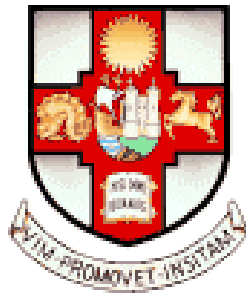


# Developments in EMT Simulation

Nick Barlow  
University of Bristol



EMT software workshop 11/19/01

# Outline

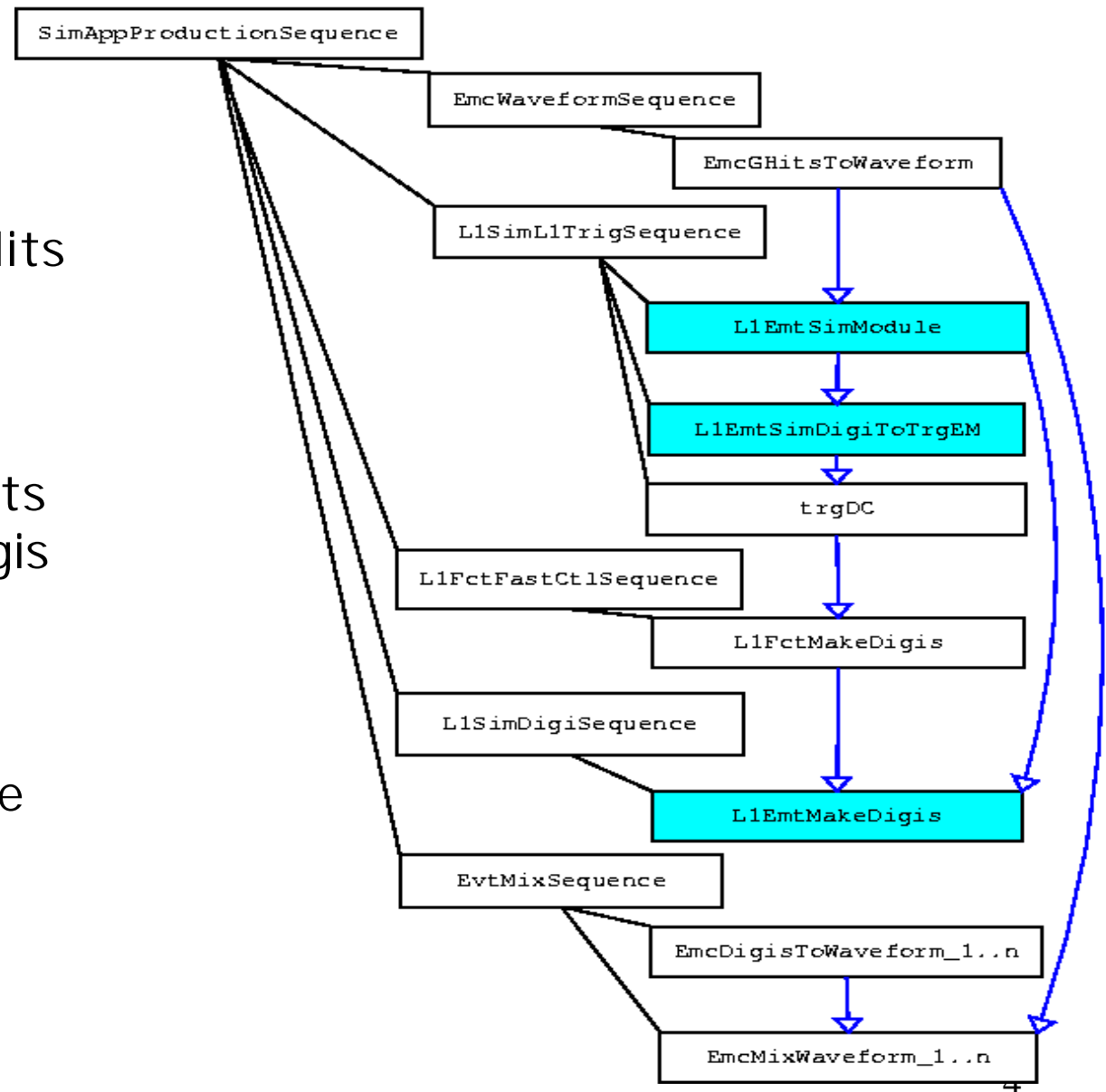
- Database config. objects
- Background mixing
- Double peak in L1Accept time
- The future.....

# Getting Ax parameters out of database

- AX parameters include tower mask, FIR constants, M,G,E,X,Y thresholds, time alignment
- In <= 10 series releases, the AX parms used are default values specified in [L1EmtSim/L1EmtAxParams.cc](#)
  - Can also be overwritten via tcl (tcl parameters belong to [L1EmtSimModule](#))
- Can now use [AxRecord](#) out of database
  - [L1EmtBuildEnv](#) called from [L1TOepSimEnvSequence](#), puts proxy for [L1EmtAxRecord](#) into the event
  - [L1EmtSimModule](#) takes this out of event, puts into an [L1EmtAx](#)
  - Which [L1EmtAxRecord](#) to be used is controlled by tcl parameters [aliasList](#) and [configAlias](#) - can either use monthly config alias from "top" alias list or e.g. PHYSICS alias from "orc" alias list.
  - Can have phi-dependent AX parms - as in real EMT

