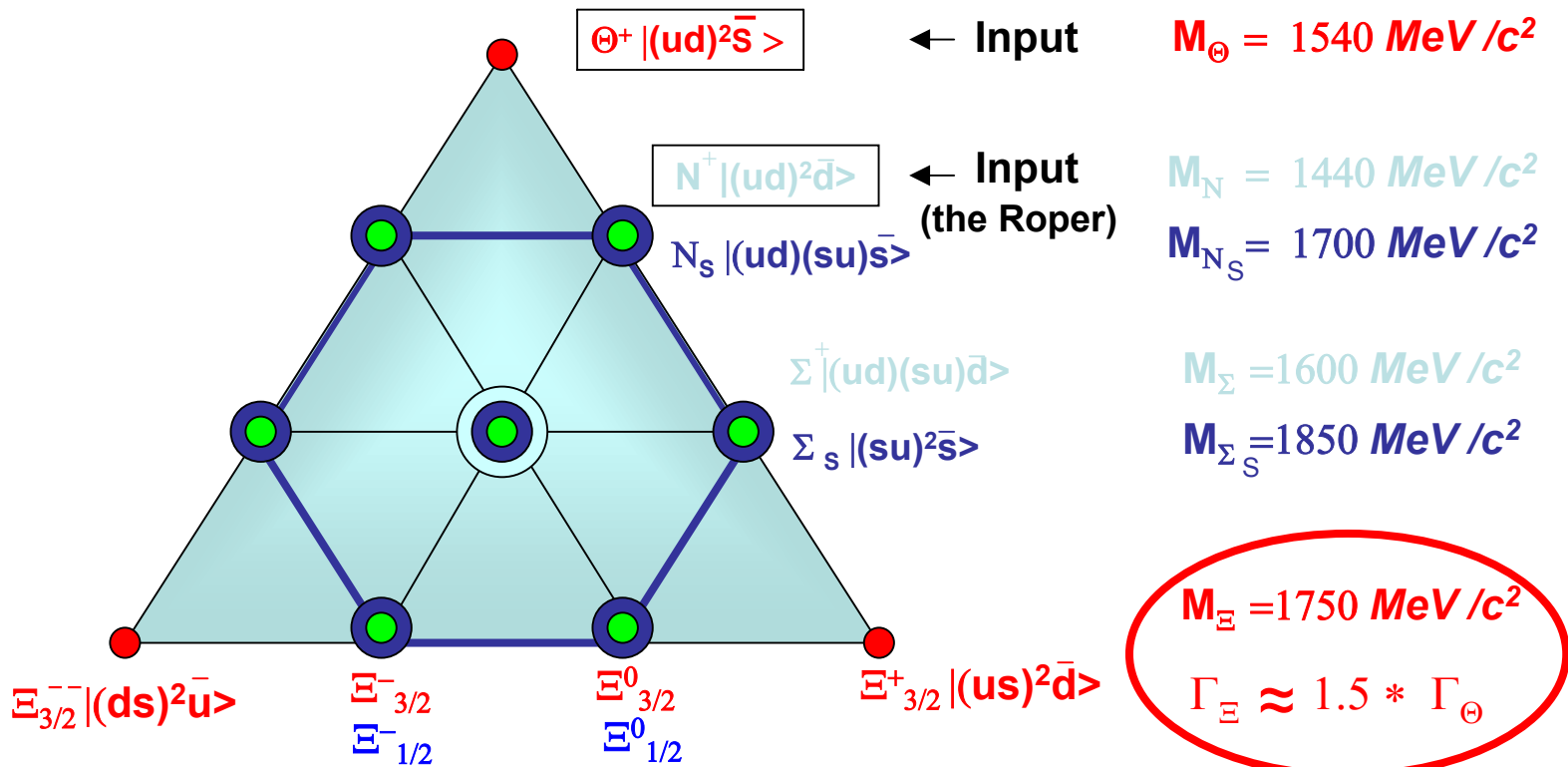
Suggested anti-decuplet of baryons: $J^P=1/2^+$

