

Rare Hadronic B decays at BaBar

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On behalf of the BaBar Collaboration



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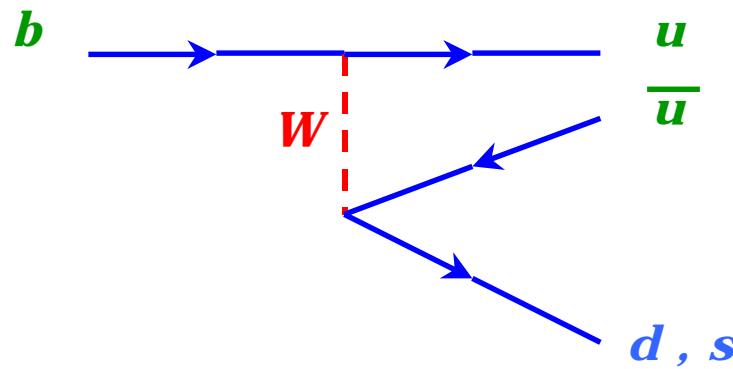
Motivation

- 2 main categories of rare decays:

- $b \rightarrow u$ transition

CKM suppressed:

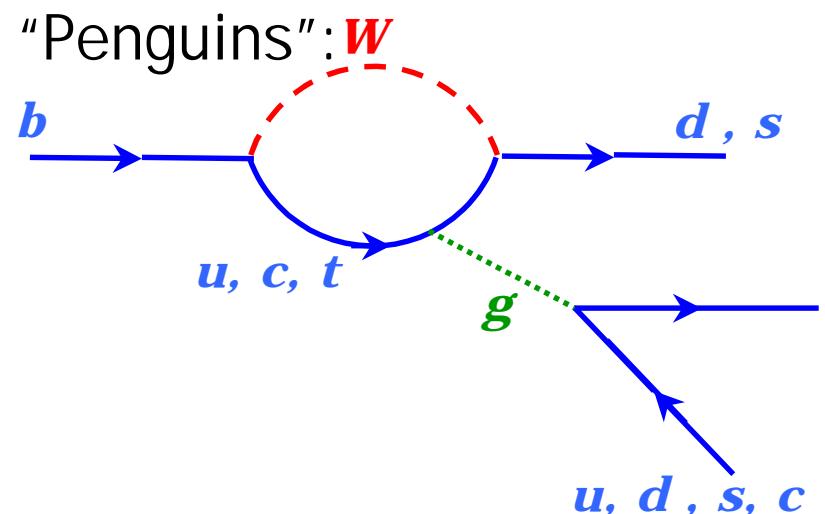
$$|V_{ub}/V_{cb}| \sim 6 \cdot 10^{-3}$$



- $b \rightarrow s, d$

Induced FCNC and

"Penguins":



- Comparable order of magnitude to Penguin diagrams
- Interferences → Phases, CP violation...

- Massive particles can contribute to the loop: top, Higgs, SUSY ...
- Penguins complicate CP measurements

Data Sample

- Rare Decays ($\text{Br} \sim 10^{-5}$)
⇒ Need high luminosity

Run1: ('99-'00)

20.7 fb^{-1} on-peak

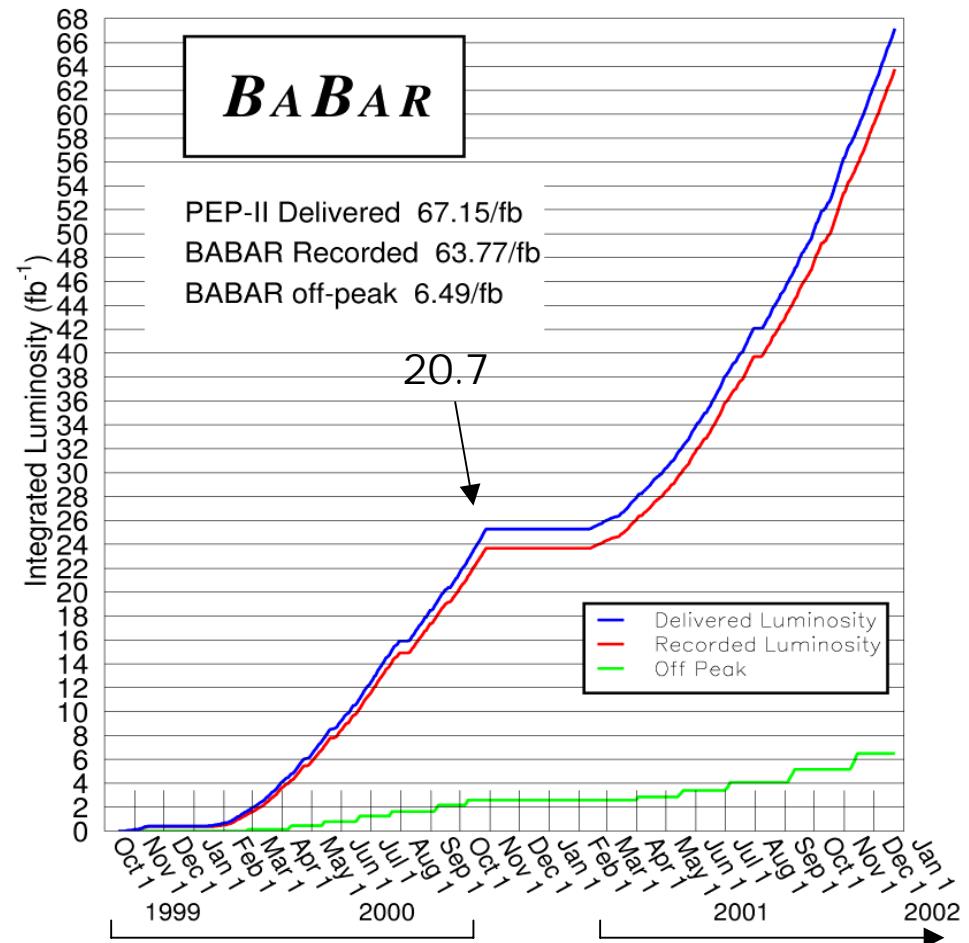
2.6 fb^{-1} off-peak

22.7×10^6 B pairs

Run2: ('01-'02)

up to now 40 fb^{-1}

(and counting)

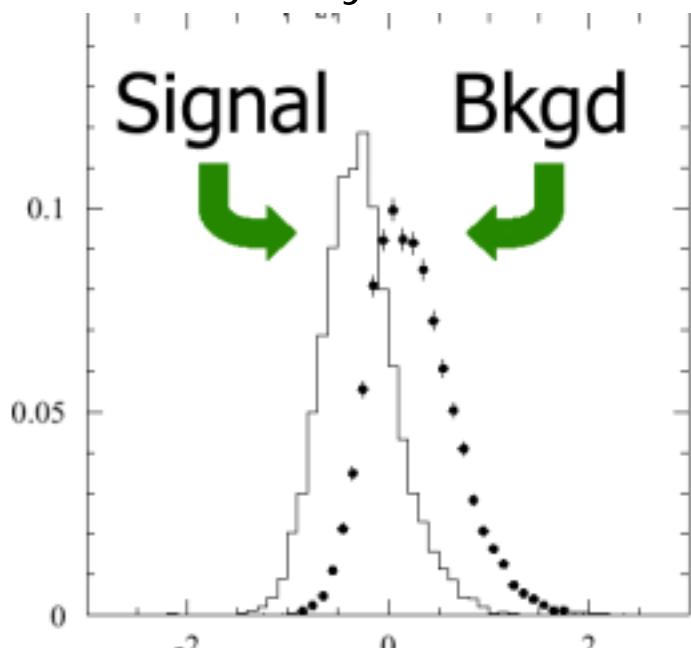


Common Analysis Strategies

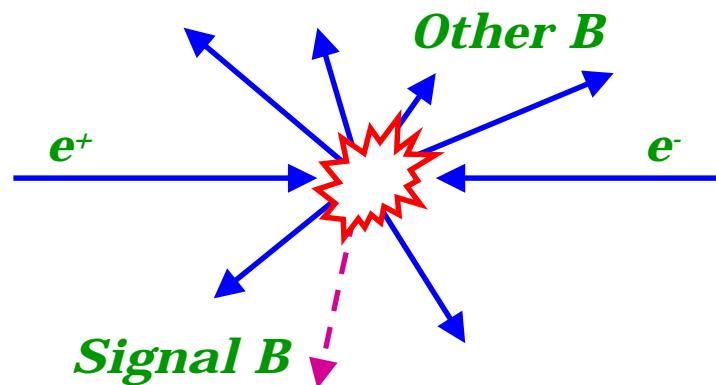
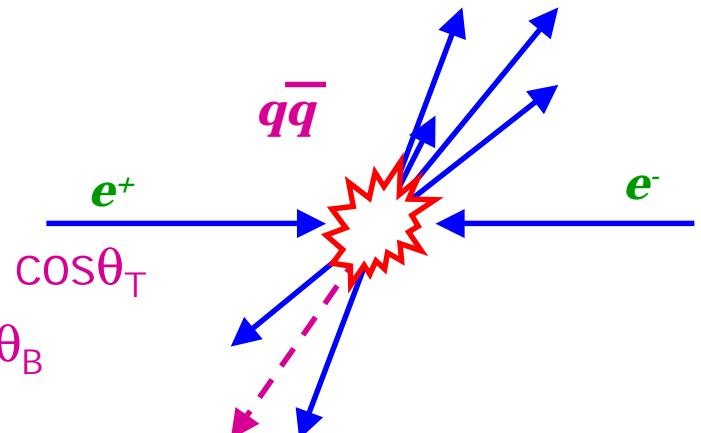
- Continuum background rejection:
 - Event shape
- B candidate selection:
 - ΔE , m_{ES}/m_{EC}
- Further pre-selection:
 - PID, resonance masses
- Signal extraction:
 - Cut and count, ML fit, Neural Net
- All Analyses Blind!