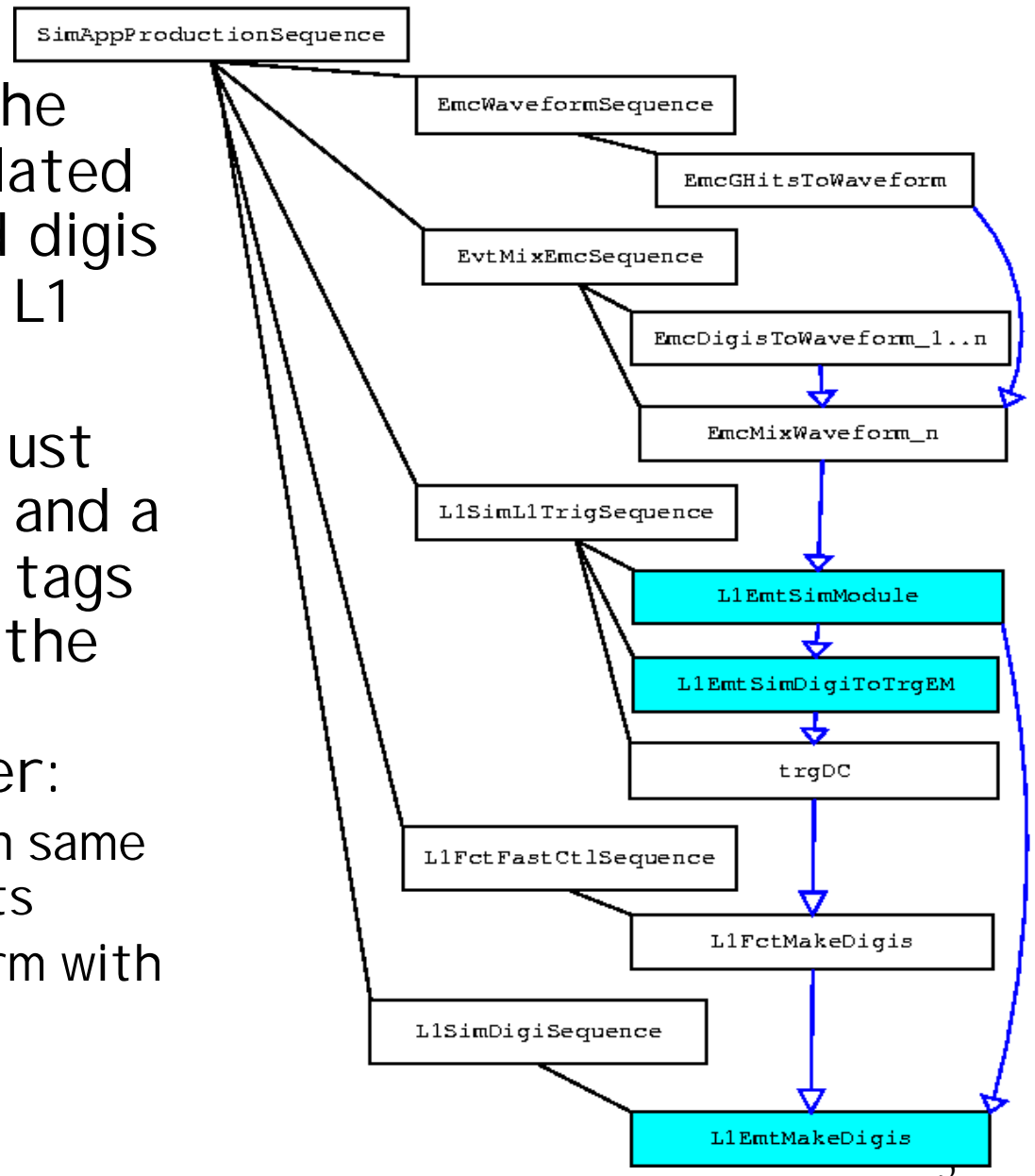
# Background mixing

- In releases < 11.6.0, SimAppProduction sequence was →
- EmcSim converts GHits into 64 clk4 tick waveforms used as input to L1EmtSim
- EmcSim later converts cyclic background digis to waveforms and mixes these with existing waveforms
- L1EmtSim doesn't see any background ☹



# Background mixing

- In releases  $\geq 11.6.0$ , the waveforms from simulated GHits and background digis are mixed before the L1 trigger stage
- EMC GHits and digis just contain a peak energy and a peak time - different tags of EMC sim deal with the background digis in different ways... either:
  - convert to waveform in same way as is done for Ghits
  - look up stored waveform with same energy and time