D. Diakonov, V. Petrov, M. Polyakov, Z.Phys. A 359 (1997) 305

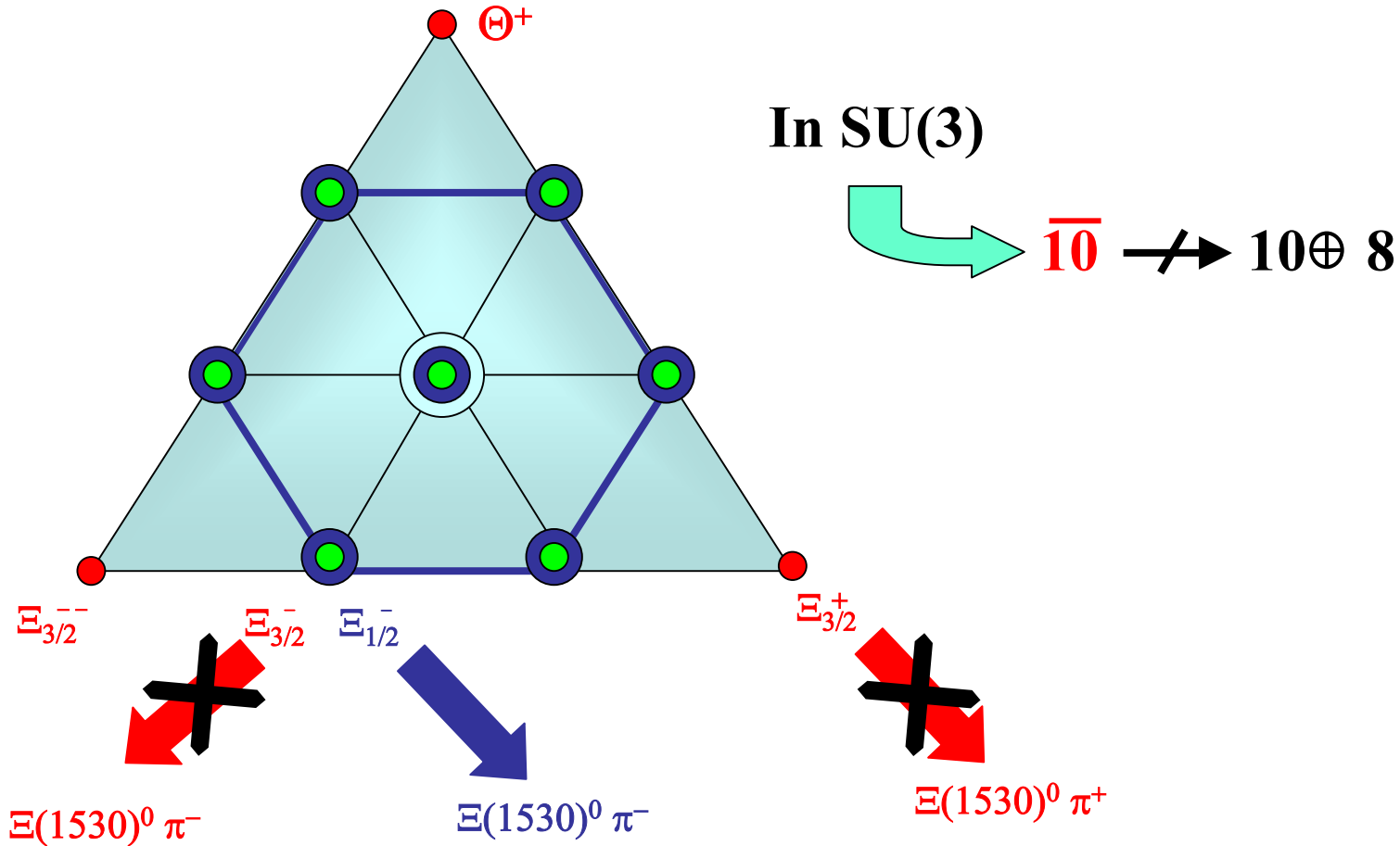


Suggested $\bar{10}_f \oplus 8_f$ of baryons: $J^P=1/2^+$