Background Rejection

- Background dominated by continuum $q\bar{q}$
- Use event shape variables:
 - Ratio of Fox-Wolfram moments: R_2/R_0
 - Cosine of B thrust axis / rest of event : $\cos\theta_T$
 - Cosine of B decay axis / beam axis : $\cos\theta_B$
 - Energy flow around B thrust axis
 - And many more



Win02 Jan25 2002 **Fisher Discrimant**



- Combine these variables into a Fisher discriminant or a Neural Net

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B signal variables

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}$$

B mesons ~ at rest ($p_B^* \approx 325$ MeV/c)

- $q_{B1}^2 = q_{B2}^2 \Rightarrow \Delta E \equiv E_B^* - E_{beam}^*$ (CMS)

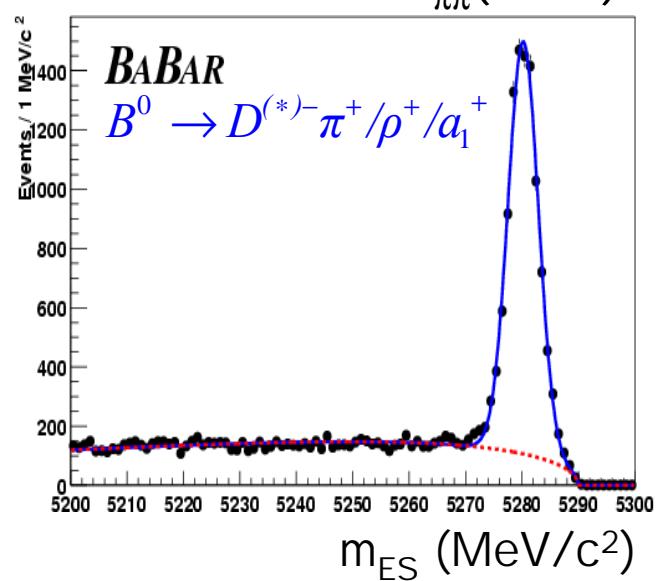
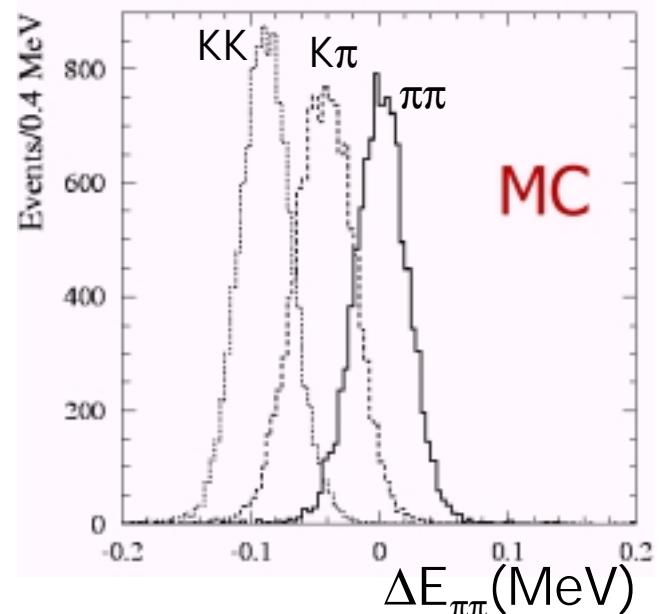
- Typical: $\sigma(\Delta E) \approx 25-40$ MeV

- $q_{B1}^2 = m_B^2 \Rightarrow$

$$m_{EC} \equiv \sqrt{E_B^* - p_B^*} \quad (\text{kinematic fit}) \quad (\text{CMS})$$

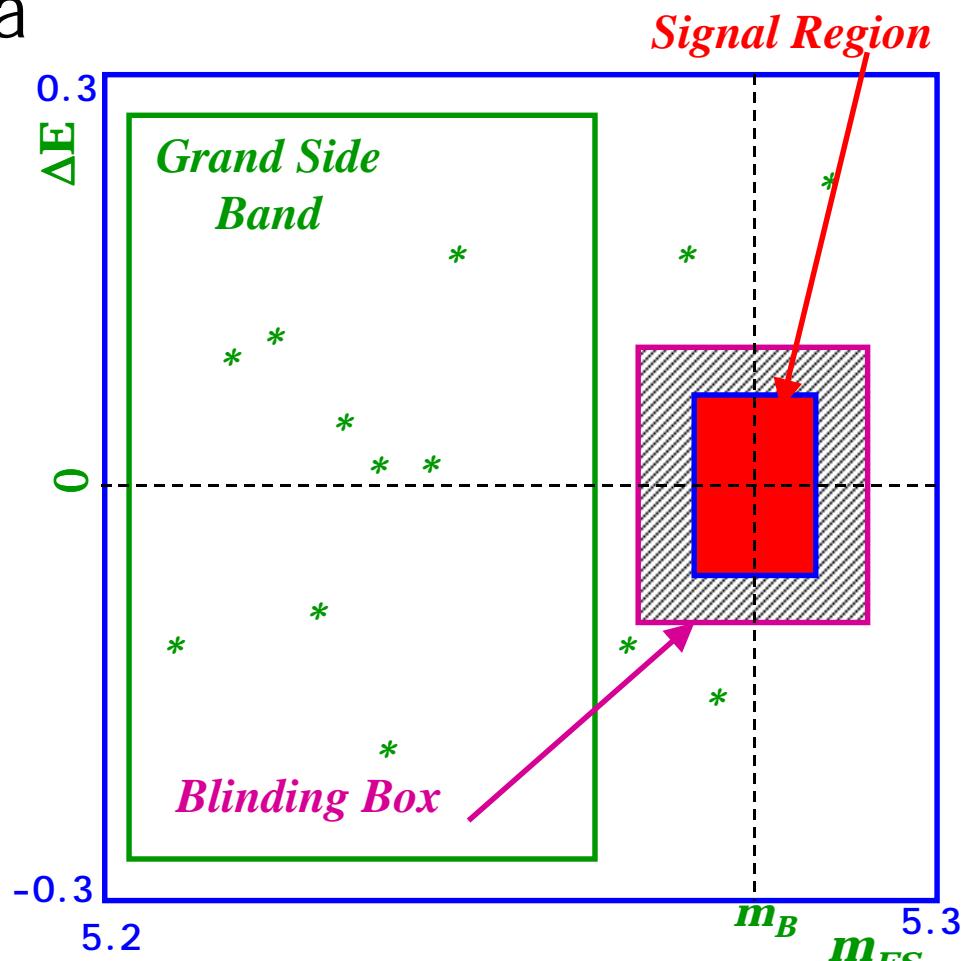
$$m_{ES} \equiv \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}s + \mathbf{p}_0 \cdot \mathbf{p}_B\right)^2 / E_0^2 - p_B^2} \quad (\text{LAB})$$

- Beam energy better known than B energy
- Typical: $\sigma(m) \approx 2.8$ MeV/c²



Cut & Count

- Cut optimisation
(signal MC & on-peak data GSB)
- Efficiency determination
(signal MC)
- Extrapolate bkg GSB → SR: $\# \text{bkg}_{\text{SR}}$
(on-peak data GSB)
- Estimate $\#\text{BB}_{\text{SR}}$
($B\bar{B}$ MC)
- Signal:
$$\#\text{SR} - \#\text{bkg}_{\text{SR}} - \#\text{BB}_{\text{SR}}$$