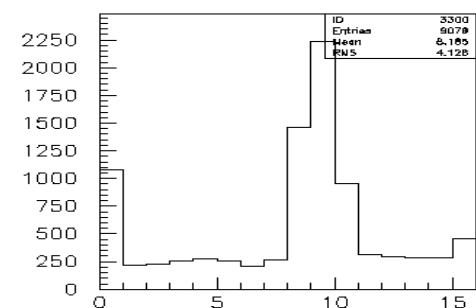
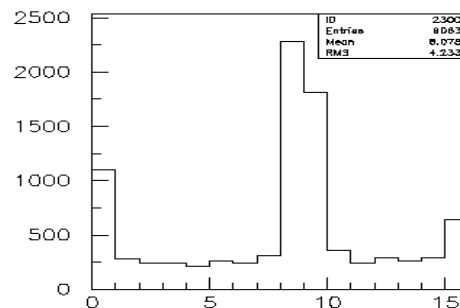
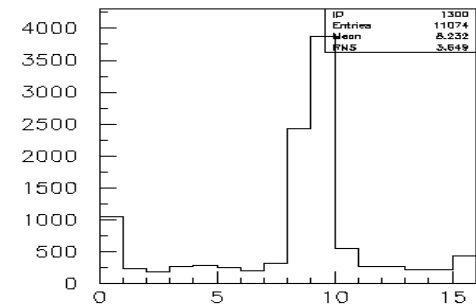
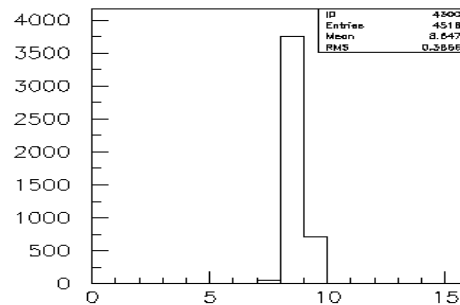


# Background mixing

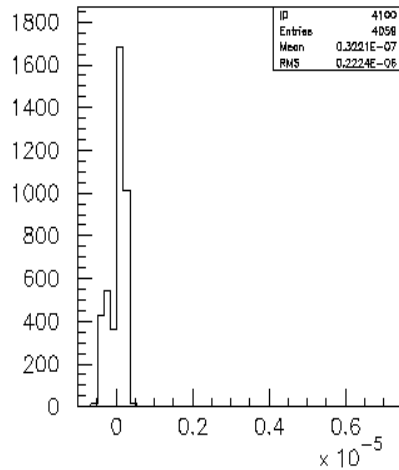
- If both DCT and EMT simulations are to see background, we want to get timing right so real background tracks are treated realistically
- Use empty Bogus collection ( $Y \rightarrow \nu\nu$ ) as **SimAppInputCollection**
- Use data bhabha collection as **SimAppBkndInputCollection**

• Want peak to be in same place as when the bhabha collection is reconstructed normally

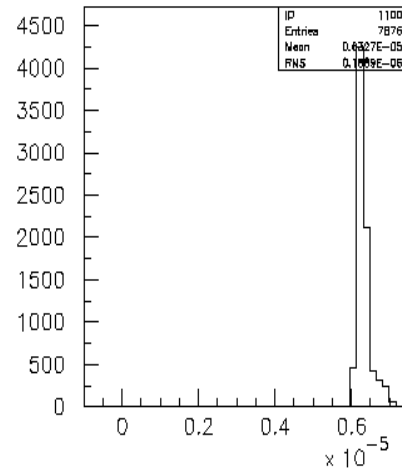
• Can move by adjusting tcl parameters in **EmcDigisToWaveform**