R. Jaffe and F. Wilczek, arXiv:hep-ph/0307341

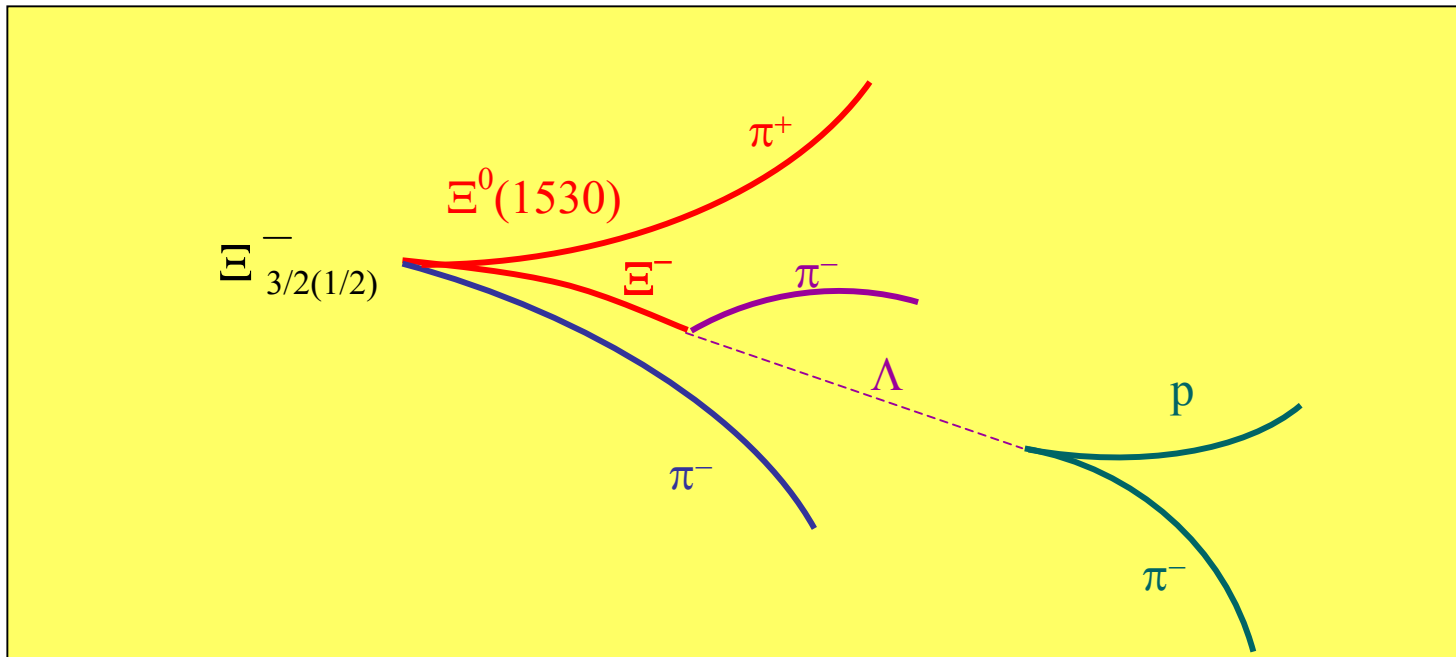
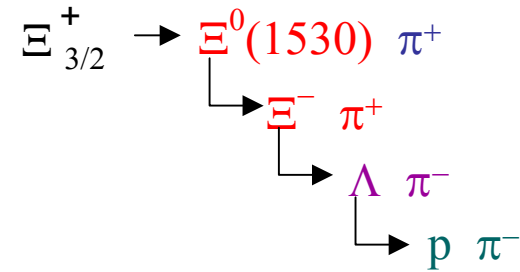
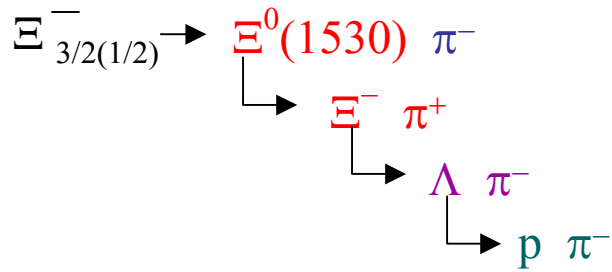