Likelihood fit

$$L = \frac{e^{-(\sum n_j)}}{N!} \prod_{i=1}^N L_i$$

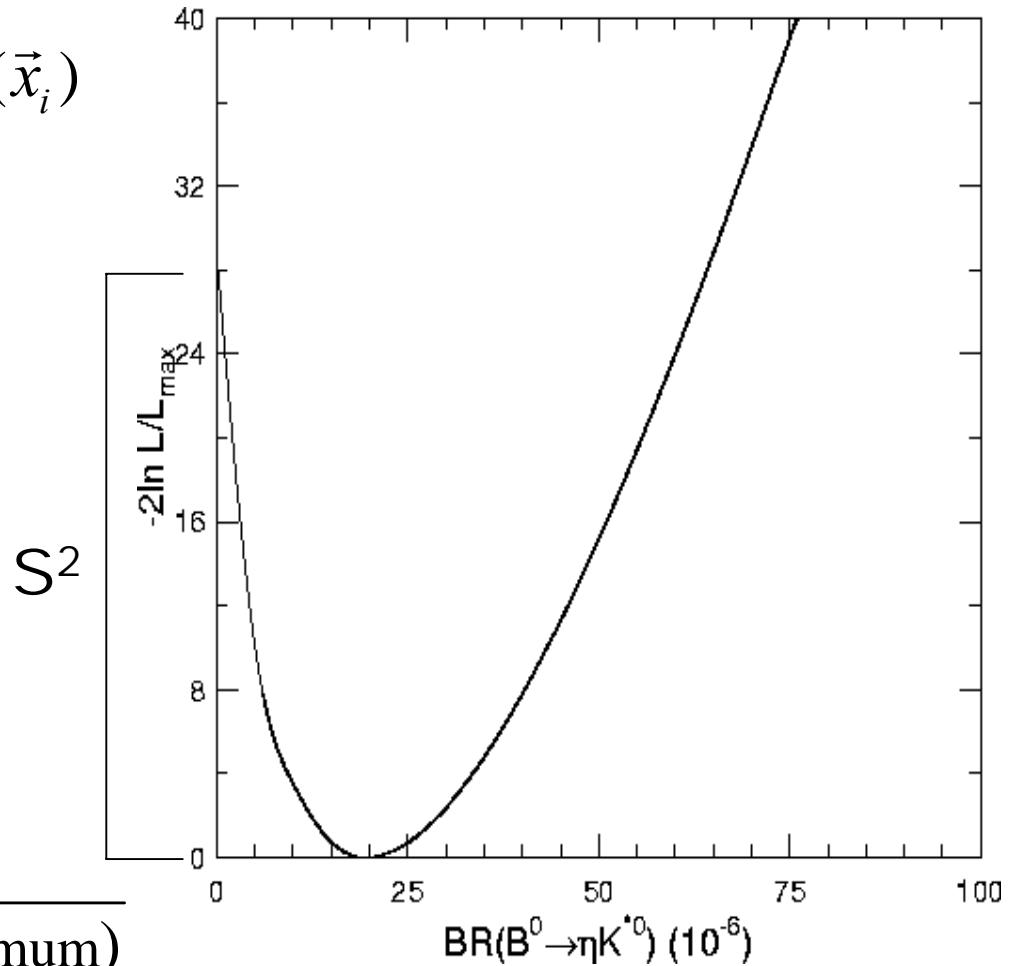
where $L_i = \sum_{j=1}^m n_j P_j(\vec{x}_i)$

- n_j : population for each species (signal and/or background)
- $P_j(x_i)$: Probability distribution function evaluated with a set of observables x_i (m_{ES} , ΔE , Fisher etc ...)
- Statistical error on the # of events:

$$\Delta(\chi^2 \equiv -2 \ln L/L_{max}) = 1$$

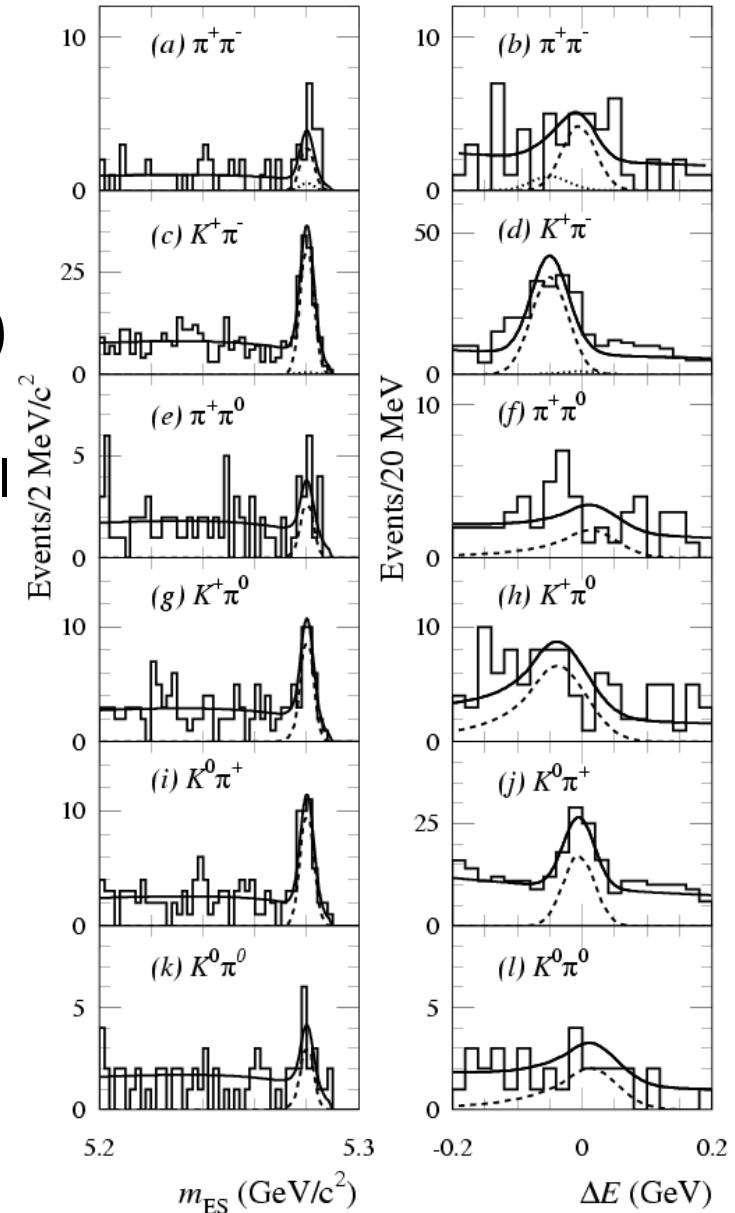
- Statistical significance

$$S = \sqrt{\chi^2(\text{no signal}) - \chi^2(\text{minimum})}$$



$B \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\pi, KK$

- Very important modes to constrain CKM angles α and γ
 - Time dependent asymmetry in $B^0 (\bar{B}^0) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ measures $\sin(2\alpha_{\text{eff}})$
 - In absence of penguins, $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = \alpha$
 - Unfortunately, penguins are *not* small
 - $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$: ~Pure Tree
 - $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0$: ~Pure Penguin
 - $\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0) > \text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0)$
 - Branching ratios constrain γ
- ML fit with ΔE , m_{ES} , \mathcal{F} and Cherenkov angle
 - And Δt for $\sin(2\alpha_{\text{eff}})$



$B \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\pi, KK$

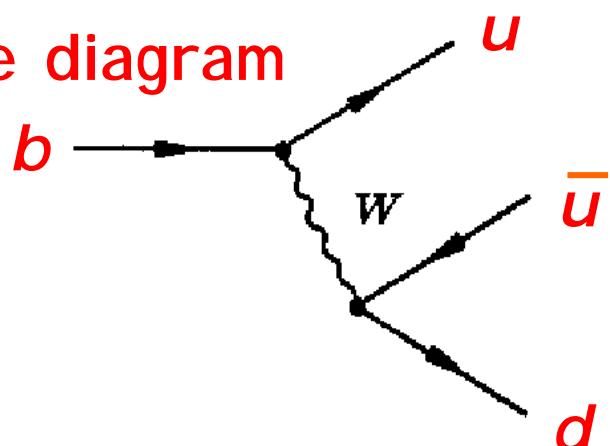
Mode	N_S	$S (\sigma)$	$\mathcal{B} (10^{-6})$
$\pi^+\pi^-$	$41 \pm 10 \pm 7$	4.7	$4.1 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.7$
$K^+\pi^-$	$169 \pm 17 \pm 13$	15.8	$16.7 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.3$
K^+K^-	$8.2^{+7.8}_{-6.4} \pm 3.5$	1.3	<2.5 (90% C.L.)
$\pi^+\pi^0$	$37 \pm 14 \pm 6$	3.4	<9.6 (90% C.L.)
$K^+\pi^0$	$75 \pm 14 \pm 7$	8.0	$10.8^{+2.1}_{-1.9} \pm 1.0$
$K^0\pi^+$	$59^{+11}_{-10} \pm 6$	9.8	$18.2^{+3.3}_{-3.0} \pm 2.0$
$K^0\pi^+$	$-4.1^{+4.5}_{-3.8} \pm 7$	--	<2.4 (90% C.L.)
$K^0\pi^0$	$17.9^{+6.8}_{-5.8} \pm 1.9$	4.5	$8.2^{+3.1}_{-2.7} \pm 1.2$
K^0K^0	$3.4^{+3.4}_{-2.4} \pm 3.5$	1.5	<7.3 (90% C.L.)