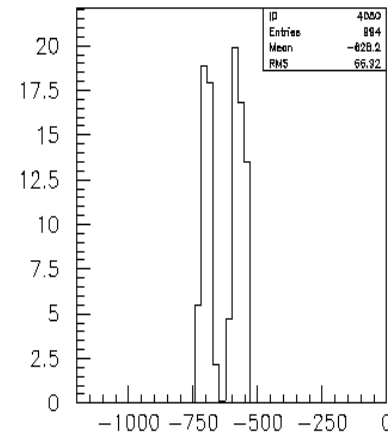
# Background mixing



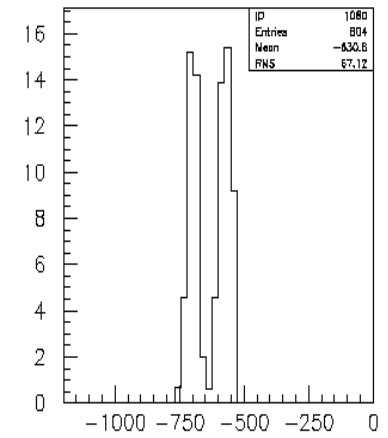
cluster time old MC bhabhas



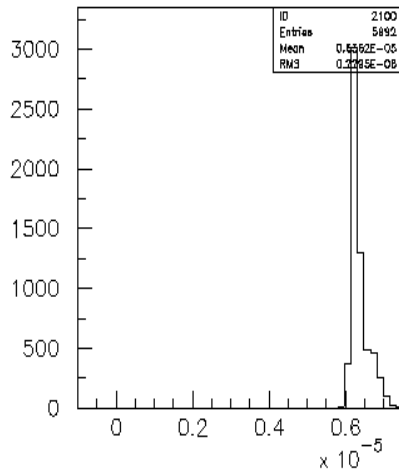
cluster time new MC bhabhas



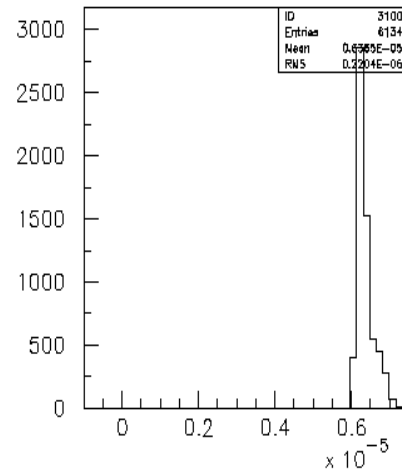
L1A old MC bhabhas



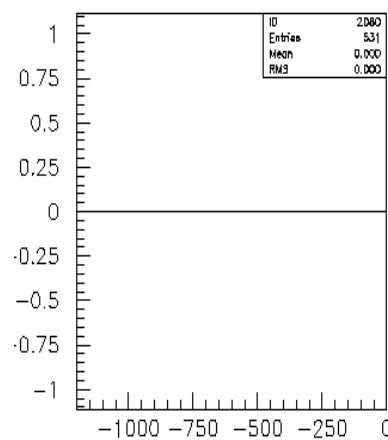
L1A 2E EM\* new MC bhabhas



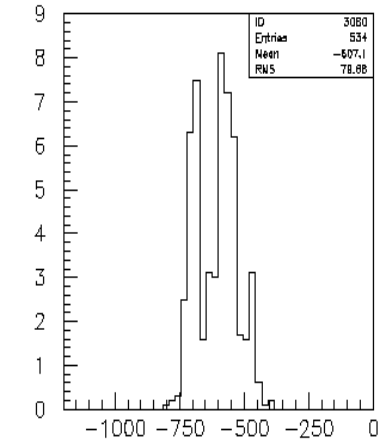
cluster time data bhabhas



cluster time bhabha as bg



L1A 2E EM\* data bhabhas



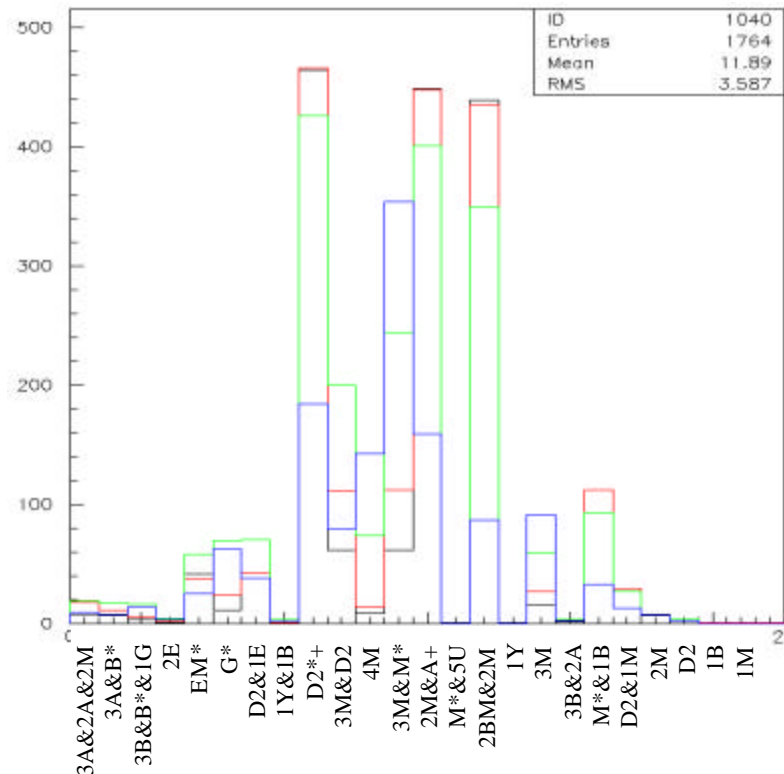
L1A 2E EM\* bhabha as bg

# Multiple layers of background

- It is possible to mix more than one cyclic background event per generated MC event
- For the EMC this was done in EvtMixEmcSequence by calling EmcDigisToWaveform and EmcMixWaveform N times

Plotting Fct trigger lines for MC dimuon events with 1, 2, 3, and 4 layers of cyclic background:

Black = 1\*bg  
 Red = 2\*bg  
 Green = 3\*bg  
 Blue = 4\*bg



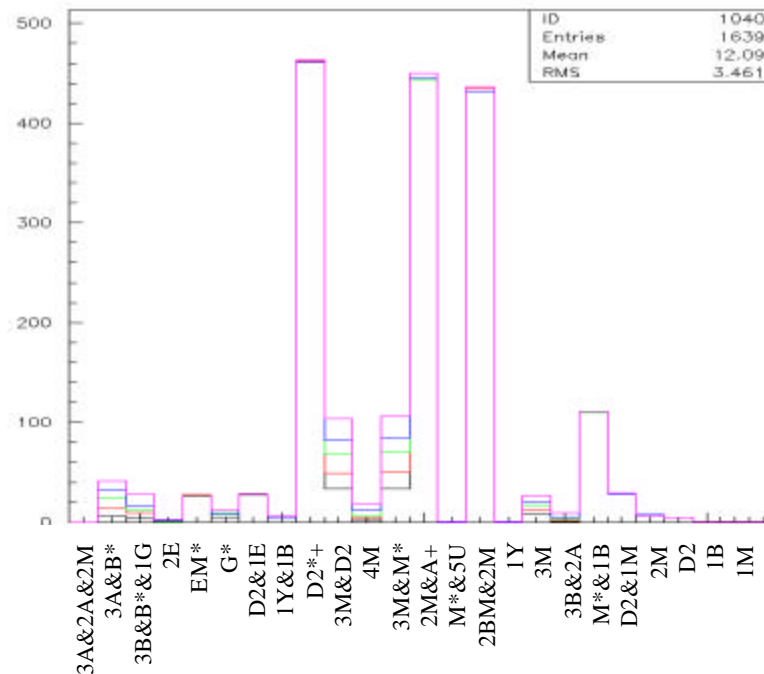
Problem - D2\*+ and other lines go down significantly.