Note : the $\Xi_{3/2}$ and $\Xi_{1/2}$ have the same mass

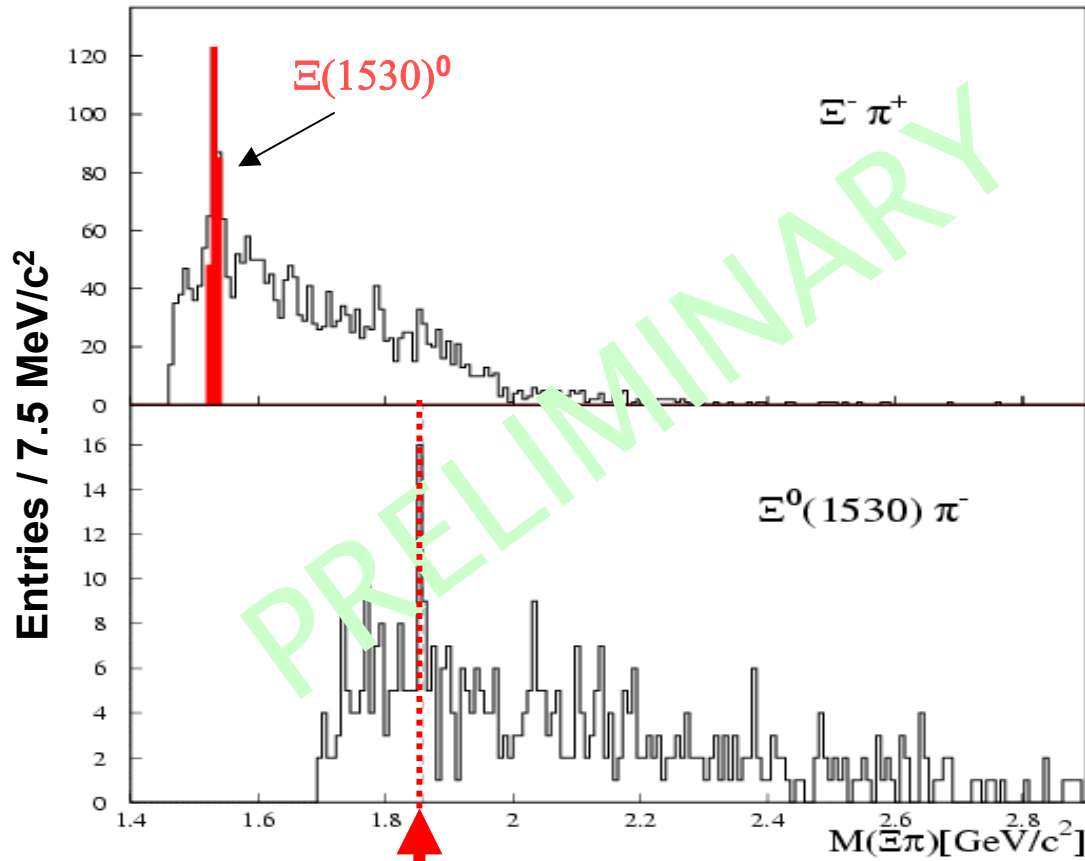


R. Jaffe and F. Wilczek, hep/ph/0312369

Search for Ξ^- and Ξ^+ via $\Xi(1530)^0$ decay



Search for Ξ^- and Ξ^+ via $\Xi(1530)^0$ decay



R. Jaffe and F. Wilczek

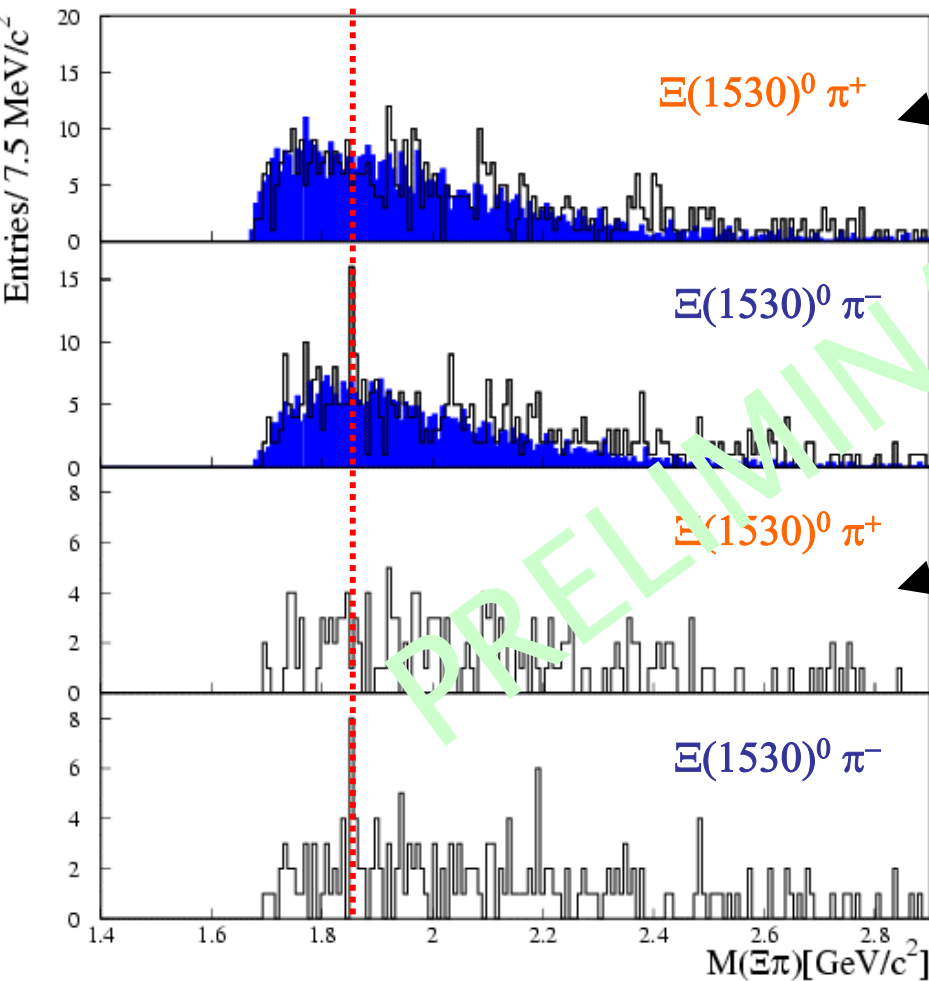
octet member

$M=1.855 \pm 0.003 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



$\Xi^-_{1/2}$

Search for Ξ^- and Ξ^+ via $\Xi(1530)^0$ decay



No evidence for $\Xi^+_{3/2}$ to $\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^+$ decay

No evidence for $\Xi^+_{3/2}$ to $\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^+$ decay

← Finer cut

- Strong Evidence for the existence of a narrow $\Xi^{-}\pi^{-}$ resonance at $M = 1.862 \pm 0.002 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ($\Gamma \leq 18 \text{ MeV}/c^2$) is observed.
- At the same mass a peak is observed in the $\Xi^{-}\pi^{+}$ spectrum.
- The corresponding antibaryon spectra show enhancements at the same mass.
- There is a preliminary evidence for existence of a narrow $\Xi(1530)^0\pi^{-}$ resonance at $M = 1.855 \pm 0.003 \text{ GeV}/c^2$.
- There is no indication for a $\Xi(1530)^0\pi^{+}$ resonance.

- Open Question
 - Spin is unknown
 - Parity is unknown
 - Width ? Structure? Production mechanism?
 - Production in the hot and dense matter?
- NA49 (Pentaquark Working Group)
 - **CERN-SPSC-2003-038**
 - $(3-6) \cdot 10^7$ p+p events (new DAQ system)
 - Further improvement of experimental resolution
 - Search for $\Sigma_s^0(-) \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+$ ($\Xi^- K_s^0$)
 - Search for the exotic particles in hot and dense matter (in peripheral Pb+Pb, p+Pb, Pb+Pb at various collision energies)