Time dependent ~~CP~~ in $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

Decay distributions $f_+(f_-)$ when “other” B tagged as $B^0(\bar{B}^0)$

$$f_{\pm}(\Delta t) = \frac{e^{-\Delta t/\tau}}{4\tau} [1 \pm S_{\pi\pi} \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \mp C_{\pi\pi} \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t)]$$

tree diagram

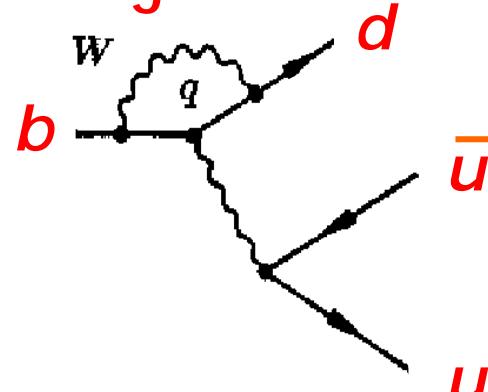


Weak phase (only tree diagram)

$$\lambda \equiv \frac{q}{p} \frac{\bar{A}_f}{A_f} = \eta_f e^{-2i(\beta+\gamma)} = \eta_f e^{2i\alpha}$$

$$C_{\pi\pi} = 0, S_{\pi\pi} = \sin 2\alpha$$

penguin diagram

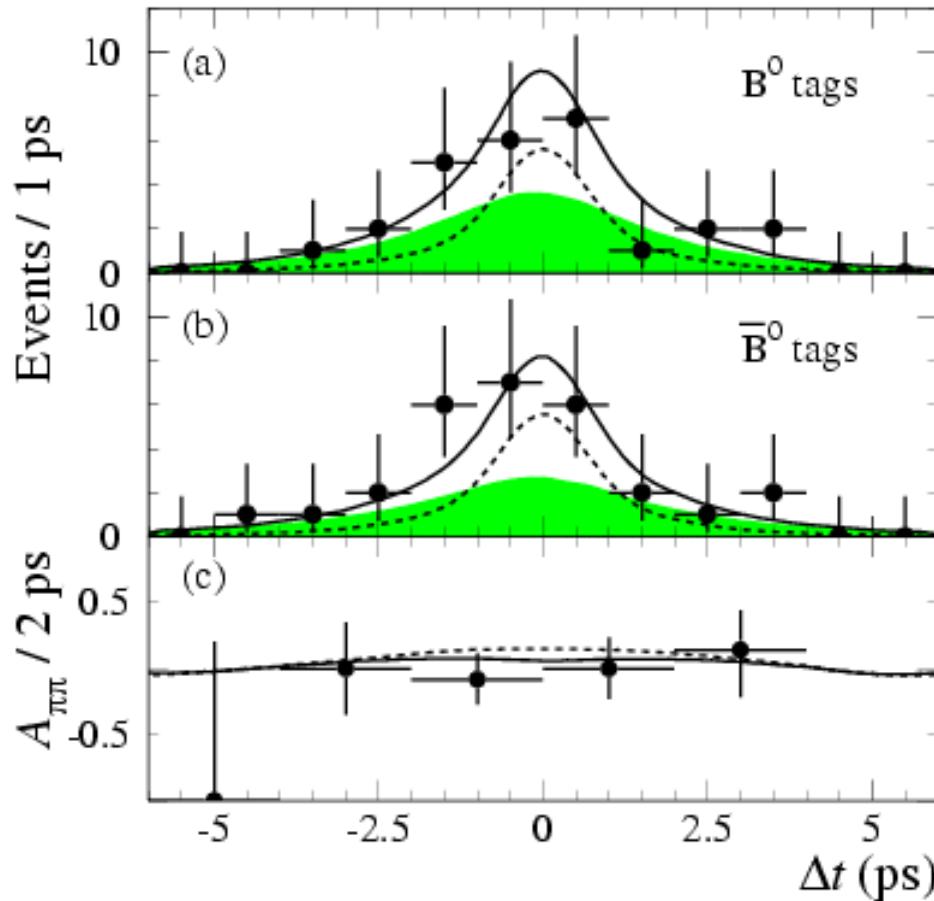


Additional phase from penguin diagram

$|\lambda| \neq 1 \Rightarrow$ must fit for direct CP
 $\text{Im } (\lambda) \neq \sin 2\alpha \Rightarrow$ need to relate asymmetry to α

$$C_{\pi\pi} \neq 0, S_{\pi\pi} = \sin 2\alpha_{\text{eff}}$$

$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ asymmetry result



To appear in PRD Rapid Communications

$$S(\pi^+ \pi^-) = 0.03^{+0.53}_{-0.56} \pm 0.11$$

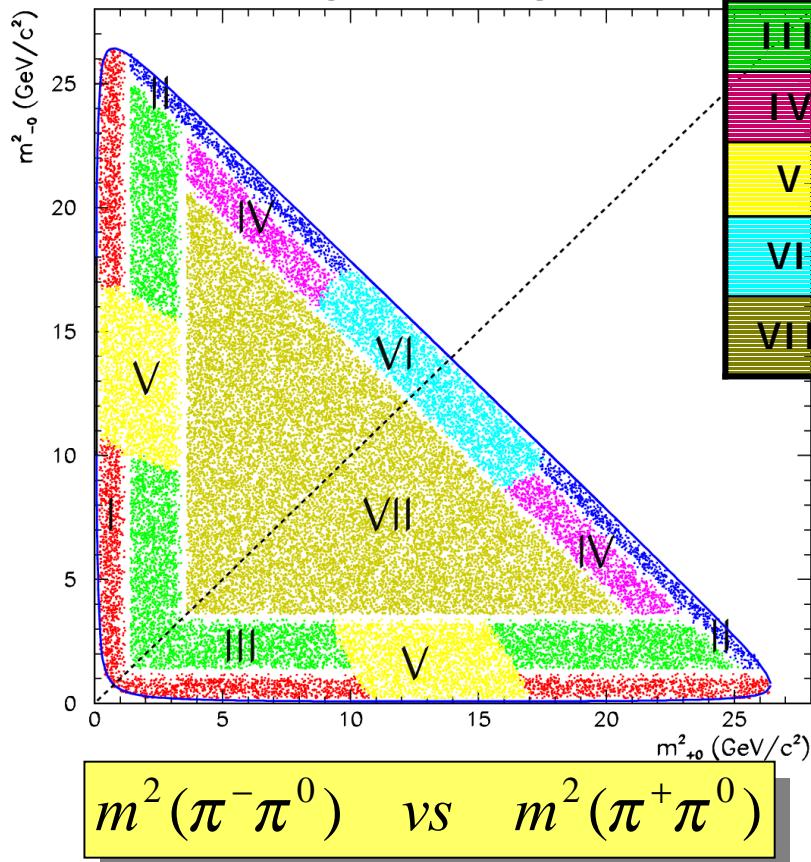
$$C(\pi^+ \pi^-) = -0.25^{+0.45}_{-0.47} \pm 0.14$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^\mp) = -0.07 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.02$$

- Measurement compatible with no ~~CP~~ in $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Statistically limited due to small branching fraction
- Need $\sim 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ for $\sigma(S_{\pi\pi}) \sim 0.10-0.15$

$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

- Important for determination of α :
- Enough info to disentangle penguins



zone	[putative dominant resonance]	ε (%)	yields
I	$\rho^+(770)\pi^+$	13.5 ± 1.6	$89 \pm 16 \pm 6$
II	$\rho^0(770)\pi^0$	7.4 ± 0.9	$6.1 \pm 5.8 \pm 2.8$
III	$\rho^+(1450)\pi^+$	15.0 ± 2.1	$17.4 \pm 9.7 \pm 6.9$
IV	$\rho^0(1450)\pi^0$	8.7 ± 1.8	$-4.7 \pm 3.6 \pm 2.2$
V	(charged scalar) π^\pm	15.0 ± 2.3	$8.6 \pm 7.3 \pm 2.3$
VI	$f^0(400-1200)\pi^0$	6.7 ± 1.4	$-0.3 \pm 3.2 \pm 3.2$
VII	$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (NR)	7.5 ± 1.0	$-4.2 \pm 7.3 \pm 3.8$

Significant signal observed!

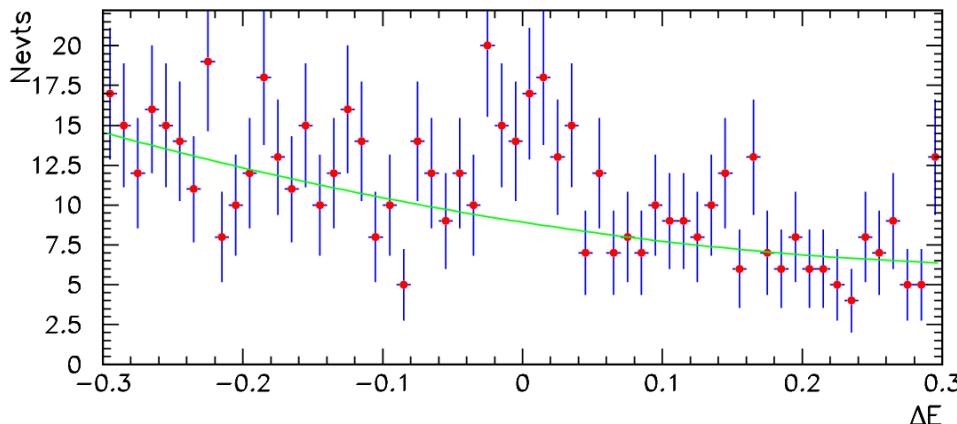
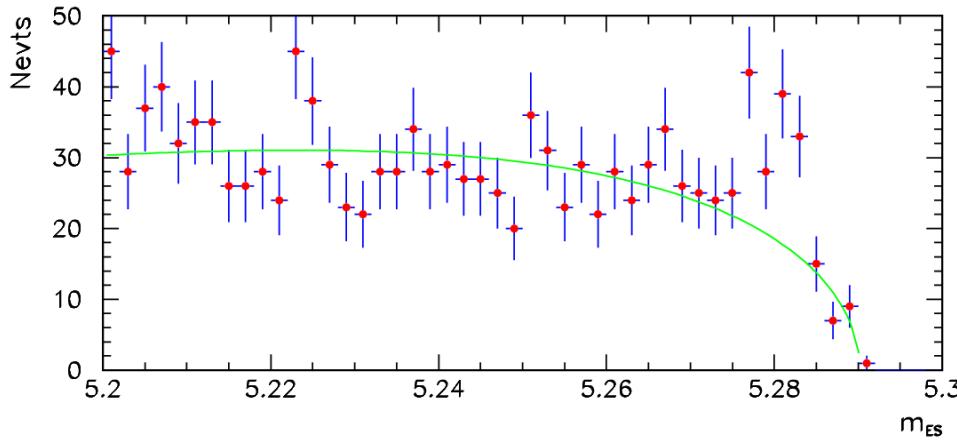
Cuts optimized for each Dalitz region separately