High background in the EMT causes early triggers - tracks fall outside DCT window

# Multiple layers of background

- The cause of the excessive background in EMT is a problem first identified by David Stoker in April
- For each layer  $n$  ( $= 1 \dots N_{mixers}$ ) of background:
  - `EmcDigisToWaveform_n` takes cyclic background digis, converts them to waveforms, and appends them to `noiseWaveformList`
  - `EmcMixWaveforms_n` mixes `noiseWaveformList` with the waveform list from GHits to produce output waveform list
  - Therefore,  $n$ th layer of background is added  $N_{mixers} - n + 1$  times

• This bug has been fixed in the latest tags of `EvtMix`, by only calling `EmcMixWaveforms` once per MC event, after all the calls to `EmcDigisToWaveforms`

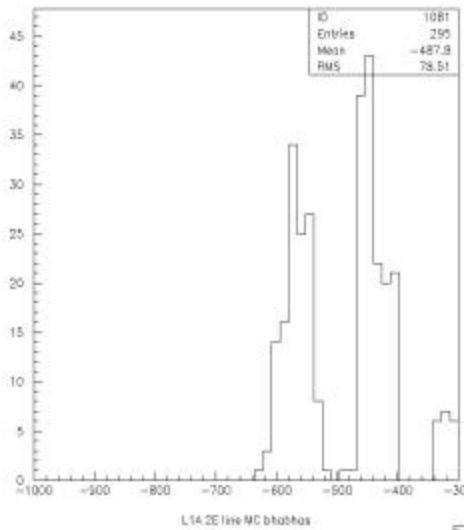


Black = 1\*bg  
Red = 2\*bg  
Green = 3\*bg  
Blue = 4\*bg  
Magenta = 5\*bg

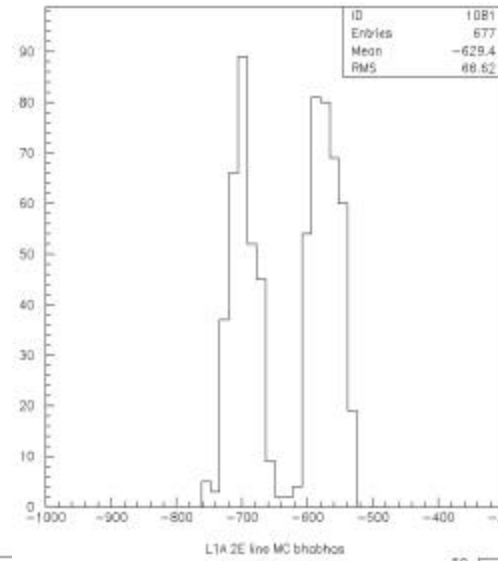
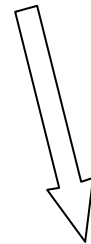
# Double peak in L1Accept time

- For a long time, a double peak structure has been seen in BunchT0 for MC bhabha events
- This is not seen in data
- This is seen to a lesser extent in MC dimuon events and is hardly visible in multihadron events
  - Bhabha triggers are dominated by EMT-only lines (2E and EM\*)
  - Dimuon and multihadron events have more DCT-only and mixed lines; L1A time comes mainly from DCT
- Points to a problem with EMT simulation ☹ ☹

# Double peak in L1Accept time



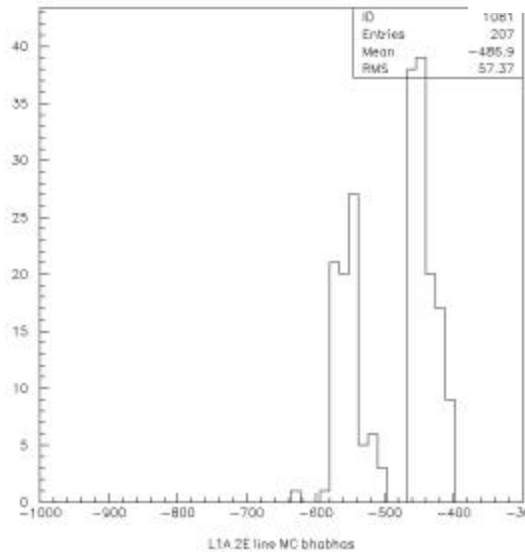
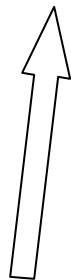
analysis-8  
(=10.0.1)