T. Anticic,²¹ B. Baatar,⁸ D. Barna,⁴ J. Bartke,⁶ M. Behler,¹³ L. Betev,⁹ H. Bialkowska,¹⁹ A. Billmeier,⁹ C. Blume,⁷ B. Boimska,¹⁹ M. Botje,¹ J. Brachnik,³ R. Bramm,⁹ R. Brun,¹⁰ P. Bunčić,^{10,9} V. Cemy,³ P. Christakoglou,² O. Chvala,¹⁵ J.G. Cramer,¹⁷ P. Csató,⁴ N. Darmenov,¹⁸ A. Dimitrov,¹⁸ P. Dinkelaker,⁹ V. Eckardt,¹⁴ P. Filip,¹⁴ D. Flierl,⁹ Z. Fodor,⁴ P. Foka,⁷ P. Freund,¹⁴ V. Friese,^{7,13} J. Gál,⁴ M. Gaździcki,⁹ G. Georgopoulos,² E. Gladysz,⁶ S. Hegyi,⁴ C. Höhne,¹³ K. Kadija,^{10,21} A. Karev,¹⁴ V.I. Kolesnikov,⁸ T. Kollegger,⁹ E. Kornas,⁶ R. Kortus,¹² M. Kowalski,⁶ I. Kraus,⁷ M. Krejcs,³ M. van Leeuwen,¹ P. Lévai,⁴ L. Litov,¹⁸ M. Makariev,¹⁸ A.I. Malakhov,⁸ C. Markert,⁷ M. Mateev,¹⁸ B.W. Mayes,¹¹ G.L. Melkumov,⁸ C. Meurer,⁹ A. Mischke,⁷ M. Mitrovski,⁹ J. Molnár,⁴ St. Mrówczyński,¹² G. Palla,⁴ A.D. Panagiotou,² D. Panayotov,¹⁸ K. Perl,²⁰ A. Petridis,² M. Pikna,³ L. Pinsky,¹¹ F. Pühlhofer,¹³ J.G. Reid,¹⁷ R. Renfordt,⁹ W. Retyk,²⁰ C. Roland,⁵ G. Roland,⁵ M. Rybczyński,¹² A. Ryłacki,⁶ A. Sandoval,⁷ H. Sann,⁷ N. Schmitz,¹⁴ P. Seyboth,¹⁴ F. Siklér,⁴ B. Sitar,³ E. Skrzypczak,²⁰ G. Stefanek,¹² R. Stock,⁹ H. Ströbele,⁹ T. Susa,²¹ I. Szentjétery,⁴ J. Sziklai,⁴ T.A. Trainor,¹⁷ D. Varga,⁴ M. Vassiliou,² G.I. Verev,⁴ G. Veszteg,⁴ D. Vranić,⁷ A. Wetzler,⁹ Z. Włodarczyk,¹² I.K. Yoo,¹⁶ J. Zarenek,⁹ and J. Zimányi⁴

(The NA49 Collaboration)

¹NIKHEF, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

²Department of Physics, University of Athens, Athens, Greece.

³Cenenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia.

⁴KFKI Research Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Budapest, Hungary.

⁵MIT, Cambridge, USA.

⁶Institute of Nuclear Physics, Cracow, Poland.

⁷Gesellschaft für Schwerionenforschung (GSI), Darmstadt, Germany.

⁸Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia.

⁹Fachbereich Physik der Universität, Frankfurt, Germany.

¹⁰CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.

¹¹University of Houston, Houston, TX, USA.

¹²Institute of Physics Świętokrzyska Academy, Kielce, Poland.

¹³Fachbereich Physik der Universität, Marburg, Germany.

¹⁴Max-Planck-Institut für Physik, Munich, Germany.

¹⁵Institute of Particle and Nuclear Physics, Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic.

¹⁶Department of Physics, Pusan National University, Pusan, Republic of Korea.

¹⁷Nuclear Physics Laboratory, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA.

¹⁸Atomic Physics Department, Sofia University St. Kliment Ohridski, Sofia, Bulgaria.

¹⁹Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland.

²⁰Institute for Experimental Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland.

²¹Rudjer Boskovic Institute, Zagreb, Croatia.