$B^0 \rightarrow \rho\pi$

$$Br(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^\pm(770)\pi^\mp) = (28.9 \pm 5.4 \pm 4.3) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$Br(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0(770)\pi^0) < 10.6 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$Br(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0(NR)) < 7.3 \times 10^{-6}$$

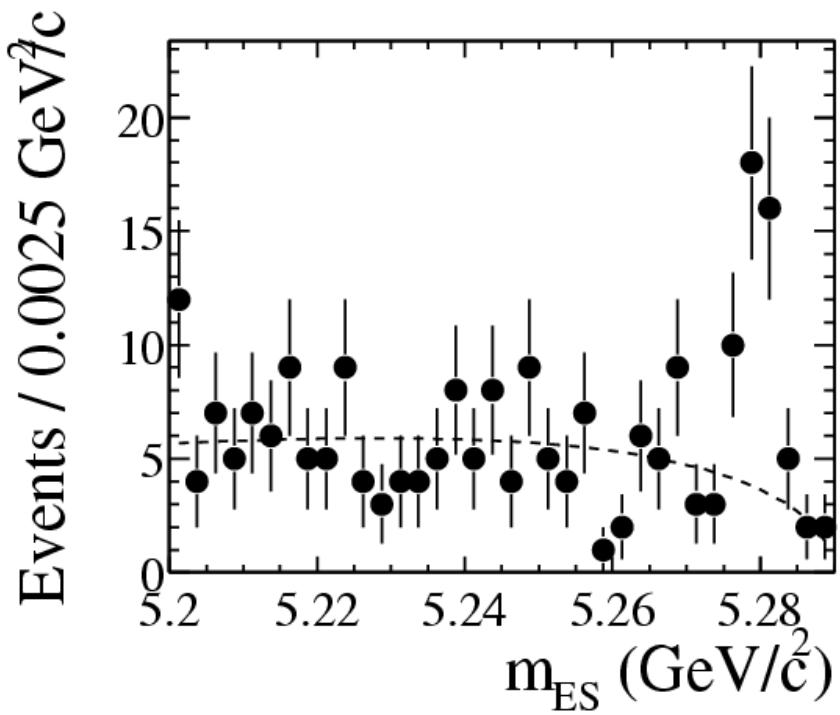
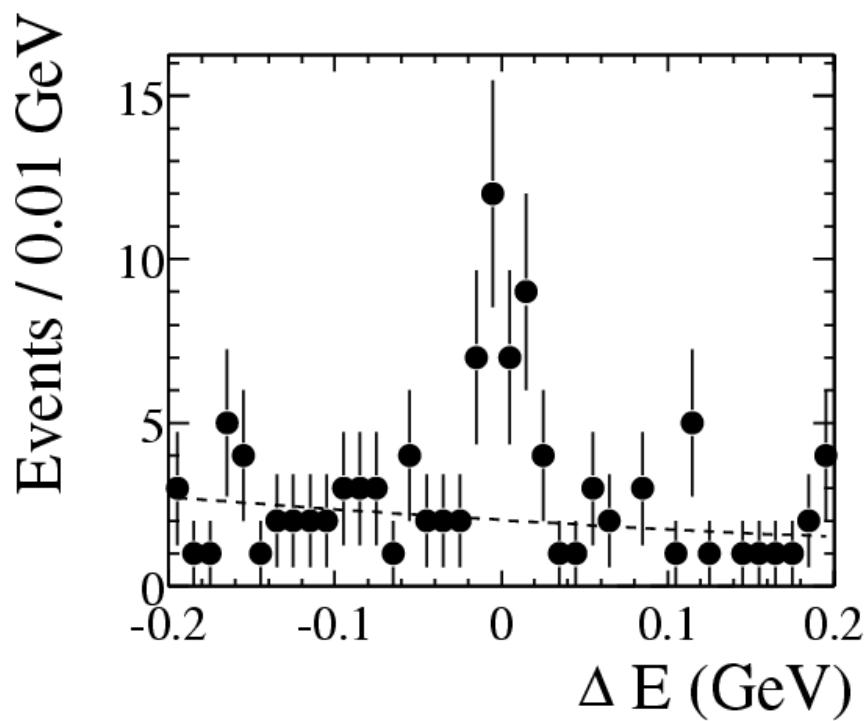


No evidence for direct CP violation:

$$A_{\rho\pi} = \frac{\Gamma(\rho^+\pi^-) - \Gamma(\rho^-\pi^+)}{\Gamma(\rho^+\pi^-) + \Gamma(\rho^-\pi^+)} = -0.04 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.02$$

$B \rightarrow K^{*0} \pi^+$

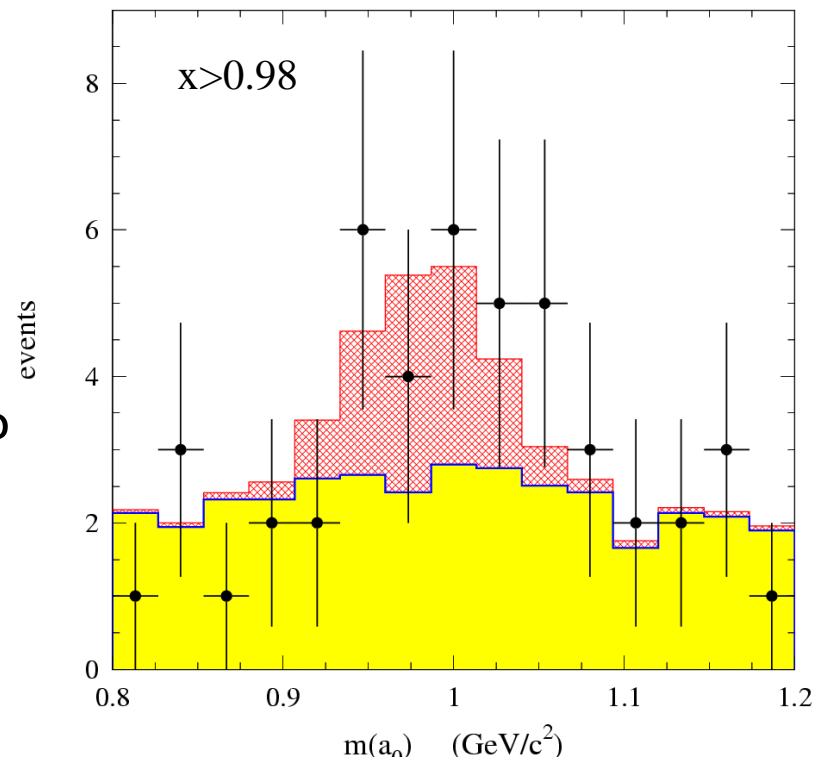
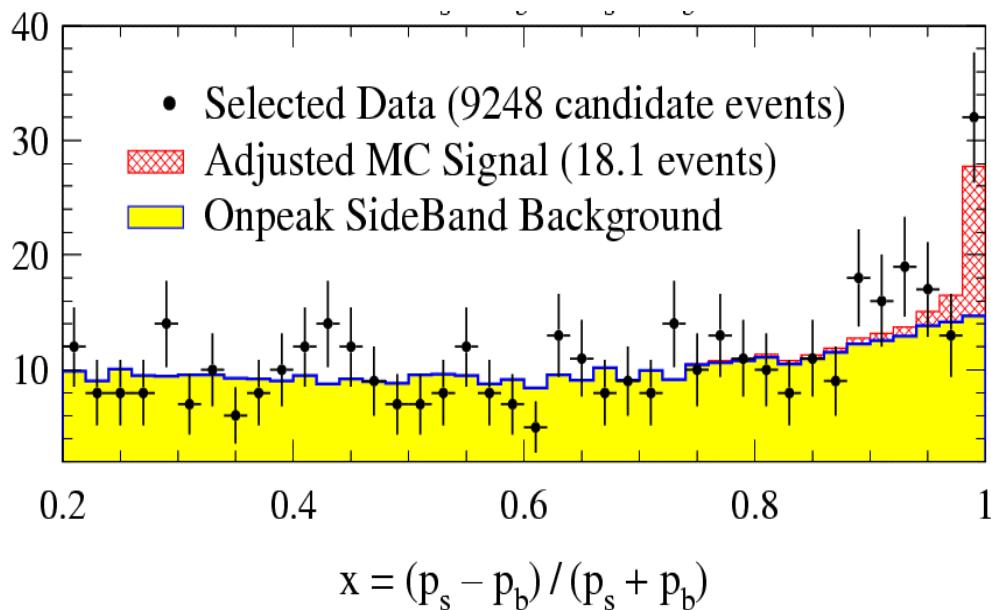
- Similar to $p\pi$
- Cut based analysis
- $K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$



$$Br(B^+ \rightarrow K^{*0} \pi^+) = (15.5 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-6} \quad (5.3 \sigma \text{ significance})$$

$$B^0 \rightarrow a_0^\pm (\eta(\gamma) \pi^\pm) \pi^\mp$$

- Goal: measure α
- Assumption: factorization
 - Main tree vanish (second class currents forbidden)
 - Possible enhancement direct CP violation