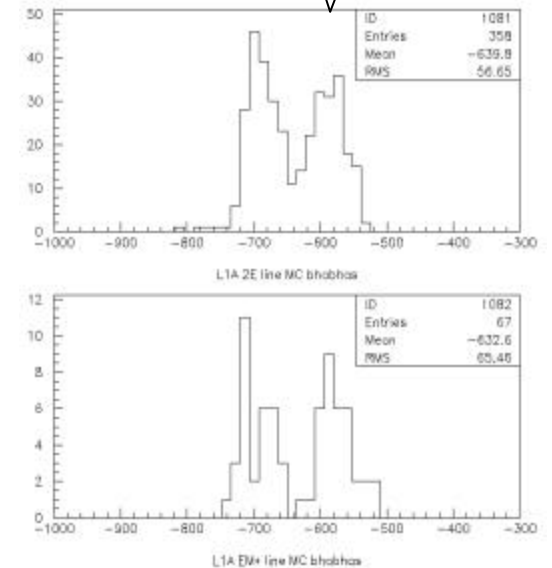
10.2.3+tags



8.8.1b  
(Geant3)



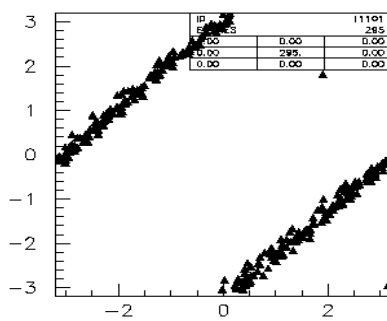
11.3.0a



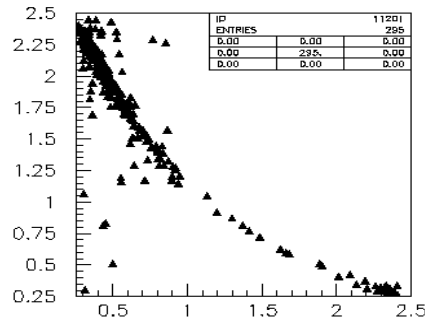
2 peaks seem to be ~1 clk 8 tick apart

# Double peak in L1Accept time

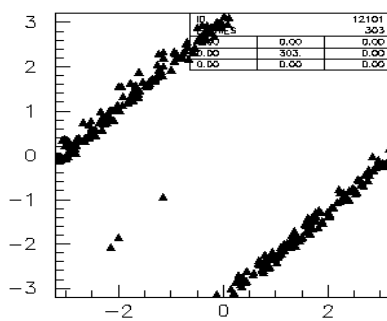
- Look for any theta or phi dependence
  - Phi sectors 13-21 have different FIR constants to compensate for different shaping times in EMC pre-amps – (probably not simulated) – could that cause this?
    - Seems very unlikely – problem has been there since before phi-dependent AX parameters were put into EMT simulation...



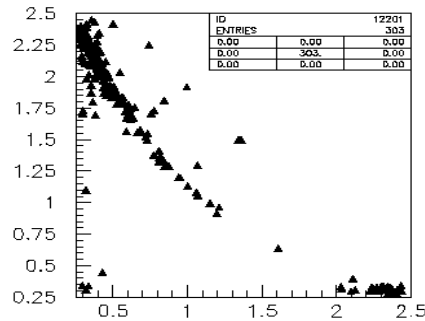
emc cluster phi 1st peak



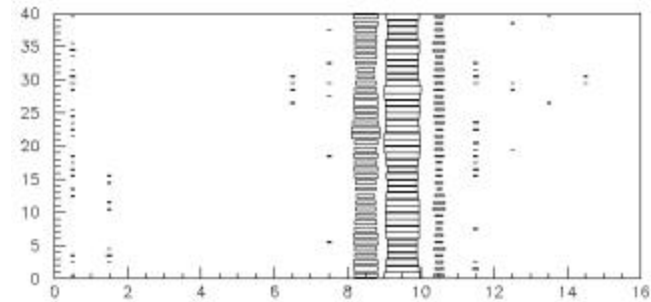
emc cluster theta 1st peak



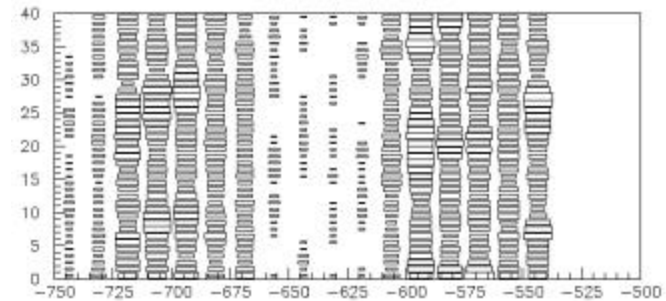
emc cluster phi 2nd peak



emc cluster theta 2nd peak



emt phi strip vs pk sample



emt phi strip vs L1A time

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- Could `L1EmtSim/L1EmtSpy` be performing the EMT algorithm incorrectly?
  - In particular the clk4 to clk 8 transition
    - FIR constants are applied in clk4, zero cross is in clk 8
- Check output of sim at various stages against output of `L1EmtSpy/L1EmtSpyModel` – independent model of EMT algorithm
  - Make `L1EmtSpyModel` object from `L1EmtSpy/L1EmtSpySector`, with the `L1EmtHistory<d_Ushort>` containing phi sum after NN and the `L1EmtAx` being used in the simulation
  - Can compare outputs at each stage of algorithm – e.g. FIR output, zero cross position, output map
  - Checked ~10 events\*40 sectors\*64 ticks in this way, and about 30 other events checking just the output maps

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- Found NO discrepancies between output of simulation and L1EmtSpyModel !!!