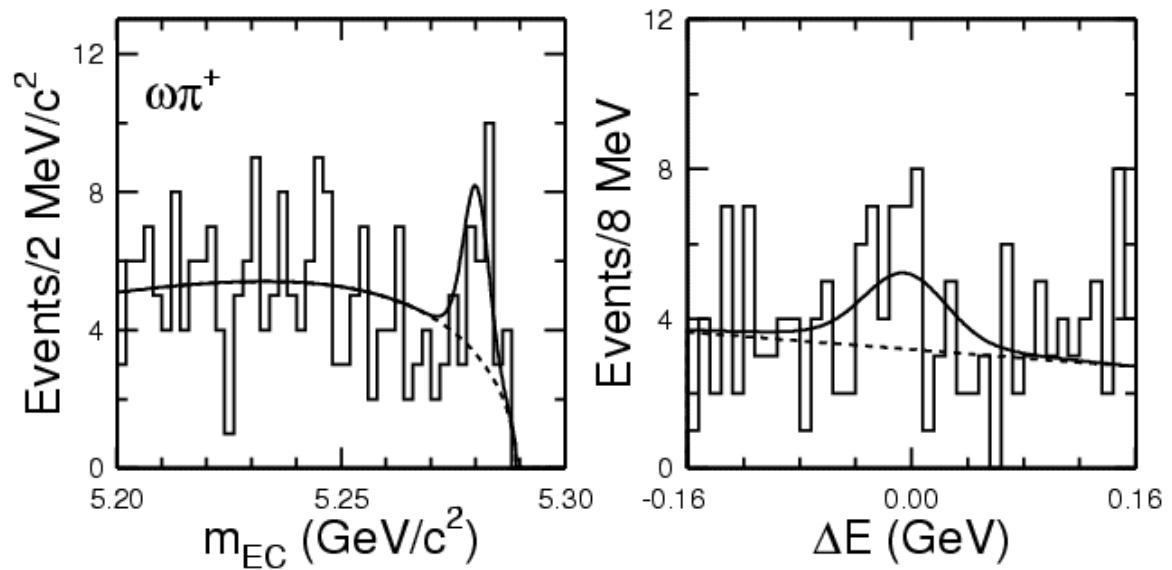
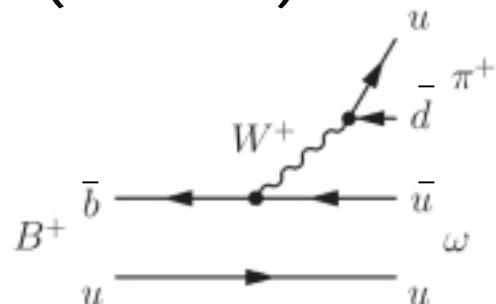


ML fit with NN, $m(\gamma)$, $m_{EC}, \Delta E$

$$\begin{aligned} Br(B^0 \rightarrow a_0^\pm (\eta \pi^\pm) \pi^\mp) \\ = (6.2^{+3.0}_{-2.5} \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-6} \quad (S(\sigma)=3.7) \\ < 11.5 \times 10^{-6} \quad (90\% CL) \end{aligned}$$

B \rightarrow ωh

- Tree dominates
 $(b \rightarrow u)$

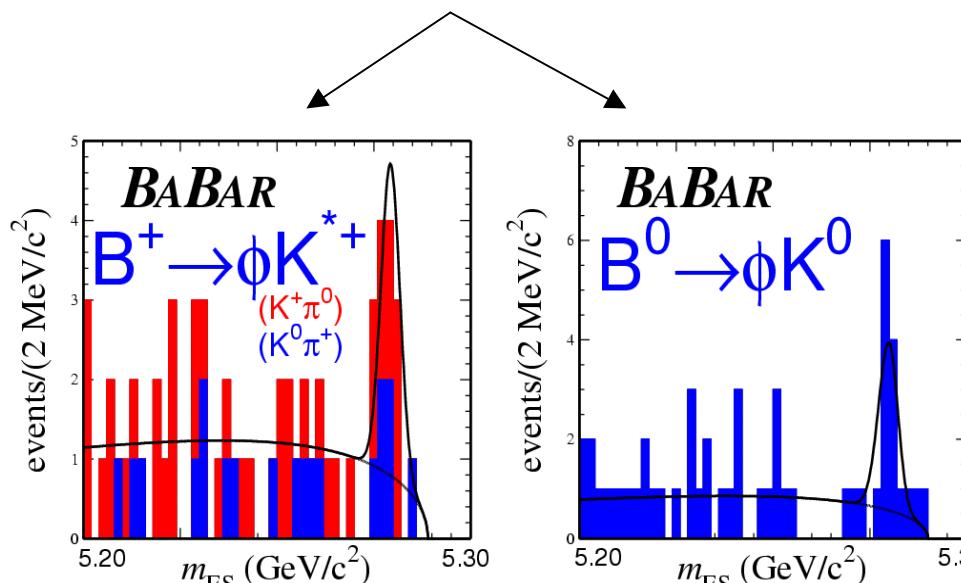


Mode	N _{Signal}	S (σ)	$\mathcal{B} (10^{-6})$	(90%CL)
ωK^+	$6.4^{+5.6}_{-4.4}$	1.3	$1.4^{+1.3}_{-1.0} \pm 0.3$	(<4)
ωK^0	$8.1^{+4.6}_{-3.6}$	3.2	$6.4^{+3.6}_{-2.8} \pm 0.8$	(<13)
$\omega \pi^+$	$27.6^{+8.8}_{-7.7}$	4.9	$6.6^{+2.1}_{-1.8} \pm 0.7$	← clear signal
$\omega \pi^0$	$-0.9^{+5.0}_{-3.2}$	-	$-0.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.3$	(<3)

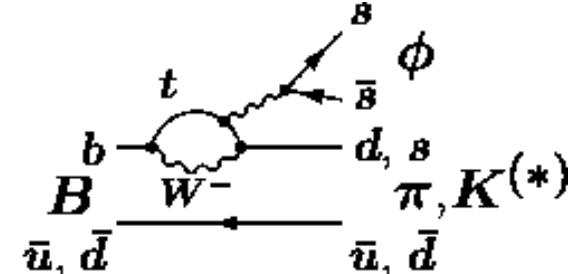
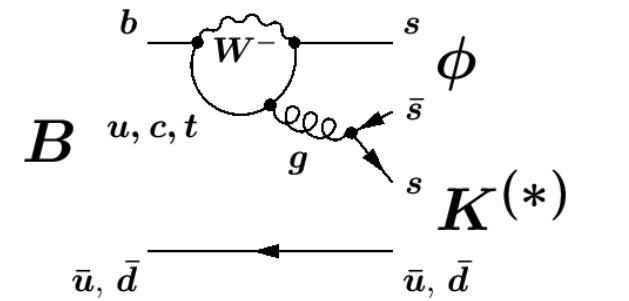
$B \rightarrow \phi K^{(*)}$

- $b \rightarrow s(d) s\bar{s}$ (pure) penguins

First observations



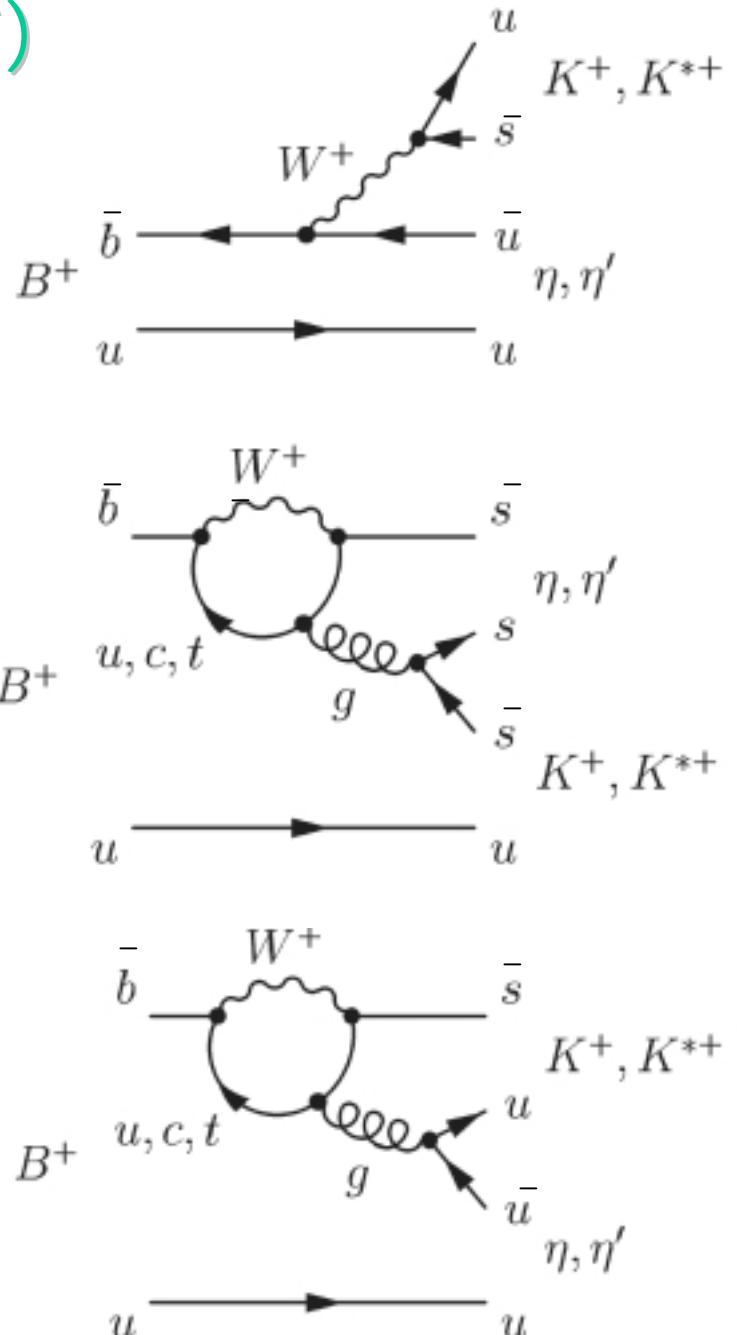
- ϕK^0 : CP eigenstate \Rightarrow can measure $\sin 2\beta$