MixedEvtCounter: processing event # 1

Doing AXsim for sector 9  
L1EmtSpyModel: zx at: 82  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 79  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 79  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 79

Doing AXsim for sector 10  
L1EmtSpyModel: zx at: 82  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 78  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 79  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 79  
L1EmtSpyModel: E at 79

L1EmtAxSim sector 9:-  
zeroCrossing[22-133] at  
bin 82  
outputSectorMap[38-  
133]= M:77-79 G:77-79  
E:77-79 Y:77-79

L1EmtAxSim sector 10:-  
zeroCrossing[22-133] at  
bin 82  
outputSectorMap[38-  
133]= M:77-79 G:77-79  
E:77-79 Y:77-79

MixedEvtCounter: processing event # 2

Doing AXsim for sector 22  
L1EmtSpyModel: zx at: 80  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 75  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 76  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 78

Doing AXsim for sector 23  
L1EmtSpyModel: zx at: 81  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 75  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 75  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 76  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 76  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: G at 77  
L1EmtSpyModel: M at 78

L1EmtAxSim sector 22:-  
zeroCrossing[22-133] at  
bin 80  
outputSectorMap[38-  
133]= M:75-78

L1EmtAxSim sector 23:-  
zeroCrossing[22-133] at  
bin 81  
outputSectorMap[38-  
133]= M:75-78 G:75-77

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- Use [L1FctSim/L1FctPrintDigi](#) to see in output of SimApp the L1Accept time and which trigger lines fired...
- Try to look for pattern in which events end up with L1Accept time < -620ns (1st peak) or > -620ns (2<sup>nd</sup> peak)

MixedEvtCounter: processing event # 3 [ 1d.fxxxxx:0001e1/d26e433b:X ]

L1EmitDigi has 134 samples starting at BX -2089

E: 4:77-79 5:77-79 14:77-79  
 G: 4:77-79 5:77-79 14:77-79  
 M: 4:77-79 5:77-79 13:77-80 14:77-79

trgEMPrintGL; Number of phi towers 20 Cluster types 5 Expected trigger tick 0

```
-3 M Phi 000011000000001100000
-3 G Phi 000011000000000100000
-3 E Phi 000011000000000100000
-3 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-3 Y Phi 00000000000
-2 M Phi 000011000000001100000
-2 G Phi 000011000000000100000
-2 E Phi 000011000000000100000
-2 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-2 Y Phi 00000000000
-1 M Phi 000011000000001100000
-1 G Phi 000011000000000100000
-1 E Phi 000011000000000100000
-1 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-1 Y Phi 00000000000
0 M Phi 000000000000001000000
0 G Phi 000000000000000000000
0 E Phi 000000000000000000000
0 X Phi 000000000000000000000
0 Y Phi 00000000000
```

L1FctDigi time= 12/31/97 23:59:59 (local time) 123456789 ns (absolute)  
 FctDigi lines= 20856 Trigger 00011110100010100000000000000000  
 floatTime= -709.984 ns

MixedEvtCounter: processing event # 5 [ 1d.fxxxxx:0001e1/d26e4a0d:K ]

L1EmitDigi has 134 samples starting at BX -2128

E: 5:79-81 6:78-81 16:79-81  
 G: 5:79-81 6:78-81 16:79-81  
 M: 3:78-81 4:78-81 5:79-81 6:78-81 15:78-81 16:79-81

trgEMPrintGL; Number of phi towers 20 Cluster types 5 Expected trigger tick 0

```
-3 M Phi 000110100000000010000
-3 G Phi 000000100000000000000
-3 E Phi 000000100000000000000
-3 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-3 Y Phi 00000000000
-2 M Phi 000111100000000011000
-2 G Phi 000001100000000010000
-2 E Phi 000001100000000010000
-2 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-2 Y Phi 00000000000
-1 M Phi 000111100000000011000
-1 G Phi 000001100000000010000
-1 E Phi 000001100000000010000
-1 X Phi 000000000000000000000
-1 Y Phi 00000000000
0 M Phi 000111100000000011000
0 G Phi 000001100000000010000
0 E Phi 000001100000000010000
0 X Phi 000000000000000000000
0 Y Phi 00000000000
```

trgDCDchDigs:number of digis in event=277

NICK1: BX at L1A is: -128

L1FctDigi time= 12/31/97 23:59:59 (local time) 123456789 ns (absolute)  
 FctDigi lines= 285560 Trigger 00011110110110100010000000000000  
 floatTime= -537.715 ns

# Double peak in L1Accept time

L1A < -620ns				L1A > -620			
event	L1A (ns)	Expected tick	HPL tick	event	L1A (ns)	Expected tick	HPL tick
3	-710	80	79 (2E)	2	-550	82	81 (EM*)
4	-723	81	80 (2E)	5	-538	81	81 (2E)
6	-668	80	80 (2E)	7	-580	81	81 (2E)
11	-718	81	80 (EM*)	8	-555	80	80 (2E)
12	-676	81	80 (2E)	9	-588	81	81 (EM*)
13	-676	81	80 (2E)	10	-542	80	80 (2E)
15	-672	81	80 (1Y&1B)	14	-538	80	80 (2E)
16	-714	80	79 (2E)	17	-554	81	81 (2E)
				18	-538	80	80 (EM*)
				19	-538	81	81 (2E)

- Events seem to fall in left hand peak when 'expected tick' does not match 'actual' tick

- Where does 'expected trigger tick' come from???

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- Interface between EMT and GLT simulation is through `L1EmtSim/L1EmtSimDigiToTrgEM`
- Calls several `trgEM` functions in `trgDC`
  - In `beginJob()` - calls `trgEMCenterGL` with argument 0
    - *This is what translates into 'expected trigger tick 0'*
  - In `event()` - calls `trgEMPointGL(nstart, nsamples, msim, gsim etc.)`

= (tick at 1<sup>st</sup> sample  
of `L1EmtGltSimDigi`) minus offset  
usually -64 or -65      = 16

= no. samples in  
`L1EmtGltSimDigi`  
= 134 (1<sup>st</sup> 6 are always 0)

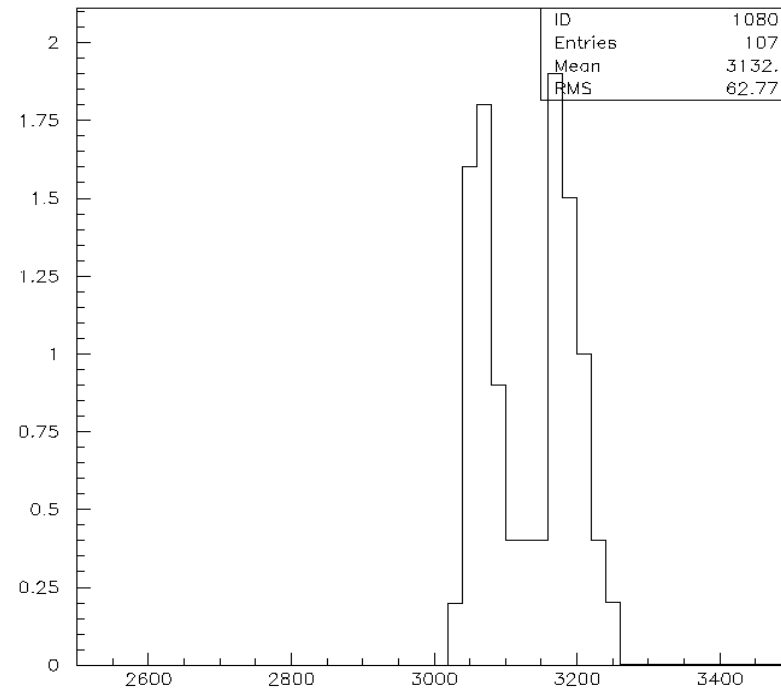
2d arrays of M, G, E  
etc. objects in phi  
and time

`trgEMPointGL` fills the `trgEM_GL` common block in `trgDC`

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- So, arrays in **trgEM** start counting from  $\sim -80$  or  $-81$ , depending on which BX the **L1EmtGltSimDigi** starts from BUT **nTrgCenterEM** is always 0.
- Only function which uses both **nTrgCenterEM** and the **trgEM\_GL** common block is **trgGLTickDelay**

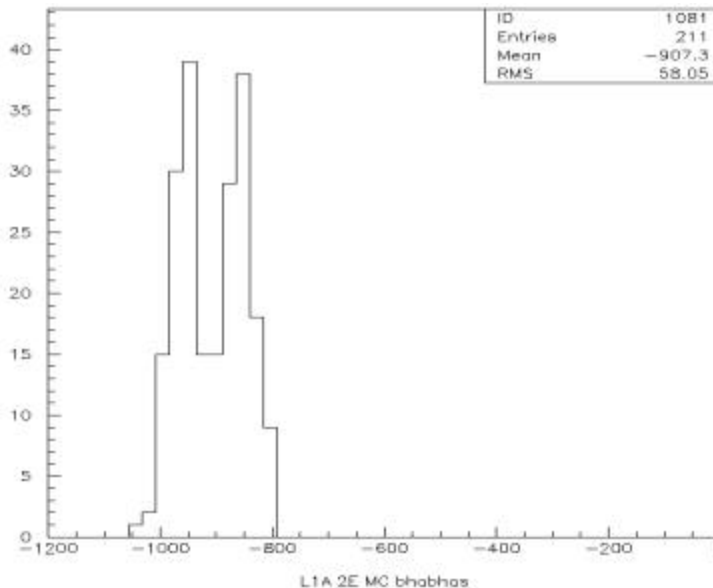
-Thought I had found something funny in there the other day - everywhere else where **tickAtBX** is used, first argument is 5 (this is 'speed' in **FcsClock::tickAtBx**;  $2^5$  bunch crossings per  $\text{clk8}$ ??) but in **trgGLTickDelay** it calls this function with speed 6  
-Tried changing this to 5...



L1A 2E EM+ new MC bhabhas

# Double peak in L1Accept time

- Try calling `trgEMCenterGL` with argument `2`
  - `→nTrgCenterEM→`'expected trigger time'



- Moves L1A time by ~2 ticks!
- Why is `nTrgCenterEM` used at all?

## Other (minor) things...

- Fixed memory leak in `L1EmtSim/L1EmtAxParms`
- Removed all mentions of xdr files and `AppFileInputModule` as part of Geant 3 deprecation

## The future...

- Fix double peak problem
  - Figure out what's going on in `trgGLTickDelay...`
- Teach Mark everything I know about EMT simulation
- Document everything
- Write thesis...