Mode	N _{Signal}	S (σ)	$\mathcal{B} (10^{-6})$
ϕK^+	$31.4^{+6.7}_{-5.9}$	10.5	$7.7^{+1.6}_{-1.4} \pm 0.8$
ϕK^0	$10.8^{+4.1}_{-3.3}$	6.4	$8.1^{+3.1}_{-2.5} \pm 0.8$
ϕK^{*+}	--	4.5	$9.7^{+4.2}_{-3.4} \pm 1.7$
$\phi K^{*+} K^+ \pi^0$	$7.1^{+4.3}_{-3.4}$	2.7	$12.8^{+7.7}_{-6.1} \pm 3.2$
$\phi K^{*+} K^0 \pi^+$	$4.4^{+2.7}_{-2.0}$	3.6	$8.0^{+5.0}_{-3.7} \pm 1.3$
ϕK^{*0}	$20.8^{+5.9}_{-5.1}$	7.5	$8.7^{+2.5}_{-2.1} \pm 1.1$
$\phi \pi^+$	$0.9^{+2.1}_{-0.9}$	0.6	< 1.4 (90% CL)

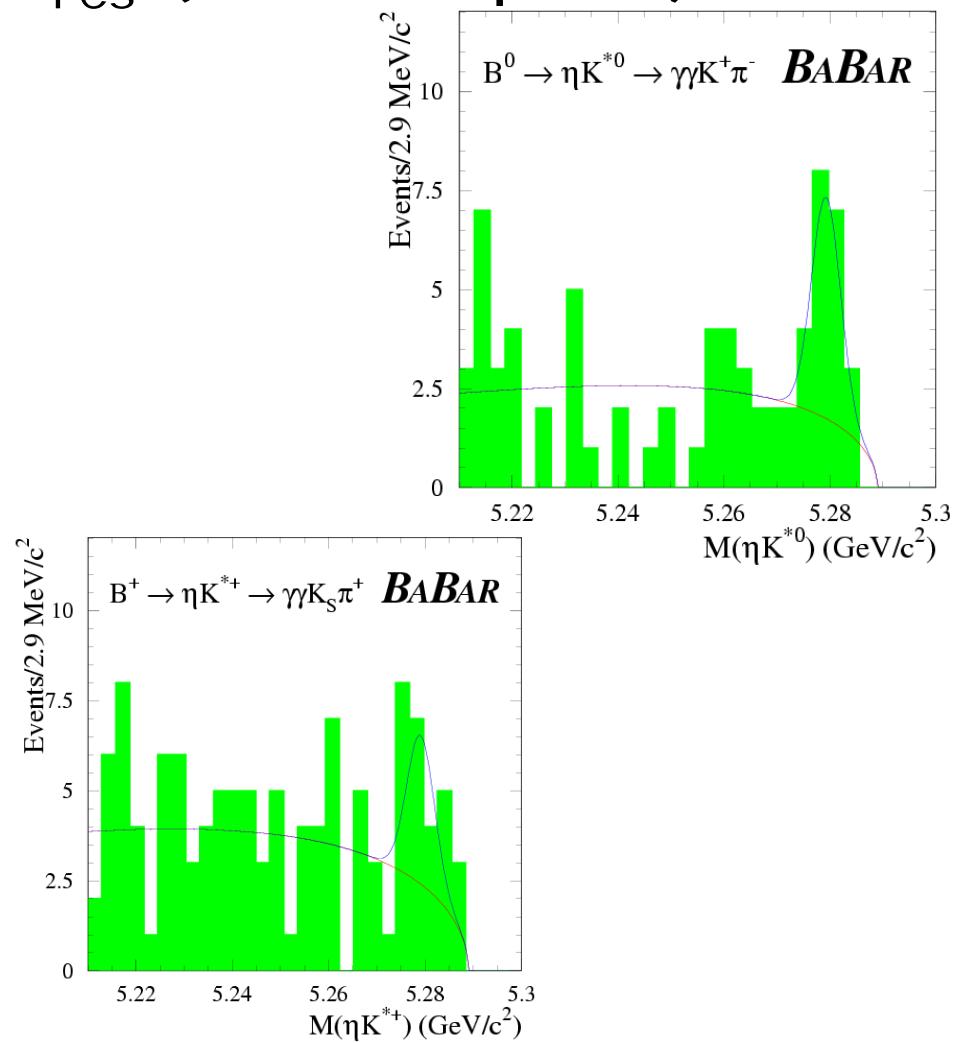
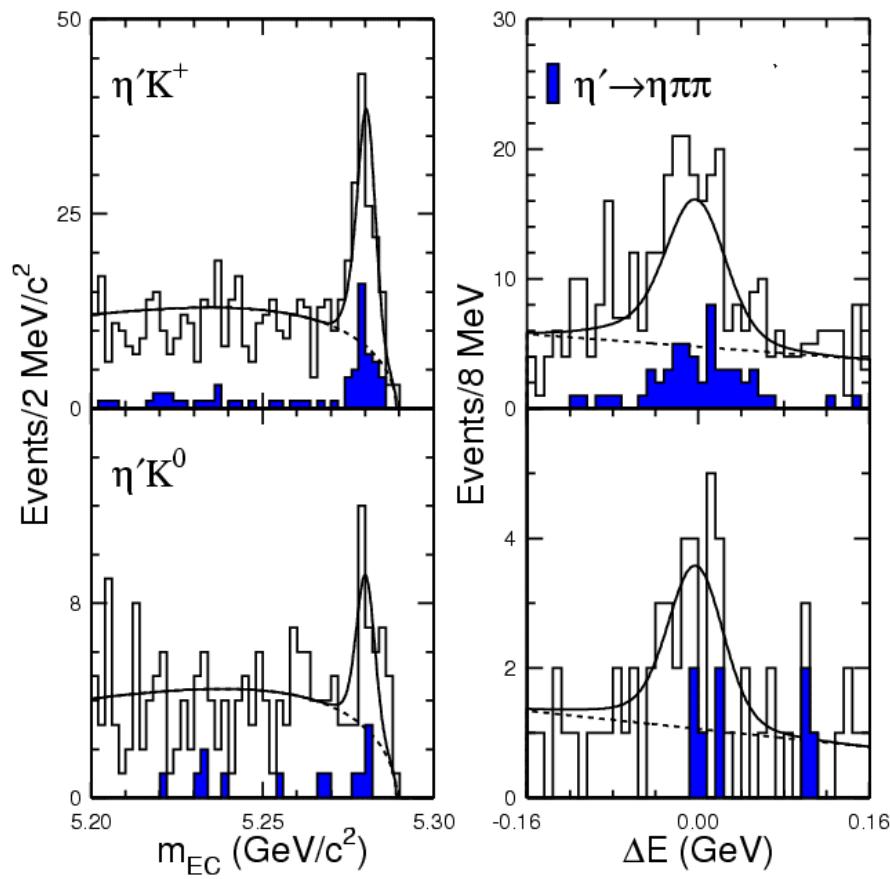
$$B \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)} K^{(*)}$$

- Tree CKM suppressed
- Interference between Penguins ($g \rightarrow u\bar{u}(s\bar{s})$)
 - Enhance $B \rightarrow \eta' K$; $B \rightarrow \eta K^*$
 - Suppress $B \rightarrow \eta K$; $B \rightarrow \eta' K^*$



$B \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)} K^{(*)}$

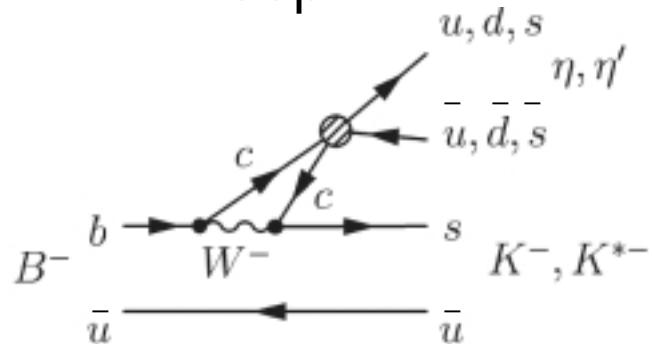
- ML fit with $\Delta E, m_{EC}, \mathcal{F}, m_{res}, (\mathcal{H}, \text{PID} \text{ pulls})$



$B \rightarrow \eta^{(\prime)} K^{(*)}$

$\eta' K$:

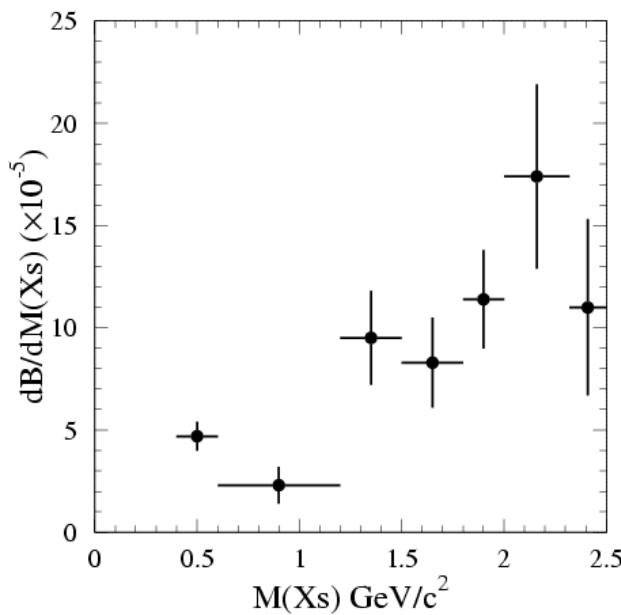
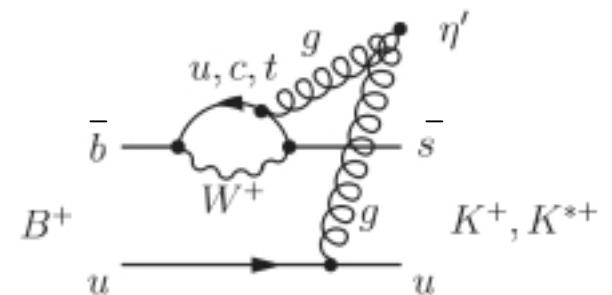
- Confirm Cleo
- Larger than expected!
- Possibly due to
 - QCD anomaly: gluon coupling to η'
 - “Charming Penguins” charm enhanced in loop



Mode	N_{Signal}	$S (\sigma)$	$\mathcal{B} (10^{-6})$	(90% CL)
ηK^{*0}	20.5 ± 6.0	5.4	$19.8^{+6.5}_{-5.6} \pm 1.7$	
ηK^{*+}	14.3 ± 6.6	3.2	$22.1^{+11.1}_{-9.2} \pm 3.3 (<33.9)$	
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi} K^+$	$49.5^{+8.1}_{-7.3}$	15	63^{+10}_{-95}	
$\eta'_{\rho\gamma} K^+$	$87.6^{+13.4}_{-12.5}$	11	80^{+12}_{-11}	
$\eta' K^+$		17	$70 \pm 8 \pm 5$	
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi} K^0$	$6.3^{+3.3}_{-2.5}$	4.7	28^{+15}_{-11}	
$\eta'_{\rho\gamma} K^0$	$20.8^{+7.4}_{-6.5}$	4.2	61^{+22}_{-19}	
$\eta' K^0$		5.9	$42^{+13}_{-11} \pm 4$	
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi} \pi^+$	$5.7^{+3.8}_{-2.8}$	3.2	$7.1^{+4.8}_{-3.5}$	
$\eta'_{\rho\gamma} \pi^+$	$-0.9^{+7.8}_{-6.2}$	0.1	$-0.7^{+6.7}_{-5.3}$	
$\eta' \pi^+$		2.8	$5.4^{+3.5}_{-2.6} \pm 0.8 (<12)$	

Semi-exclusive $B \rightarrow \eta' X_S$

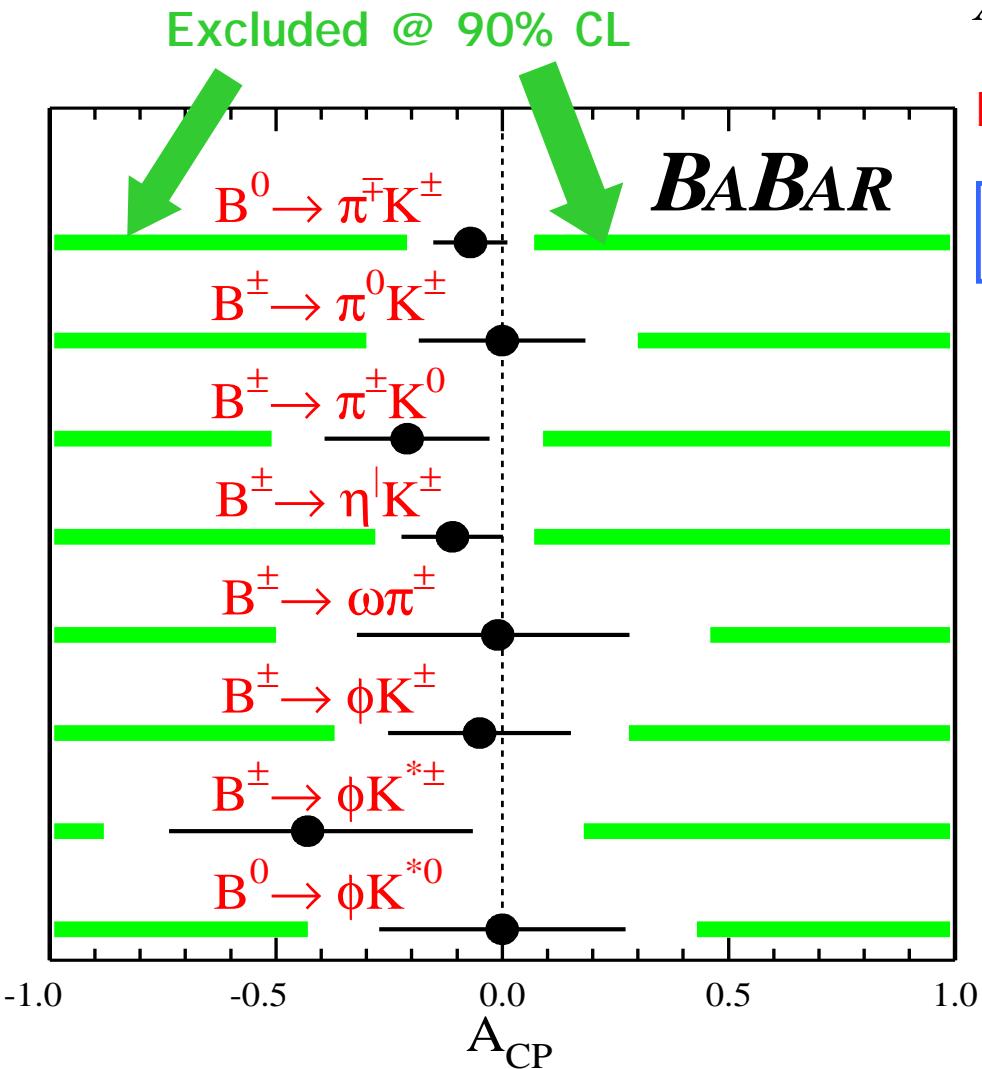
- $b \rightarrow sg$ measurements \rightarrow direct CP violation
- High rate first observed in Cleo
 - Interpreted as due to "QCD anomaly"
 - η' coupling to 2 gluons



- Select η' with $p^* > 2$ GeV/c to remove most of $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \eta'$ bkgd
 - Reconstruct X_S in 16 modes: $B \rightarrow \eta' K^+ n\pi^\pm(\pi^0)$ with $n = 0 \rightarrow 3$ $B \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0 n\pi^\pm(\pi^0)$
- $$Br(B \rightarrow X_S \eta') = (6.8^{+0.7}_{-1.0} \pm 1.0^{+0.0}_{-0.5}) \times 10^{-4}$$

Account for
possible $\eta' D^0(*)$

Summary of direct CP asymmetries



$$A_{CP} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) - \Gamma(B \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) + \Gamma(B \rightarrow f)}$$

No Evidence for direct CP violation yet

Updated 30.4 fb⁻¹

20.7 fb⁻¹

-0.07 ± 0.08 ± 0.02
0.00 ± 0.18 ± 0.04
-0.21 ± 0.18 ± 0.03
-0.11 ± 0.11 ± 0.02
-0.01 ^{+0.29} _{-0.31} ± 0.03
-0.05 ± 0.20 ± 0.03
-0.43 ^{+0.36} _{-0.30} ± 0.06
0.00 ± 0.27 ± 0.03

Summary and Outlook

- Large data sample (Run1: ~23 million BB pairs)
 - Sensitive to Br down to few $\times 10^{-6}$
 - ~30 modes analyzed -- 18 with clear signals
 - No evidence (yet) for direct CP violation (σ down to ~8%)
- Important to understand:
 - Penguin/Tree contributions
 - Factorization hypothesis
 - Constraining (and measuring!) α
 - Measuring β in $B \rightarrow \phi K^0_S$
- Run2: until summer 2002: ~ 100 million BB pairs
 - More rare decays results + higher sensitivity
 - Stay tuned!!!